

EXHIBIT 1- TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

ITB 21-101333 Reindeer Drive Water Main Replacement (MULTIYEAR CONTRACT) Technical Specifications Table of Contents

Contents

Division 1 – General Requirements

01001	Summary of Work	01001-1
01010	Project Procedures	01010-1
01011	Unique Requirements	01011-1
01014	Work Sequence	01014-1
01016	Occupancy	01016-1
01040	Coordination	01040-1
01060	Regulatory Requirements	01060-1
01100	Special Project Procedures	01100-1
01200	Project Meetings	01200-1
01210	Measurement and Payment - Pipeline	01210-1
01300	Submittals	01300-1
01310	Construction Schedule	01310-1
01350	Project Document Tracking and Control Systems	01350-1
01351	Public Outreach	01351-1
01380	Photographic Documentation	01380-1
01400	Contractor's Work Quality	01400-1
01410	Testing Laboratory Services	01410-1
01540	Security and Safety	01540-1
01550	Traffic Regulation	01550-1
01600	General Material and Equipment Requirements	01600-1
01610	Transportation and Handling	01610-1
01700	Contract Closeout	01700-1
01800	Maintenance	01800-1

Division 2 – Site Work

02000	Site Work	02000-1
02020	Use of Explosives	02020-1
02050	Demolition	02050-1
02060	Crushed Stone Aggregate	02060-1
02110	Clearing and Grubbing	02110-1
02125	Temporary and Permanent Erosion and Sediment Control	02125-1
02140	Dewatering	02140-1
02200	Earthwork	02200-1
02224	Pipe Boring and Jacking	02224-1
02231	Tree Protection and Trimming	02231-1
02302	Granite Curb	02302-1
02324	Trenching and Trench Backfilling	02324-1
02371	Riprap	02271-1
02485	Seeding	02485-1
02490	Trees, Shrubs, and Ground Cover	02490-1
02510	Pavement Repairs	02510-1
02521	Concrete Sidewalks, Curbs, and Gutters	02521-1
02665	Water Mains and Accessories	02665-1
02665T	Water Transmission Mains and Accessories	02665T-1
02711	Fencing and Gates	02711-1

02920	Site Restoration	02920-1
Division 3 – Concrete		
03200	Concrete Reinforcement	03200-1
03300	Cast-In-Place Concete	03300-1

SECTION 01001 SUMMARY OF WORK

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. The Work to be performed under this Contract shall consist of furnishing plants, tools, equipment, materials, supplies, and manufactured articles and furnishing labor, transportation, and services, including fuel, power, water, and essential communications, and performing work, or other operations required for the fulfillment of the Contract in strict accordance with the Contract Documents. The Work shall be complete, and any work, materials, and services not expressly indicated or called for in the Contract Documents that may be necessary for the complete and proper construction of the Work in good faith, shall be provided by the **Contractor** as though originally so indicated, at no increase in cost to the **County**.
- B. The quantities shown on the bid form are estimates for the Work, including the intended construction method based upon the available information. The assigned means, methods, and quantities described herein are subject to revision by the **County** for various reasons including but not limited to, unforeseen utility conflicts/ground water, discovery of subsurface rock strata, unforeseen pipeline encasement, etc. As such, a unit price contract type has been selected to prosecute the Work and is not intended to be a guarantee for a minimum amount of work.

1.02 PROJECT LOCATION

- A. The Work is required at the locations shown on the Approved Drawings.

1.03 WORK COVERED BY THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- A. Work shall be performed according to the requirements of the Contract Documents.

1.04 WORK COORDINATION

- A. The **Contractor** shall coordinate the Work with third parties (such as public utilities and the telephone company) in areas where such parties may have rights to underground property or facilities; and request maps or other descriptive information as to the nature and location of such underground facilities or property.
- B. The **Contractor** shall coordinate the Work with owners of private and public property where access is required for the performance of the Work.
- C. The **County** will work with the **Contractor** to assign and schedule the Work in a logical and efficient format. However, the items in this contract shall be priced such that each item may be assigned independently or combined with other items at the **County's** sole discretion in regard to both quantity and scope. The **Contractor** shall perform only those work items directed by the **County** at the prices specified herein.

(For example, if the **County** determines that a line segment shall be cleaned but not televised, the same unit price for cleaning shall apply.)

1.05 CONDITIONS AT THE SITES

- A. The **Contractor** shall make necessary investigations to determine the existence and location of underground utilities.
- B. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for damage to and for maintenance and protection of existing utilities, structures, and personal property.
- C. These Contract Documents do not guarantee such utilities are in the location indicated or that they actually exist, or that other utilities are not within the area of the operations.
- D. The **Contractor** is responsible for safety at no additional cost to the **County**.
- E. The **Contractor** shall report hazardous conditions to the **County**.

+++ END OF SECTION 01001 +++

SECTION 01010 PROJECT PROCEDURES

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes:
 - 1. Lands and Rights-of-Way/Easements, and Permits
 - 2. Access to and **Contractor's** use of the site
 - 3. Coordination requirements
 - 4. Construction procedures

1.02 LANDS AND RIGHTS-OF-WAY: EASEMENTS AND PERMITS

- A. **Contractor** shall, within 30 days of Notice to Proceed, submit to the **County** an Easement and Permit Plan listing easements and permits obtained, permits and easements yet to be obtained, the timing for obtaining required easements and permits, and conditions and mitigations associated with the easements and permits. The **Contractor** shall coordinate the acquiring of easements and permits within the accepted Construction Schedule.
- B. The timing of acquiring easements and permits is the responsibility of the **Contractor**. Delays and rescheduling of the Work to maintain the Construction Schedule shall be mitigated by the **Contractor** at the **Contractor's** sole cost and expense.
- C. Access to the Work shall be limited to the right-of-way or easement area provided for execution of the Work. The **Contractor** shall not enter any adjacent private property without prior written approval from the property owner. Proof of such approval shall be furnished to the **County** upon request. Additional permitting and easements required shall be obtained by the **Contractor** and the **Contractor** shall bear the cost.
- D. If the **Contractor** performs any work or service for any property owner outside the specified scope of the **Contractor's** agreement with the **County** or has any agreements with a private property owner for access to or for temporary use of property outside of the right-of-way or easement area, a written agreement shall be entered into with the private property owner(s) prior to any work or service being performed or prior to any use by **Contractor** of the private property and such agreement shall be provided to the **County**. The agreement shall contain the following language, in addition to the terms agreed to between the **Contractor** and the property owner:
 - E. "The Property Owner understands that DeKalb **County** is not a party to this Agreement, exercises no control over the means, methods, and execution of this agreement, and that DeKalb **County** assumes no responsibility for the **Contractor's** compliance with the terms of this agreement. The **Contractor** shall

be solely liable for any and all claims, demands, and judgments related to loss or damage to property or person (including death) arising from or in any way related to the **Contractor's** acts or omissions related to the agreement."

1.03 ACCESS TO AND CONTRACTOR'S USE OF THE SITE

- A. The space available to the **Contractor** for the performance of the Work, either exclusively or in conjunction with others performing other construction as part of the project, is shown on the drawings.
- B. The **County** shall continue to utilize the existing wastewater collection system and water system during assessment and construction.
 - 1. The **County** will endeavor to cooperate with the **Contractor's** operations when the **Contractor** has notified the **County** in advance of need for changes in operations in order to accommodate construction operations.
 - 2. The **Contractor** shall conduct the Work to cause the least interference with the **County's** operations.
- C. Equipment and vehicles used by the **Contractor** on the project shall be marked with the **Contractor's** name and telephone number.

1.04 COORDINATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Coordination with **County**:
 - 1. Limit access through occupied areas to those days and times the **County** approves. Occupied areas include areas in which the **County's** regular operations will be going on or to which the **County** requires access during the construction period.
 - 2. When the following must be modified, provide alternate facilities acceptable to the **County**:
 - a. Emergency means of egress
 - b. Utilities that must remain in operation
 - c. Informational signage
 - 3. The **Contractor** shall notify the **County** immediately of any circumstances that may jeopardize or that have interrupted utility service.
- B. Security Procedures:
 - 1. Limit access to the site to persons involved in the work.
 - 2. Provide secure storage for materials.
 - 3. Secure completed work as required to prevent loss.

C. Coordination of Construction:

1. Inform each party involved, in writing, of procedures required for coordination of the Work; include requirements for giving notice, submitting reports, and attending meetings.
2. Inform the **County** in advance, with ample time, when coordination of Work is required.

D. Utilities Notification Prior to Construction:

1. Georgia law mandates that, before beginning mechanical digging or excavation work, **Contractor** shall contact Georgia 811 by using eRequest on www.Georgia811.com or by calling 811 or 1-800-282-7411.
2. **Contractor** may utilize EDEN (Excavation Digging Event Notification) web application that enables Members and Professional Excavators to create, manage, respond to, and edit Georgia 811 Locate Request Tickets.
3. **Contractor** shall retain records of notification and responses during the course of the project until final Payment.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.01 CONSTRUCTION

A. General Examination Requirements:

1. Prior to performing work, examine the applicable substrates and the conditions under which the work is to be performed.
2. If unsafe or otherwise unsatisfactory conditions are encountered, take corrective action before proceeding.
3. Notify the County promptly of type modifications required.
4. Before starting work that might affect existing construction, verify the existence and location of underground utilities and other underground construction.
5. Prepare preconstruction photographic documentation in conformance with the requirements of Section 01380 of these specifications.

B. General Preparation Requirements:

1. The **Contractor** shall obtain, maintain, and pay for required permits.
2. The **Contractor** shall take field measurements as required to properly conduct the work.

C. Cleaning and Protection: Keep installed work clean, and clean again when soiled by other operations.

D. Final Cleaning:

1. Remove materials and equipment that are not part of the work and any debris from the site prior to substantial completion.
2. Dispose of debris in a lawful manner.
3. Perform final cleaning after substantial completion has been certified, but before final payment.
4. Clean entire project site and grounds.

E. Substantial Completion:

1. Requirements for the **Contractor** achieving Substantial Completion are defined in the Contract Documents in GR-1 of the General Requirements.
2. Substantial Completion is typically defined to include:
 - a. Completion of Work required by the Contract Documents
 - b. Operation of components and systems of the Work, including acceptance of testing and startup requirements
 - c. Closeout of quality deficiencies and non-conformances
 - d. Delivery and acceptance of spare parts, operations manuals, and vendor documentation
 - e. Completion of vendor training
 - f. Completion and delivery of "red-line" as built drawings
3. When the **Contractor** believes substantial completion has been achieved, **Contractor** shall notify the **County** in writing, requesting Substantial Completion. The **County** will verify that the contractual documentation requirements for Substantial Completion have been completed, including closeout of open NCRs. If verified, the **County** will schedule a Substantial Completion inspection and walk-through with the **Contractor**, DWM Operations, and the Designer, or will notify the **Contractor** in writing of acceptance or the reason(s) for denying Substantial Completion.

F. Final Completion:

1. Requirements for the **Contractor** achieving Final Completion are defined in the Contract Documents in GR-9 of the General Requirements.
2. After Substantial Completion, **Contractor** shall meet additional requirements for Final Completion and release of final payment. These requirements will be defined in the Contract and typically include:
 - a. Completion of punch list items by the Contractor
 - b. Demobilization from the project site
 - c. Submittal of warranties
 - d. Release of subcontractor or vendor liens
 - e. Turnover of remaining project documents required by the Contract, including final as-built drawings by the Design Consultant

3.02 CHANGE MANAGEMENT

A. Contract Change Process

1. Any firm under contract with the **County** may submit a Change Request (CR) to the **County** following the requirements of the contract. A CR may address requested changes in cost and/or schedule, as well as contract terms or scope that do not result in cost or schedule impacts.
2. Changes may also be initiated by the **County** in the form of a Field Order (FO). The **Contractor** shall proceed with the change unless they believe the FO entitles them to a change in contract price, time, and/or term. If so, the **Contractor** shall submit a CR within 15 days of receiving the FO.
3. The CR from the **Contractor** is to be accompanied by a detailed proposal describing the **Contractor's** opinion of the CR's cost, schedule, and/or contract term impacts.
4. If the CR is acceptable to the **County**, the **Contractor** will be directed to submit a CO to the **County** to process. If the CR is not acceptable to the **County**, then the **Contractor** may negotiate the CR. If the cost and/or schedule impacts cannot be agreed, then the **County** will either instruct the **Contractor** to proceed with the change using a Unilateral Change Directive (UCD), if the change is deemed by the **County** to be needed, or the change can be terminated if the change is deemed to be not needed. If the **County** issues a UCD after failing to agree on the price of a CO, then the pricing of the change is per the contract terms.
5. A UCD can be initiated by the **County** only when there is an imminent threat to public safety or health, or a potential shutdown of a vital **County** function.

B. Amendment to the Contract

1. If the approval of a CO requires a written, formal amendment to the contract, the **County** will process the formal amendment.

C. Project Scope Change Impacts

1. A change to a Design /Build contract may materially change the scope of the project, including greater impact on the construction scope than the design scope. A design scope change may also materially impact the project configuration even if it is a no-cost change. Additionally, a change to one project's scope may have impacts to another project's scope.
2. So that a CO is not approved without understanding its full impacts beyond the affected contract scope, project scope change impacts shall be approved by the **County**. These must consider changes through every phase of the project, and/or impacts to other projects.

D. Baseline

1. If a CO is approved, the **Contractor** will prepare a Project Baseline Change Instruction Form to formally change the project scope, baseline schedule, and baseline budget.

E. Change Monitoring

1. The **Contractor** is responsible for monitoring changes to the contract. The **Contractor** will maintain a Design Change Log for each project, and will maintain a Construction Change Log that includes the change description,

change status, category of change, contract, estimate of cost, estimate of schedule impact, and current process step. Change logs are updated each month and included with the Project Progress Report.

2. Responding to and processing changes in a timely manner is a priority. Change backlogs will be vigorously monitored and managed. Change status reports will be developed by the **Contractor** from the Change Logs to provide current status of each open change, which process step is active, and how many days remain in the process step. "Overdue" reports will be elevated to the **County** for follow-up and closure.

F. Change Status

Changes will be identified by one of the four following status descriptions:

1. Proposed Change is a change that has been submitted as a CR or FO, but has not yet been negotiated. Proposed changes require closure if they are deemed to be not required, or must be resolved in a timely manner if they are deemed required. The cost estimate and/or schedule impact of a proposed change will usually change as it goes through the contract change process. These changes must be reflected in the Change Log as they occur and included in monthly cost and schedule forecasts.
2. Pending Change is a change that has been negotiated, but has not yet received final **County** approval. These changes must be included in monthly cost and schedule forecasts.
3. Approved Change is a change that has received final **County** approval. The contract scope, budget, and/or schedule will be amended to include approved changes. Approved changes will be included in monthly cost and schedule forecasts until a formal re-baselining of the project schedule and/or budget is approved.
4. Closed Change is a change that has been formally rejected and closed by the **County**, or withdrawn by the originator.

G. Category of Change

1. Changes will be categorized as follows to track the types of changes that occur over the life of the project:
 - a. **County** Requests: any change initiated by the **County**.
 - b. Differing Site Conditions: new information not reasonably available during design, or considered "unforeseeable" through due diligence on the part of the **Contractor**.
 - c. Design Errors: changes due to errors or deficiencies in the design.
 - d. Design Omissions: items omitted from the design that would have been included in the original bid, had they been known.
 - e. Regulatory Requirements: changes mandated by regulatory agencies that are different from approved permit conditions at the time the contract was approved.
 - f. Other: changes required for all other reasons, including emergency work, adjustment of bid quantities, force majeure events, incentive payments, accepted substitutions, and changes identified during value engineering.

3.03 HEALTH AND SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

- A. Take precautions to prevent fires and to facilitate firefighting operations.
- B. Take precautions to prevent accidents due to physical hazards.
- C. Maintain working conditions in order to keep the site and adjacent public ways free of hazardous and unsanitary conditions and public nuisances.
- D. Maintain working conditions to control rodents and other pests; prevent infestation of adjacent sites and buildings due to pests on this site.
- E. Keep public streets free of debris from this Work.
- F. Provide adequate traffic control in accordance with current MUTCD standards and the approved traffic permit.
- G. When using trenches/excavations, follow OSHA standards 29 CFR 1926.650, 29CFR 1926.651, and 29 CFR 1926.652.

3.04 ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

- A. General
 - 1. **Contractor** shall conduct its operation in a manner to prevent pollution of the environment surrounding the area of work and shall be responsible for furnishing necessary items for fulfilling the work described herein.
- B. Material Transport
 - 1. **Contractor** shall comply with the Official Code **County** of DeKalb Georgia pertaining to the duties of the **Contractor** in hauling material over **County**-owned rights-of-way. This includes, but is not limited to, approval of proposed haul routes, prevention of dropping of materials or debris on the streets from trucks arriving and leaving the site, providing a suitable vehicle inspection and cleaning installation with permanent crew, and the removal of material spilled in public areas at no additional cost to the local government agency.
- C. Waste Materials
 - 1. No waste or erosion materials shall enter natural or manmade water, wastewater collection systems, or stormwater drains. Erosion materials from excavations, borrow areas, or stockpiled fill shall be contained within the work area. **Contractor** shall develop methods for control of waste and erosion, which shall include filtration, settlement, and manual removal to satisfy the above requirements.
- D. Burning
 - 1. No burning of waste shall be allowed.

E. Dust Control

1. The **Contractor** shall control the generation of dust by its operations. Control of dust shall be accomplished by water sprinkling or by other methods approved by the **County**.

F. Noise Control

1. The **Contractor** shall minimize the noise caused by its operations.
2. When required by agencies having jurisdiction, noise-producing work shall be performed in less sensitive hours of the day or week as directed by the **County**.
3. The **Contractor** shall provide equipment that operates with the least possible noise. The use of noisy equipment is prohibited. Hoists and compressor plants shall be electrically operated unless otherwise permitted. The air intake of compressors shall be equipped with silencers, and machinery operated by gearing shall be provided with a type of gearing designed to reduce noise. Internal combustion engines shall be equipped with mufflers in good order.
4. Noise generated by mobile construction equipment, stationary construction equipment, and other equipment involved in the construction of the Work shall not exceed the decibel levels indicated below. Noise generated by mobile and stationary construction equipment will be measured 3 to 6 feet from building lines, and on the A-weighting network of Type 2 general purpose sound level meter set at fast response.

	Combined Residential and Commercial
Allowable sound levels of mobile construction equipment: <ul style="list-style-type: none">– From 7 a.m. to 10 p.m., Monday thru Saturday, except legal holidays– At times other than those listed above	85 dBA 70 dBA
Allowable sound levels of stationary construction equipment: <ul style="list-style-type: none">– From 7 a.m. to 10 p.m., Monday thru Saturday, except legal holidays– At times other than those noted above Night work from 10 p.m. until 7 a.m. shall require an approved special permit from the County .	70 dBA 60 dBA The dBA level will be included in the approved permit.

G. Use of Chemicals

1. Chemicals used during construction or furnished for project operation, whether herbicide, pesticide, disinfectant, polymer, reactant, or of other classification,

shall show approval of either EPA or FDA. Use of such chemicals and disposal of residues shall be in conformance with instructions.

H. Responsibility for Spills and Accidental Discharges

1. In the event the **Contractor** causes or has a spill or accidental discharge for which the **County** is fined by the State of Georgia Department of Natural Resources Environmental Protection Division (EPD), the **Contractor** agrees to remediate the spill or discharge immediately in accordance with current EPD regulations and to pay fines assessed against the **County** and/or **Contractor**, and pay for the **County's** cost associated with efforts to remediate the situation. The **County** shall be notified immediately of such an event.

3.05 PROTECTION OF THE WORK

- A. Conduct construction operations so no part of the Work is subjected to damaging operations or influences that are in excess of those to be expected during normal occupancy conditions.
- B. Execute work and stockpile spoils and materials to prevent flooding of excavations, below grade construction, and adjacent properties due to rainwater runoff.
- C. Protect existing property not indicated to be removed.
- D. Provide temporary supports as required to prevent movement and structural failure as designed by a Registered Professional Engineer in the state of Georgia at the **Contractor's** cost.
- E. Equipment and vehicles used on DWM projects shall be clearly marked with the **Contractor's** name and telephone number. The identifying markings may be in the form of magnetic signs, decals, or painted lettering and shall be located on both sides of the equipment/vehicle. The lettering shall be legible, of a contrasting color to the background surface, and at least two inches in height. Markings shall be in place upon initiation of the work on the project site.
- F. A copy of the Project Notice to Proceed letter issued by the **County** shall be available on the job site as proof of the contractual relationship of the **Contractor** with the **County**. The letter shall be presented for review upon request by regulatory agencies or other **County** departments that visit the job site.
- G. If removal and replacement of a paved private driveway is required, the replacement shall be performed within 2 weeks of removal. The required permanent pavement replacement for public roadways shall be performed within 30 days or within 7 days if the roadway is a state highway or major **County** arterial roadway. Temporary surface maintenance is the **Contractor's** responsibility and shall be adequate for the volume and type of traffic loads imposed. Temporary asphalt cold mix application, steel traffic plates, etc. shall be utilized as necessary.
- H. The **Contractor** shall always maintain copies of permits and approved plans on the project site.

3.06 NOTIFICATION OF SERVICE INTERRUPTION

- A. During progress of work under this Contract, it may be necessary to temporarily interrupt water, sewer, or other utility service to a limited number of customers in the vicinity of the work. It shall be the **Contractor's** responsibility to coordinate the service outage with the utility and to provide proper advance notification (a minimum of 48 hours) to the affected customers.
- B. Due to the nature of businesses and traffic in certain projects' areas, water outages for connections, service changeovers, and other Work may not be allowed during normal work hours. The **Contractor** shall factor these considerations into bid price submitted. Coordination, special lighting, traffic control, employee overtime, special customer notification, etc. shall be included in these considerations by the **Contractor**.

+++ END OF SECTION 01010 +++

SECTION 01011 UNIQUE REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. This Section conveys to the **Contractor** unique and unusual stipulations and requirements established for this Project. Some of the stipulations and requirements are a result of negotiations with various entities and organizations, which have an interest in this Project. Some requirements are based on technical aspects of the Project, which are not otherwise conveyed to the **Contractor**. The provisions of this Section shall supersede the provisions of the Division 1 through 17 Specifications, but shall not supersede the Bidding Requirements, Contract Forms, or Conditions of the Contract.
- B. Between the hours of 6:00 PM every Friday and 6:00 PM every Saturday in the Reindeer Drive & North Holly Lane neighborhoods, **Contractor** shall not operate heavy equipment and lane closures will not be permitted. Furthermore, no heavy construction work is to take place on Friday, April 15, 2022 and Monday, April 18, 2022 which are observed as Passover by members of the Reindeer Drive Community. During the hours and days specified herein, only minor cleanup and site and equipment maintenance will be allowed. No heavy construction work is to take place without the express written consent of the **County**. If absolutely required, the **County** will coordinate work during those hours with the assistance of the Public Outreach Team.
- C. If Owner Controlled Insurance Program (OCIP) is implemented in the contract, then OCIP shall govern as follows: In connection with the Work, and for the **Contractor** and those subcontractors deemed eligible by the **County** for participation, the **County** shall implement an OCIP, providing certain insurance coverages as detailed herein. The insurance coverages provided by the OCIP apply only to the Work performed on the Project site. The **Contractor** and its subcontractors shall provide their own insurance for off-site activities. The Builder's Risk/All Risk Property Insurance component of the OCIP shall expressly exclude coverage on **Contractor's** and subcontractors' machinery, tools, and equipment not destined to become a part of the Project Work.

1.02 EXISTING FACILITY OPERATIONS

- A. The existing facilities shall remain in operation while the new construction is in progress.
- B. The **Contractor** shall coordinate the Work with the **County** so that the construction shall not restrain or hinder the operation of the existing facilities.
- C. After having coordinated the Work with the **County**, the **Contractor** shall prepare a submittal in accordance with Specification Section 01014 and 01300 to include the time, time limits, and methods of each connection or alteration and have the approval of the **County** before Work is undertaken on the connections or

alterations.

1.03 SEQUENCING

- A. General: The **Contractor** shall be solely responsible for all construction sequencing.
- B. Notify the **County** at least 48 hours prior to relocating piping or diverting flows.
- C. Sequence Submittal:
 - 1. The **Contractor** shall submit to the **County** for review a proposed sequence with appropriate times of starting and completion of tasks.
 - 2. The **Contractor** may propose alternatives to the sequencing constraints shown in this Section in an attempt to reduce the disruption of the operation of the existing facility or streamline the tasks of this Contract. The **County** is not obligated to accept these alternatives.
- D. Parking for **Contractor** personnel shall be fully contained within the site boundaries. If necessary, the **Contractor** shall make arrangements for remote parking for its personnel, at no additional cost to the **County**.
- E. **Contractor** is advised there are numerous pressurized pipes, energized conduits and duct banks, overhead utilities, and gravity flow systems on the site. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for protecting the existing utility lines and shall be responsible for the repair, damages and all cost resulting from construction activities to these systems. In addition to these requirements, the **Contractor** is required to verify the actual locations of various buried lines shown in the Drawings by carefully excavated test pits and other direct means before starting Work in given areas at no additional cost to the **County**. Special care shall be taken during excavation to mitigate damage potential from previously unknown and active systems. Overhead utilities may require raising or relocation to access site.
- F. Unless shown otherwise on the Drawings, the **Contractor** shall restore the site to its original grade. Fill placed at the site to return it to its original grade shall be controlled fill, approved by the **County**. The site shall be grassed, strawed, and mowable. Final landscaping, including trees and shrubs, but not including grassing, shall be paid separately.
- G. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for maintaining and cleaning the Site Access Road from the date it occupies the Construction Site through the final completion of the construction period.
- H. **Contractor** shall grade site, relocate, set up, and connect utilities, including telephone and internet services for office facilities.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (NOT USED)

+++ END OF SECTION 01011 +++

SECTION 01014 WORK SEQUENCE

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. Work under this Section includes construction sequencing and providing temporary facilities as necessary to operate the water distribution facilities and prevent potable water bypasses during the Work. Work shall be scheduled and conducted by the **Contractor** so as to neither impede nor adversely affect any **County** or utility operations.
- B. The existing water distribution system is currently and continuously receiving potable water. Those functions shall not be interrupted except as specified herein. The **Contractor** shall coordinate the Work to avoid any interference with normal operation of the distribution system. The **Contractor** shall comply with the following general requirements:
 - 1. Provide temporary pumps and other facilities necessary to meet the requirements of this Section.
 - 2. Notify the **County** at least 48 hours before starting to relocate piping or taking existing components out of service.
 - 3. Never bypass untreated or partially treated sewage to surface waters or drainage courses. This is strictly prohibited during construction. If the **Contractor's** operations cause accidental bypassing, the **County** shall immediately be entitled to employ others to stop the bypassing, and shall be entitled to do so without written notice to the **Contractor**.
- C. Penalties imposed on the **County** because of any bypass caused by the actions of the **Contractor**, its employees, or subcontractors, shall be borne in full by the **Contractor**. This includes legal fees, cleanup, remediation, and other **County** expenses resulting directly or indirectly from the bypass.

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. Outage Plan: In accordance with the General Conditions, the **Contractor** shall submit a detailed outage plan and schedule for any operations that necessitate removing a pipeline or structure from service. The schedule shall be coordinated with the construction schedule specified in this Section and shall meet the restrictions and conditions specified herein. The detailed plan shall describe the **Contractor's** method for preventing bypassing, the length of time required to complete said operation, the affected facility(ies), and the equipment the **Contractor** shall provide in order to prevent bypassing.
- B. Sequence Submittal: The **Contractor** shall submit to the **County** for review and approval a proposed detailed sequence with appropriate times of starting and completion of tasks.

- C. Alternate Sequences: The **Contractor** may propose alternate sequences to those shown in Part 3 of this Section if they would reduce disruption of the existing facility's operation or streamline the tasks of this Contract.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. At least two weeks prior to any proposed activity that will require any portion of the water distribution system to be removed from operation, require bypassing, or interrupt flow, the **Contractor** shall schedule a meeting with Department of Watershed Management (DWM) operating personnel to discuss the **Contractor's** detailed plan for the proposed operation. The plan shall meet the following minimum requirements:
 - 1. Plan shall be written in outline form and presented in a format that shows the progression of events in sequential and/or concurrent order of activity, along with the duration of each activity.
 - 2. The written plan shall be supplemented by understandable drawings, sketches, and details as required to show the logic of the plan.
 - 3. The plan shall delineate the responsibilities of the DWM operating personnel and the Contractor, to eliminate delays from conflicting viewpoints about responsibilities when the plan is implemented.
 - 4. After discussion of the plan at the meeting, any agreed changes shall be incorporated into the plan and a copy of the plan and details shall be distributed to DWM operating personnel, and Contractor at least one week prior to commencement of activities. On the day prior to the commencement of activity, a brief meeting of involved parties shall convene to establish the starting time and initial activity of DWM operating personnel and Contractor's personnel.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.01 GENERAL

- A. The sequence of construction must be outlined for the major items of Work required. The **Contractor** shall coordinate its Work with the DWM operating personnel to minimize disruptions of system operation. The **Contractor** shall ascertain that existing facilities are protected and shall not be damaged as a result of this construction. No settlement of existing facilities shall be acceptable. All work shall be performed in a safe manner.
- B. Unless otherwise permitted, no existing valves or equipment shall be operated by the **Contractor**.

3.02 PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

- A. The **Contractor** shall submit a sequencing plan to the **County** for approval.

3.03 NOT USED

3.04 NOT USED

3.05 NOT USED

3.06 MISCELLANEOUS CONSTRUCTION

- A. Miscellaneous Work necessary to complete any temporary water piping, service connections or other measures such as temporary piping, valving, plugs and other activities. The cost for these items shall be included in the **Contractor's** base bid.

+++ END OF SECTION 01014 +++

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SECTION 01016 OCCUPANCY

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 PARTIAL OCCUPANCY BY COUNTY

Whenever, in the opinion of the **County**, any section or portion of the Work is in suitable condition, it may be put into use upon the written order of the **County** and such usage shall not be held in any way as an acceptance of said Work, or any part thereof, or as a waiver of any of the provisions of these Specifications and the Contract. Pending completion and final acceptance of the Work, all necessary repairs, and replacements, due to defective materials or workmanship or operations of the **Contractor**, for any section of the Work so put into use shall be performed by the **Contractor** at **Contractor's** own expense.

+++ END OF SECTION 01016 +++

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SECTION 01040 COORDINATION

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. The **Contractor** shall coordinate execution of the Work with subcontractors, other contractors working on related **County** projects, other utility contractors, and the **County**, as required, to maintain operation of the existing facilities and satisfactory progress of the Work.
- B. Requirements of this Section shall be in addition to those stated in the General Requirements.
- C. The **County** requires a written explanation of the **Contractor's** plan for coordinating and accomplishing separate phases of the Work, supplemental to the details provided under Section 01310 - Construction Schedule.

1.02 EXISTING UTILITIES

- A. Consult with the **County** on a daily basis while the **Contractor** performs demolition, excavation, or any other alteration activity. No water or sewer function, utility, or structure is to be altered, shut off, or removed unless approved in advance, and in writing, by the **County**. The **Contractor** shall give the **County** at least 48 hours advanced notice, in writing, of the need to alter, shut off, or remove such function.
- B. Coordinate the Work with the **County** and revise daily activities to avoid adversely affecting system operations. Such revisions in the proposed work schedule shall be accomplished with no additional compensation to the **Contractor**.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (NOT USED)

+++ END OF SECTION 01040 +++

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SECTION 01060 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. The **Contractor** shall, without additional expense to the **County**, be responsible for obtaining National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permits for discharges from this project to stormwater systems or watercourses, and for complying with any applicable federal, state, county, and municipal laws, codes, and regulations, in connection with the prosecution of the Work.
- B. The **Contractor** shall take proper safety and health precautions to protect the Work, the workers, the public, and the property of others.
- C. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for materials delivered and Work performed until completion and acceptance of the Work, except for any completed unit of construction thereof that may heretofore have been accepted.

1.02 NPDES PERMITS FOR STORMWATER DISCHARGES

- A. The Federal Water Pollution Control Act (also known as the Clean Water Act, or CWA), as amended in 1987, requires NPDES permits for stormwater discharges associated with industrial activity.
- B. On November 16, 1990, (55 FR 47990), the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) issued regulations establishing permit application requirements for stormwater discharges associated with industrial activity. These are in Section 122.26 of Section 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations (40 CFR Part 122.26).
- C. The November 16, 1990 regulation established the following definition of "stormwater discharge associated with industrial activity" at 40 CFR 122.26(b) (14):

"Stormwater discharge associated with industrial activity" means the discharge from any conveyance that is used for collecting and conveying stormwater and which is directly related to manufacturing, processing, or raw materials storage areas at an industrial plant. For the categories of industries identified in subparagraphs (i) through (x) of this subsection, the term includes, but is not limited to, stormwater discharges from industrial plant yards; immediate access roads and rail lines used or traveled by carriers of raw materials, manufactured products, waste material, or by-products used or created by the facility; material handling sites; refuse sites; sites used for the application or disposal of process waste waters (as defined at 40 CFR 401); sites used for the storage and maintenance of material handling equipment; sites used for residual treatment, storage, or disposal; shipping and receiving areas; manufacturing buildings; storage areas (including tank farms) for raw materials, and intermediate and finished products; and areas where industrial activity has taken place in the past and significant materials remain and are exposed to stormwater. The following

categories of facilities are considered engaging in "industrial activity" for purposes of this subsection:

- (x) Construction activity including clearing, grading, and excavation activities except: operations that result in the disturbance of less than five acres of total land area, which are not part of a larger common plan of development or sale
- D. These regulations are effective for activities covered by the regulation on or after October 1, 1992.
- E. The **Contractor** shall complete EPA Form 3510-2F. A "Guidance Manual for the Preparation of NPDES Permit Applications for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity," as published by EPA, is available to assist the **Contractor** in the application process.

+++ END OF SECTION 01060 +++

SECTION 01100 SPECIAL PROJECT PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 CONNECTIONS TO EXISTING SYSTEMS

- A. The **Contractor** shall perform the Work necessary to locate, excavate, and prepare for connections to the terminus of the existing systems as shown on the Drawings. The cost for this Work and for the actual connection to the existing systems shall be included in the bid price for the project and shall not result in any additional cost to the **County**. Connections shall be made only after approval by the **County**.

1.02 RELOCATIONS

- A. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for the relocation of structures, including but not limited to light poles, signs, sign poles, fences, piping, conduits, and drains that interfere with the positioning of the Work as set out on the Drawings. The cost of such relocations shall be included in the bid price.

1.03 EXISTING UNDERGROUND PIPING, STRUCTURES, AND UTILITIES

- A. The **Contractor** shall exercise extreme care before and during excavation to locate and flag various sewer, water, gas, telephone, electrical, or other utility lines not shown on the Drawings to avoid damage. Should damage occur to an existing line, the **Contractor** shall bear the costs associated with the damage and repair the line at no cost to the **County**.
- B. The **Contractor** shall note that the locations of existing underground piping structures and utilities are shown without express or implied representation, assurance, or guarantee that they are complete or correct or that they represent a true picture of underground piping to be encountered.
- C. The **Contractor** shall notify the **County** of existing piping and utilities that interfere with new construction and shall reroute or relocate the pipeline or utility as directed before any piping and utilities not shown on the Drawings are disturbed.
- D. The **Contractor** shall exercise care in any excavation to locate existing piping and utilities. Utilities that do not interfere with complete Work shall be carefully protected against damage. Any existing utilities damaged in any way by the **Contractor** shall be restored or replaced at the **Contractor's** expense as directed by the **County**.

1.04 HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS

- A. The **Contractor** shall check existing wet wells, manholes, and related areas that are hazardous locations, to determine whether adequate oxygen is available whenever personnel are working in these areas. The **Contractor** shall exercise

caution because explosive concentrations of sewage gas may be present and the wet well may be deficient in oxygen.

1.05 WATER FOR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES

- A. The Contractor shall be responsible for any cost of water used on the Project. A water meter and backflow device shall be obtained from the DeKalb County DWM main office for recording water used for cleaning and other Work items requiring water. Contractor will be reimbursed with owners allowance for this cost.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

+++ END OF SECTION 01100 +++

SECTION 01200 PROJECT MEETINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. The **County** shall schedule and administer a preconstruction meeting, and may schedule periodic progress meetings, and specially called meetings throughout progress of the Work. The **County** shall set the agenda for the meetings and preside at the meetings. The **Contractor** shall make physical arrangements for the meetings pursuant to the **County's** requirements. Meetings are not a pay item.
- B. Representatives of the **Contractor**, subcontractors, and suppliers attending meetings shall be qualified and authorized to act on behalf of the entity each represents.

1.02 PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING

- A. The **County** shall schedule a Preconstruction Meeting prior to the start of construction.
- B. The Preconstruction Meeting shall be attended by the following:
 - 1. **County's** representative(s)
 - 2. **Contractor's** Project Manager and Superintendent
 - 3. Others as appropriate or required by the **County**
- C. The Preconstruction Meeting will generally have the following agenda:
 - 1. Designation of responsible personnel
 - 2. Distribution and discussion of list of major subcontractors and suppliers
 - 3. Projected construction schedule with critical Work sequencing
 - 4. Major equipment deliveries and priorities
 - 5. Procedures and processing of:
 - a. Submittals
 - b. Requests for Information (RFIs)
 - c. Change Documents
 - d. Requests for Proposals (RFPs)
 - e. Work Authorizations
 - f. Proposed Change Order Requests (CORs)
 - g. Field Decisions and Clarification Memos
 - h. Applications for Payment
 - i. Change Orders
 - 6. Procedures for maintaining Record Documents (Section 01350 - Project Document Tracking and Control Systems)

7. Periodic Meeting Schedule
8. Mobilization Form Submittal – **Contractor** shall complete and submit a Mobilizations Request form after the following have been completed:
 - a. NTP Received
 - b. Preconstruction Meeting completed and minutes reviewed and accepted
 - c. Safety Plan, Construction Quality Plan, and Permit/ Easement Plan submitted to and approved by **County**

1.03 PERIODIC PROGRESS MEETINGS

- A. Project Progress Meetings shall be held monthly throughout the project duration. The **County** may alter the timing of, or add supplemental, scheduled periodic progress meetings, at its discretion.
- B. The Project Progress Meetings shall be attended by the following:
 1. **County's** representative(s)
 2. **Contractor's** Project Manager, Superintendent, and other appropriate representative(s)
 3. Others as appropriate or required by the **County**
- C. The Progress Meetings will generally have the following agenda:
 1. Review Work progress since last meeting
 2. Discussion of Construction Schedule for next period
 3. Status of major equipment and material deliveries
 4. Construction problems affecting progress
 5. Field observations, including Safety Report(s)
 6. Status of pending RFIs and changes
 7. Stakeholder complaints/public outreach
 8. Status of permits and easements
 9. Status of invoicing
 10. Other business

1.04 OTHER MEETINGS

- A. Schedule Progress Meetings

As per Section 01310 - Construction Schedule, during monthly progress meetings, the **Contractor** shall submit a Look-Ahead Schedule. This schedule shall cover four weeks: the immediate past week, the current week, and the forthcoming two weeks. This schedule shall include activities that are complete, started, incomplete or underway, or scheduled to be performed during this four-week timeframe. Results of the Progress meetings shall be reported in the Project Progress Meetings.

- B. Specially-called meetings may be requested by either party or by other affected entities. Requests shall be made through the **County**, which shall coordinate the meeting schedule. Specially-called meetings shall be held as warranted by:
1. Unforeseen developments during construction or as needed to coordinate special events, such as tie-ins or system shutdowns
 2. Concerns regarding individual project performance and adherence to the schedule of construction

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

+++ END OF SECTION 01200 +++

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SECTION 01210 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. Work includes furnishing labor, equipment, tools, materials, and performing operations required to complete the Work satisfactorily, in-place, as specified, and as indicated on the Drawings.
- B. The costs of required items of work and incidentals necessary for the satisfactory completion of the Work shall be considered as included in the Total Bid. The cost of work not directly covered by the pay items shall be considered incidental to the contract and no additional compensation shall be allowed.
- C. The **Contractor** shall take no advantage of any apparent error or omission on the Drawings or Specifications, and the **County** shall be permitted to make corrections and interpretations as may be deemed necessary for fulfillment of the intent of the Contract Documents.

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. The **Contractor** shall submit to the **County** for approval, in the form directed or acceptable to the **County**, a complete schedule of values of the portions of the Work, including quantities and unit prices, aggregating the Contract Price. The **County** shall not approve an unbalanced breakdown providing for overpayment to the **Contractor** on items of Work that would be performed first.
- B. The **Contractor** shall submit application for payment on a form approved by the **County** showing allowances, lump sum schedule of value items, and unit price items in accordance with Section 01210.

1.03 UNIT PRICE ITEMS

- A. Payment for Work shall be in accordance with the unit price bid items in the Bid Schedule and shall be full compensation for labor, materials, and equipment required to furnish, install, construct, and test the Work covered under the unit price bid item. Work for which there is no price schedule item shall be considered incidental to the Work and no additional compensation shall be allowed.
- B. Any Lump Sum item in the unit price bid for payment will only be made for actual portion of the actual portion of the Lump Sum item completed.
- C. Payment shall be made only for the actual quantities of work performed in compliance with the Drawings and Specifications. The **Contractor** shall be paid an amount equal to the approved quantity times the applicable unit price. Any unused balance of the unit price work shall revert to the **County** upon completion of the project.

- D. All unit price work shall be considered as part of the Work to be performed within the time limits specified elsewhere for Substantial Completion and Project Completion. No increase in contract time shall be allowed for increases in quantities of unit price work performed beyond the quantities shown in the Bid Schedule, unless it can be demonstrated that the additional Work performed under the unit price item is on the critical path of the Project Schedule and has produced an increase in time to the Contract.

1.04 MEASUREMENT OF QUANTITIES

- A. Final payment quantities shall be determined from the record drawings. The As-Built Drawings lengths, dimensions, quantities, etc. shall be determined by a survey after completion of the required Work. The precision of final payment quantities shall match the precision shown for that item in the Bid Schedule. Measurements shall be taken according to the United States standard measurements and in the manner as specified in these Specifications.
- B. Measurement Devices
1. Scales shall be inspected, tested, and certified by the applicable weights and measures department within the past year, and shall be of sufficient size.
 2. Metering devices shall be inspected, tested, and certified by the applicable department within the past year.
 3. Volume shall be determined by cubic dimension by multiplying mean length by mean width by mean height or thickness.
 4. Area shall be determined by square dimension by multiplying mean length by mean width or height.
 5. Linear measurement shall be measured by linear dimension, along the item centerline or mean chord.
 6. Stipulated price measurement shall include items measured by number, weight, volume area, length, or combination thereof as appropriate.

Item	Method of Measurement
AC	Acre - Field Measure
AL	Allowance
CY	Cubic Yard - Field Measure within limits specified or shown, or measured in vehicle by volume, as specified
DBH	Diameter at Brest Height
EA	Each - Field Count
GAL	Gallon - Field Measure
HR	Hour
LB	Pound(s) - Weight Measure by Scale
LF	Linear Foot - Field Measure
LS	Lump Sum - Unit is one; no measurement will be made
SF	Square Foot

Item	Method of Measurement
SY	Square Yard
TON	Ton - Weight Measure by Scale (2,000 pounds)
VF	Vertical Foot - Field Measure

SECTION 1 – UNIT PRICE BID ITEMS

1 MOBILIZATION AND DEMOBILIZATION

- A. Measurement and payment for moving-in of equipment required for the project and moving out of the same after final acceptance of the work including cleaning-up shall be measured and paid for on a lump sum basis. Fifty percent (50%) of the total amount shall be payable after mobilization activity while the remaining fifty percent (50%) payable after final acceptance of the completed project.

2 MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC

- A. Measurement and payment for maintenance of traffic shall be on a lump sum basis and shall include all materials, labor, permits and permitting fees, and equipment required to maintain traffic lanes in accordance with all local, regional and State requirements. The Contractor shall not impede vehicular travel without approval from the Owner. Payment will be based on the percent complete of the anticipated maintenance of traffic for the project.

3 NPDES MONITORING AND REPORTING

- A. Measurement and payment for NPDES monitoring and reporting shall be on a lump sum basis and shall include all labor, equipment, and materials necessary for monitoring, sampling, reporting, and retention of records while complying with local and state guidelines. Payment will be based on the percent complete of the project.

4 ORANGE BARRIER FENCE (Tr)

- A. Measurement and payment for orange barrier fence shall be on a per linear foot complete in place and shall include all labor, equipment, and materials necessary for furnishing, placing, maintenance, inspection, monitoring, reporting, and removal of the orange barrier fence as specified in the contract documents. No additional payment shall be made for maintenance or replacement of orange barrier fence.

5 CONSTRUCTION EXIT (Co)

- A. Measurement and payment for construction exit shall be on a per each complete in place and shall include all labor, equipment, and materials necessary for furnishing, placing, maintenance, inspection, monitoring, reporting, and removal of all construction exits as specified in the contract documents. No additional payment shall be made for re-application or maintenance of construction exits.

6A SILT FENCE - TYPE S (Sd1-S)
6B SILT FENCE – TYPE NS (Sd1-NS)

- A. Measurement and payment for silt fence shall be on a per linear foot complete in place and shall include all labor, equipment, and materials necessary for furnishing, placing, maintenance, inspection, monitoring, reporting, and removal of temporary silt fence as specified in the contract documents. No additional payment shall be made for maintenance or replacement of silt fence.

7 ROCK FILTER DAM (Rd)

- A. Measurement and payment for rock filter dam shall be on a per each complete in place and shall include all labor, equipment, and materials necessary for furnishing, placing, maintenance, inspection, monitoring, reporting, and removal of filter rings as specified in the contract documents. No additional payment shall be made for maintenance or replacement of rock filter dam.

8A STONE RIPRAP TYPE I, 24" IN PLACE
8B STONE RIPRAP TYPE III, 12" IN PLACE

- A. Measurement and payment for stone riprap shall be on a per cubic yard complete in place as required in the contract documents or otherwise directed by the Owner and shall include excavation and preparation of ground surface to the correct elevation, furnishing and placing rip rap to the specified depth and all other labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals required to complete the Work.

9 STRAW BALES (Cd-Hb)

- A. Measurement and payment for straw bales shall be on a per check dam complete in place and shall include all labor, equipment, and materials necessary for furnishing, placing, maintenance, inspection, monitoring, reporting, and removal of straw bales as specified in the contract documents. No additional payment shall be made for maintenance or replacement of straw bales.

10 INLET SEDIMENT TRAP (Sd2-P)

- A. Measurement and payment for inlet sediment traps shall be on a per each complete in place and shall include all labor, equipment, and materials necessary for furnishing, placing, maintenance, inspection, monitoring, reporting, and removal of inlet sediment traps as specified in the contract documents. No additional payment shall be made for maintenance or replacement of inlet sediment traps.

11 COMPOST SOCKS FOR CHECK DAM (Cd-Fs)

- A. Measurement and payment for compost socks for check dam shall be on a per each check dam complete in place and shall include all labor, equipment, and materials necessary for furnishing, placing, maintenance, inspection, monitoring, reporting, and removal of compost socks for check dam as specified in the contract documents. No additional payment shall be made for maintenance or replacement of compost socks.

12 ROLLED EROSION CONTROL BLANKET AND MATTING (RECP)

- A. Measurement and payment for erosion control blanket and matting shall be on a per square yard complete in place and shall include all labor, equipment, materials necessary for furnishing, placing, maintenance, inspection, monitoring, and reporting of rolled erosion control blanket and matting in the contract documents. No additional payment shall be made for maintenance or replacement of rolled erosion control blanket and matting.

13A MULCHING– DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION (Ds-1)

13B PERMANENT SEEDING/VEGETATION – DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION (Ds-3)

- A. Measurement and payment for mulching shall be on a per square yard basis in locations approved in writing by the Owner and shall include all labor, equipment, materials necessary for furnishing, placing, watering, maintenance, inspection, monitoring, and reporting of mulching. No additional payment shall be made for maintenance or replacement of mulching.
- B. Measurement and payment for permanent seeding/vegetation (final stabilization) shall be on a square yard basis and shall include all labor, equipment, materials necessary for furnishing, placing, maintenance, inspection, watering, monitoring, and reporting of permanent seeding / vegetation as required to meet local and state erosion control guidelines and regulations and per contract documents. Contractor shall be responsible for replacing all grass / vegetation destroyed during construction. Grassing / vegetation shall be restored with like kind.

14 SOD – FINAL STABILIZATION (Ds-4), WHERE DIRECTED BY OWNER

- A. Measurement and payment for sod shall be on a per square yard basis in locations approved in writing by the Owner and shall include all labor, equipment, materials necessary for furnishing, placing, watering, maintenance, inspection, monitoring, and reporting of sod. No additional payment shall be made for maintenance or replacement of sod.

15 SIDEWALK RESTORATION

- A. Measurement and payment for Sidewalk removed and replaced shall be measured in place and paid for at the unit price bid per square yard. Concrete sidewalks shall be replaced with a minimum thickness of 4" and of a matching width, unless directed otherwise by the Owner. The unit price shall include all labor, equipment, materials necessary for saw cutting and removing the existing sidewalk, and pouring / installing a new sidewalk in its place per County standards and contract documents. No additional payment shall be made for re-installations of new sidewalk.

16 COMBINATION CURB AND GUTTER RESTORATION

- A. Measurement and payment for curb and gutter removed and replaced shall be measured in place and paid for at the unit price bid per linear foot installed. The unit price shall include all labor, equipment, materials necessary for saw cutting and removing the existing curb and gutter, and pouring / installing a new curb and gutter

in its place per County standards and contract documents. No additional payment shall be made for re-installations of new curb and gutter.

17 GRANITE CURB REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

- A. Measurement and payment for granite curb removed and replaced shall be measured in place and paid for at the unit price bid per linear foot of existing granite curb re-installed. The unit price shall include all labor, equipment, materials necessary for saw cutting and removing the existing granite curb, and re-installing the existing granite curb after construction in the area is complete. No additional payment shall be made for damage to existing granite curb or for replacement granite curb if existing granite curb is damaged.

18 FREE BORE

- A. Measurement and payment for free bore of driveways or other locations designated by the Owner shall be measured in place and paid for at the unit price bid per linear foot of pipe installed via free bore. The unit price shall include all labor, equipment, materials necessary to use a special auger machine to bore a controlled hole to line and grade and installation of the pipe in the bore hole, access and receiving shafts; shaft support, shoring, and bracing removal; groundwater control, and other associated material; surface settlement monitoring; on-site storage, delivery to the work areas, site preparation, backfill, complete restoration; and cleanup. No additional payment shall be made for damage to existing driveways caused by the contractor or for pumping of flowable fill or pressure grout for an annular space between the earthen hole and carrier pipe exceeding six inches.

19A ROADWAY RESTORATION - 1 1/2" MILL AND 1 1/2" ASPHALT TOP OVERLAY

19B ROADWAY RESTORATION - 1 1/2" ASPHALT TOP

19C ROADWAY RESTORATION - 4" BINDER

19D ROADWAY RESTORATION - 10" GAB

19E ROADWAY RESTORATION - 8" CONCRETE BASE

- A. Measurement and payment for roadway restoration shall be measured in place and paid for at the unit price bid per square yard. Measurement shall be the length of the pavement replaced, measured along the centerline of the pipe multiplied by a limited trench width of 6 feet. The unit price shall include all labor, equipment, materials necessary for saw cutting and removing the existing roadway, and installing the new roadway restoration (Base, GAB, Binder, Top), including tack coat, per GA DOT standards or County standards as applicable and contract documents. No additional payment shall be made for re-paving of newly paved roadways. Pavement damaged or removed due to contractor error or negligence will not be paid for.

20 PAINTING TRAFFIC STRIPE/ARROWS/MARKINGS

- A. Measurement and payment for roadway restoration shall be paid as lump sum and shall include all labor, equipment, materials, protection of traffic stripe against traffic and weather and any incidentals necessary for the painting of traffic stripes / arrows / markings as required. The lump sum bid shall be for solid and skip traffic stripe of

any size and color as required per GA DOT standards or County standards as applicable and per contract documents.

- 21A 1.5" COPPER TUBING TYPE K, INCLUDES FITTINGS**
- 21B 8" DUCTILE IRON PIPE (DIP), INCLUDES FITTINGS AND THRUST BLOCKS / COLLARS - CLASS 350**
- 21C 8" RESTRAINED JOINT (RJ) DIP, INCLUDES FITTINGS AND THRUST BLOCKS / COLLARS - CLASS 350**
- 21D 16" DUCTILE IRON PIPE (DIP), INCLUDES FITTINGS AND THRUST BLOCKS / COLLARS - CLASS 350**
- 21E 16" RESTRAINED JOINT (RJ) DIP, INCLUDES FITTINGS AND THRUST BLOCKS / COLLARS - CLASS 350**

- A. Measurement for payment of furnishing and open cut installation of 8" and 16" Class 350 ductile iron pipe and 1.5" copper tubing type K shall be on a linear foot basis as determined by measurement along the centerline of the pipe in place. Payment shall constitute full compensation for work necessary for installation of ductile iron pipe, including but not limited to furnishing, transporting, storing, and installing the pipe; ground penetrating radar pipe location along the pipeline route; clearing and grubbing, temporary stabilization, saw cutting asphalt pavement, excavation, removal, and disposal of asphalt or concrete pavements, and excavated material; excavation support system, utility support system, dewatering, temporary water service, restrained joints, fittings, thrust blocks, tie rods, backfilling, and compaction, cleaning, treating, disinfection and testing; site restoration; and other specified work, and all other incidentals for complete installation of the pipeline. No deduction in the length of pipe will be made for space occupied by valves and fittings.

- 22B TAPPING SLEEVE & VALVE ASSEMBLY 8" X 8"**
- 22E TAPPING SLEEVE & VALVE ASSEMBLY 8" X 6"**
- 22F TAPPING SLEEVE & VALVE ASSEMBLY 16" X 16"**

- A. Measurement for payment of furnishing and installing tapping sleeve & valve assembly shall be on a per each basis and shall include furnishing and installation of tapping sleeve & valve assembly, including but not limited to furnishing, transporting, storing, clearing and grubbing, temporary stabilization, saw cutting asphalt pavement, excavation, removal and disposal of asphalt or concrete pavements, and excavated material; excavation support system, utility support system, dewatering, restrained joints, fittings, thrust blocks, tie rods, backfilling, and compaction, concrete valve markers, cleaning, treating, disinfection and testing; site restoration; and other specified work, and all other incidentals for complete installation.

23 GROUT-FILL EXISTING WATERLINE (ALL SIZES)

- A. Measurement and payment for grout fill and abandonment of existing waterline is on a cubic yard basis. This price will be full compensation for the removing of the content within the pipe, cleaning, grouting, plugging, capping and abandoning all pipe, pipe bend section and all other appurtenance, and of dewatering, trenching, excavation and backfill, removal, transportation and disposal and all material or work necessary to properly abandon the pipe and must include all materials, labor, equipment, tools and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

24 CUT AND PLUG EXISTING WATER MAIN

- A. Measurement and payment for cut and plug is on a per each basis for all sizes of water main. The unit price bid shall include the cost of cutting and removing a section of the existing water main; dewatering and cleaning existing water main; furnishing and using all plugs and disinfection to prevent contamination of the existing water main and new fittings; furnishing and placing plug or cap, mechanical restraints and appurtenances; protective coating; constructing the concrete thrust block; plugging the abandoned water main with concrete; pavement saw cutting; pressure testing; and furnishing all labor, material and equipment necessary to complete the work.

25 OPEN CUT AND JACK & BORE – 8” AND 16” CARRIER PIPE

- A. Measurement for payment for open cut and jack & bore installation of casing and carrier pipe shall be on a linear foot basis. Payment shall constitute full compensation for work necessary for a complete installation, including, but not limited to: labor, materials and supplies; equipment required for the handling and installation of the casing and carrier pipe, access, and receiving shafts; shaft support, shoring, and bracing removal; groundwater control, annular space fill, spacers, casing end plugs, and other associated material; surface settlement monitoring; on-site storage, delivery to the work areas, site preparation, backfill, complete restoration; and cleanup.

26 8-MIL POLYETHYLENE SLEEVE FOR 8” AND 16” DIP

- A. Measurement for payment of furnishing and installing 8-mil polyethylene sleeve shall be on a linear foot basis as determined by measurement along the centerline of the pipe in place as called for in the contract documents or where directed by the Owner and shall include all tools, labor, equipment, materials and all other incidentals necessary for complete installation of 8-mil polyethylene sleeve for DIP.

27 CONNECTION TO EXISTING WATER MAIN

- A. Measurement for payment for connecting to existing water mains shall be per each connection and shall include all tools, labor, equipment, materials and all other incidentals necessary for locating, cutting-in or tapping, and connecting to the existing facilities and removal of existing piping as necessary to complete the connection. Pipe, special fittings, tapping sleeves, new valve at cut-in or tap, and any other incidentals used in making the connection shall be included in the unit price.

28A FURNISH AND INSTALL 8" GATE VALVE WITH VALVE BOX AND EXTENSION

28B FURNISH AND INSTALL 16" GATE VALVE WITH VALVE BOX AND EXTENSION

- A. Measurement for payment to furnish and install gate and butterfly valves shall be on a per each basis. Payment shall be based upon actual quantity of each valve furnished and installed, in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents. Payment shall constitute full compensation for work necessary to install the valves, including, but not limited to: the purchase, delivery to the Work Site, on-site storage, delivery to the work areas, surface preparation, saw cutting asphalt pavement, excavation, removal, and disposal of asphalt or concrete pavements and excavated

material; excavation support system, utility support system, dewatering, temporary water service, placement, backfilling and compaction; concrete valve markers, cleaning, treating and testing; cleanup, including valve box, extension, concrete collar, if required; and other specified work.

29 RELOCATE EXISTING FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY AND VALVE

- A. Measurement for payment for removing and relocating an existing fire hydrant assembly and valve shall be at the unit price bid per each and shall include, but is not limited to removing the hydrant assembly and valve from existing water main, relocating and installing on the new water main. Payment shall constitute full compensation for the relocation of existing fire hydrant assemblies, installed complete, including fire hydrant, fire hydrant extensions, fire hydrant tee, required linear feet of 6-inch restrained joint ductile iron piping, restrained valves, and valve boxes; concrete collars and thrust blocks; gravel pockets, and fittings. A backflow preventer may be required based on distance from the main line with approval from the **County**. This also includes surface preparation, saw cutting asphalt pavement, excavation, removal, and disposal of asphalt or concrete pavements and excavated material; excavation support system, utility support system, dewatering, temporary water service, placement, backfilling and compaction; cleaning, treating and testing; cleanup, including valve box, extension; concrete collar, if required; and other specified work.

30 NEW FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY

- A. Measurement for payment for furnishing and installing fire hydrant assemblies shall be at the unit price bid per each and shall include, but is not limited to transporting, storing, furnishing, and installing. Payment for furnishing and installing fire hydrant assemblies shall be made at the unit price per each and shall constitute full compensation for the construction of fire hydrant assemblies, installed complete, including fire hydrant, fire hydrant extensions, fire hydrant tee, required linear feet of 6-inch restrained joint ductile iron piping, restrained valves, and valve boxes; concrete collars and thrust blocks; gravel pockets, and fittings. A backflow preventer may be required based on distance from the main line with approval from the **County**. This also includes surface preparation, saw cutting asphalt pavement, excavation, removal, and disposal of asphalt or concrete pavements and excavated material; excavation support system, utility support system, dewatering, temporary water service, placement, backfilling and compaction; cleaning, treating and testing; cleanup, including valve box, extension; concrete collar, if required; and other specified work.

31 TRANSFER WATER SERVICE

- A. Measurement for payment for water service transfer shall be on a per each basis for the actual number of water services transferred from an existing water main to a new, relocated water main. Payment for water service transfer shall constitute full compensation for the complete transfer of the water service from the main to the meter; the meter shall not be relocated. This item shall include fittings, piping, and restoration to transfer the service, including pressure testing and disinfection, and connection to the meter. Work shall be performed by a licensed plumber. This

includes surface preparation, saw cutting asphalt pavement, excavation, removal, and disposal of asphalt or concrete pavements and excavated material; excavation support system, utility support system, dewatering, temporary water service, placement, backfilling and compaction; cleanup; and other specified work.

32 REPLACE EXISTING WATER METER AND METER BOX

- A. Measurement for payment for water meter and meter box replacement shall be on a per each basis for the actual number of water meters and meters boxes designated for replacement by the Owner. Payment for new water meter and meter box shall constitute full compensation for the complete addition or replacement of the existing water meter and meter box with a water meter and meter box which complies with County Standards. This item shall include fittings, piping, pressure testing and disinfection, and connection to the meter. Work shall be performed by a licensed plumber. This includes surface preparation, saw cutting asphalt pavement, excavation, removal, and disposal of asphalt or concrete pavements and excavated material; excavation support system, utility support system, dewatering, temporary water service, placement, backfilling and compaction; cleanup; and other specified work.

33 RELOCATION OF EXISTING WATER SERVICE

- A. Measurement for payment for water service relocation is on a per each basis. Payment shall constitute full compensation for work necessary to relocate the service, including relocation of the water meter. This includes, but is not limited to: the purchase, delivery to the work site, on-site storage, delivery to the work areas, surface preparation, placement, and cleanup required for the complete relocation of the water service from the main to the property line. The existing meter and appurtenances shall be reset as directed by the **County**. This item shall include devices, fittings, piping, and restoration to relocate the service, and includes removal of the existing service, pressure testing and disinfection, including connection to the relocated meter. Work shall be performed by a licensed plumber. This includes surface preparation, saw cutting asphalt pavement, excavation, removal, and disposal of asphalt or concrete pavements and excavated material; excavation support system, utility support system, dewatering, temporary water service, placement, backfilling and compaction; and other specified work.

34 REMOVAL OF UNSUITABLE SOIL AND REPLACEMENT WITH SUITABLE SOIL

- A. Measurement for payment for removal of unsuitable soil and replacement with suitable soil is on a per cubic yard basis as approved by the **County**. Payment shall constitute full compensation for work necessary to remove and dispose of unsuitable soil and replace with suitable soil including but not limited to furnishing, transporting, storing, and installing the suitable soil; excavation, removal, and disposal of unsuitable soil, backfilling and compaction of suitable soil, site restoration; and other specified work, and all other incidentals for complete installation of the suitable soil.

35 ROCK EXCAVATION AND REPLACEMENT WITH SUITABLE SOIL

- A. Measurement for payment for rock excavation and replacement with suitable soil is on a per cubic yard basis as approved by the **County**. Payment shall constitute full compensation for work necessary to excavate, remove and dispose of rock encountered and replace with suitable soil including but not limited to furnishing, transporting, storing, and installing the suitable soil; excavation, removal, and disposal of rock, backfilling and compaction of suitable soil, site restoration; and other specified work, and all other incidentals for complete installation of the suitable soil.

36 TESTING LABORATORY SERVICES

- A. Measurement for payment for testing laboratory services shall be on a lump sum basis. Payment shall constitute full compensation for compaction testing, asphalt testing, concrete testing and other material testing services required by the contract documents or called for by the Owner. Retesting of failed test results shall be at the contractor's expense.

37 TREE REMOVAL

- A. Measurement for payment for tree removal services shall be on a per each basis for trees larger than or equal to 12-inch DBH. Trees smaller than 12-inch DBH are included in clearing and grubbing. Payment shall compensation in full for clearing the work area of trees, shrubs, undergrowth, grubbing the work area, all handling, on-site hauling, removal and disposal of all cleared materials from the site, and all other labor, materials, equipment, and other incidentals required to complete the Work.

38 AIR RELEASE VALVES WITH VAULT

- A. Measurement for payment to furnish and install air release valves shall be on a per each basis. Payment shall be based upon actual quantity of each valve furnished and installed, in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents. Payment shall constitute full compensation for work necessary to install the valves, including, but not limited to: the purchase, delivery to the Work Site, on-site storage, delivery to the work areas, surface preparation, saw cutting asphalt pavement, excavation, removal, and disposal of asphalt or concrete pavements and excavated material; excavation support system, utility support system, dewatering, temporary water service, placement, backfilling and compaction; cleaning, treating and testing; cleanup, including concrete vault, extension, concrete collar, if required; and other specified work.

SECTION 2 – ALLOWANCES

39 OWNER ALLOWANCE

- A. The allowances specified in the Bid Schedule are to establish a fund to pay the cost of items for which the **County** could not establish accurate quantities and/or detailed scope of work. The **Contractor** shall submit for review and approval by the **County** a proposed cost of services prior to performance of the Work. This Work shall be completed only at the written direction of the **County** after the cost of such Work has been approved.

- B. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for the payment for these services to the appropriate payee providing such service, and shall submit evidence of payments to the **County** prior to their inclusion in the progress payments.
- C. The **County** shall make payment for invoices submitted by the **Contractor** subject to the Contract Documents. **Contractor** shall not receive any additional compensation for bond or insurance costs for work executed using allowance funding.
- D. Allowance allocations shall only be paid to the **Contractor** for completed work authorized by the **County**. Allowance dollar amounts not expended shall revert to the **County** at the completion of the project. Should the final allowance costs be less than the specified amount of the allowance, the Contract shall be adjusted accordingly by change order. The amount of change order shall not recognize any changes in handling costs at the site, labor, overhead, profit, and other expenses caused by the adjustment to the allowance item.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (NOT USED)

+++END OF SECTION 01210+++

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SECTION 01300 SUBMITTALS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Preparing and processing of submittals for review and action.
 - 2. Preparing and processing of informational submittals.
- B. Submit the following for the **County's** review and action:
 - 1. Shop drawings
 - 2. Product data
 - 3. Samples
 - 4. Submittals indicated as "for approval"
- C. Submit the following as informational submittals:
 - 1. Structural design information required by the contract documents
 - 2. Certificates
 - 3. Coordination drawings
 - 4. Reports
 - 5. Qualification statements for manufacturers/installers
 - 6. Submittals indicated as "for information only"
- D. Specific submittals are described in individual sections.
- E. Do not commence Work that requires review of any submittals until receipt of returned submittals with an acceptable action.
- F. Do not allow submittals without an acceptable action marking to be used for the project.
- G. Submittals shall be submitted to the **County** by a flash or jump drive. No email submittals shall be allowed for approval. One copy of each submittal shall be uploaded by the **Contractor** into the software program named by the **County**. The **County** may determine that certain submittals also shall be submitted in hard copy form.

1.02 DEFINITIONS

- A. "Shop drawings" are drawings and other data prepared by the entity that is to do the Work, specifically to show a portion of the Work.

- B. "Product data submittals" are standard printed data that show or otherwise describe a product or system, or some other portion of the Work.
- C. "Samples" are actual examples of the products or Work to be installed.
- D. "Informational submittals" are those identified in the Contract Documents as for information only.

1.03 FORM OF SUBMITTALS

- A. Sheets larger than 8-1/2 by 14 Inches:
 - 1. Maximum sheet size: 24 by 36 inches (except for full-size pattern or template drawings).
 - 2. Number of copies:
 - a. Submittals for review: Three blue or blackline prints
 - b. Informational submittals: Three blue or blackline prints
- B. Small sheets or pages:
 - 1. Minimum sheet size: 8-1/2 by 11 inches
 - 2. Maximum sheet size for opaque copies: 11 by 17 inches
 - 3. Number of copies shall be the same as for larger sheets
- C. Samples:
 - 1. Two sets of each shall be submitted with the original submittal.
 - 2. One set shall be returned.
 - 3. If additional sets are needed by other entities involved in Work represented by the samples, these shall be submitted with original submittal.

1.04 COORDINATION OF SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordinate submittals and activities that shall be performed in sequence or of different types for the same product or system so that the **County** has enough information to properly review each submittal.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 TIMING OF SUBMITTALS

- A. Transmit each submittal at the time indicated on the approved construction schedule.

- B. Deliver each submittal requiring approval in time to allow for adequate review and processing time, including resubmittals if necessary; failure of the **Contractor** in this respect shall not be considered as grounds for an extension of the contract time.
- C. Deliver each informational submittal prior to start of the Work involved, unless the submittal is of a type that cannot be prepared until after completion of the Work; submit promptly.
- D. If a submittal must be processed within a certain time in order to maintain the progress of the Work, state so clearly on the submittal.
- E. If a submittal must be delayed for coordination with other submittals not yet submitted, the **County** may, at its option, either return the submittal with no action or notify the **Contractor** of the other submittals that shall be received before the submittal can be reviewed.

3.02 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES - GENERAL

- A. **Contractor** review: Sign each copy of each submittal certifying compliance with the requirements of the contract documents.
- B. Notify the **County**, in writing and at time of submittal, of points upon which the submittal does not conform to the requirements of the contract documents, if any.
- C. Preparation of submittals:
 - 1. Label each copy of each submittal with the following information:
 - a. Project name
 - b. Date of submittal
 - c. **Contractor's** name and address
 - d. Supplier's name and address
 - e. Manufacturer's name
 - f. Specification section where the submittal is specified
 - g. Numbers of applicable drawings and details
 - h. Other necessary identifying information
 - 2. Submittals to receive **County's** action marking: Provide blank space on the label or on the submittal itself for action marking: minimum 4 inches wide by 5 inches high.
- D. Transmittal of submittals:
 - 1. Submittals shall be accepted from the **Contractor** only.
 - 2. Submittals received without a transmittal form shall be returned without review or action.
 - 3. Transmittal form: The **Contractor** shall use a form acceptable to the **County**, with space provided on the form for:
 - a. Project name

- b. Submittal date
 - c. Transmittal number
 - d. Specification section number
 - e. To:
 - f. From:
 - g. **Contractor's** name
 - h. Subcontractor's and supplier's names
 - i. Manufacturer's name
 - j. Submittal type (shop drawing, product data, sample, informational submittal).
 - k. Description of submittal
 - l. Action marking
 - m. Comments
4. The **Contractor** shall complete a separate transmittal form for each submittal, also including the following:
- a. Other relevant information
 - b. Requests for additional information

3.03 SHOP DRAWINGS

- A. Content: Include the following information:
- 1. Dimensions, at accurate scale
 - 2. All field measurements that have been taken, at accurate scale
 - 3. Names of specific products and materials used
 - 4. Details, identified by contract document sheet and detail numbers
 - 5. Compliance with the specific standards referenced
 - 6. Coordination requirements, including the relationship to adjacent or critical Work
 - 7. Name of preparing firm
 - 8. Design calculations
- B. Preparation:
- 1. Reproductions of contract documents are not acceptable as shop drawings.
 - 2. Copies of standard printed documents are not acceptable as shop drawings.
 - 3. Documents shall be identified as indicated for submittals.
 - 4. Space for **County's** action marking shall be adjacent to the title block.

3.04 PRODUCT DATA

- A. Submit product data submittals for each system or unit of Work as one submittal.

- B. When product data submittals are prepared specifically for this Project (in the absence of standard printed information), submit such information as shop drawings, and not as product data submittals.
- C. Content:
 - 1. Submit manufacturer's standard printed data sheets.
 - 2. Identify the particular product being submitted; submit only pertinent pages.
 - 3. Show compliance with properties specified.
 - 4. Identify which options and accessories are applicable.
 - 5. Include recommendations for application and use.
 - 6. Show compliance with the specific standards referenced.
 - 7. Show compliance with specified testing agency listings; show the limitations of their labels or seals, if any.
 - 8. Identify dimensions, which have been verified by field measurement.
 - 9. Show special coordination requirements for the product.

3.05 SAMPLES

- A. Samples:
 - 1. Provide samples that are the same as the proposed product.
 - 2. Where selection is required, provide the full set of options.
- B. Preparation:
 - 1. Attach a description to each sample.
 - 2. Attach name of manufacturer or source to each sample.
 - 3. Where compliance with specified properties is required, attach documentation showing compliance.
 - 4. Where there are limitations in availability, deliveries, or other similar characteristics, attach descriptions of such limitations.
 - 5. Where selection is required, the first submittal may be a single set of options; after return of submittal with selection indicated, submit standard number of sets of selected item.
- C. Keep final sample set(s) at the Project Site, available for use during progress of the Work.

3.06 REVIEW OF SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals for approval shall be reviewed, marked with appropriate action, and returned. Submittals are reviewed for conformance with project design concept and for compliance with standard of quality established in the Contract Documents. This review shall not relieve the **Contractor** from responsibilities for correctness of detail

and dimension, nor from deviation from Contract Document requirements, except as noted and accepted in writing by the **County** at the time of submittal.

- B. Informational submittals shall be reviewed.
- C. Action markings for submittals for approval shall be as follows:
 - 1. NO EXCEPTIONS TAKEN (NET): Indicate that the submitted item is released for manufacture
 - 2. MAKE CORRECTIONS NOTED (MCN): Indicate that the submitted item is released for manufacture with the submittal complying with the comments
 - 3. AMEND AND RESUBMIT (AAR): Indicates that the submittal shall be revised or a new submittal complying with the comments made shall be prepared.
 - 4. REJECTED (REJ): Indicates that the submitted item does not comply with contract requirements and that another selection shall be made and the submittal process repeated.
 - 5. SUBMIT SPECIFIED ITEM(s) (SSI): Indicates that the submittal shall submit specified item(s) based on the specifications or as stated by the County

3.07 RETURN, RESUBMITTAL, AND DISTRIBUTION

- A. Submittals shall be returned to the **Contractor** by mail.
- B. The **Contractor** shall address resubmittals in the same manner as original submittals, with changes other than those requested by the **County**, clearly indicated.
 - 1. Exception: Transmittal number for resubmittal shall be the number of the original submittal plus a letter suffix.
 - 2. Resubmittals shall be submitted within 14 days of **Contractor's** receipt of rejected submittal.
- C. Distribution: The **Contractor** shall make one copy for project record documents.

+++ END OF SECTION 01300 +++

SECTION 01310 CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes progress documentation requirements.

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. The Initial Baseline Construction Schedule shall be submitted to the **County** at the Pre-construction meeting. The final baseline schedule is to be submitted to the **County** within 14 calendar days following the pre-construction meeting. The updated baseline construction schedule shall be submitted to the **County** with the **Contractor's** Monthly Application for Payment.

1.03 FORM OF SUBMITTALS

- A. Schedules - General:
 - 1. Provide legend of symbols and abbreviations for each schedule.
 - 2. Use the same terminology as that used in the contract documents.
- B. Format - Bar Chart:
 - 1. Provide individual horizontal bars representing the duration of each major activity.
 - 2. Coordinate each element on the schedule with other construction activities.
 - 3. Show activities in proper sequence, including submittals, equipment delivery, materials delivery, installation, and testing.
 - 4. Include cost bar at top of chart showing estimated cost of Work performed at the date of each application for payment.
 - 5. Use vertical lines to mark the time scale at not more than 1-week intervals.
 - 6. Use sheets of sufficient number and width to show the full schedule clearly.
 - 7. Use of Critical Path Methodology while developing the schedule. Tasks on the critical path shall be indicated in RED.
- C. Copies: Submit a minimum of two copies.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.01 SOFTWARE / PROGRAMS

- A. Schedules shall be prepared in Primavera P6 or, with County approval, Microsoft Project.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

- A. Prepare and submit construction schedule.
- B. Provide construction schedule in the form of bar charts.
- C. The **County** will promptly review the schedule and notify the **Contractor** of acceptability. If schedule is not satisfactory, the **Contractor** shall revise and resubmit within 3 days.
- D. Make and distribute copies of accepted schedule to the **County**, to subcontractors, and to other entities whose Work will be influenced by schedule dates.
- E. Update the schedule whenever changes occur or are made, or when new information is received, but not less often than at the same intervals at which applications for payment are made. Payments may be withheld if schedule updates are not submitted as required.
- F. The initial schedule and update information shall be provided by the **Contractor**. This information is a representation of the best efforts of the **Contractor** and its subcontractors as to how they envision the Work to be accomplished. Similarly, progress information to be provided by and through the **Contractor** shall be an accurate representation of its or its subcontractors' or suppliers' actual performance. The schedule shall remain an accurate reflection of the **Contractor's** actual or projected sequencing of Work. Once accepted, adherence to the established schedule shall be obligatory upon the **Contractor** and its subcontractors for the Work under this Contract. The **County** may require the **Contractor** to revise the schedule if, in its judgment, the schedule does not accurately reflect the actual execution of the Work, or is in violation of any provision on this scheduling specification. The **Contractor** shall revise the schedule as often as is required or necessary during the course of performance of the Work without additional cost to the **County**.

3.02 PROGRESS OF WORK

- A. The Work shall be started on the date indicated in the Notice to Proceed coinciding with the baseline construction schedule and shall be executed with such progress as may be required to prevent delay to other contractors or to the general completion of the project. The Work shall be executed at such times and in or on such parts of the project, and with such forces, material, and equipment, as to assure completion of the Work in the time established by the Contract. Additionally,

the **Contractor** shall schedule and direct Work so to provide an orderly progression of the Work to completion within the specified Contract Time.

- B. The **Contractor** agrees that whenever it becomes apparent from the current accepted monthly schedule update, that delays to the project have resulted and these delays are through no fault of the **County**, and hence, that the Contract completion date will not be met, or when so directed by the **County**, the **Contractor** shall take some or all of the following actions at no additional cost to the **County**.
1. Increase construction Work force in such quantities and crafts as shall substantially eliminate the backlog of Work.
 2. Increase the number of working hours per shift; shifts per working day, or days per week; the amount of construction equipment, etc., or any combination of the foregoing to substantially eliminate the backlog of Work.
 3. Schedule activities to achieve maximum practical concurrence of accomplishment of activities, and comply with the revised schedule.
 4. The **Contractor** shall submit for reviewing a written statement of the steps it intends to take, to remove, or arrest the delay to the schedule. If the **Contractor** fails to submit a written statement of the steps it intends to take or fails to take such steps as required by the Contract, the **County** may direct the level of effort in workforce (trades), equipment, and Work schedule (overtime) to remove or arrest the delay to the project in the accepted schedule, and the **Contractor** shall promptly provide such level of effort at no additional cost to the **County**. In addition, should schedule delays persist; the **Contractor's** bond agent shall be asked to attend meetings to update the schedule.
- C. Failure of the **Contractor** to comply with the requirements of this provision shall subject it to, at the **County's** sole discretion, withholding, in partial or in total, payments otherwise due the **Contractor** for Work performed under this Contract. The **Contractor** agrees that any withholding of moneys is not a penalty for noncompliance, but is an assurance for the **County** that funds shall be available to implement these requirements should the **Contractor** fail to do so, since failure of the **Contractor** to comply with these requirements shall mean that the **Contractor** failed to execute the Work with such diligence as to ensure its completion within the time for completion.

+++ END OF SECTION 01310 +++

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SECTION 01350

PROJECT DOCUMENT TRACKING AND CONTROL SYSTEM

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. The **Contractor** shall utilize the **County's** Project Document Tracking and Control System (DTCS). The primary function of the system is to facilitate timely processing and approval of contract documentation in coordination with the overall Project Schedule established by these Specifications and the **Contractor**. The **Contractor** shall utilize this system for document tracking and control, including use of Lynx Photo Management software. The software will:
 - 1. Facilitate communication between the **County** and **Contractor**.
 - 2. Support turnaround time with regard to responses and approvals.
 - 3. Provide a central location for Project information to support Project participants in performing their tasks based on the latest Project data.
 - 4. Provide a standard system of project administration with accountability.
- B. The **Contractor** shall utilize the web-based system that resides on the DWM server to generate documents in the proper format for submission to the **County**. The **Contractor** shall access the system using a compatible web browser from the **Contractor's** administrative field office location, and/or other locations where Work associated with the Project is being performed.
- C. The **Contractor** shall be required to generate Project documents and records utilizing the aforementioned system. The **Contractor** shall be required to transmit and submit the Project documents within the system to the **County**.
- D. The **Contractor** shall utilize a high-capacity scanner capable of scanning 11 x 17 documents, double-sided, onsite for the entire duration of the Project. Documents shall be scanned in and attached to the appropriate Contract Manager document, including submittals, shop drawings, operations & maintenance manuals, and other documents requested by the **County**.
- E. The **Contractor** shall utilize the document control system to create and maintain Project documents, including, but not limited to the following:
 - 1. Company Directory: Addresses, Phone Numbers, Personnel Contacts, etc.
 - 2. Drawings Log: Current Drawing revision log
 - 3. Submittals Integrated with Project Schedule through Activity codes
 - 4. Transmittals
 - 5. Risk Register
 - 6. Requests for Information (RFIs)
 - 7. Requests for Proposal (RFPs)

8. Work Authorization Requests (WARs)
9. Work Authorizations (WAs)
10. Change Order Requests (CORs)
11. Change Orders (COs)
12. Daily Reports (Daily Diaries)
13. Field Decisions, Field Orders (FOs), and Clarification Memos
14. Notice of Non-Compliance
15. Construction issue memos
16. Punch lists
17. Meeting Minutes and agendas
18. Correspondence
19. Work Plans
20. Startup Plans
21. Equipment Operations & Maintenance training
22. Spare parts lists

- F. The **Contractor** shall utilize the complete capabilities of the DTCS to meet the requirements of this Section. The **Contractor** shall provide a highly trained and experienced construction project controls person knowledgeable in construction Work sequencing, productivity, scheduling, and application of the Primavera P6 software system. This person, along with the **Contractor's** management team, shall work closely with the **County** to deliver the documents outlined in this Section.
- G. Software Support: The **Contractor** shall be required to establish an internet connection using DSL or better to connect to the DTCS to permit the forwarding and receipt of documents.
1. The Contract Manager software supports and the **Contractor** shall utilize Microsoft Outlook.
 2. The **Contractor** shall also provide 2 days of consulting services in the base bid for troubleshooting and maintenance of the DTCS at any location designated by the **County** or at the **Contractor's** administrative field office (if authorized by the **County**). Troubleshooting, maintenance, upgrade, configuration, and setup shall be performed by a **County** approved project management system implementation company based on a scope pre-defined by the **County**. The **Contractor** shall utilize the custom data fields, dictionaries, and coding systems as required by the **County**.
- H. The **Contractor's** staff shall be required to attend a 2-day training session on the operation of the **County's** DTCS, provided by an Authorized Trainer. The **Contractor** shall provide the training session for 10 participants (fee for the Primavera Authorized Trainer). The training session shall be held at the Evans Technology, Roswell, Georgia, facility and shall be attended by the **Contractor** (limited to three participants) as well as DWM representatives (seven participants). The **Contractor** shall be responsible for the cost of training for additional members of its firm or future retraining, as may be deemed necessary by the **Contractor**.

- I. The **Contractor** shall meet with the **County** within 15 days after the Contract is awarded to discuss access requirements and the **Contractor's** plan to utilize DTCS and execute the document control functions herein.
- J. Access through the internet to the DTCS shall be operational within 30 days following the pre-construction meeting date. This shall be operational from the **Contractor's** administrative field office location.

1.02 COMPANY DIRECTORY

- A. The **Contractor** and the **County** shall monitor and manage the Company Directory. The directory shall include Company name, Company abbreviation, contact names, address, phone numbers, and e-mail addresses.

1.03 DRAWING LOG

- A. The **County** will maintain a log of initial "issued for construction" drawings in the DTCS. Information shall include drawing number, title and revision number. In addition to logging the initial project drawing list, the **County** will maintain a log on the DTCS of subsequent revisions to these drawings and any sketches resulting from clarification memos, RFPs, WARs, WAs, RFIs, Field Orders, and Change Orders (COs). It shall be the **Contractor's** responsibility to utilize the latest drawings and sketches in the performance of the Work.

1.04 SUBMITTALS/SHOP DRAWINGS

- A. Requirements: This section specifies supplemental requirements to GR-24 and Section 01300, Submittals, related to the processing of submittals and shop drawings. The **Contractor** shall utilize the DTCS to log and track submittals, as well as generate associated transmittal letters.
- B. Submittals and Product Data: A list of required submittals shall be entered into the DTCS by the **Contractor**. Submittals shall be incorporated into packages, with numbering as follows: XXXXX-YYY, where X denotes the applicable specification section and Y denotes the individual submittal number for that particular specification section, beginning with 001. The **Contractor** shall log and track submittals utilizing the DTCS. Each review cycle shall be entered into the DTCS. The **Contractor** shall identify as activities in the CPM schedule, to include data submittals, as well as those involving complex reviews and long lead deliveries, and procurement items required for construction activities. Submittal schedule information shall be updated monthly with the **Contractor's** updated project CPM schedule.
- C. Samples: A list of required sample submittals shall be entered into the DTCS by the **Contractor**. Sample submittals shall be identified as individual submittals within the submittal packages, with numbering as specified above.
- D. Guarantees/Warranties: A list of required Guarantee/Warranty submittals shall be entered into the DTCS by the **Contractor**. These submittals shall be identified as individual submittals within the submittal packages with numbering as specified above.

- E. Work Plans, Startup Plans, O&M Submittals, and Spare Parts: Testing, Startup, and O&M submittals shall be entered into the DTCS by the **Contractor**. These submittals shall be identified as individual submittals within the submittal packages identified with numbering as specified above.
- F. Submittal Procedures: The **Contractor** shall prepare submittal packages utilizing the submittal numbering system, description, and packaging conventions described above. Submittals prepared by the **Contractor** that fail to follow the conventions described above, will be returned “amend and resubmit.” Should the **Contractor** determine that a submittal is required and is not covered by the listing within the DTCS, the **Contractor** shall consult with the **County** to determine the submittal number, description, and packaging that shall be required.

1.05 CORRESPONDENCE

- A. The **County** shall monitor and manage the correspondence, Non-Compliance Notices, Field Decisions and Clarification Memos, and Construction Issue Memo logs. The **Contractor** shall generate Project correspondence within the DTCS, and forward the correspondence to the **County**.

1.06 TRANSMITTAL LOG

- A. The **Contractor** and the **County** will monitor and manage the transmittal log. Project transmittals shall be created electronically, automatically sequentially numbered, and logged into the DTCS system as they are created. The **Contractor** shall utilize the system to create transmittals for items transmitted to the **County**, Resident Inspection Staff, and other contractors.

1.07 RISK MANAGEMENT PLAN AND RISK REGISTER

- A. **Contractor** shall provide a detailed and specific description of their approach to the management of risks associated with the Project, including permitting, design, construction, and testing and the **County's** operation and maintenance of the Project. Such risks shall include those allocated under the Contract to the County as well as those allocated to the **Contractor**.
- B. **Contractor** is to develop and maintain a Risk Management Plan that can be used by the **County** to understand and evaluate the **Contractor's** understanding of the biggest risks and challenges to the Project, and how it intends to mitigate such risks. The **Contractor** shall provide sufficient information to enable the **County** to understand this evaluation. The Risk Management Plan shall include:
 - a. A detailed risk register that identifies Project risk, the likelihood of such risk manifesting itself on the Project, the severity of such risk and a mitigation plan for such risk.
 - b. An identification of and elaboration upon features of the **Contractor's** Construction Plan that the **Contractor** considers unique and/or innovative relative to reducing or eliminating Project risk.

- C. The **Contractor, County and Construction Manager** will review the Risk Register during the Project's progress meetings. The **Contractor** shall update the project Risk Register and provide these updates to the project team through the DTCS system on a monthly basis.

1.08 REQUEST FOR INFORMATION & ANSWERS

- A. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for generating RFIs on the DTCS system. The **Contractor** shall notify the **County** when an RFI is submitted. The **County** will monitor and manage the RFI log. The **County** will generate an Answer document in response to each RFI and forward them to the **Contractor**. The DTCS shall track "Ball in Court" for RFIs and Answers, as well as date of original generation and response date. In addition, the RFIs shall reference the relative Specification Section and Drawings. The DTCS shall identify the date of the request and the originator, responsible party for a response and the date of the response.

1.09 CHANGE DOCUMENTS

- A. Change documents include Request for Proposals (RFPs), Work Authorization Requests (WARs), Work Authorizations (WAs), Change Orders Requests (CORs), and Change Orders (COs). Change documents will be monitored and managed by the **County** utilizing the DTCS. The DTCS shall track "Ball in Court" status of change documents.

1.10 DAILY REPORTS

- A. The **Contractor** is responsible for creating daily reports (daily diaries) utilizing the DTCS. The **Contractor** shall enter the Daily Reports into the DTCS by 10:00 a.m. of the subsequent day that the **Contractor** or any subcontractor performs Work. Daily reports shall be logged into the DTCS by the **Contractor**. The **Contractor** shall also provide one signed hard copy of daily reports on a weekly basis. Required information shall include the **Contractor**, Date, Day, Temperature, Precipitation, Sky, Wind, Work Activity, Equipment, Field Force, Visitors, Materials, and Scheduled Activities utilizing the Primavera schedule activity codes. Daily reports that fail to link Work activities to the active Project schedule shall not be acceptable.

1.11 PUNCH LISTS

- A. The **County** will monitor and manage punch lists, and will create punch lists to be forwarded to the **Contractor**. The **Contractor** shall address the punch list items that have been assigned to the **Contractor** and forward updates to the **County**. Once accepted as complete, the **County** will access the punch list in the DTCS and close it out.

1.12 MEETING MINUTES AND AGENDA

- A. The **County** will monitor and manage the meeting minute process. The **County** will forward meeting minutes to the **Contractor** electronically. The **County** will log the meeting minute items into the DTCS within 3 days of the meeting date.

1.13 PROGRESS PAYMENTS /REQUISITIONS FOR PAYMENT

- A. The **Contractor** is responsible for creating progress payment applications directly from the project scheduling software and then forwarding them to the **County** electronically, along with hard copies, by 4:00 p.m. at the end of each update/billing period. The **Contractor** shall also simultaneously provide a separate submittal of the updated progress schedule (P6 or latest version at the time of purchase), as specified in Section 01310.- Progress Payments, Schedule of values shall be developed as defined in Section 01310 within the Pay Application and shall be coordinated with the **County's** Project Manager. Maintenance of the "As-Built" record documents by the **Contractor** shall be verified before processing shall be approved. Failure of a **Contractor** to maintain project record documents, maintain current and properly prepared daily reports, or submit the project schedule update per Section 01310 shall be just cause for withholding the monthly or final payment.

1.14 LYNX PHOTO MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE

- A. The Lynx PM software shall be utilized by the **County** and the **Contractor** for the duration of the project. The daily construction photographs shall be the permanent visual record of the pre-construction conditions, daily construction site activities, and the completion of construction Work. The **Contractor** shall submit to the **County** no less than four record photos for each activity ID listed in the project schedule per the last schedule update. Applicable photos shall accompany each Pay Application.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (NOT USED)

+++ END OF SECTION 01350 +++

SECTION 01351 PUBLIC OUTREACH

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. The **Contractor** shall provide personnel, services, and materials necessary to meet the requirements and responsibilities related to the Public Outreach Office and the Public Communications & Outreach Team Leader (PCOTL), as specified hereinafter, during performance of Work. The **Contractor** supports the outreach efforts as specified herein and required.

1.02 STAFFING

- A. The **Contractor** shall employ a full-time PCOTL who meets the required minimum qualifications and experience below. The sole and specific duties and job of the PCOTL shall be to perform Customer Service-related functions and to continuously coordinate and provide information and services as required to the **County's** Construction Manager, Public Outreach staff, and others as necessary.
 - 1. The PCOTL shall have been employed on at least two satisfactorily completed (waterline, sewer line, or pumping station) construction projects.
 - 2. The PCOTL shall have had responsibility for receiving, logging, tracking, responding, and resolving customer/citizen complaints and claims, providing notices to and personal interaction with affected customers/citizens regarding project impact and projected work schedules of the **Contractor**, and reviewing project schedules and "look-ahead" to determine projected areas of impact from the Work.
 - 3. The PCOTL shall have a minimum of 2 years of experience in performing this type of work on similar projects.
 - 4. The PCOTL shall attend a 4-hour mandatory Public Outreach training session presented by the DWM Public Outreach Office.
 - 5. The PCOTL shall manage a team of two persons, employed by the **Contractor**, to quickly resolve incidental complaints on-site during the project.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PUBLIC INFORMATION KICK-OFF MEETING

- A. Prior to commencement of Work under the Contract and following the Preconstruction Meeting, the **Contractor**, the PCOTL, and the **County** shall attend a public information meeting hosted by the Public Outreach Office. At this meeting, the **Contractor's** responsibilities and the relationship with the Public Outreach Office and the functions and responsibilities of the PCOTL employed by the **Contractor** as required under Section 1.02 A, above will be discussed. The **Contractor's** PCOTL and backup individual shall be identified to the DWM's Call Center and the Public Outreach Office with 24/7 contact telephone numbers provided.

3.02 RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE PCOTL

- A. The duties of the **Contractor's** PCOTL shall be as defined below and may be expanded by the **County's** Construction Manager as needed. Responsibilities of the **Contractor's** PCOTL shall include, but not be limited to, the following elements.
 - 1. Receiving, logging, tracking, and resolving customer/citizen complaints and Claims, either received directly, by the **County** or its authorized representative, and providing periodic updates and reports as specified.
 - 2. Providing notice to affected customers/citizens in the event there are scheduled service outages or other work elements required for the performance of Work under the Agreement that are scheduled that shall have an impact on the neighborhood or property owners.
 - 3. Attending and participating in scheduled project progress meetings for discussion, updates, and resolution to customer/citizen complaints, claims, review of schedules, and other matters, as required.
 - 4. Attending and participating in periodic public meetings. Working with the Public Outreach Office to prepare necessary information in advance of these meetings.
- B. In the event Work is required on private property where an easement has been acquired, the PCOTL shall notify the property owner at least 14 days in advance of commencement of the Work in writing, a copy shall be provided to the Public Outreach Office.
- C. Prior to commencement of work in any neighborhood, the PCOTL shall provide notice to the Public Outreach Office and at the Public Outreach Office's direction and with its coordination, notify the customers/citizens 30 days in advance. In addition, 24 hours prior to actual commencement of the work, the PCOTL shall notify the customers/citizens via door or mailbox hangers as hereinafter provided for in this Section. Such notices shall be coordinated with the **County's** Construction Manager and Public Outreach Office.

- D. The PCOTL shall be responsible for managing those notifications within the context of the Project Schedule and the approved project procedures. The PCOTL shall assist the **County** site staff with the resolution of public outreach-related items that might delay or disrupt the project work.
- E. The PCOTL shall be on 24-hour call, 7 days a week, and be equipped with a mobile phone. In the event the PCOTL is away from work, the **Contractor** shall designate a second individual to handle the responsibilities and functions who shall be fully familiar and aware of the duties and prosecution of the Work.
- F. The **Contractor**/PCOTL shall report and log complaints to the Public Outreach Office Call Center within 6 hours of receipt. Conversely, calls received by the Help Line will be transmitted to the PCOTL within 24 to 48 hours of receipt and the PCOTL shall perform follow-up within 24 hours with resolution after receipt of the notice. Upon receipt of the information, the Call Center will create a file to document the incident.
- G. The **Contractor's** PCOTL shall maintain a Project Complaint Log fully detailing customer/citizen complaints/claims, questions, and resolutions. Complaints/inquiries received in the field by the work crew regarding the project shall be documented by the PCOTL and entered into the Project Log, even if resolved immediately. This Complaint Log shall be available to the **County's** Construction Manager and the Public Outreach Office in its updated state for review or reference when needed. The Log shall be submitted on a monthly basis with the progress payment request.
- H. Where property owners make damage claims, the PCOTL shall coordinate the activities of the **Contractor's**, subcontractor's, or vendor's insurance provider(s) during the investigation and repair process and obtain the complainant's signoff to conclude and close the file. The **County** shall be informed in writing upon resolution of any complaint by the **Contractor** or its designated representative and copied on the sign-off documents. The PCOTL shall track any and all insurance damage claims, payments, settlements, etc., on the Project, whether they are the responsibility of the **Contractor** or subcontractors, or are disputed. This Damage Claim Log shall be separate from the Complaint Log, but shall be cross-referenced if the damage results in a complaint.
- I. The PCOTL shall assist the **Contractor's** Traffic Control Manager in coordination of street closures, detours, and traffic pattern changes with the **Contractor's** field management staff, the **County's** Construction Manager, Public Outreach Office, and the Department of Public Works or the GDOT. The PCOTL shall check the notice status with the **Contractor's** Traffic Control Manager each morning and confirm that notifications to the **County's** Traffic Control center are current and accurate for police, fire, and emergency vehicle access. The PCOTL shall also assist in the coordination on the signal changes involved with temporary traffic plans. This includes, but is not limited to, maintaining safe residential and business access, mail delivery, and garbage pick-up, providing temporary and /or alternate services and relocation coordination for school bus, MARTA stops, and any other temporary facilities needed to keep neighborhood safety, security, and services within acceptable limits. These items and their coordination shall be

required as part of the detailed work plans, site-specific safety plans, traffic management plans, erosion and sedimentation plans, and project schedules.

- J. As required, the PCOTL shall provide notice to the affected areas at least 3 weeks in advance of the scheduled closures, detours, and traffic pattern changes.
- K. In the event there is an emergency involving the public or a situation where media inquiries and responses are possible, the **County's** Public Outreach Office shall be notified immediately. The Public Outreach Office will then coordinate with the **County's** Media Relations Manager for appropriate action. **Under no circumstance and at no time shall the PCOTL, any employee, subcontractor, or vendor of the Contractor make any comments to the media regarding the project.**
- L. The PCOTL shall be responsible for holding media relations training and management with the onsite staff. Procedures shall be developed within the site-specific safety plan to establish guidelines for managing any media response to an emergency issue. The entire site staff shall be trained on them.

3.03 ISSUES MANAGEMENT TRACKING

- A. The **Contractor** shall employ an organized and comprehensive issues management strategy for tracking customer/citizen complaints, claims, and inquiries, including, but not limited to the use of Customer Service Tracking Software. Should the **Contractor** choose to use tracking software, usage licenses shall also be purchased at no cost to the **County**, related information shall be updated on a daily basis by the PCOTL. Tracking information and responses shall be coordinated with the Public Outreach Team. Additionally, the **Contractor** shall purchase Technical Support and Maintenance services until final completion of the project plus 6 months or until all claims on the project are resolved. Reports shall be provided as weekly updates on all activities and on specific cases within 24 hours when requested.
- B. Information recorded shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - 1. Date complaint/claim/inquiry received
 - 2. Name, address and telephone number of individual filing complaint/claim/inquiry
 - 3. Nature of complaint/claim/inquiry
 - 4. Address where problem is located if different than above
 - 5. Action required, date, action taken, date action completed
 - 6. Follow-up with person who filed under number 2 above to verify satisfaction or status
 - 7. Documents associated with actions taken
 - 8. Any information regarding resolution with the **Contractor's**, subcontractor's, or vendor's Insurance Company shall be fully documented

3.04 IDENTIFICATION BADGES AND SECURITY

- A. All members of the **Contractor**'s staff and its subcontractors' permanent staff at or above the level of foreman who will be working on-site shall be issued an ID badge by the **County**. The ID badge will list the worker's name and company affiliation and will include a picture.
- B. A template will be provided by the Public Outreach Team and shall be returned to the Public Outreach Team when updated with the above information.
- C. It shall be the **Contractor**'s responsibility to collect the ID badge from any employee who is discharged or resigns prior to completion of the project as well as at completion of the project. The **Contractor** shall return the ID badges to the Public Outreach Team within 48 hours of their collection. The **Contractor** shall be charged a fee of \$25.00 per badge for any badges not returned at completion of the project. For ID badges lost during the term of the project, that shall be reissued, there shall be a charge of \$15.00 per ID badge. The **Contractor** shall deduct these charges from its periodic or closeout payment request or the **County** shall deduct them.
- D. Because lower-level personnel of the **Contractor**, subcontractor, or vendor will not be issued ID badges, the **Contractor** shall maintain a daily sign-in sheet for daily workers under its supervision. The Superintendent shall be able to identify any employee on the site as a *bona fide* worker if asked and if not able to identify, the **County** shall direct the Superintendent to remove the individual from the site. The **Contractor** and subcontractors or vendors shall provide a program of temporary ID badges and/or laminated on-site passes that are cross-referenced to each day's employee time card/payroll sheet with unique employees' numbers. Any employee that will be on the Project over 30 days shall be issued a picture ID with the employee number prominently shown. Employees possessing an ID badge shall wear that badge visibly at all times on the Project. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for maintaining a safe "drug-free" work environment.
- E. The **Contractor** shall develop a Security Plan for use on the job site during construction. The Plan shall encompass at a minimum such topics as the use of pre-employment background checks for specific project staff, drug tests, crime prevention and anti-theft procedures, workplace violence, and methods to secure project documents. The staff working on the site shall be familiar with the requirements of the Security Plan.
- F. **County** Ordinances prohibit the carrying of weapons on **County** streets. The **County** Police Department shall be notified of any person bringing weapons to the jobsite; they shall be removed immediately and prosecuted.
- G. The **Contractor**'s staff at or above the level of foreman shall attend a 4-hour mandatory Safety Training session conducted by DWM safety inspectors. Multiple training sessions shall be offered and staff shall complete the training at least within 1 month of commencing work on the jobsite. The costs associated with the training shall be considered as incidental to the Contract.
- H. Persons on the jobsite shall report any suspicious activity by workers or by others at the jobsite area first to the Project Management, and/or DeKalb County Police

and/or Fire Department by calling 911 and immediately to the Engineering and Construction Management Service Division Head.

3.05 DOOR HANGERS

- A. The **Contractor** shall produce door hangers required for notice to customers/citizens and residents from the template provided by the **County's** Public Outreach Team as specified above in paragraph 3.02. Door hangers shall be utilized for notification in the event of, but not limited to, the following events:
1. Planned service disruption/outages
 2. Road closures/detours/traffic pattern changes
 3. Access/entrance to property
 4. Work startup
 5. Smoke testing
 6. Blasting

3.06 IMPACTED AREA ADDRESS DATABASE

- A. The **Contractor** shall provide the Public Outreach Office with a database of addresses and phone numbers (and names if available) of project-affected residences, businesses, and facilities at least 3 weeks prior to project startup. The database will be used by the Public Outreach Team for regular citizen communications and notifications.
- B. The **Contractor** and **County** shall copy the **County's** Public Outreach Team on correspondence and Right-of-Entry Agreements with citizens and property owners.

3.07 SCHEDULE

- A. The **Contractor** shall provide the Public Outreach Team with a copy of the detailed project schedule following approval by the **County**.
- B. Biweekly, the **Contractor** shall provide a list of properties:
1. That shall be affected by the **Contractor's** activities within the upcoming 4 weeks.
 2. Where work is ongoing in the right of way in front or in the back of the property.
 3. Where site restoration activities are ongoing.
- C. The **Contractor** shall inform the **County's** Public Outreach Team through the weekly progress meetings and in writing of any project schedule changes or changes in "disruptive work" such as blasting, road closures, etc., that would have significant impact on citizens or require prior citizen notification. The PCOTL shall notify the Public Outreach Team of any "disruptive" activities affecting the public that occur on the jobsite within 4 hours of their occurrence.

3.08 MEDIA RELATIONS AND JOB SITE INQUIRIES

- A. As specified above in paragraph 3.01, only authorized persons shall release any information to media inquiries. The **Contractor**'s field personnel shall at all times have project information cards available that shall be provided to media and citizens if inquiries are made onsite. The inquiries shall be directed to the person referred to on the card and citizens shall be referred to the Project Information Line.
- B. Project information cards shall be produced by the **Contractor** from the template provided by the Public Outreach Team. A sample information card is provided at the end of this Section. Final language to be included on the Project Information Card shall be provided at the Public Outreach Kick-off Meeting.

3.09 VEHICLE SIGNS AND PROJECT SITE SIGNAGE

- A. The **Contractor** shall place pre-approved magnetic signs on job-site project vehicles. The signage template shall be approved by the **County** Communications Office. Signs shall be produced by the **Contractor**.
- B. All project Sites shall have pre-approved project signs that read in accordance with the template provided by the Public Outreach Office. Signs shall be produced by the **Contractor**. Some of the signs shall be mounted on moveable skids so they can be relocated as the project progresses on various streets in the project area. Sizes will vary, but shall be smaller than the 96"x 48" size project signs shown. Size shall be as directed by the **County**.

3.10 NOTIFICATIONS

- A. The **Contractor** shall provide the following notifications to the Public Outreach Team to facilitate its communication with affected citizens through automated phone message or mailers:
 - 1. Anticipated work start date – notify at least 3 weeks prior to start of construction so that Public Outreach Team can send out mailer 2 weeks prior and complete distribution notification letter 48 to 72 hours before construction begins.
 - 2. Service disruptions - notify Public Outreach Team at least 72 hours in advance so that a 48-hour notice automated phone message notice may be issued.
 - 3. Street Closure or Partial Closure - notify Public Outreach Team at least 72 hours in advance to permit 48-hour automated phone messaging.
 - 4. Significant work in a neighborhood, such as blasting, directional drilling, trenchless installation, open cut, etc., shall require notification of the

Public Outreach Team at least 72 hours in advance to permit 48-hour automated phone messaging.

5. The **Contractor** shall provide the following door hanger notifications and the manpower to deliver them at a minimum:
 - a. Service disruptions: notice to citizens 48 hours prior to disruption.
 - b. Street Closure or Partial Closure: notify fire, police, other emergency services, and other authorities 48 hours prior to street closure.
 - c. Significant work in neighborhood, such as blasting, directional drilling, and trenchless installation, open cut, etc.: notify citizens via door hangers 48 hours in advance.
6. The **Contractor** shall be fully responsible for notification to emergency-related services for detours, closures (partial or full) or traffic pattern changes and shall be detailed in their traffic control plan and implemented through the **Contractor's** Traffic Control Manager and per permitting requirements.
7. The **Contractor** shall be fully responsible for distributing notifications a minimum of 48 hours in advance of service outages for schools, nursing homes, hospitals, medical clinics, assisted living facilities, or other types of facilities. **Contractor** shall also make personal contact with facility representatives no later than 60 minutes prior to the outage.
8. The **Contractor** shall at all times coordinate with the Public Outreach Team and Call Center to provide detailed schedules and street locations for service disruptions or street closures to ensure that DWM Customer Service Call Center is well equipped to provide adequate response to citizen inquiries.

3.11 RESOLUTION OF COMPLAINTS AND CLAIMS

- A. Failure of the **Contractor** to resolve any legitimate complaint or claim filed resulting from the work performed under this contract, following notice in accordance with the General Requirements, shall result in resolution of the complaint or claim by the **County**. The **Contractor** shall be charged for the associated cost in accordance with the applicable General Requirements of the contract. No additional payment shall be made to the **Contractor** for any costs associated with complaint or claim resolution, same being incidental to the various contract items that are bid. Failure to manage the issues and items adequately to minimize public complaints and impacts shall be cause for increasing the retainage, withholding payment, and/or Notice and Termination of the **Contractor** for cause if more than 10 percent of the noticed complaints or claims past 30 days are without decisive resolution and scheduling of recovery work.

+++ END OF SECTION 01351 +++

SECTION 01380 PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. The **Contractor** shall clearly document site conditions along the entire project site prior to the start and upon the completion of the project/contract by use of digital video recording. The cost of the photographic documentation shall be included in the Contract Price.
- B. The **Contractor** shall submit monthly color progress photos along the entire line of the active Work site. Monthly record progress photographs shall be submitted with monthly payment requisition. Photographs shall document construction within roadways, rights-of- way, and easements,
- C. The **Contractor** shall engage the services of an experienced professional photographer, approved by the **County**, to take videos, color photographs of the site as directed by the **County**.

1.02 PROCEDURES

- A. The digital video recording and periodic still photographs shall be taken from identifiable reference points along the Work corridor. The same reference points shall be used through the life of the project/contract to achieve an accurate record of construction.
- B. The **Contractor** shall adequately document areas of sensitivity such as landscaped areas, lake or stream banks, or areas surrounding existing structures.
- C. Each photograph, video, or digital file of such submitted shall be dated, identified, and captioned, referencing the location, project name, project number, and pertinent information to clearly describe the scene.
- D. Recording shall be done with adequate lighting. Written authorization by the **County** to proceed with video documentation at any areas shall be done with consideration of existing environmental conditions. The designee of the **County** will accompany the photographer during the video and photo sessions.
- E. **Contractor** shall notify **County** of the time and place for video recording and digital photography. **Contractor** shall provide access and accommodation to the **County** representative during the photographic documentation process. The **County** reserves the right to reject any photograph that is not clear or definitive. Any photograph so rejected shall be subtracted from the total exposures required under this Contract.

- F. The Lynx Photo Management software shall be utilized by the **County** and the **Contractor** for the duration of the Project. The daily construction photographs shall be the permanent visual record of the pre-construction conditions, daily construction site activities, and the completion of construction Work. The **Contractor** shall submit to the **County** no fewer than four record photos for each activity ID listed in the project schedule per the last schedule update. Applicable photos shall accompany each Pay Application.

1.03 VIDEOS

- A. The project corridor shall be documented by digital video recordings.
- B. All digital video recordings shall be in color and shot with a 1080 HD (1920 x 1080) using MPEG-4 program stream encoding (ISO-IEC 14496-14) camera and shall be a clear, stable image with no interference. Black and white recordings shall not be accepted. The video shall be provided on Digital Video Discs (DVDs) or USB Flash Drives and shall conform to currently recognized standards for video recordings. Specifically, the recordings shall be in focus and properly illuminated with good contrast. The picture shall be clear and possess accurate color levels and balance (tint) without outside interference. All recordings shall also include a clear and distortion free audio narration that clearly identifies all, important features of the project, including stationing along pipeline construction, and is in synchronization with the video. The recording shall bear a continuous "date and time stamp" that is electronically recorded by the camera.
- C. A record of the contents of each recording shall be provided on a run sheet, identifying each chapter segment of the recording. The run sheet shall be provided in paper copy as well as on the flash drive or hard drive.

1.04 PHOTOGRAPHS

- A. The file format for digital photographs shall be Tagged Image File Format (TIFF).
- B. Digital cameras shall produce records with true optical resolution. Images shall not be resized or interpolated to a higher resolution from a lower resolution.
- C. Photographic images shall be provided as 8 bit per channel RGB color images.
- D. Digital camera files shall be captured as 12 megapixel files or greater in size with a minimum pixel array of 5,000 pixels by 3,500 pixels.
- E. Three color 8" x 10" (or 8-1/2" x 11") glossy prints of each photograph shall be produced. One set of digital images shall be furnished on a DVD along with the glossy prints. All disks shall have a label that includes project information as well as the date, and whether these are pre-construction, construction, or post-construction photographs.
- F. The prints shall have indelibly printed on their reverse side the information listed below. The same information shall be printed on a sheet of paper in a clear sleeve to be included in the binder holding the prints and DVD+R. The information shall also be provided in a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet that shall be included on the

DVD. Additionally, this information shall be embedded in each digital photo file using the IPTC/XMP (International Press Telecommunications Council's/Adobe Extensible Metadata Platform) Standard.

1. Project number
 2. Project name
 3. Contract number and description
 4. Photo number
 5. View and description, indicating:
 - a. Location of camera
 - b. General description of what the photograph represents
 6. Whether this is a pre-construction, construction or post-construction photograph
 7. Date picture was taken
 8. Name of photographer
 9. **County** witness
- G. The **Contractor** shall transmit one electronic copy of each photo to the Engineer for use in preparing descriptions. The photos with descriptions will be returned to the **Contractor** for printing and mounting.
- H. The prints shall be suitably mounted and labeled in loose-leaf type binders with protective covers for the prints. The binders shall be equipped with a pocket suitable for storing the DVDs. The materials shall meet the requirements of ISO 18902:2013 "Imaging materials - Processed Imaging Materials – Albums, Framing and Storage Materials."

1.05 SUBMITTALS

- A. The **Contractor** shall furnish to the **County** for approval one copy of the video digital file taken of existing conditions prior to start of the Project and before the submittal of the first request for payment. The video digital file shall be assembled upon completion of the Project and shall be furnished to the **County** for approval prior to submittal of the final request for payment. No pay requests shall be processed before the submittal of the respective video records.
- B. **Contractor** shall utilize **County** Lynx Photo Management Software to submit videos and progress photographs in electronic format for the duration of the project in accordance with Section 01350.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.01 USE OF PHOTOGRAPHS AND VIDEOS

- A. Upon their creation, the photographs, prints, DVDs, and videos resulting from the Work under this Contract shall become the exclusive property of the **County**.

- B. Neither the **Contractor** nor the photographer nor the video recording firm shall retain any rights pertaining to the photographs, prints, CDs/DVDs, or videos, nor shall they reproduce or otherwise publish or disseminate any of the photographs, aerials, prints, CDs/DVDs, or videos taken under this Contract without the prior written approval of the **County**.
- C. The photographs, prints, CDs/DVDs, and videos shall be considered "Work made for hire" under applicable provisions of the Copyright Act, and the **County** shall be the copyright owner thereof and of the aspects, elements, and components thereof in which copyright protection might subsist. To the extent that such materials do not qualify as "Work made for hire," the **Contractor** hereby irrevocably transfers, assigns, and conveys exclusive copyright ownership in and to such materials to the **County**, free and clear of any liens, claims, or other encumbrances. The agreements between the **Contractor** and the photographer and videotaping firm shall include a provision containing these requirements.

+++ END OF SECTION 01380 +++

SECTION 01400 CONTRACTOR'S WORK QUALITY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. **Contractor's** Quality Assurance / Quality Control Requirements
- B. Experience and Qualifications of Supply and Service Companies
- C. Quality of Materials, Equipment, and Work
- D. Defective Work, Equipment, or Materials
- E. Welding Certification and Welding Inspection
- F. **Contractor's** Surveyor
- G. Field Measurements

1.02 PAYMENT

- A. No separate payment shall be made for performing any Work of this Section and costs thereof shall be deemed incidental to the Work and included in the prices bid for the Contract, unless otherwise specified in the Detailed Specifications.

1.03 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Detailed Specification 01410.

1.04 DESCRIPTION

- A. Experience and Qualifications of Supply and Service Companies: The **Contractor** shall require subcontractors, materialmen, and equipment service providers to comply with the accepted Health, Safety & Security Plan, and Quality Assurance requirements under the Contract.
- B. Quality of Materials, Equipment and Work
 - 1. All materials, fixtures, fittings, supplies, and equipment furnished under this Contract shall be new, of standard first grade quality, of the best workmanship, correctly designed, and be intended for the use for which they are offered. Materials or equipment that, in the opinion of the **County**, are inferior or of a lower grade than indicated, specified or required, or are obsolete, shall not be accepted.
 - 2. All Work of assembly, installation, and construction shall be done in a neat, first-class, and skillful manner. If the quality of the material, fixtures, fittings, supplies, equipment or Work required by the Drawings does not agree with that required by the Specifications, the better quality shall be supplied. In asking for prices on, or placing orders for, materials, fixtures, fittings, supplies, and equipment intended for use or installation under this Contract, the **Contractor** shall provide the manufacturer or dealer with such complete information from these Specifications as may in any case be necessary. In every case, it shall quote in full to each such

manufacturer or dealer the text of this subparagraph, as well as the text of such other portions of the Specifications, as are appropriate.

3. At all times while Work under this Contract is being performed, the **County** shall have access to all parts of the **Contractor's** or manufacturers' plants or other locations where the forgings, plates, materials, fixtures, fittings, supplies, or any other articles required under this Contract are manufactured, assembled, tested, or inspected. The **County** shall be permitted to witness any or all of these operations, as the **County** may deem necessary to determine that the Work is being performed in accordance with the Specifications and the approved shop drawings. The cost, if any, of providing such access shall be considered part of the normal expense of conducting business and therefore non-reimbursable.
4. The **County** shall be furnished with full facilities for inspecting the Work and ascertaining that it is being done strictly in accordance with the requirements of the Specifications, Drawings, and the intent of this Contract.
5. The **Contractor** shall provide a suitable space for the **County** and the **County's** authorized representatives conveniently located near that part of each plant where materials or equipment to be furnished under this Contract are being manufactured, assembled, or shop tested. Each space shall be furnished with facilities for the making and the keeping of records and correspondence. The reasonable use of a photocopier, telephone, and fax shall be provided, as required by the **County**. Long distance communications shall be made using **County** mobile telephones at no cost to the **Contractor**.
6. The **Contractor** shall give notice in writing to the **County** sufficiently in advance of its intention to commence the manufacture or preparation of materials especially manufactured or prepared for use in or as part of the permanent construction in the event that the **County** intends to perform Witness Shop Testing and Quality Assurance Inspection. Such notice shall contain the date of commencement and the expected date of completion of the manufacture or preparation of materials. Upon receipt of such notice, the **County** will: decide upon its intent to inspect the Work or notify the **Contractor** that inspection will be waived. In those instances where the **County** inspector(s) arrive at the agreed-upon location, at the agreed-upon date and time, and find that the article(s) to be inspected are not ready for inspection, the inspector(s) shall return to their home office and the expenses incurred shall be borne by the **Contractor** and shall be deducted from the **Contractor's** next payment, unless otherwise determined by **County**.
7. Inspection of the Work by the **County** is made solely for the benefit of the **County**. The inspection of the Work shall not relieve the **Contractor** of any of its obligations to fulfill the Contract as herein prescribed, and defective Work shall be repaired or replaced at the **Contractor's** sole expense.

C. Defective Work, Equipment, or Materials

1. All defective or imperfect Work, equipment, or materials furnished by the **Contractor** that is discovered before the Final Acceptance of the Work, or during a warranty period, shall be removed immediately even though it may have been overlooked by the **County** and approved for payment. The **Contractor** shall repair such defect, without compensation, in a manner satisfactory to the **County**.
2. Unsuitable materials and equipment shall be rejected, notwithstanding that such defective Work, materials, and equipment may have been previously overlooked by the **County** and accepted or approved for payment.
3. If any workmanship, materials, or equipment are rejected by the **County** as unsuitable or not in conformity with the Specifications or Drawings, the **Contractor** shall promptly replace such materials and equipment with acceptable materials and equipment at no additional cost to the **County**. Equipment or materials rejected by the **County** shall be tagged as such and shall be immediately removed from the site.
4. The **County** may order tests of imperfect or damaged Work equipment, or materials to determine the required functional capability for possible acceptance, if there is no other reason for rejection. The cost of such tests shall be borne by the **Contractor**, and the nature, tester, extent, and supervision of the tests shall be as determined by the **County**. If the results of the tests indicate that the required functional capability of the Work, equipment, or material was not impaired, the Work, equipment, or materials may be deemed acceptable, in the discretion of the **County**. If the results of such tests reveal that the required functional capability of the questionable Work, equipment, or materials has been impaired, then such Work, equipment, or materials shall be deemed imperfect and shall be replaced. The **Contractor** may elect to replace the imperfect Work, equipment, or material instead of performing the tests.
5. If, in the making of any test, it is ascertained by the **County** that the material or equipment does not comply with the Contract, the **Contractor** will be notified thereof, and it will be directed to refrain from delivering said material or equipment, or to promptly remove it from the site or from the Work and replace it with acceptable material without cost to the **County**. Upon rejection of any material or equipment submitted as the equivalent of that specifically named in the Contract, the **Contractor** shall immediately proceed to furnish the named material or equipment.

D. Welding Certification and Welding Inspection

1. For Work performed within the limits of the **County**, field welding required under this Contract shall be performed by certified welders:
 - a. Certification for Welding – For field and shop welding, the following welding qualification provisions shall apply:
 - i. For field welding, required permits and safety plans shall be in place and adhered to.

- ii. For shop welding: welding shall be performed in accordance with the relevant Work-specific requirements in the Specifications and Drawings.
 - iii. If existing certification is not approved or not submitted, then the welders/welding shop/tack welders shall be qualified in accordance with the above procedures and tests, as administered by an inspection agency approved by the **County**. The costs associated with the required tests for certification and/or retests, if any, shall be borne by the **Contractor**. The **County** shall be given a notice of not less than 5 business days prior to such tests and may elect to witness any or all of these tests. The costs associated with witnessing these tests shall be borne by the **Contractor**.
- b. Any deviation from the above shall not be permitted without a written waiver from the **County** or its designee.
- 2. All welding, including welder certification, shall be performed in accordance with the requirements of AWS D1, ASME IX (and the applicable construction code), and as approved by the **County**.
- 3. Welding inspection shall be in accordance with the latest rules of the American Welding Society, and the following shall apply:
 - a. All welds shall be inspected visually in accordance with Section V of the ASME Code.
 - b. All stainless steel partial penetration groove welds shall be inspected and approved by means of Liquid Penetrant Examination (PT) in accordance with Appendix 8 of Section VIII, Division 1 of the ASME Code. Welds failing the inspection shall be made good and re-inspected by PT.
 - c. All carbon steel partial penetration groove welds shall be inspected and approved by means of Magnetic Particle Examination (MT) in accordance with Appendix 6 of Section VIII, Division 1, of the ASME Code. Welds failing the inspection shall be made good and re-inspected by MT.
 - d. On full penetration welds, both the root pass and the final weldment shall be inspected by means of MT or PT as applicable.
 - e. Unless otherwise approved, inspection of welds shall be conducted by an inspection agency approved by the **County**.
 - f. Unless waived by the **County**, full-penetration welds shall be inspected by Radiographic Examination (RT) in accordance with ASME Code, Section VIII, Division I, Paragraph UW-51.
 - g. The **County** may elect to witness any or all of the welding inspection. Notice shall be given to the **County** not less than 5 business days prior to welding and inspection of those items specifically designated by the **County**. The costs associated with the welding inspection by the **County** inspectors and any additional testing required by the **County** shall be borne by the **Contractor**.

E. **Contractor's Surveyor**

1. The **Contractor** shall retain the services of a licensed land surveyor to perform survey Work, including, but not limited to, establishing line and grade, in advance of the construction; and to perform other surveying services for the Work included under the Contract. The surveyor shall be subject to the approval of the **County**. Survey drawings shall be submitted to the **County** for approval.
2. The **Contractor** shall erect, install, and maintain survey platforms, targets, benchmarks, and similar facilities to be used by the **County** in the performance of its inspection services; and shall perform survey Work required before, during, and after construction.

F. **Field Measurements**

1. The **Contractor** shall take the necessary measurements in the field to determine the exact dimensions for Work and verify pertinent data and dimensions shown on the Contract Drawings.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE / QUALITY CONTROL PLAN

- A. The **Contractor** shall establish and execute a Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) Plan for the services and equipment that will be supplied under this Contract. The plan shall provide the **Contractor** with adequate measures for verification and conformance to defined requirements by its personnel and subcontractors, fabricators, suppliers, and vendors. The **County's** review and acceptance of the **Contractor's** QA/QC plan shall not relieve the **Contractor** from any of its obligations for the performance of the Work. The **Contractor's** assigned QA/QC personnel are subject to the **County's** review and continued acceptance. No Work covered by the QA/QC plan shall start until the **County's** written acceptance of the **Contractor's** QA/QC plan has been obtained.
- B. The **Contractor's** quality control organization with lines of authority and reporting structure. The Construction Quality staffing shall include a Construction Quality Manager and a supporting staff as applicable to the project. The reporting structure shall clearly provide for direct reporting access by the Construction Quality Manager to the **Contractor's** principal officers.
- C. The names, qualifications (in resume format), duties, responsibilities, and authorities of the Construction Quality Manager and staff. Construction Quality personnel qualifications (in resume form), including copies of each member's applicable certificates of training and/or qualification.
- D. A copy of a letter to the Construction Quality Manager signed by a principal officer of the **Contractor's** firm that describes the responsibilities of the Construction Quality Manager and establishes his/her authority, including authority to stop Work that does not conform with the Contract Documents. The Construction Quality Manager shall issue letters of direction to other Construction Quality staff outlining duties, authorities, and responsibilities. Copies of these letters shall also be furnished to the CIP PMT and CM.

- E. A copy of a letter to the Construction Quality Manager signed by a principal officer of the **Contractor's** firm that describes the responsibilities of the Construction Quality Manager and establishes his/her authority, including authority to stop Work that does not conform with the Contract Documents. The Construction Quality Manager shall issue letters of direction to other Construction Quality staff outlining duties, authorities, and responsibilities. Copies of these letters shall also be furnished to the CIP PMT and CM.

1.06 SUBMITTALS

- A. Within 15 days after the commence Work date given in the Notice to Proceed (NTP), the **Contractor** shall provide its QA/QC plan to the **County** for approval. At a minimum, the plan shall consist of the following quality elements:
1. Responsibilities
 2. Management and Production Instructions
 3. Material Control
 4. Marking and Material Identification
 5. Setup and Operational Procedures
 6. Non-Conformances
 7. Painting
- B. Additionally, when required by the **County**, the **Contractor** shall submit the following information prior to his entering into a supply or service subcontracts:
1. Contract number, supplies or services to be provided and a general description of the proposed item(s), such as trade name, type, etc.
 2. The name and address of the manufacturer or service company and the location of the plant where supplies will be manufactured and tested as required, or at which the services will be performed.
 3. Experimental and test data required to support the claimed performance of the supplies.
 4. A description of the testing plant, including the hydraulic, electrical and other facilities, in sufficient detail to show that the plant is adequately equipped for performing the tests, if such testing is required.
 5. All additional information that the **County** may deem necessary in order to determine the ability of the supply or service company to produce the item as called for by the Specifications.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 QUALITY DEFICIENCY AND NON-CONFORMANCE DOCUMENTATION

- A. Quality Deficiencies and Non-Conformances are defined as documentation, drawings, material, and equipment or Work not conforming to the specified requirements or procedures. The **County** will implement and maintain a three-tier non-conformance process, as follows:
1. Deficiency Notice (DN) – The lowest level of non-conformance reporting. It documents the deficient condition and provides the **Contractor** 72 hours, or before the Work is covered, to correct the issue before it is elevated to the next level of reporting. It is issued for deficiencies that can be easily corrected without an engineering resolution. An example would be incorrect formwork dimensions observed prior to placement of concrete.
 2. Non-Conformance Report (NCR) - The second level is an NCR that documents deficient Work that has not been corrected, or that would require an engineering solution to remedy. NCRs shall be answered in writing by the **Contractor** within 24 hours. The **Contractor** shall not be allowed to progress items for payment if it has open NCRs.
 3. Corrective Action Request (CAR) – The highest level of non-compliant reporting. CARs are issued for programmatic and repetitive non-compliant conditions. Examples of CARs would be using the wrong drawing revision in the field (programmatic) and a condition where the same type of Work has multiple NCR issues over a short period of time (repetitive). CARs cannot be answered by the **Contractor** field staff. They shall be transmitted to the **Contractor's** senior level management for response.

+++ END OF SECTION 01400 +++

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SECTION 01410 TESTING LABORATORY SERVICES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. Testing shall be performed to determine that materials provided for the Work meet the specified requirements, in accordance with the requirements of the Specifications. Such testing includes, but is not necessarily limited to:
 - 1. Cement
 - 2. Aggregate
 - 3. Concrete
 - 4. Concrete block
 - 5. Pipe
 - 6. Steel and metals
 - 7. Welding
 - 8. Soil compaction
 - 9. Bituminous pavement
- B. Requirements for testing may be described in various sections of these Specifications; where no testing requirements are described, however if the **County** decides that testing is required to demonstrate compliance with specified material or performance standards, the **County** shall require testing to be performed under current pertinent standards for testing.
- C. Employment of a testing laboratory shall in no way relieve the **Contractor** of its obligation to perform Work meeting the requirements of the Contract.
- D. The independent testing laboratory shall be selected and paid by the **Contractor** and approved in writing by the **County** before any testing services are performed.
- E. The **Contractor** shall pay directly for the services of the independent testing laboratory, approved by the **County**, for all testing required under this Contract.

1.02 LABORATORY DUTIES

- A. Cooperate with **County** and **Contractor**.
- B. Provide qualified personnel promptly on notice.
- C. Perform specified inspections, sampling, and testing of materials and methods of construction.
 - 1. Comply with specified standards, ASTM, other recognized authorities and as specified.
 - 2. Ascertain compliance with requirements of Contract Documents.

- D. Promptly notify the **County** and **Contractor** of irregularity or deficiency of Work that is observed during performance of services.
- E. Promptly submit three copies (two copies to **County** and one copy to **Contractor**) of report of inspections and tests in addition to those additional copies required by the **Contractor**, including:
 - 1. Date issued
 - 2. Project title and number
 - 3. Testing laboratory name and address
 - 4. Name and signature of inspector
 - 5. Date of inspection or sampling
 - 6. Record of temperature and weather
 - 7. Date of test
 - 8. Identification of product and Specification section
 - 9. Location of Project and test
 - 10. Type of inspection or test
 - 11. Results of test
 - 12. Observations regarding compliance with Contract Documents
- F. Perform additional services as required.
- G. Laboratory shall not be authorized to:
 - 1. Release, revoke, alter, or enlarge on requirements of Contract Documents.
 - 2. Approve or accept any portion of Work.

1.03 CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Cooperate with laboratory personnel; provide access to Work and/or manufacturer's requirements. **Contractor** shall not charge for downtime due to required testing.
- B. Provide to laboratory, preliminary representative samples, in required quantities, of materials to be tested.
- C. Furnish copies of mill test reports.
- D. Furnish required labor and facilities:
 - 1. To provide access to Work to be tested
 - 2. To obtain and handle samples at the site
 - 3. To facilitate inspections and tests
 - 4. Build or furnish a holding box for concrete cylinders or other samples as required by the laboratory
- E. Notify laboratory sufficiently in advance of operation to allow for the assignment of personnel and schedules of tests.

- F. Laboratory Tests: Where such inspection and testing are to be conducted by an independent laboratory agency, the sample or samples shall be selected by such laboratory or agency or the **County** and shipped to the laboratory by the **Contractor** at **Contractor's** expense.
- G. Copies of the correspondence between the **Contractor** and testing agencies shall be provided to the **County**.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Testing, when required, shall be in accordance with all pertinent codes and regulations and with procedures and requirements of the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM).

1.05 PRODUCT HANDLING

- A. Promptly process and distribute all required copies of test reports and related instructions to insure all necessary retesting or replacement of materials with the least possible delay in progress of the Work.

1.06 FURNISHING MATERIALS

- A. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for furnishing all materials necessary for testing.

1.07 CODE COMPLIANCE TESTING

- A. Inspections and tests required by codes or ordinances or by a plan approval authority, and made by a legally constituted authority, shall be the responsibility of and shall be paid for by the **Contractor**, unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents.

1.08 CONTRACTOR'S CONVENIENCE TESTING

- A. Inspection or testing performed exclusively for the **Contractor's** convenience shall be the sole responsibility of the **Contractor**.

1.09 SCHEDULES FOR TESTING

- A. Establishing Schedule
 - 1. The **Contractor** shall, by advance discussion with the testing laboratory, determine the time required for the laboratory to perform its tests and to issue each of its findings, and make all arrangements for the testing laboratory to be onsite to provide the required testing.
 - 2. Provide all required time within the construction schedule.
- B. When changes of construction schedule are necessary during construction, coordinate all such changes of schedule with the testing laboratory as required.

1.10 TEST AND CERTIFICATIONS

- A. General: As a minimum, the following tests shall be performed and the following certifications provided:
 - 1. Cement: Certified test results by cement manufacturer or by independent laboratory shall be furnished as required by the **County**.
 - 2. Aggregate and Mortar Sand: Certified test results by aggregate producer or by independent laboratory shall be furnished as required by the **County**.
 - 3. Concrete
 - a. At least five standard 6-inch cylinders shall be taken each day for each 100 cubic yards or fraction thereof for each class of concrete used.
 - b. The number of cylinders, the point of sampling, and the method of securing the samples shall be determined by the **County**.
 - c. All samples shall be taken to the testing laboratory for laboratory curing.
 - d. Two of the laboratory cured samples shall be tested at 7 days, two samples tested at 28 days; one sample held in reserve.
 - e. Test all concrete in accordance with ASTM C31-69, C39-71, and C-172.
 - f. Slump Tests
 - (1) Perform slump tests on the job in accordance with ASTM standards.
 - (2) One slump test shall be performed for each 25 cubic yards of concrete.
 - (3) More slump tests shall be performed if deemed necessary by the **County**.
 - g. Perform air entrainment tests in accordance with the following standards:
 - (1) Field tests - ASTM C 173
 - (2) Laboratory tests - ASTM C 231
- B. Precast and Concrete Block for Buildings
 - 1. Block and precast may be visually inspected on the site by the **County**.
 - 2. The **County** reserves the right to have the concrete block tested by an independent laboratory.
- C. Steel and Miscellaneous Metal: Reinforcing steel, structural steel, and miscellaneous metal may be inspected visually on the site by the **County**.
- D. Welding: 1 percent minimum of all structural welds during construction shall be inspected either visually or by an independent laboratory as required by the **County**.
- E. Compaction of Earthwork
 - 1. The compaction shall be tested by the **County** or by an independent laboratory.

2. The testing shall be performed in a manner in accordance with these Specifications.

- F. Bituminous Concrete: The material testing for the bituminous concrete shall be performed by an independent laboratory as deemed necessary by the **County**.

1.11 TAKING SPECIMENS

- A. Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, all specimens and samples for tests shall be taken by the testing laboratory or the **County**.

1.12 TRANSPORTING SAMPLES

- A. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for transporting all samples, except those taken by testing laboratory personnel, to the testing laboratory.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

+++ END OF SECTION 01410 +++

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SECTION 01540 SECURITY AND SAFETY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SECURITY PROGRAM

- A. The **Contractor** shall protect the Work, including field office trailers and contents, from theft, vandalism, and unauthorized entry.
- B. The **Contractor** shall initiate a site security program at the time of mobilization onto the Work site that provides adequate security for material stored and installed onsite.
- C. The **Contractor** shall maintain the security program throughout the Contract duration.
- D. The **Contractor** and subcontractors shall be wholly responsible for the security of its storage compound and laydown areas, and for plant, material, equipment, and tools at times.
- E. The **Contractor** shall provide the **County** with a list of 24-hour emergency phone numbers, including chain of command.

1.02 ENTRY CONTROL

- A. The **Contractor** shall restrict entry of unauthorized personnel and vehicles onto the Project site.
- B. The **Contractor** shall allow entry only to authorized persons with proper identification.
- C. The **Contractor** shall maintain an Employee Log and Visitor Log and make the log available to the **County** upon request. This log shall be submitted to the **County** bi-weekly, or as necessary.
- D. The **Contractor** shall require visitors to sign the Visitor Acknowledgment of the Program Site Rules/Visitor Log, which includes a release form. Copies of these forms shall be submitted to the **County** bi-weekly and maintained in the **Contractor's** security files on-site. See the end of this Section.
- E. The **Contractor** shall require each employee to sign the Employee Acknowledgment of Project Site Rules Log included at the end of this Section. Employees, subcontractor employees, and lower-tier **Contractor** employees will receive a new employee orientation. Signing the Employee Log by the employee is certifying that the orientation training has been received.
- F. The **County** has the right to refuse access to the site or request that a person or vehicle be removed from the site if found violating any of the Project safety, security, or conduct rules.

1.03 BARRICADES, LIGHTS, AND SIGNALS

- A. The **Contractor** shall furnish and erect such barricades, fences, lights, and danger signals and shall provide such other precautionary measures for the protection of persons or property, and of the Work as necessary. Barricades shall be painted in a color that is visible at night. From sunset to sunrise, the **Contractor** shall furnish and maintain at least one light at each barricade and sufficient numbers of barricades shall be erected to keep vehicles from being driven on or into any Work under construction.
- B. The **Contractor** shall be held responsible for damage to the Work and any resulting injuries due to failure of barricades, signs, and lights. Whenever evidence is found of such damage, the **Contractor** shall immediately remove the damaged portion and replace it at the **Contractor's** cost and expense. The **Contractor's** responsibility for the maintenance of barricades, signs, and lights shall not cease until the Project has been accepted by the **County**.

1.04 RESTRICTIONS

- A. The **Contractor** shall not allow cameras on site or photographs taken without approval of the **County**, except as required under Section 01380.

1.05 CONTRACTOR SAFETY/HEALTH AND SECURITY PLAN

- A. Within 30 days of Notice to Proceed, and prior to the performance of any Work, the **Contractor** shall prepare and submit a Contract-specific Health, Safety, and Security Plan signed by an officer of the **Contractor's** organization. Adequacy is the responsibility of the **Contractor**.
- B. The **County** will review the **Contractor's** Health, Safety, and Security Plan for the adequacy of the plan. The plan shall:
 - 1. Identify the person(s) responsible for implementation and enforcement of Health, Safety, and Security rules and regulations for this Project.
 - 2. Address safe Work procedures for the activities within the **Contractor's** scope of Work.
 - 3. Include a new employee orientation program to address job- and site-specific rules, regulations, and hazards.
 - 4. Include the **Contractor's** Drug-Free Work Place Policy describing the substance abuse prevention and testing program.
 - 5. Include provisions to protect the **Contractor's** employees, other persons, and organizations possibly affected by the Work from injury, damage, or loss.
 - 6. Comply with current Fed/OSHA regulations; the Health, Safety, and Security Plan; the facility safety program (when applicable); and locally accepted safety codes, regulations, and practices.
 - 7. Include a site-specific emergency action and evacuation plan.
 - 8. Include Hazard Communication/Right-To-Know Program.

9. Include security procedures for the **Contractor's** Work, tools, and equipment.
 10. Include the capability of providing the **County** with documentation to show compliance with the plan, plus accidents, and investigation reports.
 11. Address other contract-specific requirements, including the Unique Requirements of these specifications.
- C. Prior to the start of Work, **Contractor** shall provide Job Safety Analyses (JSAs) for unique Work activities necessary to prosecute the scope of Work.
- D. Review of the **Contractor's** Health, Safety, and Security Plan by the **County** shall not impose any duty or responsibility upon the **County** for the **Contractor's** performance of the Work in a safe manner.
- E. The **Contractor** shall be fully responsible for the safety and health of its employees, its subcontractors, and lower tier contractors during performance of its Work.
- F. The **Contractor** shall provide the **County** with safety reports, training records, competent person list, and accident reports prepared in compliance with Fed/OSHA and the Project Health, Safety, and Security Plan.

1.06 PROJECT SAFETY COORDINATOR

- A. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for the safety of the **Contractor's** and **County's** employees, the **County's** personnel and other personnel at the Work site. The **Contractor** shall identify a Project Safety Coordinator (PSA) on the job with an appropriate office on the job site to maintain and keep available safety records and up-to-date copies of pertinent safety rules and regulations.
- B. The Project Safety Coordinator shall:
1. Comply with applicable health and safety requirements of governing legislation.
 2. Schedule and conduct safety meetings and safety training programs as required by law and included in the **Contractor** Health, Safety, and Security Plan for personnel engaged in the Work.
 3. Post appropriate notices regarding safety and health regulations at locations that afford maximum exposure to personnel at the job site.
 4. Post the name(s), address and hours of the nearest medical doctor(s), names and addresses of nearby clinics and hospitals, and the telephone numbers of the fire and police departments.
 5. Post appropriate instructions and warning signs with regard to hazardous areas or conditions.
 6. Have proper safety and rescue equipment adequately maintained and readily available for any contingency. This equipment shall include such applicable items as: proper fire extinguishers, first aid kits, safety ropes, and harnesses; stretcher, life preservers, oxygen breathing apparatus, resuscitators, gas detectors, oxygen deficiency indicators, explosion meters; and other equipment mandated by law.

7. Inspect each Work crew at least once daily in accordance with an Inspection Checklist Report Form to make sure that workers are wearing their appropriate personal safety equipment; machines, tools, and equipment are in safe operating condition; Work methods are not dangerous; and the Work site and Work methods are free of hazards.
8. Submit to the **County**, upon request, copies of inspection checklist report forms; safety records, safety inspection reports, and certifications from regulating agencies and insurance companies.
9. Immediately notify the **County** of a serious accident, followed by a detailed written report within 24 hours. "Serious accident" is defined as that requiring an absence of Work of more than two days and/or hospitalization.
10. Immediately notify the **County** in the event of a fatal accident.
11. Immediately notify the **County** of any accident claim against the **Contractor** or any subcontractor, followed by a detailed written report on the claim, and its resolution.
12. Review safety aspects of the **Contractor's** submittals as applicable.

VISITOR ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF THE PROJECT SITE RULES

By signing this Visitor's Log, I acknowledge that I understand and agree to abide by the project rules outlined below.

In consideration of my receipt of a visitor's pass as issued by the **County** directly or indirectly for the **County**, I waive on behalf of myself, my heirs, employer, legal representatives and assigns and hereby release and discharge the **County**, Program Manager, Designer, and its subcontractors and consultants and each of its directors, officers, employees, representatives, and agents from any and all claims, actions, causes of action, or any charge of any kind whatsoever that may arise or could arise in the future as a result of my being present at the facility including injury, death, or property damage whether or not caused by the fault or negligence of any of the parties released hereunder.

I further acknowledge that I have been briefed on specific hazards, hazardous substances that are on site, and the site emergency action procedure.

PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES

- Unauthorized removal or theft of **County** property
- Violation of safety or security rules or procedures
- Possession of firearms or lethal weapons on jobsite
- Acts of sabotage
- Destruction or defacing **County** property
- Failure to use sanitary facilities
- Failure to report accidents or job-related injuries
- Being under the apparent influence of drugs, alcohol, or other intoxicants or in possession of drugs, alcohol, or other intoxicants on the property
- Wearing shorts or tennis shoes on the jobsite
- Failure to wear a hardhat/safety glasses, and safety vests
- Gambling at any time on the project
- Fighting, threatening behavior, or engaging in horseplay on the project
- Smoking in unauthorized areas on the project
- Open fire cooking or making unauthorized fires on project property
- Selling items or raffles without authorization
- Use of unauthorized cameras on the project
- Use of radio or television in the construction area
- Failure to park personal vehicle in authorized parking area
- Failure to wear designated identification [Site Specific]
- Failure to use designated gates

I have read, understand, and agree to abide by the PROJECT SITE RULES.
Furthermore, I understand failure to abide by these rules is grounds for being denied access to the project site. I have received a personal copy for my use and reference.

VISITOR LOG

THE SIGNING OF THIS LOG ACKNOWLEDGES I HAVE READ, UNDERSTAND, AND AGREE TO ABIDE BY THE PROJECT RULES OUTLINED ABOVE. **THIS IS NOT A VEHICLE ACCESS PERMIT.**

VISITOR'S NAME PRINT	SIGNATURE	COMPANY VISITED	DATE	IN	OUT

EMPLOYEE ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF THE PROJECT SITE RULES

By signing this Employee Log, I acknowledge that I understand and agree to abide by the project rules outlined below.

PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES

- Unauthorized removal or theft of **County** property
- Violation of safety or security rules or procedures
- Possession of firearms or lethal weapons on jobsite
- Acts of sabotage
- Destruction or defacing **County** property
- Failure to use sanitary facilities
- Failure to report accidents or job-related injuries
- Under the apparent influence of drugs, alcohol, or other intoxicants or in possession of drugs, alcohol or, other intoxicants on the property
- Wearing shorts or tennis shoes on the jobsite
- Failure to wear a hardhat/safety glasses and safety vest
- Gambling at any time on the project
- Fighting, threatening behavior, or engaging in horseplay on the project
- Smoking in unauthorized areas on the project
- Open fire cooking or making unauthorized fires on project property
- Selling items or raffles without authorization
- Use of unauthorized cameras on the project
- Use of radio or television in the construction area
- Failure to park personal vehicle in authorized parking area
- Failure to wear designated identification [Site Specific]
- Failure to use designated gates

I have read, understand, and agree to abide by the PROJECT SITE RULES. Furthermore, I understand failure to abide by these rules is grounds for being denied access to the project site. I have received a personal copy for my use and reference.

EMPLOYEE LOG

BY SIGNING THIS LOG ACKNOWLEDGMENT, I HAVE READ AND UNDERSTAND, AND AGREE TO ABIDE BY THE PROJECT RULES OUTLINED ABOVE AND ANY STATE, FEDERAL, LOCAL, OR ANY OTHER CONTRACT OBLIGATIONS THAT MAY APPLY. I FURTHER ACKNOWLEDGE THAT I HAVE BEEN ORIENTED AS TO THE SITE-SPECIFIC HAZARDS, ANY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES I MAY BE EXPOSED TO WHILE ON THE SITE, AND THE SITE/COMPANY EMERGENCY ACTION PROCEDURES, BY A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE COMPANY.

EMPLOYEES (PRINT)		SIGNATURE		COMPANY NAME		DATE	
Signature of Company Representative:				Date Signed:			

+++ END OF SECTION 01540 +++

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SECTION 01550 TRAFFIC REGULATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. The Work specified in this section includes the provision of products, permits, services, procedures, and personnel by the Contractor to effect traffic control during the Work.

1.02 TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER REQUIREMENTS

- A. The **Contractor** shall designate a qualified individual as the Traffic Control Manager (TCM) who shall be responsible for selecting, installing, and maintaining traffic control devices in accordance with the Plans and Specifications and the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD). A written resume documenting the experience and credentials of the TCM shall be submitted and accepted by the **County** prior to beginning any Work that involves traffic control. The TCM shall be available on a 24-hour basis to perform his or her duties. If the Work requires traffic control activities to be performed during the daylight and nighttime hours, it shall be necessary for the **Contractor** to designate an alternate TCM. An alternate TCM shall meet the same requirements and qualifications as the primary TCM and be accepted by the **County** prior to beginning any traffic control duties. The TCM's traffic control responsibilities shall have priority over other assigned duties.
- B. As the representative of the **Contractor**, the TCM shall have full authority to act on behalf of the **Contractor** in administering the Traffic Control Plan. The TCM shall have appropriate training in safe traffic control practices in accordance with Part VI of the MUTCD. In addition to the TCM, other individuals making decisions regarding traffic control shall meet the training requirements of Part VI of the MUTCD. The TCMs shall supervise the initial installation of traffic control devices. The **County**, prior to the beginning of construction, will review the initial installation. Modifications to traffic control devices as required by sequence of operations or staged construction shall be reviewed by the TCMs.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 SIGNS, SIGNALS, AND DEVICES

- A. The **Contractor** shall provide post-mounted and wall-mounted traffic control and informational signs as specified and required by local jurisdictions.
- B. The **Contractor** shall provide automatic traffic control signals as approved by local jurisdictions.
- C. The **Contractor** shall provide traffic cones and drums, and flashing lights as approved by local jurisdictions.

- D. The **Contractor** shall provide flagmen equipment as required by local jurisdictions.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PERMITS

- A. The **Contractor** shall prepare necessary plans and documentation and obtain permits from authorities having jurisdiction over traffic detour or road closures before closing any lane or road. The **Contractor** shall use forms provided by authorities having jurisdiction (DeKalb County Department of Public Works, Georgia Department of Transportation, etc.).
- B. The **Contractor** shall either fax or hand carry any permit applications to the DeKalb County Department of Public Works (or applicable permitting agency). Permit applications shall indicate the time (in days); length (in feet); the number of lanes; and the purpose of the closure and other required documentation.
- C. All permits are approved for operations during off-peak hours, 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m., unless special approval is received from the **County**.
- D. Operations between the hours of 6:00 p.m. and 10:00 p.m. and Saturdays, and Sundays shall require approval by the **County**.
- E. Full street closure permits shall require 96 hours' advance notice prior to road closure. The following additional information shall be provided by the **Contractor** prior to approval:
1. The recommended detour route with signage and Traffic Management Plan as per the MUTCD.
 2. A copy of the resident and/or business notification letters about the closure. The residents/businesses located between the detour routes shall be notified about the closure at least 5 business days prior to the proposed closure.
- F. The DeKalb County Department of Public Works will return full road closure permit applications to the **Contractor**. The Fire Chief, Chief of Police, DeKalb Hospital, MARTA, and the DeKalb County Board of Education shall be notified in writing at least 72 hours before commencing road closure activities.
- G. Lane closure permits are issued during operating hours Mondays through Fridays. The DeKalb County Department of Public Works will return lane closure permit applications to the **Contractor**. The **Contractor** shall provide a minimum of 48-hour notice prior to closure. The **Contractor** shall continuously maintain the safety of the traveling public during lane closures in accordance with the requirements of the MUTCD and as stipulated by public officers.

3.02 PREPARATION OF TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS

- A. The **Contractor** shall develop detailed staging and traffic control plans for performing specific areas of the Work including, but not limited to: requirements for certified flagmen, additional traffic control devices, traffic shifts, detours, paces,

lane closures, or other activities that disrupt traffic flow. The **Contractor** shall submit these plans in accordance with the Specifications to receive final approvals from permitting agencies and provide required traffic control devices as required by both the permitting agencies and these specifications at no additional cost to the **County**.

3.03 CONSTRUCTION PARKING CONTROL

- A. The **Contractor** shall control vehicular parking to prevent interference with public traffic and parking, access by emergency vehicles, and **County's** operations.
- B. The **Contractor** shall monitor parking of construction personnel's vehicles in existing facilities and maintain vehicular access to and through parking areas.
- C. The **Contractor** shall prevent parking on or adjacent to access roads or in non-designated areas.

3.04 MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC

- A. Whenever and wherever, in the **County's** opinion, traffic is sufficiently congested or public safety is endangered, the **Contractor** shall furnish uniformed officers to direct traffic and to keep traffic off the highway area affected by construction operations.
- B. When the Contract requires the maintenance of vehicular traffic on an existing road, street, or highway during the **Contractor's** performance of Work that is otherwise provided for in the Plans and these Specifications, the **Contractor** shall keep such road, street, or highway open to traffic and shall provide such maintenance as may be required to safely accommodate traffic. The **Contractor** shall furnish, erect, and maintain barricades, warning signs, flagmen, and other traffic control devices in conformity with the requirements of the Georgia Department of Transportation and other local jurisdictions. The **Contractor** shall also construct and maintain in a safe condition any temporary connections necessary to ingress to and egress from abutting property or intersecting roads, streets, or highways. The **Contractor** shall maintain traffic in accordance with any traffic control plans furnished with and made a part of the Plan assembly.
- C. The **Contractor** shall make its own estimate of labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals necessary for providing the maintenance of traffic as specified in this section.
- D. Unless specified in the Plans or these Specifications, and subject to the approval of the **County**, the cost of maintaining traffic specified in this section shall be considered incidental to the Work and no separate measurement or payment shall be made.

3.05 UNIFORMED POLICE OFFICER FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL

- A. The **Contractor** shall provide uniformed police officers to regulate traffic when construction operations encroach on public traffic lanes, as approved by the **County**.

- B. Officers shall be currently employed by a local jurisdiction, be in full uniform and have full arrest power while working.
- C. Officers shall be employed and paid by the **Contractor**.
- D. Officers' shall be responsible for directing traffic within the construction site.

3.06 FLAGMEN

- A. The **Contractor** shall provide trained and equipped flagmen to regulate traffic when construction operations or traffic encroaches into public traffic lanes.

3.07 FLASHING LIGHTS

- A. The **Contractor** shall use flashing lights during hours of low visibility to delineate traffic lanes and to guide traffic.

3.08 HAUL ROUTES

- A. The **Contractor** shall consult with authorities and establish public thoroughfares to be used for haul routes and site access.
- B. The **Contractor** shall confine construction traffic to designated haul routes.
- C. The **Contractor** shall provide traffic control at critical areas of haul routes to regulate traffic and minimize interference with public traffic.

3.09 ROAD CLOSURES ON COUNTY ROADS

- A. No street, road, or highway shall be closed without the permission of the owner of any street, road, or highway and the fire department having jurisdiction. Prior to closing a street, road, or highway, signs shall be posted for a minimum of 7 days prior to actual closing, forewarning of the imminent closing. The **County** shall determine the information to be placed upon the signs by the **Contractor**. Where traffic is diverted from the Work, the **Contractor** shall provide materials and perform Work for the construction and maintenance of required temporary roadways, structures, barricades, signs, and signalization.
- B. To obtain approval to close a road or street maintained by the **County**, the **Contractor** shall proceed as follows:
 - 1. The **Contractor** shall obtain approval of the traffic plan from the **County**. The traffic plan shall be in accordance with the requirements of the Georgia Department of Transportation and DeKalb County.
 - 2. The **Contractor** shall obtain a utility permit.
 - 3. The **Contractor** shall apply in writing to the **County** and obtain a permit to close the road on a specific date.
 - 4. The **Contractor** shall obtain a permit from the **County** before posting closure signs. Signs shall be posted for 7 days prior to the first day of closure. Signs shall be acceptable to the **County**.

5. The **County** will handle emergency road closures.

3.10 PROCEDURES FOR TRAFFIC DETOUR ROUTE PLAN

- A. The **Contractor** shall provide a sketch map to the **County**, showing the traffic detour route plan. The sketch map need not be drawn to scale, but should resemble, as closely as possible, the actual location. The sketch map shall be drawn in a manner so as to provide emergency agencies a better understanding of the detour for quick response. The sketch map shall include directional arrows showing the flow of traffic.
- B. The **Contractor** shall erect "Road Closed Ahead" signs before the start point of the detour indicating the name of the street closed.
- C. The **Contractor** shall erect "Detour" signs with appropriate directional arrows at intersection along the detour route until the end of the detour, when the traffic is back to the original street.
- D. The **Contractor** shall erect an "End Detour" sign at the end of the detour.
- E. The **Contractor** shall erect an accessory plate indicating the name of the street being detoured to accompany each "Detour" and "End Detour" sign.
- F. The **Contractor** shall apply appropriate traffic control measures in accordance with the requirements of the MUTCD and **County** codes.

3.11 BARRICADES AND WARNING SIGNS

- A. The **Contractor** shall furnish, erect, and maintain barricades and warning signs for hazards necessary to protect the public and the Work. When used during periods of darkness, such barricades, warning signs, and hazard markings shall be suitably illuminated or reflectorized.
- B. For vehicular and pedestrian traffic, the **Contractor** shall furnish, erect, and maintain barricades, warning signs, lights, and other traffic control devices in conformity with the requirements of the Georgia Department of Transportation and DeKalb County.
- C. The **Contractor** shall furnish and erect barricades and warning signs for hazards prior to commencing Work that requires such erection and shall maintain the barricades and warning signs for hazards until their dismantling is directed by the **County**.

3.12 REMOVAL

- A. The **Contractor** shall remove equipment and devices when no longer required and repair damage caused by installation.

+++ END OF SECTION 01550 +++

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SECTION 01600

GENERAL MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

- A. The **Contractor** shall use the latest version of the manufacturer's product line of installed materials and equipment at the time of purchase. The **Contractor** shall not purchase materials and equipment that have been outdated by newer versions at the time of purchasing. Materials and equipment that show any signs of extended storage such as corrosion, scratches, and dents shall not be accepted.
- B. The **Contractor** shall use equipment for performing the Work that conforms to the latest version of applicable safety standards including, but not limited to, OSHA requirements. **Contractor** shall not exceed or ignore any requirements or recommendations of the equipment manufacturer. Equipment not meeting requirements of this Section shall be barred from use on the project.
- C. The **Contractor** shall install material and equipment that meets or exceeds the latest applicable code requirements, including, but not limited to: Underwriters Laboratory, Standard Building Code, and OSHA, as well as requirements of these Specifications. Where there is conflict with requirements of the Contract Documents and code requirements, the **Contractor** shall comply with the more stringent requirements with no additional compensation to the **Contractor**.

PART 2 - MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

2.01 ANCHOR BOLTS

- A. The **Contractor** shall use anchor bolts that are ANSI Type 316 stainless steel unless otherwise specified or indicated, and shall conform to requirements of this Section and the material articles in the appropriate Sections where they are used.
- B. The **Contractor** shall use anchor bolts supplied by the manufacturer or fabricator of the specific material or equipment to be installed.
- C. Design criteria for anchor bolts:
 - 1. When the size, length, or load carrying capacity of an anchor bolt, expansion anchor, or concrete insert is not shown on the Drawings, provide the size, length and capacity required to carry the design load times a minimum safety factor of four.
 - 2. Determine design loads as follows:
 - a. For equipment anchors, use the design load recommended by the manufacturer and approved by the **County**.
 - b. For pipe hangers and supports, use half the total weight of pipe, fittings, valves, accessories, and water contained in full pipe, between the

- hanger or support in question and adjacent hangers and supports on both sides.
- c. Allowances for vibration are included in the safety factor specified above.
 - d. Anchors shall develop ultimate shear and pull-out loads of not less than the following values in concrete:

Bolt Diameter (Inches)	Min. Shear (Pounds)	Min. Pull-Out Load (Pounds)
$\frac{1}{2}$	4,500	6,300
$\frac{5}{8}$	6,900	7,700
$\frac{3}{4}$	10,500	9,900

3. Embedment depth shall be minimum 6 inches for epoxy anchors and 4 inches for steel expansion anchors, unless noted otherwise on the drawings.

D. Anchor Type and Manufacturer

1. Where epoxy anchors are noted on the drawings, provide ANSI Type 316 stainless steel threaded rod with Speed Bond #1 epoxy injection as manufactured by Prime Resins, Inc. or approved equal.
2. For other applications, provide ANSI Type 316 steel expansion anchors from one of the following manufacturers:
 - a. Hilti, Incorporated
 - b. Ramset, Incorporated
 - c. Approved equal
3. Install anchors per manufacturer's recommendations and this Section.
4. Drilled anchorage holes are to be blown out with compressed air before installing anchor.

2.02 CONNECTION BOLTS

- A. Materials shall be as specified in other Sections of the Specifications, or as shown on the Drawings. Where materials are not specified or shown on the Drawings, they shall be of ANSI Type 316 stainless steel, with ANSI Type 316 stainless steel nuts and washers.
- B. Unless otherwise specified, stud, tap, and machine bolts and nuts shall be ANSI Type 316 stainless steel and shall conform to the requirements of ASTM Standard Specification for Carbon Steel Externally and Internally Threaded Standard Fasteners, Designation A307-80. Hexagonal nuts of the same quality of metal as the bolts shall be used. Threads shall be clean cut and shall conform to ANSI Standard B1.1-1989 for Unified Inch Screw Threads (UN and UNR Thread Form).

2.03 CONCRETE INSERTS

- A. Concrete inserts for hangers shall be designed to support safely, in the concrete that is used, the maximum load that can be imposed by the hangers used in the inserts. Inserts for hangers shall be of a type that permits adjustment of the hangers both horizontally (in one plane) and vertically and locking of the hanger head or nut. Inserts shall be galvanized, then epoxy phenolic primed and top coated with PVC, using thermal bond process.

2.04 SLEEVES

- A. Unless otherwise indicated on the Drawings or specified, openings for the passage of pipes through floors and walls shall be formed of sleeves of standard-weight, stainless-steel pipe. The sleeves shall be of ample diameter to pass the pipe and its insulation, if any, and to permit such expansion as may occur. Sleeves shall be of sufficient length to be flush at the walls and the bottom of slabs and to project 4 inches above the finished floor surface. Threaded nipples shall not be used as sleeves.
- B. Sleeves in exterior walls below grade or in walls to have liquids on one or both sides shall be as detailed on the Approved Drawings and specified in other sections.
- C. Sleeves shall be set accurately before the concrete is placed or shall be built in accurately as the masonry is being built.

2.05 ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT ENCLOSURES

- A. Items of electrical equipment that are furnished with process equipment shall conform to the requirements specified under the appropriate electrical sections of the specifications. Enclosures for electrical equipment such as switches, starters, etc., shall conform to the requirements specified under the appropriate electrical sections of the specifications.

2.06 EQUIPMENT DRIVE GUARDS

- A. Equipment driven by open shafts, belts, chains, or gears shall be provided with acceptable all-metal guards enclosing the drive mechanism. Guards shall be constructed of epoxy paint coated, galvanized sheet steel or galvanized woven wire or expanded metal set in a frame of galvanized steel members. Guards shall be secured in position by steel braces or straps that will permit easy removal for servicing the equipment. The guards shall conform to applicable safety codes and regulations.

2.07 NAMEPLATES

- A. The **Contractor** shall provide each piece of equipment, with the exception of the items mentioned below, with a substantial nameplate of non-corrodible metal, securely fastened in place and clearly and permanently inscribed with the manufacturer's name, model or type designation, serial number, principal rated

capacities, electrical or other power characteristics, and similar information as appropriate.

- B. This requirement shall also apply to standard, manually operated gate, lobe, check, and plug valves.
- C. Each process valve shall be provided with a substantial tag of noncorrodible metal securely fastened in place and inscribed with an identification number in conformance with the tag numbers indicated on the Process and Instrumentation Drawings.

2.08 LUBRICANTS

- A. During testing and prior to acceptance, the **Contractor** shall furnish lubricants necessary for the proper lubrication of equipment furnished under this Contract.

2.09 PROTECTION AGAINST ELECTROLYSIS

- A. Where dissimilar metals are used in conjunction with each other, the **Contractor** shall provide suitable insulation between adjoining surfaces to eliminate direct contact and any resultant electrolysis. The insulation shall be bituminous impregnated felt, heavy bituminous coatings, nonmetallic separators, or washers, or other approved acceptable materials.

2.10 TRANSPORTATION, HANDLING, STORAGE, AND PROTECTION

- A. Packing and Shipping:
 - 1. Product and materials shall be shipped and handled in ways that shall prevent damage.
 - 2. Equipment shall be protected against damage from moisture, dust, handling, or other cause during transport from manufacturer's premises to the project site. Bearing housing, vents, and other types of openings shall be wrapped or otherwise sealed to prevent contamination by grit and dirt.
 - 3. Ship equipment, material, and spare parts in assembled units except where partial disassembly is required by transportation regulations or for protection of components.
 - 4. Pipe and appurtenances shall be handled, stored, and installed as recommended by the manufacturer. Pipes shipped with interior bracing shall have the bracing removed only when recommended by the pipe manufacturer.
 - 5. Stiffeners shall be used where necessary to maintain shapes and to give rigidity.
 - 6. Each item or package shall be marked with the number unique to the specification reference covering the item. Spare parts shall be packed in containers bearing labels clearly designating contents and pieces of equipment for which intended.

- B. Acceptance at Site:
- C. Damaged items shall not be permitted as part of the Work except in cases of minor damage that have been satisfactorily repaired and are acceptable to the **County**.
- D. Damage shall be corrected to conform to the requirements of the Contract before the assembly is incorporated into the Work.
- E. The **Contractor** shall bear the costs arising out of dismantling, inspection, repair, and reassembly.
- F. Storage and Protection:
 - 1. During the interval between the delivery to the site and installation, equipment and materials shall be stored in an enclosed space affording protection from weather, dust, and mechanical damage and providing favorable temperature, humidity, and ventilation conditions to protect against equipment deterioration. Manufacturer's recommendations shall be adhered to in addition to these requirements.
 - 2. Equipment and materials to be located outdoors may be stored outdoors if protected against moisture condensation and ultraviolet (UV) degradation. Equipment shall be stored at least 6 inches above ground. Temporary power shall be provided to energize space heaters or other heat sources for control of moisture condensation. Space heaters or other heat sources shall be energized without disturbing the sealed enclosure.

2.11 UNIT RESPONSIBILITY

- A. Equipment systems made up of two or more components shall be provided as a unit by the responsible manufacturer. Unless otherwise specified, the **Contractor** shall obtain each system from the supplier of the driven equipment, and the supplier shall provide components of the system to enhance compatibility, ease of construction, and efficient maintenance. The **Contractor** shall be responsible to the **County** for performance of systems in accordance with the provisions of the General Requirements of the Contract Documents.
- B. Where the detailed specifications require the **Contractor** to furnish a certificate of unit responsibility, such certificate shall be executed by the manufacturer. No other submittal material shall be processed until the Certificate of Unit Responsibility has been received and has been found to be satisfactory.

+++ END OF SECTION 01600 +++

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SECTION 01610

TRANSPORTATION AND HANDLING

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. The **Contractor** shall provide transportation of equipment, materials, and products furnished under these Contract Documents to the Work site. In addition, the **Contractor** shall provide preparation for shipment, loading, unloading, handling, and preparation for installation, as well as other Work and incidental items necessary or convenient to the **Contractor** for the satisfactory prosecution and completion of the Work.
- B. Equipment, materials, and products damaged during transportation or handling shall be repaired or replaced by the **Contractor** at no additional cost to the **County** prior to being incorporated into the Work. Acceptance of damaged goods is at the discretion of the **County**.

1.02 TRANSPORTATION

- A. Equipment shall be suitably boxed, crated, or otherwise protected during transportation.
- B. Where equipment will be installed using existing cranes or hoisting equipment, the **Contractor** shall confirm that the weights of the assembled sections do not exceed the actual capacity of the cranes or hoisting equipment.
- C. Small items and appurtenances such as gauges, valves, switches, instruments, and probes that could be damaged during shipment shall be removed from the equipment prior to shipment, packaged, and shipped separately. Openings shall be plugged or sealed to prevent the entrance of water or dirt.

1.03 HANDLING

- A. Equipment, materials, and products shall be carefully handled to prevent damage or excessive deflections during unloading or transportation.
- B. Lifting and handling drawings and instructions furnished by the manufacturer or supplier shall be strictly followed. Eyebolts or lifting lugs furnished on the equipment shall be used in handling the equipment. Shafts and operating mechanisms shall not be used as lifting points. Spreader bars or lifting beams shall be used when the distance between lifting points exceeds that permitted by standard industry practice.
- C. Under no circumstances shall equipment or products such as pipe, structural steel, castings, reinforcement, lumber, piles, poles, etc., be thrown or rolled off of trucks onto the ground.

- D. Slings and chains shall be of size and capacity rating to safely support the weights of items to be unloaded. Slings and chains shall be regularly inspected and tagged as in good conditions in accord with OSHA requirements. Slings and chains shall be padded as required to prevent damage to protective coatings and finishes.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (NOT USED)

+++ END OF SECTION 01610 +++

SECTION 01700 CONTRACT CLOSEOUT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for contract closeout, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Substantial Completion procedures
 - 2. Final completion procedures
 - 3. Warranties
 - 4. Operations and Maintenance Manuals
 - 5. Final cleaning
 - 6. Repair of the Work
 - 7. Specific closeout and special cleaning requirements for the Work in those Sections

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit the following shop drawings in accordance with Section 01300:
 - 1. Product Data: For cleaning agents.
 - 2. **Contractor's** List of Incomplete Items: Initial submittal at Substantial Completion.
 - 3. Certified List of Incomplete Items: Final submittal at Final Completion.
 - 4. Certificates of Release: From authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 5. Certificate of Insurance: For continuing coverage.
 - 6. Schedule of Maintenance Material Items: For maintenance material submittal items specified in other Sections.

1.04 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION PROCEDURES

- A. **Contractor's** List of Incomplete Items: Prepare and submit a list of items to be completed and corrected (**Contractor's** punch list), indicating the value of each item on the list and reasons why the Work is incomplete.
- B. Submittals Prior to Substantial Completion: Complete the following: a minimum of ten (10) days prior to requesting inspection for determining date of Substantial Completion. List items below that are incomplete at time of request.
 - 1. Certificates of Release: Obtain and submit releases from authorities having jurisdiction permitting **County** unrestricted use of the Work and access to services and utilities. Include occupancy permits, operating certificates, and similar releases.
 - 2. Submit closeout submittals specified in other Division 01 Sections, including project record documents, operation and maintenance manuals, final completion construction photographic documentation, damage or settlement surveys, property surveys, and similar final record information.
 - 3. Submit closeout submittals specified in individual Divisions 02 through 16 Sections, including specific warranties, workmanship bonds, maintenance service agreements, final certifications, and similar documents.
 - 4. Submit maintenance material submittals specified in individual Divisions 02 through 16 Sections, including tools, spare parts, extra materials, and similar items, and deliver to location designated by the **County**. Label with manufacturer's name and model number where applicable.
 - a. Schedule of Maintenance Material Items: Prepare and submit schedule of maintenance material submittal items, including name and quantity of each item and name and number of related Specification Section. Obtain the signature of an authorized **County** representative for receipt of submittals.
 - 5. Submit test/adjust/balance records.
 - 6. Submit sustainable design submittals required in Division 01 (sustainable design requirements Section) and in individual Divisions 02 through 16 Sections.
 - 7. Submit changeover information related to **County's** occupancy, use, operation, and maintenance.
- C. Procedures Prior to Substantial Completion: Complete the following: a minimum of ten (10) days prior to requesting inspection for determining date of Substantial Completion. List items below that are incomplete at time of request.
 - 1. Advise the **County** of pending insurance changeover requirements.
 - 2. Make final changeover of permanent locks and deliver the keys to **County**. Advise the **County's** personnel of changeover in security provisions.

3. Complete startup and testing of systems and equipment.
 4. Perform preventive maintenance on equipment used prior to Substantial Completion.
 5. Instruct **County's** personnel in operation, adjustment, and maintenance of products, equipment, and systems. Submit demonstration and training video recordings specified in Division 01 Section - Training.
 6. Advise **County** of changeover in heat and other utilities.
 7. Participate with **County** in conducting inspection and walkthrough with local emergency responders.
 8. Terminate and remove temporary facilities from Project site, along with mockups, construction tools, and similar elements.
 9. Remove labels that are not permanent labels.
 10. Complete final cleaning requirements, including touchup painting.
 11. Touch up and otherwise repair and restore marred exposed finishes to eliminate visual defects.
- D. Inspection: Submit a written request for inspection to determine Substantial Completion a minimum of ten (10) days prior to date the work will be completed and ready for final inspection and tests. On receipt of request, **County** will either proceed with inspection or notify **Contractor** of unfulfilled requirements. **County** will prepare the Certificate of Substantial Completion after inspection or will notify **Contractor** of items, either on **Contractor's** list or additional items identified by **County**, that shall be completed or corrected before certificate shall be issued.
1. Reinspection: Request reinspection when the Work identified in previous inspections as incomplete is completed or corrected.
 2. Results of completed inspection shall form the basis of requirements for final completion.

1.05 STARTING OF SYSTEMS

- A. Conform to the requirements of sections within Division 1.
- B. Coordinate schedule for start-up of various equipment and systems.
- C. Notify **County** (seven) days prior to startup of each item.
- D. Verify each piece of equipment or system has been checked for proper lubrication, drive rotation, belt tension, control sequence, and for conditions that may cause damage.
- E. Verify tests, meter readings, and specified electrical characteristics agree with those required by equipment or system manufacturer.

- F. Verify wiring and support components for equipment are complete and tested.
- G. Execute start-up under supervision of applicable manufacturer's representative, **Contractors'** personnel, and **County** in accordance with manufacturers' instructions.
- H. When specified in individual specification Sections, require manufacturer to provide authorized representative to be present at site to inspect, check, approve equipment or system installation prior to start-up, to supervise placing equipment or system in operation, and to train the **County's** staff.

1.06 DEMONSTRATION AND INSTRUCTIONS

- A. For equipment or systems requiring seasonal operation, perform demonstration for other season within (six) months.
- B. Utilize operation and maintenance manuals as the basis for instruction. Review contents of manual with **County's** personnel in detail to comprehensively explain the operation and maintenance.
- C. Demonstrate start-up, operation, control, adjustment, trouble-shooting, servicing, maintenance, and shutdown of each item of equipment at a scheduled and agreed time, for each piece of equipment at each designated location. Time shall be acceptable to the **County**.
- D. Prepare and insert additional data in operations and maintenance manuals when need for additional data becomes apparent during instruction.
- E. Required instruction time for each item of equipment and system is specified in individual sections.

1.07 TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING

- A. **County** shall appoint and employ services of independent firm to perform testing, adjusting, and balancing to ensure smooth and unhindered equipment operation. **Contractor** shall pay for services and funds shall be within the contract price.
- B. Reports shall be submitted by independent firm to **County** indicating observations and results of tests and indicating compliance or non-compliance with requirements of Contract Documents.

1.08 PROJECT RECORDS DOCUMENTS

- A. The **Contractor** shall record any actual revisions to the Work and maintain one set of the following Project Record Documents on Site:
 - 1. Contract Drawings, Specifications, and Addenda.
 - 2. Change Orders, Field Orders, and other written notices.
 - 3. Shop drawings, Product data, and samples.

4. Records of surveying and layout Work.
 5. Project Record Drawings.
- B. The **Contractor** shall record information on the Project Record Documents concurrent with construction progress and store these documents separately from the documents used for construction.
1. The **County** will supply a set of Contract Drawings. The **Contractor** shall mark thereon each revision as the Work progresses in order to produce a set of as-built drawings.
 2. The **Contractor** shall note any changes made during construction by any of the **Contractor's** forces or those of any subcontractors.
 3. The **Contractor** shall dimension the locations of buried or concealed Work, especially piping and conduit, with reference to exposed structures.
 4. The **Contractor** shall note the installed locations of concealed service lines on the Site or within the structure by reference from the center line of the service to the structure column lines, to other main finished faces, or to other structural points that are easily identified and located in the finished Work.
 5. Certificates of Substantial Performance and Total Performance shall not be issued until as-built drawings are complete and submitted, and the **Contractor** has fully satisfied the requirements for Substantial Performance and Total Performance of the Work.
- C. For Project Record Documents and Record Shop Drawings, the **Contractor** shall legibly mark each item to record actual construction, including:
1. Field changes of dimensions and details.
 2. Measured horizontal and vertical locations of underground utilities and appurtenances, referenced to permanent surface improvements.
 3. Measured locations of internal utilities and appurtenances that are concealed in construction, referenced to visible and accessible features of the Work.
 4. Any Changes in the Work from the contract documents.
 5. The location of concealed mechanical services and electrical main feeders, junction boxes, and pullboxes.
- D. Upon completion of the Work, the **Contractor** shall prepare two CD-ROM sets of the Record Shop Drawings and an index.
- E. The **Contractor**-prepared Record Shop Drawings CD-ROM index shall identify the **County's** project number, project name, and Contract number and the contents of each CD in the format listed below.

1. The index shall include the following columns of information for each Record Shop Drawing:
 - a. CD number
 - b. Specification Section number
 - c. Specification title
 - d. Shop drawing transmittal number
 - e. Shop drawing equipment description including preselected Equipment vendor and supplier.
2. The index shall be printed by the following two sorts:
 - a. Primary sort: Specification Section number. Secondary sort: shop drawing transmittal number.
 - b. Primary sort: CD number. Secondary sort: Specification Section number.
3. The index shall be generated using Microsoft Excel software. A copy of the electronic file shall be furnished to the **County**.
4. The **Contractor** shall provide a set of Project Record Documents on CD-ROM in an electronic format compatible with the plant CD-ROM record standards. All drawings are to be provided electronically on CD-ROM in AutoCAD (latest version), MicroStation (latest version), and Adobe Acrobat PDF (latest version). Also provide a set of CD-ROMs containing the software implemented on this project, including standard software and custom application software. Also provide a set of CD-ROMs containing the various programming tools and files necessary for maintenance, editing, backing up, and restoring programmable equipment implemented on this project.

1.09 EQUIPMENT INVENTORY SPREADSHEET

- A. As part of the **County's** asset management program, the **Contractor** shall complete each field for the equipment inventory file for each piece of equipment and device provided under this Contract, as a requirement for Substantial Performance. An electronic format of the equipment inventory spreadsheet shall be provided on a CD by the **Contractor**.

1.10 EQUIPMENT PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE SPREADSHEET

- A. As part of the **County's** asset management program, the **Contractor** shall complete each field for each piece of equipment and device provided under this Contract, as a requirement for Substantial Completion. The **Contractor** shall transfer the manufacturer's recommended preventive maintenance tasks and frequencies into the spreadsheet. An electronic format of the equipment inventory spreadsheet shall be provided on a CD by the **Contractor**.

1.11 PROTECTING INSTALLED CONSTRUCTION

- A. Protect installed Work and provide special protection where specified in individual specification sections.
- B. Provide temporary and removable protection for installed products. Control activity in immediate work area to prevent damage.
- C. Provide protective coverings at walls, projections, jambs, sills, and soffits of openings.
- D. Protect finished floors, stairs, and other surfaces from traffic, dirt, wear, damage, or movement of heavy objects, by protecting them with durable sheet materials.
- E. Prohibit traffic or storage upon waterproofed or roofed surfaces. When traffic or activity is necessary, obtain recommendations for protection from waterproofing or roofing material manufacturer.
- F. Prohibit traffic from landscaped areas.

1.12 SPARE PARTS AND MAINTENANCE PRODUCTS

- A. Furnish spare parts, maintenance, and extra products in quantities specified in individual specification sections.
- B. Deliver to location as directed by **County**; obtain receipt prior to final payment.
- C. Crate in containers designed for prolonged storage suitable for handling with hoisting equipment containers:
- D. Stencil on containers:
 - 1. Manufacturer/supplier name
 - 2. Unit name
 - 3. Spare part name
 - 4. Manufacturer catalog number
 - 5. Other identifying information
 - 6. Precautionary information

1.13 FINAL COMPLETION PROCEDURES

- A. Submittals Prior to Final Completion: Before requesting final inspection for determining Final Completion, complete the following:
 - 1. Submit a final Application for Payment according to Division 1.

2. Certified List of Incomplete Items: Submit certified copy of **County's** Substantial Completion inspection list of items to be completed or corrected (punch list), endorsed and dated by **County's** representative. Certified copy of the list shall state that each item has been completed or otherwise resolved for acceptance.
 3. Certificate of Insurance: Submit evidence of final, continuing insurance coverage complying with insurance requirements.
- B. Inspection: Submit a written request for final inspection to determine acceptance a minimum of 10 days prior to date the work will be completed and ready for final inspection and tests. On receipt of the request, the **County** will either proceed with inspection or notify the **Contractor** of unfulfilled requirements. The **County** will prepare a final Certificate for Payment after inspection or will notify the **Contractor** of construction that shall be completed or corrected before the certificate will be issued.
- C. Reinspection: Request reinspection when the Work identified in previous inspections as incomplete has been completed or corrected.

1.14 LIST OF INCOMPLETE ITEMS (PUNCH LIST)

- A. Organization of List: Include name and identification of each space and area affected by construction operations for incomplete items and items needing correction, including, if necessary, areas disturbed by the **Contractor** that are outside the limits of construction.
1. Organize the list of spaces in sequential order, starting with exterior areas first, and proceeding from the lowest floor to highest floor.
 2. Organize items applying to each space by major element, including categories for ceiling, individual walls, floors, equipment, and building systems.
 3. Include the following information at the top of each page:
 - a. Project name
 - b. Date
 - c. Name of Contractor
 - d. Page number
 4. Submit list of incomplete items in the following format:
 - a. PDF electronic file. **County** will return annotated file.
 - b. Three paper copies. **County** will return two copies.

1.15 SUBMITTAL OF PROJECT WARRANTIES

- A. Time of Submittal: Submit written warranties on request of the **County** for designated portions of the Work where commencement of warranties other than the date of Substantial Completion is indicated, or when a delay in submittal of warranties might limit the **County's** rights under warranty.
- B. Partial Occupancy: Submit properly executed warranties within fifteen (15) days of completion of designated portions of the Work that are completed and occupied or used by **County** during the construction period, by separate agreement with **Contractor**.
- C. Organize warranty documents into an orderly sequence based on the table of contents of Contract Documents.
 - 1. Bind warranties and bonds in heavy-duty, three-ring, vinyl-covered, loose-leaf binders, thickness as necessary to accommodate contents, and sized to receive 8-1/2-by-11-inch (215-by-280-mm) paper or as directed by the **County**.
 - 2. Provide heavy paper dividers with plastic-covered tabs for each separate warranty. Mark tab to identify the product or installation. Provide a typed description of the product or installation, including the name of the product and the name, address, and telephone number of installer.
 - 3. Identify each binder on the front and spine with the typed or printed title "WARRANTIES," Project name, and name of **Contractor**.
 - 4. Warranty Electronic File: Scan warranties and bonds and assemble complete warranty and bond submittal package into a single indexed electronic PDF file with links enabling navigation to each item. Provide bookmarked table of contents at beginning of document.
- D. Provide additional copies of each warranty to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Cleaning Agents: Use cleaning materials and agents recommended by manufacturer or fabricator of the surface to be cleaned. Do not use cleaning agents that are potentially hazardous to health or property or that might damage finished surfaces.
 - 1. Use cleaning products that comply with Green Seal's GS-37, or if GS-37 is not applicable, use products that comply with the Georgia Code of Regulations maximum allowable volatile organic compound (VOC) levels.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 FINAL CLEANING

- A. General: Perform final cleaning as directed by the **County**.
- B. Construction Waste Disposal: Comply with waste disposal requirements in Division 1 and meet local laws.

3.02 REPAIR OF THE WORK

- A. Complete repair and restoration operations before requesting inspection for determining Substantial Completion.
- B. Repair or remove and replace defective construction. Repairing includes replacing defective parts, refinishing damaged surfaces, touching up with matching materials, and properly adjusting operating equipment. Where damaged or worn items cannot be repaired or restored, provide replacements. Remove and replace operating components that cannot be repaired. Restore damaged construction and permanent facilities used during construction to specified condition.
 - 1. Remove and replace chipped, scratched, and broken glass, reflective surfaces, and other damaged transparent materials.
 - 2. Touch up and otherwise repair and restore marred or exposed finishes and surfaces. Replace finishes and surfaces that already show evidence of repair or restoration. Do not paint over "UL" or other required labels and identification, including mechanical and electrical nameplates. Remove any paint that has been applied to required labels and identification.
 - 3. Replace parts that have been subjected to operating conditions during construction that could impede operation or reduce longevity.

3.03 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust operating products and equipment to ensure smooth and unhindered operation.

+++ END OF SECTION 01700 +++

SECTION 01800 MAINTENANCE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

- A. **Contractor** shall maintain stored and installed equipment and materials until Final Acceptance of the Work as defined by the General Requirements. Work includes, but is not limited to:
 - 1. Perform required maintenance.
 - 2. Repair and maintain protective coatings.
 - 3. Repair and replace scratched and damaged materials and equipment.
 - 4. Maintain and operate new equipment placed into service.
- B. Work, per this Section, starts on the date the equipment and materials are received and continues until the Date of Final Acceptance.
- C. **Contractor** shall monitor equipment storage, and subsequently, the operation and material functionality on a continual basis during the specified time period. Deterioration of materials or malfunction of equipment shall be followed by swift repair action to minimize the damage. Such repair shall include repair and technical services by an independent contractor if the **County** deems the **Contractor's** efforts are ineffective at correcting the problem.
- D. All costs for maintenance and repair of stored and installed equipment and materials, including costs from an independent contractor, during the specified time period shall be the sole responsibility of the **Contractor**.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (NOT USED)

+++ END OF SECTION 01800 +++

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SECTION 02000

SITE WORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

- A. These general site work requirements apply to all site work operations. Refer to specification sections for specific product and execution requirements.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with all applicable local, state, and federal requirements regarding materials, methods of work, and disposal of excess and waste materials.
- B. Obtain and pay for all required inspections, permits, and fees. Provide notices required by governmental authorities.

1.03 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Locate and identify existing underground and overhead services and utilities within contract limit work areas. Provide adequate means of protection of utilities and services designated to remain. Repair utilities damaged during site work operations and all cost associated with the damaged utility are the Contractor's expense.
- B. Arrange for disconnection, disconnect and seal or cap all utilities and services designated to be removed or abandoned before start of site work operations. Perform all work in accordance with the requirements of the applicable utility company or agency involved.
- C. When uncharted or incorrectly charted underground piping or other utilities and services are encountered during site work operations, notify the County and the applicable utility company immediately to obtain procedure directions. Cooperate with the applicable utility company in maintaining active services in operation.
- D. Locate, protect, and maintain benchmarks, monuments, control points, and project engineering reference points. Reestablish disturbed or destroyed items at the Contractor's expense.
- E. Perform site work operations and the removal of debris and waste materials to assure minimum interference with streets, walks, and other adjacent facilities.
- F. Obtain governing authorities' written permission when required to close or obstruct street, walks, and adjacent facilities. Provide alternate routes around closed or obstructed traffic ways when required by governing authorities.
- G. Control dust caused by work. Dampen surfaces as required. Comply with pollution control regulations of governing authorities.

- H. Protect existing buildings, paving, and other services or facilities on site and adjacent to the site from damage caused by site work operations. Cost of repair and all cost associated with the damages including restoration of damaged items are at Contractor's expense.
- I. Protect and maintain streetlights, utility poles and services, traffic signal control boxes, curb boxes, valves and other services, except items designated for removal. Remove or coordinate the removal of traffic signs, parking meters, and postal mailboxes with the applicable governmental agency. Provide for temporary relocation when required to maintain facilities and services in operation during construction work.
- J. Preserve from injury or defacement all vegetation and objects designated to remain.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

- A. Materials and equipment: As selected by the **Contractor**, except as indicated in contract documents.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION

- A. Examine the areas and conditions under which site work is performed. Do not proceed with the work until unsatisfactory conditions are corrected.
- B. Consult the records and drawings of adjacent work and of existing services and utilities that may affect site work operations.

+++ END OF SECTION 02000 +++

SECTION 02020 USE OF EXPLOSIVES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. This section covers the use of explosives and blasting. Limit the use of explosives in the work to the practicable minimum by utilizing mechanical means of excavation to the maximum feasible extent. Blasting shall be limited and shall be approved by the **County**.
- B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 01380 - Photographic Documentation
 - 2. Section 02000 - Site Work
 - 3. Section 02140 - Dewatering
 - 4. Section 02200 - Earthwork
 - 5. Section 02324 - Trenching and Trench Backfill
- C. Definitions: Controlled blasting is excavation of rock in which the blast hole size, spacing, depth and burden, and the charge size, depth and delay sequence are carefully planned and controlled to excavate the rock to the required limits. Controlled blasting minimizes overbreak and fracturing of the rock beyond the design lines.

1.02 GENERAL

- A. Perform blasting only with permits from the appropriate jurisdictional agencies. Necessary permits include an Explosives License issued by the Georgia Safety Fire Commissioner, and users' permits obtained from DeKalb County. Obey all local, State, Federal and other Governmental regulations applying to transportation, handling, storage and use of explosives, including the requirements of the DeKalb County Fire Department, the State of Georgia and applicable regulations of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
- B. Perform blasting operations in trenches, shafts and other open excavations only during daylight hours. Perform blasting operations only during the hours 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. No blasting shall be performed on Saturdays, Sundays or on the public holidays observed by the **County**. If an emergency prevents a blast being fired during the permitted hours and the holes are loaded, the blast shall be fired as soon as safety allows. In the event that blasting is found necessary outside the permitted hours, the **Contractor** shall receive approval from the County and inform local residents within hearing and vibration range and the jurisdictional agencies prior to firing.
- C. Furnish, install and operate at each site where blasting is being performed, using electric methods of initiation, an approved short-range, high accuracy thunderstorm monitor and lightning warning system. System shall be constantly

monitoring the electrical field of the atmosphere for pre-emptive notification of nearby lightning strikes. The system shall connect to system lighting and audible devices to alert of incoming lightning activity. The system shall have the capability to send test messages and email alert notifications. The system shall have adequate provisions for transmitting alarms from the device to all locations where preparation for blasting, using electric initiation, are in progress. Install and maintain the system in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Test the entire monitoring and alarm system for satisfactory operation at intervals not exceeding two (2) weeks, and suspend blasting operations until any defects have been corrected.

- D. Employ the services of a blasting consultant, satisfactory to the **County** and experienced in predicting and evaluating the effects of blasting on nearby structures, such that vibration levels at these structures do not exceed a level that will damage the structures or their contents, or cause undue alarm to their occupants. Employ the blasting consultant to plan and evaluate blasting operations.
- E. Preconstruction Video Survey and Inspections
 - 1. **Contractor** is expressly advised that the protection of buildings, structures, bridges, utilities, and related work adjacent and in the vicinity of its operations, wherever they may be, is solely its responsibility. Existing condition inspection of buildings, bridges or other structures in the immediate vicinity of any blasting operations shall be performed by and be the responsibility of the **Contractor**. The inspection corridor shall extend within a 500-foot radius of all proposed blasting operations. The **Contractor** shall retain an independent consultant, specializing in preconstruction surveys, to conduct the required inspections. The video survey and inspections shall conform to the requirements of Section 01380 - Photographic Documentation.
 - 2. Prior to the start of blasting operations, the **Contractor** shall have the independent preconstruction survey consultant, make an examination of the interior and exterior of the adjacent structures, buildings, facilities, etc., and record by notes, measurements, photographs, etc., conditions which might be aggravated by blasting or other operations. Repairs or replacement of all conditions disturbed by the construction shall be made to the satisfaction of the owners or agents of adjacent buildings, structures, facilities, etc., and to the satisfaction of the **County**. This does not preclude conforming to the requirements of the insurance underwriters. Two (2) copies of surveys, photographs, videos, reports, etc., shall be submitted to the **County**.
 - 3. The cost of all pre-construction video surveys and inspections shall be borne by the **Contractor**.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be made in accordance with the requirements of the General Requirements Conditions of the Contract Documents and Section 01300. In addition, the following specific information shall be provided:
1. At least sixty (60) days prior to commencement of blasting operations, a copy of all applicable licenses and permits for the purchase, transportation, storage and use of explosives.
 2. At least sixty (60) days prior to commencement of blasting operations, a Blasting Monitoring Plan that shall include:
 - a. Name of the Blasting Vibration Consultant who shall be responsible for establishing the monitoring program and interpreting the vibration readings;
 - b. Names of the trained personnel provided to operate the monitoring equipment; the type and model of blasting seismograph proposed for use;
 - c. Number and location of proposed monitoring stations; the methods to be used to coordinate blast detonation with recording of the blast; and
 - d. Steps to be taken if blasting vibrations exceed or seem likely to exceed the vibration limits.
 - e. Name, make, and model of the short-range, high accuracy thunderstorm monitor and lightning warning system, including details on the alert warning system.
 3. At least sixty (60) days prior to any blasting operation, provide:
 - a. Initial blast design for that location including number, location, diameter, depth and inclination of drill holes on a scale drawing of the excavation or heading face;
 - b. Type and weight of explosive in each hole; delay arrangement showing delay period in each hole; total weight of explosive in the blast and maximum charge per delay; the method of detonation; calculations of peak particle velocities and air blast overpressures; and the precautions to be taken to prevent flying rock or other debris.
 - c. Manufacturers' data sheets shall be provided for all explosives and accessories to be used.
 - d. Name and qualifications of the independent preconstruction survey consultant.
 - e. Preconstruction Video Survey and Inspections.
 - f. Written controlled blasting techniques.
 4. At least thirty (30) days prior to any blasting operation, provide Blasting Safety Plan including:
 - a. Health and Safety requirements of all governing legislation;
 - b. Certificates from all regulating agencies and relevant insurance companies;
 - c. Outline of safety training program for the **Contractor's** and **County's** personnel;

- d. Communication and warning procedures;
 - e. Samples of all report and inspection forms; and lightning protection plan.
5. Within the working day following each blast, the **Contractor** shall provide the blasting records and information for each blast detonated:
- a. A complete description including the location, date and exact time of the blast; name and signature of person in responsible charge of loading and firing and their blaster permit number; details of each blast as listed above for the initial blast design and any departures from the blast design; comments regarding any misfires, unusual results or unusual effects; any other records required by applicable regulations; and the name and signature of the person preparing the report.
 - b. The monitoring record including the location, date, and exact time of the blast; general weather conditions; the locations of seismographs and type of ground on which they were located, instrument identification and their distances from the blast; the measured peak particle velocities; air blast overpressure records, if appropriate; and the name and signature of the observer.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Work Experience:

- 1. The blasting consultant shall have at least ten (10) years of blasting experience. The blasting consultant shall be on call throughout the entire period that blasting is performed and shall be available at the site within two (2) days at any time that the blasting consultant's services may be necessary as determined by the **County**.
- 2. Blasting supervisors shall have a minimum of five (5) years' experience in supervising the loading and firing of charges for the excavation of shafts and trenches and shall have all necessary licenses and permits required by the appropriate jurisdictional agencies.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Use only non-nitroglycerine explosives.
- B. Store explosives and detonators in the manufacturers' boxes with date codes to allow the **County** to determine their age of the materials. All explosives and detonators used in the work shall be less than one (1) year old. Blasting products shall not be brought onto the site if the date codes are missing. When in the **County's** opinion any blasting product is either of excessive age or in a deteriorated condition, that material shall not be used until its age or quality can be shown to be satisfactory.

2.02 EQUIPMENT

- A. Use dust suppressant measures with air-powered or air-flush rock drilling equipment.
- B. Wet down the muck pile after blasting to control dust during mucking operations.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 GENERAL

- A. Firing shall be permitted only after the proper precautions have been taken for the protection of all persons, work, and property.
- B. The following limits on peak particle velocities and air blast overpressure, or such lower limits as established by the **Contractor's** Blasting Vibration Consultant, shall apply:
 - 1. At structures and utilities in the vicinity of blasting operations, the peak particle velocity resulting from blasting shall not exceed:
 - a. Frequency < 3 Hz: 0.2 inches/second.
 - b. Frequency 3 - 10 Hz: 0.5 inches/second.
 - c. Frequency 10 - 40 Hz: varying linearly 0.5 to 1.0 inches/second.
 - d. Frequency > 40 Hz: 1.0 inches/second.

The above limits are adopted from modified blasting level criteria given in U.S. Bureau of Mines Recommendations RI-8507.
 - 2. In the permanent concrete work, the peak particle velocities resulting from blasting shall not exceed two (2) inches per second.
 - 3. At the nearest structure subject to damage from air blast overpressure, the mean peak air blast overpressure shall not exceed 0.01 psi. Measure readings for peak particle velocity in three (3) orthogonal directions by equipment approved by the **County** that is either continually recording or triggered by a preset level of vibration. Determine particle velocity in each frequency range by spectral analysis. Zero crossing method to determine frequency is not acceptable.
- C. Blasting within fifty (50) feet of permanent concrete work may be permitted only after approval of the **Contractor's** plans showing the relative positions of the concrete, the area to be blasted and the blasting technique to be employed. All concrete work shall be protected by limiting the size of blasts, covering blasts and by other means until it is established that there is no danger of damage caused by either vibration or flying rock.

- D. Exercise all possible care in drilling and blasting operations to ensure the stability of the remaining rock and to keep overbreak to a minimum. Written controlled blasting techniques to be used shall be submitted to the **County** for approval.
- E. At each work site where blasting is being performed, erect signboards of adequate size stating that blasting operations are taking place in the work site and such signs shall be clearly visible at all points of access to the work site.
- F. Monitor the first blast at each location as a test case and modify the initial blast design for that location if the monitoring record indicates that the vibration and air blast overpressure limits were exceeded or may be exceeded in subsequent blasts. Resubmit the blast design to the **County**. Continue vibration recording and air blast overpressure monitoring for every blast, and further adjustments to the blast design shall be made when the records indicate vibration or air blast overpressure in excess of the established limits.
- G. Before the firing of any blast where flying material may result in damage to persons, property, or the work, cover the rock to be blasted with suitable matting and overburden to prevent flying debris. After a blast is fired, remove all loose and shattered rock or other loose material that may endanger the structure or the workers, and make the excavation safe before continuing with the work. Carry out similar checks on previously excavated sections at least every 48 hours and recheck the support system, tightening lagging, and blocking, and adding rock dowels, mesh and other support measures as required. Before drilling new blast holes, thoroughly clean the face and examine the face for holes containing undetonated explosive.
- H. In the event that damage occurs due to blasting work, suspend all blasting immediately and make a report to the **County**. Before resuming blasting, adjust the blast design and resubmit it to the **County**, and take any other appropriate measures to control the effects of blasting.
- I. If blasting causes excessive overbreak or excessive fracturing of the surrounding rock, or is otherwise detrimental to the work, modify the blast design as necessary to achieve the desired result, and resubmit it to the **County**.

+++ END OF SECTION 02020 +++

SECTION 02050 DEMOLITION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

A. General:

1. This section covers the labor, equipment, and materials necessary for the work associated with the demolition or removal of pipes, manholes, catch basins, pavement, houses, and other structures within the construction easements shown on the Plans, including all necessary excavation and backfilling.
2. Where removing structural tile and brick from existing structures, the work shall include all patching and reconditioning to restore the remaining tile or brick to its existing state and to provide a proper joint for joining the existing to new construction.
3. Where concrete is cut from existing structures under this Section to permit setting or inserting pipes, flumes, equipment or appurtenances, the work shall include all re-concreting, dressing and finishing of openings to the required lines and dimensions or as necessary for the placing and fixing of inserts. This repair is to meet all structural and leakage requirements and shall use non – shrink material.
4. The **Contractor** shall remove from existing structures and salvage, store or dispose of as specified hereinafter, all valves and piping, mechanical equipment, plumbing, heating, electrical, and ventilating fixtures, pipes, ducts, wires, and equipment, doors and windows, floor grating and cover plates, steel stairs, pipe railing, and the like that are not to remain in service in the finished work, whether or not shown on the Drawings and/or specified herein.
5. The work specified herein and shown on the Drawings is intended to give a general idea of the scope of this work but shall not be construed as covering it entirely. The **Contractor** shall visit the site and judge the amount of work required and the problems anticipated in the performance of the work.
6. Requirements for removal and abandonment of site utilities are specified in Section 02000.

B. Asbestos Abatement:

1. The **Contractor** shall furnish all labor, materials, facilities, equipment, services, employee training and testing, and waste transportation and disposal for the removal of asbestos-containing materials (ACM) at the

site of the Work. Asbestos could possibly be encountered in demolition of houses, structures, and piping to be demolished.

2. All asbestos removal work shall be performed in accordance with the requirements established by the EPA, OSHA, Georgia Department of Transportation, NIOSH and State of Georgia EPD regulations; and any other applicable Federal, State and local regulations governing ACM abatement. Whenever there is a conflict or overlap of the above references, the most stringent provisions shall apply.
3. The **Contractor**, or an asbestos abatement subcontractor acceptable to the **County**, shall be licensed in Georgia to perform asbestos abatement and meet other qualification requirements specified in this section. The **Contractor** shall include a program for protective equipment, breathing apparatus, work area security, and all other aspects dealing with health and safety in his Health, Safety, and Security Plan. This information may be called for elsewhere in these Specifications, however a submittal is required.

C. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:

1. Section 01210 - Measurement and Payment
2. Section 02000 - Site Work
3. Section 02200 - Earthwork

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be made in accordance with the requirements of the General Requirements of the Contract Documents and Section 01300 Submittals. In addition, the following specific information shall be provided:
1. The **Contractor** shall submit to the **County** a schedule of demolition, detailed methods of demolition to be used for each structure, copies of authorization, and permits to demolish the structures.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

- A. The **Contractor** shall provide all materials and equipment in suitable and adequate quantities as required to accomplish demolition work.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

- A. All work shall be performed in conformance with the laws and regulations pertaining to safety established by Federal, State, and local governments and other authorities having jurisdiction.

3.02 UTILITIES

- A. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for maintaining all appropriate utility services during the demolition operations.
- B. Total shutdown of the existing utilities to perform any new construction, to make the required structural or piping modifications, and/or to make or install the required service or system modifications, shall not be permitted, except by written request and approval of the **County**.
- C. Prior to making any piping or connections or modifications to existing facilities, the **Contractor** shall obtain specified timing and schedule approval from the **County**.

3.03 EQUIPMENT TO BE SALVAGED BY THE COUNTY

- A. The following is a partial list of materials to be removed and salvaged. The **County** will identify other materials to be salvaged during the course of the Work. Equipment on this list shall be removed by the **Contractor** before the demolition work begins and delivered to a site specified by the **County**.
 - 1. Frames, Grates, and Manhole Covers
 - 2. Fire Hydrants
 - 3. Valves
 - 4. Pumps
 - 5. Meters
 - 6. Backflow Devices

3.04 REMOVAL AND STORAGE OF EQUIPMENT FOR REUSE

- A. No structure shall be removed without the approval and consent of the **County** unless shown on the Plans to be removed. The **Contractor** shall maintain all equipment in the same condition as when it was removed. The condition of the structure shall be determined prior to removal by the **County**. The **Contractor** assumes the responsibility for assuring that the material is properly stored and maintained.

3.05 DEMOLITION

- A. The Plans define the portion of the structures to be removed. Unless otherwise shown on the Plans, the **Contractor** shall not make rough cuts or breaks that exceed the limits of demolition shown.
- B. All equipment, materials, and piping, except as specified hereinbefore, within the limits of the demolition shall become the property of the **Contractor**.

3.06 REMOVAL OF EXISTING PIPING

- A. Where existing piping is in conflict with new piping or construction, rerouting or redesign shall be as directed by the **County**.

3.07 REMOVAL OF ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS

- A. The **Contractor** shall provide all services to perform the work as follows:
1. Remove asbestos containing materials as required by applicable codes and regulations.
 2. Isolate each work area and erect temporary staging, containment barriers, and decontamination facilities as required.
 3. Remove all ACM from the work area.
 4. Thoroughly clean each work area and perform clearance air testing using NIOSH Method 7400.
 5. Remove all temporary staging, partitions, and other items installed to perform the work.
 6. Dispose of ACM in accordance with applicable Federal, State, and local laws and regulations.

3.08 BACKFILLING

- A. The **Contractor** shall backfill all demolished areas to existing ground level as to create positive sheet runoff.
- B. Backfill material shall meet the minimum requirements of Section 02200 - Earthwork. Backfill compaction shall be in accordance with the applicable requirements of Section 02324 – Trenching and Trench Backfilling and Section Structures. Rock and debris shall not be used as backfill material. In all areas not backfilled to ground level, the **Contractor** shall erect safety barriers around the excavation and not allow water to accumulate.

3.09 DISPOSAL OF DEMOLITION DEBRIS

- A. The **Contractor** shall dispose of demolition debris in accordance with the requirements of Section 02000 - Site Work.

+++ END OF SECTION 02050 +++

SECTION 02060 CRUSHED STONE AGGREGATE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. This section includes installation of crushed stone aggregate; and any other similar, incidental, or appurtenant operation that may be necessary to properly complete the Work.
- B. The **Contractor** shall provide all services, labor, materials, and equipment required for all installation of crushed stone aggregate and related operations necessary or convenient to the **Contractor** for furnishing complete Work as shown on the Plans or specified in these Contract Documents.
- C. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 01210 - Measurement and Payment
 - 2. Section 02200 - Earthwork
 - 3. Section 02324 - Trenching and Trench Backfilling
 - 4. Section 02920 - Site Restoration

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be made in accordance with the requirements of the General Requirements of the Contract Documents and Section 01300.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Reference Standards: The **Contractor** shall comply with the applicable provisions and recommendations of the latest editions of the following standards, except as otherwise shown on the Plans or specified in these specifications.
 - 1. AASHTO M147 - 65 - Standard Specification for Materials for Aggregate and Soil-Aggregate Subbase, Base, and Surface Courses.
 - 2. AASHTO T180 - Standard Specification for Moisture-Density Relations of Soils Using a 4.54-kg (10-lb) Rammer and a 457-mm (18-in) Drop.
 - 3. ASTM C136 - Standard Test Method for Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates.
 - 4. ASTM D698 - 00a - Standard Test Method for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort (12,400 ft-lbf/ft³; 600 kN-m/m³).
 - 5. ASTM D1557 - Standard Test Method for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soils Using Modified Effort (56,000 ft-lbf/ft³; 2,700 kN-m/m³).
 - 6. ASTM D2487 - Standard Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes (Unified Soil Classification System).

7. ASTM D4318 - Standard Test Method for Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit, and Plasticity Index of Soils.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Coarse aggregate shall be crushed stone of a quality equal to the best Stone Mountain Granite, of solid composition, free from dirt and adherent coatings, and suited for the class of its intended usage.
- B. Unless otherwise specified elsewhere in these Specifications or directed by the **County**, gradation of coarse aggregate shall conform to size Number 467, Number 57, or Number 67 as described in ASTM C33.
- C. The nominal maximum size of coarse aggregate used in concrete shall not be larger than one-fifth ($1/5$) of the narrowest dimension between sides of the forms, one-third ($1/3$) of the depth of slabs, or three-fourths ($3/4$) of the minimum clear spacing between reinforcing bars as described in ACI 68-50.
- D. Sand shall be clean and sharp, free from all deleterious substances, and shall conform to the requirements of ASTM C33.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. The **Contractor** shall verify that subgrade has been inspected and that gradients and elevations are correct and dry.

3.02 AGGREGATE PLACEMENT

- A. The **Contractor** shall place coarse aggregates in areas shown on the Plans or directed by the **County**.
- B. The **Contractor** shall place and compact coarse aggregate in accordance with the requirements of Section 02200 - Earthwork and Section 02324 - Trenching and Trench Backfilling.
- C. The **Contractor** shall level and contour surfaces to elevations and gradients indicated on the Plans.
- D. The **Contractor** shall add small quantities of fine aggregate to coarse aggregate as appropriate to assist compaction.
- E. The **Contractor** shall add water to assist compaction. If excess water is apparent, the **Contractor** shall remove aggregate and aerate to reduce moisture content.

- F. The **Contractor** shall use mechanical vibrating tamping in areas inaccessible to compaction equipment.

3.03 TOLERANCES

- A. Flatness: Maximum variation of one-quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) inch measured with a ten (10) foot metal straight edge.
- B. Scheduled Compacted Thickness: Within one-quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) inch.
- C. Variation from True Elevation: Within one-half ($\frac{1}{2}$) inch.
- D. Base: Compacted to ninety-five (95) percent modified proctor density as determined by ASTM D1557.

+++ END OF SECTION 02060 +++

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SECTION 02110 CLEARING AND GRUBBING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. Work described in this Section includes furnishing all labor, materials, equipment, tools, and incidentals required for all clearing and grubbing including, but not limited to, the removal from the Site of trees, stumps, roots, brush, structures, abandoned utilities, trash, debris, and all other materials found on or near the surface of the ground in the construction area and understood by generally accepted engineering practice not to be suitable for construction of the type contemplated.
- B. The extent of route clearing is that minimum degree of clearing necessary to carry out all construction activities, including construction of appurtenances and other additional clearing needed for access purposes. The route clearing shall not exceed the easement, temporary easement, or the signed right of entry agreement.
- C. Clearing and grubbing operations shall be coordinated with temporary and permanent erosion control requirements.
- D. Clearing operations include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Protection of existing trees and other vegetation,
 - 2. Removal of trees and other vegetation,
 - 3. Clearing,
 - 4. Removing above-grade improvements,
 - 5. Removing underground improvements,
 - 6. Restoring damaged improvements,
 - 7. Protecting above-grade and underground improvements,
 - 8. Erosion control of disturbed areas.
- E. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
 - 1. Division 1, General Requirements.
 - 2. Section 02125, Temporary and Permanent Erosion and Sediment Control
 - 3. Section 02050, Demolition
 - 4. Section 02200, Earthwork

1.02 JOB CONDITIONS

- A. Protection of Existing Improvements:
 - 1. Provide barricades, coverings, or other types of protection necessary to prevent damage to existing improvements.

2. Protect improvements on adjoining properties as well as those on the project site. Restore existing improvements damaged by this work to their original condition, as acceptable to the **County** or property owner, as required. Replace property line monuments (such as iron pins) removed or disturbed by clearing operations under the direction of a Land Surveyor licensed in the State of Georgia. A submittal is required with data showing the survey and sealed by the licensed land surveyor.
- B. Protection of Existing Trees and Vegetation:
1. Protect existing trees and other vegetation to avoid cutting, breaking or skinning of roots, skinning and bruising of bark, smothering of trees by stockpiling construction materials or excavated materials within drip lines, foot or vehicular traffic, and parking of vehicles or equipment within drip line. Provide temporary fences, barricades, or guards as required to protect trees and vegetation that shall be left standing.
 2. Provide protection for tree roots over one and one-half (1-1/2) inches in diameter that are cut during any construction operation. Coat the cut faces with emulsified asphalt or other acceptable coating that has been specially formulated for horticultural use on cut or damaged plant tissues. Temporarily cover all exposed tree roots with wet burlap to prevent roots from drying out; provide earth cover as soon as possible.
 3. Repair or replace damaged trees and vegetation resulting from any construction operation in a manner acceptable to the **County**. A qualified arborist approved by the **County** shall perform tree damage repair at no cost to the **County**. Replace damaged trees that cannot be repaired and restored to full-growth status, as determined by the **County**.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 EXISTING TREES AND VEGETATION

- A. Avoid cutting or injuring trees and vegetation outside easement line and outside areas to be cleared. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for damages outside these lines.

3.02 CLEARING AND GRUBBING

- A. Clearing operations shall begin no more than seven (7) days before beginning construction work for any area.
- B. Materials to be cleared, grubbed and removed from the project site include but are not limited to vegetation, trees, stumps, roots, lawns, shrubbery, gardens, paving, miscellaneous structures, debris, and abandoned utilities to the minimum

practicable extent to complete the work. Limit clearing to a single lane work route without provision for construction vehicles to pass utility operation. Determine and stake limitations of construction easement or right-of-way prior to commencement of work and keep construction activity within such limits.

- C. Grubbing shall consist of completely removing roots, stumps, trash, and other debris from all areas to be graded so that topsoil is free of roots and debris. Topsoil is to be left sufficiently clean so that further picking and raking shall not be required.
- D. All stumps, roots, foundations, and planking embedded in the ground shall be removed and disposed of. Stumps and roots larger than one (1) inch shall be grubbed and removed to a depth not less than four (4) feet below grade. All holes or cavities that extend below the subgrade elevation of the proposed work shall be filled with crushed rock or other suitable material, compacted to the same density as the surrounding material. Piling and butts of utility poles shall be removed to a minimum depth of two (2) feet below the limits of excavation for structures, trenches and roadway subgrade or two (2) feet below finish grade, whichever is lower.
- E. Landscaping features shall include, but are not necessarily limited to: fences, cultivated trees, cultivated shrubbery, property corners, man made improvements, subdivision, and other signs shall be moved off the easement. The **Contractor** shall take extreme care in moving landscape features and shall reestablish these features as directed by the **County**.
- F. Surface rocks and boulders shall be grubbed from the soil and removed from the site or used as fill in accordance with Section 02200 - Earthwork.
- G. Where the tree limbs interfere with utility wires, or where the trees to be felled are in close proximity to utility wires, the tree shall be taken down in sections to eliminate the possibility of damage to the utility.
- H. Any work pertaining to utility poles shall comply with the requirements of the appropriate utility.
- I. All fences adjoining any excavation or embankment that, in the **Contractor's** opinion, may be damaged or buried, shall be carefully removed, stored, and replaced. Any fencing that is damaged shall be replaced with new fence material of equal or better quality and construction. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for the new fence material cost if the **County** deems the **Contractor** was negligent.
- J. Stumps and roots shall be grubbed and removed to a depth not less than two feet below grade. All holes or cavities that extend below the subgrade elevation of the proposed work shall be filled with crushed rock or other suitable material, compacted to the same density as the surrounding material
- K. Burying or burning of residual materials and organics shall not be allowed.

- L. The **Contractor** shall utilize special precautions required for the protection and preservation of trees, cultivated shrubs, sod, fences, etc. situated within the construction area but not directly within excavation and/or fill limits. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for repair or replacement of any items damaged as a result of its operations.
- M. Remove lawn sod by cutting into maximum size that can be handled without tearing, stripping sod and underlying topsoil, and stockpiling for use in restoring the surface area. Water sod and otherwise maintain sod in viable, growing condition. Alternative means of lawn sod replacement may be approved by the **County**.
- N. Remove above-grade structures only where shown on the Drawings or as authorized by the **County**.

3.03 HOLES AND DEPRESSIONS

- A. Fill holes, depressions, and voids created or exposed by clearing operations with non-organic soil material approved by the **County**, unless further excavation or earthwork is indicated.
- B. Place fill material in horizontal layers not exceeding six (6) inches loose-depth and compact to a ninety-five (95) percent standard Proctor.

3.04 DISPOSAL OF WASTE MATERIALS

- A. Disposal General Requirements: Dispose cleared matter daily so as to maintain site in a safe and neat condition throughout the contract period. Owners of the property may remove merchantable timber, buildings, or other items from the work site before the **Contractor** begins operations, and no assurance exists that any such material will be on the work site when the **Contractor** begins work.
- B. On-Site Disposal:
 - 1. When authorized by the **County**, cut tree trunks and limbs, over two inches in diameter, into forty-eight- (48-)inch lengths and neatly stack within work limits on the same property as that on which the tree originally grew.
 - 2. On undeveloped property, distribute brush, trees, and limbs less than two inches in diameter, within the work area from which cut, as directed by the **County**. On developed property, remove all such clearing waste and properly dispose of it off-site.
- C. The debris resulting from the clearing and grubbing operation shall be hauled to a disposal site secured by the **Contractor** and shall be disposed of in accordance with all requirements of federal, state, **County** and municipal regulations. No debris of any kind shall be deposited in any stream or body of water, or in any street or alley. No debris shall be deposited upon any private property except with written consent of the property owner. In no case shall any

material or debris be left on the project site, shoved onto abutting private properties, or buried on the project site.

3.05 CONSTRUCTION ACCESS ROUTE ON EASEMENT

~~A. When shown on the Drawings or directed by the **County**, a construction access route shall be built on the sewer easement for the purpose of accessing manholes and performing all other necessary work within the easement.~~

- B. The Construction access route shall be cut (10) ten feet wide, minimum, and (6) six inches deep below existing grade. Filter fabric shall be placed at the bottom of the cut, and surge stone shall be placed on top of the fabric, filling the six- (6-) inch depth along the roadway.
- C. The filter fabric for use under the stone shall be as specified in Section 02125.
- D. Surge stone shall be 4" to 6" size (4X6) rip rap type stone, or equivalent. Use sound, tough, durable stones resistant to the action of air and water. Slabby or shaley pieces shall not be acceptable. Specific gravity shall be two (2.0) or greater. Stones shall have less than sixty-six (66) percent wear when tested in accordance with AASHTO T-96.

3.06 TREE REMOVAL ON EASEMENTS

- A. The **Contractor** shall confirm ownership of all on-site trees within the easement before work commences and submit a tree removal and disposal plan to the **County**.
- B. The **County's** written approval shall be obtained prior to the removal of any trees from the easement.
- C. All trees that need further processing (wood chips) on-site or disposal off-site shall be processed or disposed of in conformance with Federal, State, and local rules and regulations.
- D. The **Contractor** shall acquire any additional permits prior to commencement of any type of work done in the easement
- E. Stemmed vegetation, such as brush, shrubs, and trees shall be removed at or near the ground level, leaving the root systems intact.
- F. Trees shall be felled into the cleared construction area or areas to be cleared and not onto vegetation that shall be preserved.
- G. Trees that have fallen into water bodies, or beyond the construction area, shall be removed immediately. All damage and remediation costs shall be the **Contractor's** responsibility.

+++ END OF SECTION 02110 +++

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SECTION 02125

TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. This section includes requirements for the provision, maintenance, and subsequent removal of temporary and/or permanent erosion and sediment controls as shown on the approved plans.
- B. The temporary erosion and sediment controls specified herein shall be coordinated with the permanent erosion controls, to assure economical, effective, and continuous erosion and sediment control during construction within acceptable limits. Acceptable limits are as established by the Georgia Erosion and Sedimentation Control Act of 1975, as amended, Section 402 of the Federal Clean Water Act, and applicable codes, ordinances, rules, regulations, and laws of local and municipal authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Land disturbance activities shall not commence until the Land Disturbance Permit Stream Buffer variance, and Notice of Intent, if applicable, have been properly issued and all required meetings have taken place.
- D. This section requires the **Contractor** to design project specific devices and practices to meet requirements of the related work and references listed below in conjunction with the **Contractor's** own means, methods, and techniques, schedules and sequences of work, and actual conditions encountered. Design shall be performed by professionals experienced and familiar with storm water and drainage characteristics as well as the requirements of references listed below.

1.02 RELATED WORK SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE

- A. Erosion and Sediment Control Plan
- B. Section 02490 - Trees, Shrubs, and Ground Cover
- C. Section 02920 – Site Restoration

1.03 REFERENCES

- A. DeKalb **County** Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control Ordinance.
- B. DeKalb **County** Comprehensive Stormwater Management and Stormwater Quality Ordinance.
- C. Manual for Erosion and Sediment Control in Georgia, as published by the Georgia Soil and Water Conservation Commission (current edition).
- D. Federal Clean Water Act.

- E. Georgia Erosion and Sedimentation Act of 1975, as amended.
- F. Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Environmental Protection Division
General NPDES Permit # 100002.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. The **Contractor** shall provide at least one (1) representative involved in the project's land disturbing activities that has successfully completed the erosion and sediment control education and certification program as administered by the Georgia Soil and Water Conservation Commission; this "certified person" shall have completed as a minimum, the Level 1A (Fundamentals) course. A "certified person" shall be present onsite at all times when work is being performed. Failure to maintain a certified person onsite at all times shall result in a stop work order or other appropriate enforcement action.

1.05 SUBMITTALS

- A. Within fifteen (15) days after the date of the Notice to Proceed, the **Contractor** shall submit a narrative description, working drawings and schedule for proposed temporary erosion and sedimentation controls to the **County** for approval. The description and working drawings shall meet the requirements of the Georgia Erosion and Sedimentation Act of 1975 (as amended) and local soil erosion and sedimentation control ordinances. All fines imposed for improper erosion and sedimentation control shall be paid by the **Contractor**.
- B. Land disturbance activity shall not commence until the erosion and sedimentation control plans are approved. The **County** may provide a reproducible drawing of plan sheets to the **Contractor** for **Contractor's** use if necessary. The reproducible drawing shall not bear the Design Engineer's seal or logo and is provided only for the **Contractor's** convenience in obtaining land disturbance permits.
- C. The description and working drawings shall indicate controls that shall minimize erosion and prevent the off-site transport of sediment in storm water and drainage from the jobsite areas.
- D. Submit a written plan to the **County** for both temporary and permanent grassing. The plan shall include selection of species, dates, and rates of application for seeding, fertilizer, and mulching.
- E. Submittals shall be made in accordance with the requirements of the General Requirements of the Contract Documents and Section 01300 of these Specifications. Unless otherwise noted, all submittals shall be produced at the Pre-Construction Meeting. In addition, the following information shall be submitted to the **County**:
 - 1. Certification credentials of all persons that have completed the Georgia Soil and Water Conservation Commission's erosion and sediment control education and certification program and that will be involved in the project

shall be provided to the **County** prior to the start of any land disturbing activities.

PART 2 – PRACTICES AND PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

- A. The following paragraphs generally describe the erosion and sediment control practices and products typically employed on a utility construction project. The detailed requirements for these, as well as for other measures which may be needed to achieve effective erosion control, shall be as specified in the Standards and Specifications for General Land Disturbing Activities of the Manual for Erosion and Sediment Control in Georgia.
- B. The paragraph titles and alphanumeric codes refer to specific structural and vegetative type practices included in the aforementioned Standards. All practices shall be considered as temporary erosion and sediment control features, except the channel stabilization, gabions and grassing/sodding, trees, shrubs, and groundcovers, which are considered as permanent measures.

2.02 STRUCTURAL PRACTICES

- A. **CONSTRUCTION EXIT - Co**
 - 1. A construction exit consists of a stone-stabilized pad with a geotextile underliner located at any point where traffic shall be leaving a construction site to a public right-of-way, street, alley, sidewalk, or parking area.
 - 2. Construction exits are used to reduce or eliminate transport of mud from the construction area.
 - 3. Construction exits shall consist of graded one and one-half to three and one-half (1.5 to 3.5) inch stone meeting National Stone Association grade R-2. The geotextile underliner shall be a non-woven fabric equal to No. C-45NW as manufactured by Contech Construction Products, Inc. or approved equal.
- B. **CHANNEL STABILIZATION (RIPRAP) – Ch**
 - 1. Channel stabilization consists of structures to stabilize an open channel for water conveyance. Such stabilization is typically applied in those locations where the channel banks and bed have been disturbed by excavation for a pipeline crossing.
 - 2. Channels shall be stabilized using a rock riprap lining. The lining shall consist of filter bedding stone and graded riprap stone. Sizes of stone shall be as classified by either the National Stone Association (N.S.A.) or the Department of Transportation (D.O.T.). Riprap stone shall be equal to Georgia Department of Transportation Type 1 or Type 3. Filter bedding

stone shall be graded stone not exceeding six (6) inches in diameter. An appropriate geotextile fabric may be substituted for filter stone with **County** approval.

C. GABIONS – Ga

1. Gabions are large, multi-celled mesh boxes used in channel revetments, retaining walls, abutments, check dams, etc. Boxes shall be constructed of PVC coated wire mesh and filled with four to eight (4" to 8") inch pieces of durable stone. Stone placement shall be principally by hand or gentle mechanical dumping in no more than twelve (12) inch layers with PVC coated wire cross and diagonal supports in each cell to retain and support basket sides at those intervals. Minimum size for box gabions shall be 6'-0" x 3'-0" x 3'-0". Minimum size for Reno Mattresses shall be 9'-9" x 6'-6" x 0'-9". Gabions shall be manufactured by Maccaferri, USA or approved equal.

D. TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSING - Sr

1. A temporary stream crossing is a structure installed across a flowing stream for use by construction equipment.
2. Structures may include bridges, round pipes, and pipe arches. The structure shall be large enough to convey the full bank flow of the stream and be designed by the **Contractor** to withstand flows from a two (2) year, twenty-four (24) hour frequency storm.

E. CHECK DAMS - Cd

1. Check dams are barriers composed of stone or hay bales placed across a natural or constructed drainage way to prevent erosion in areas of concentrated flows.
2. Stone check dams shall not be utilized where the drainage area exceeds five acres. Hay bale check dams shall not be used where drainage areas exceed two (2) acres. Check dams shall not be installed in live streams.
3. Stone check dams shall be constructed of graded size two to ten (2 to 10) inch stone.

F. SEDIMENT BARRIER

1. STAKED HAYBALES - Sd1

- a. Hay bale barriers are placed in a single row on natural ground where the most likely erodible areas are located to restrain sediment particles carried by sheet flow.

2. SILT FENCE - Sd1

- a. Silt fences are temporary measures to retain suspended silt particles carried by sheet flow.
- b. Silt fence consists of silt fabric, as specified in the Georgia Department of Transportation list #36, wood or steel posts, and wire or nail fasteners.
- c. Type A silt fence is a non-woven thirty-six (36) inch wide filter fabric and shall be used on developments where the life of the project is greater than or equal to six (6) months. The flow rate (gallon/minute/square foot) is twenty-five (25). Additionally, Type A fabric has a color mark.
- d. Type C silt fence is a woven thirty-six (36) inch wide filter fabric with wire reinforcement. The wire reinforcement is necessary because this fabric allows almost three times the flow rate as Type A silt fence. The flow rate (gallon/minute/square foot) is seventy (70). Additionally, Type C fabric does not have a color mark.

G. INLET SEDIMENT TRAP - Sd2

1. Inlet sediment traps are temporarily protective devices formed around a storm drain inlet to trap sediment.
2. Inlet sediment traps are used to prevent sediment from leaving a site or from entering storm drain systems prior to permanent stabilization of the disturbed area.

H. ROCK FILTER DAM - Rd

1. Rock filter dams are installed across small non-actively flowing drainageways and are applicable for projects that involve grading activity directly in those drainageways.
2. Rock filter dams consist of riprap faced with smaller rock on the upstream side for additional filtering affect.

I. STREAM DIVERSION - PIPED DIVERSION (DV1), PUMPED DIVERSION (DV2), ENGINEERED DIVERSION STRUCTURES (DV3))

1. Installation of water and sewer pipelines designed to cross natural streams shall be accomplished only in "dry channel" conditions (i.e. in the absence of stream flow in the work area). Provisions shall be implemented to divert a constant quantity and quality of stream waters around the construction area by means of adequately sized pipes, pumps, or engineered diversion structures or other methods proposed by the **Contractor** and approved by the **County**. These diversion devices shall be maintained throughout the duration of construction within the

stream channel. The structures shall be designed by professionals familiar with storm water / drainage characteristics and applicable requirements to withstand flows from a two (2) year, twenty-four (24) hour frequency storm event unless otherwise noted on the drawings. Stream diversion devices shall not be removed until all disturbed areas of the stream channel bottom and banks are returned to original contours and stabilized to prevent erosion. The planning, scheduling, and sequencing of work by the **Contractor** shall be described in a detailed submittal to the **County** for approval. The final implementation schedule shall only be determined in conjunction with forecasted weather conditions for the period anticipated for diversion.

a. Piped Diversion - Dv1

Piped diversions shall be installed and implemented in conjunction with and as an extension of Temporary Stream Crossings - (Sr). Pipes shall be sized as shown on the drawings with sufficient coordination and planning as to their locations, elevations, etc. to allow subsequent water/sewer pipeline construction to occur in "dry channel" conditions.

Necessary sandbags or other sealing devices, dewatering, etc. shall be provided to accomplish this piped diversion as well as other "Best Management Practices" to ensure that erosion and sedimentation is controlled.

b. Pumped Diversion - Dv2

Pumped diversions shall be installed and implemented in conjunction with and as an extension of Temporary Stream Crossings (Sr). Pumps and piping shall be sized as shown on the drawings with sufficient coordination and planning as to their locations, elevations, etc. to allow subsequent water/sewer pipeline construction to occur in "dry channel" conditions.

Necessary sandbags or other sealing devices, dewatering, discharge sediment basins, sediment filter socks, "floc logs," "dirt bags," etc. shall be provided to accomplish this pumped diversion as well as other "Best Management Practices" to ensure that erosion and sedimentation is controlled.

c. Engineered Diversion Structure - Dv3

Engineered diversion structures such as "Aqua Barrier" by Nilex, Inc., "Portadam" by Portadam Inc, interlocked sheet piling, riprap cofferdams, etc. shall be installed and implemented to allow subsequent water/sewer pipeline construction to occur in "dry channel" conditions. Sequential work elements may be involved to allow the construction area to progress across a stream, and ensuring that the previously completed segment is reasonably restored and stabilized.

Necessary sandbags, geotextiles, linings, or other sealing devices, dewatering, etc, shall be provided to accomplish this manner of diversion as well as other “Best Management Practices” to ensure that erosion and sedimentation is controlled.

2.03 - VEGETATIVE PRACTICES

A. GENERAL

1. Disturbed areas shall be stabilized as construction progresses. For sanitary sewers or water mains installed within easements, the construction corridor shall not exceed one thousand (1,000) linear feet without stabilization. All other projects shall not exceed three hundred (300) linear feet without stabilization

B. DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION (WITH MULCHING ONLY) - Ds1

1. This practice is applicable where disturbed areas, temporarily idle, have not been established to final grade and/or where permanent vegetative cover is delayed for a period not to exceed six (6) months.
2. Mulch materials shall consist of dry straw or hay, wood chips, erosion control matting or netting, or polyethylene film. The mulch shall be uniform, spread over the designated area from two to four (2 to 4) inches thick.
3. Any and all disturbed areas that have not yet reached final grade shall be stabilized with mulch or temporary grassing within fourteen (14) calendar days of disturbance.

C. DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION (WITH TEMPORARY SEEDING) - Ds2

1. Temporary seeding is a measure consisting of seeding and mulching to reduce erosion. All disturbed areas shall be seeded when and where necessary to reduce erosion.
2. This practice is applicable where disturbed areas, temporarily idle, have not been established to final grade and/or where permanent vegetative cover is delayed for up to six (6) months.
3. Temporary seeding consists of a grass or grass-legume mixture suitable to the area and season of the year.

D. DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION (WITH PERMANENT VEGETATION) - Ds3

1. Permanent (perennial) vegetation shall consist of planted grasses, trees, shrubs, and/or perennial vines; a crop of perennial vegetation appropriate for the time of year and region (or to match, in kind, pre-existing maintained vegetation); or a crop of annual vegetation and seeding of target crop perennials appropriate for the region (or to match, in kind, pre-

existing maintained vegetation), such that within the growing season a seventy (70) percent coverage by perennial vegetation shall be achieved.

2. This practice is applicable on disturbed areas at final grade.
3. Permanent perennial vegetation shall be applied on rough graded areas that shall be undisturbed for more than (6) months.

E. DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION (WITH SODDING) - Ds4

1. This practice shall consist of ground preparation, furnishing lime and fertilizer and placement of sod.
2. Sod shall be from local area and delivered to the job site in either industry standard blocks or rolls. Sod shall not be delivered to the job site more than twenty-four (24) hours prior to installation. Sod shall be hand placed with edges butted and cut as required to fit the placement area. The finished installation shall be rolled with a lawn roller and thoroughly watered. The sod shall be watered daily for the first five days after installation.
3. Sod shall be anchored on slopes steeper than three to one (3:1).

F. EROSION CONTROL MATTING AND BLANKETS - Ss

1. This practice is a protective covering (blanket) or soil stabilization mat used to stabilize disturbed areas until permanent vegetation on steep slopes, channels, or shorelines can be established.
2. Concentrated flow areas, all slopes steeper than two and one-half to one (2.5:1) and with a height of ten (10) feet or greater, and cuts and fills within stream buffers, shall be stabilized with the appropriate erosion control matting or blankets.
3. All blanket and matting materials shall be on the Georgia Department of Transportation Qualified Products List (QPL #62 for Blankets, QPL #49 for Matting).

G. JOINT PLANTING STABILIZATION (rip-rap and willow stakes)

Joint planting is a system that installs live willow stakes between rip-rap (type 3) placed previously along the stream bank. It is installed to increase the effectiveness of the rock system by forming a living root matt in the base upon which rock has been placed and improve the environmental function and aesthetics of the rock bank. The rock shall be principally placed by hand or gentle mechanical dumping. Willow stake density of installation shall be 3 to 5 cuttings per square yard. Cuttings shall be two (2) inches in diameter and three and one-half (3.5) feet in length. The cutting shall be freshly cut and alive. Two thirds (2/3) of live stake shall be in the ground below the previously placed rock. Only native species willow stakes shall be used.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 GENERAL

- A. At the Preconstruction Conference, the **Contractor** shall submit a schedule for accomplishing the temporary erosion control work for specific conditions to be encountered on the project.
- B. The **Contractor** shall install all erosion and sediment control devices as required by actual field conditions, as shown on the approved plans, or as directed by the **County** or by any agency having jurisdiction in the locale of the project.
- C. The erosion and sediment control devices shall be installed by the **Contractor** before land disturbing activities begin.
- D. The **County** has the authority to direct the **Contractor** to provide immediate, additional temporary erosion control measures to prevent contamination of adjacent waterways and drainage ways. Additional erosion control measures may be used to correct conditions that develop during construction that were not foreseen during the design stage or that are needed prior to installation of the permanent erosion control features.
- E. The **County** may limit the area of excavation in progress based on the **Contractor's** capability and progress in keeping the finish grading, mulching, and seeding current, in accordance with the accepted schedule. Should seasonal limitations make such coordination unrealistic, temporary erosion control measures, such as mulching or temporary seeding, shall be taken immediately to the extent feasible and justified.
- F. The **Contractor** shall incorporate all permanent erosion control features (grassing and sodding) into the project at the earliest practicable time.

3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Erosion control measures shall be designed by professionals familiar with storm water / drainage characteristics, installed, and maintained in accordance with the "Manual for Erosion and Sediment Control in Georgia" published by the Georgia Soil and Water Conservation Commission.

3.03 INSPECTION

- A. Upon completion of installation, the **County** shall inspect the erosion and sediment control devices for proper installation, flaws, defects, or other damage. The **Contractor** shall repair or replace, at its expense, the unacceptable portions as directed by the **County**.
- B. All erosion and sediment control devices shall be inspected by the **Contractor** at least weekly and after each rainfall occurrence.

- C. All projects that require compliance with General NPDES Permit 100002 guidelines shall have inspections and monitoring in accordance with the specific Comprehensive Monitoring Plan.

3.04 MAINTENANCE

- A. The **Contractor** shall maintain the erosion and sediment control devices until the project is completed and all disturbed areas are stabilized. Maintenance of the devices shall include: removal and disposal of silt accumulation; replacement of damaged or deteriorated devices; other repairs; and the installation of additional devices should those devices installed prove to be inadequate. The **Contractor** shall provide this maintenance at no additional cost to the **County**.
- B. **Silt shall be cleaned out once it has accumulated to half the height of the device or when half of the available sediment storage capacity has been attained.**

3.05 REMOVAL

- A. Temporary erosion and sediment devices shall remain in place until such time as a satisfactory stand of grass has been established, unless the **County** or local government authority directs earlier removal. Damaged or otherwise unusable devices shall be removed from the site and disposed of properly.
- B. After erosion and sediment device removal, the **Contractor** shall dress out any disturbed areas in the vicinity of the removed device and grass according to these Specifications.

+++ END OF SECTION 02125 +++

SECTION 02140 DEWATERING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. Construct all permanent Work in areas free from water. Design, construct, and maintain all dikes, levees, cofferdams, diversion, and drainage channels as necessary to maintain the areas free from water and to protect the areas to be occupied by permanent work from water damage. Remove temporary works after they have served their purpose.
- B. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for the stability of all temporary and permanent slopes, grades, foundations, materials, and structures during the course of the Contract. Repair and replace all slopes, grades, foundations, materials, and structures damaged by water, both surface and sub-surface, to the lines, grades and conditions existing prior to the damage at no additional cost to the **County**.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 CARE OF WATER

- A. Except where the excavated materials are designated as materials for permanent work, material from required excavation may be used for dikes, levees, cofferdams, and other temporary backfill if approved by the **County**.
- B. Furnish, install, maintain, and operate necessary pumping and other equipment for dewatering the various parts of the Work and for maintaining the foundation and other parts free from water as required for constructing each part of the Work.
- C. Install all drainage ditches, sumps, and pumps to control excessive seepage on excavated slopes, to drain isolated zones with perched water tables, and to drain impervious surfaces at final excavation elevation.
- D. After they have served their purpose, remove all temporary protective work at a satisfactory time and in a satisfactory manner. All diversion channels and other temporary excavations in areas where the compacted fill or other structures will be constructed shall be cleaned out, backfilled, and processed under the same Specifications as those governing the compacted fill.
- E. When the temporary works will not adversely affect any item of permanent work or the planned usage of the Project, the **Contractor** shall receive approval from the **County** to leave such temporary works in place. In such instances, breaching of dikes, levees, and cofferdams may be required.

3.02 DEWATERING

- A. By the use of well points, pumps, tile drains, or other approved methods, the **Contractor** shall prevent the accumulation of water in excavated areas. Should water accumulate, it shall be promptly removed.
- B. As directed by the **County**, excavations shall be continuously dewatered to maintain a groundwater level no higher than two (2) feet below the lowest point in the excavation.
- C. The **Contractor** shall use piezometric observation wells to monitor the groundwater level and to ensure proper dewatering prior to excavation below the static water table. The number of wells required will vary depending on the size and depth of structures.
- D. No separate payment shall be made for dewatering required to accomplish the work.

+++ END OF SECTION 02140 +++

SECTION 02200 EARTHWORK

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. The work under this Section includes earthwork and related operations, including, but not limited to; excavating all classes of material encountered; trenching; handling; storage; transportation; and disposal of all excavated and unsuitable material; construction of fills and embankments; backfilling around structures; backfilling all pits; compacting; all sheeting; shoring and bracing; preparation of subgrades; surfacing and grading; and any other similar, incidental, or appurtenant earthwork operation that may be necessary to properly complete the Work.
- B. The **Contractor** shall provide all services, labor, materials, and equipment required for all earthwork and related operations necessary or convenient to the **Contractor** for furnishing complete Work as shown on the Drawings or specified in these Contract Documents.
- C. Related Work specified elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 02324 – Trenching and Trench Backfilling

1.02 GENERAL

- A. The elevations shown on the Drawings as existing are taken from the best available data and are intended to give reasonable information about the existing elevations. The **Contractor** shall verify conditions to determine the exact quantities of excavation and fill required.
- B. Earthwork operations shall be performed in a safe and proper manner with appropriate precautions being taken against all hazards.
- C. All excavated and filled areas for structures, trenches, fills, topsoil areas, embankments and channels shall be maintained by the **Contractor** in good condition at all times until final acceptance by the **County**. All damages and cost caused by erosion or other construction operations shall be the **Contractor's** responsibility and repaired by the **Contractor** using material of the same type as the damaged material at no cost to the **County**.
- D. The **Contractor** shall control grading in a manner to prevent water running into excavations. Obstruction of surface drainage shall be avoided and means shall be provided whereby storm water can flow uninterrupted in existing open ditches or channels; other surface drains; or temporary drains with the required E&S measures.

- E. The soil testing shall be performed by the **Contractor's** testing laboratory. As a minimum at least one (1) density test shall be performed for every five thousand (5,000) square feet of fill area and every two (2) feet of fill lift. Extra tests may be required at the **County's** discretion.
- F. Should the **County** choose to conduct its own testing, the **Contractor** shall make all necessary excavations and shall supply any samples of materials necessary for conducting compaction and density tests at no expense to the **County**. The cost of all retests made necessary by the failure of materials supplied by the **Contractor**, his agents or subcontractors, to conform to the requirements of these Contract Documents shall be paid by the **Contractor**. **Contractor** shall provide at least twenty-four (24) hours advance notice of earthwork operations to the Testing Laboratory. Testing Laboratory shall provide reports to the **County** with copies to the **Contractor** certifying (and sealed by a Registered Georgia Engineer) that earthwork is in conformance with the plans and specifications. The Testing laboratory shall witness the placement of all fill, unless otherwise directed by the **County**.
- G. All earthwork operations shall comply with the requirements of OSHA Construction Standards, Part 1926, Subpart P, Excavations, Trenching, and Shoring, and Subpart O, Motor Vehicles, Mechanized Equipment, and Marine Operations, and shall be conducted in a manner acceptable to the **County**.
- H. Stockpile Areas: Provided there is space available, stockpiling material may be on site if approved by the **County** and protected by Environmental and Safety measures.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be made in accordance with the requirements of the General Requirements of the Contract Documents and Section 01300. In addition, the following specific information shall be provided:
 - 1. Copies of permits obtained by the **Contractor** for the work.
 - 2. Test results, certification of compliance, source, and samples for all imported materials.
 - 3. Samples of fill materials to be used. Samples shall be submitted two (2) weeks in advance of use and shall consist of one-half (0.5) cubic feet of each type of material.
 - 4. Test reports for compaction.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Reference Standards. Comply with all Federal, State and local laws or ordinances, as well as all applicable codes, standards, regulations and/or regulatory agency requirements including the partial listing below:
 - 1. ASTM C136-84a, Standard Method for Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates.
 - 2. ASTM D1556-82, Test Method for Density of Soils in Place by the Sand Cone Method.

3. ASTM D1557-78, Test Methods for Moisture-Density Relations of Soils and Soil-Aggregate Mixtures Using ten (10) lb. (4.5-kg) Rammer and eighteen (18) in. (457-mm Drop).
4. ASTM D3107-88, Test Method for Moisture Content of Soil and Soil Aggregate in Place by Nuclear Methods (Shallow Depth).

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

A. Earthwork Materials

1. Controlled Fill:
 - a. Proposed fill soils shall be laboratory tested prior to construction use to determine their suitability. All fill material shall be subject to the approval of the **County**.
 - b. Notification: For approval of imported fill material, notify the **County** and Testing Laboratory at least three (3) weeks in advance of intention to import material, designate the proposed borrow area, and permit the Testing Laboratory to sample as necessary from the borrow area for the purpose of making acceptance tests to prove the quality of the material. Test results shall be submitted to the **County** for approval. All fill shall be free of significant organic matter or debris, have a low to moderate plasticity, (PI<15) uniform composition, and be free of rock fragments greater than three (3) inches in dimension. Soils selected for use as fill material shall also have a standard Proctor (ASTM D 698) maximum dry density of at least ninety (90) pounds per cubic foot.
 - c. All onsite fill material shall be soil exclusive of organic matter, frozen lumps, or other deleterious substances.
 - d. It shall contain no rocks or earth clumps over three (3) inches maximum in dimension. However, the **County** reserves the right to approve larger or smaller sizes for different depths of fill.
2. Structural Fill and Structural Backfill:
 - a. Select on site materials may be suitable. Testing and recommendation of suitability shall be made by the Testing Laboratory and submitted by the **Contractor** to the **County** for approval.
 - b. Imported material shall be sand, uniformly graded crushed rock or other select material recommended by the Testing Laboratory and submitted by the **Contractor** to the **County** for approval. Graded aggregate base material as specified in Section 02060 is acceptable for structural fill and backfill.
 - c. Crushed Rock: Crushed rock used for bedding and drainage stone shall conform to the Georgia Department of Transportation

Standard Specifications for construction of Road and Bridges,
Section 800 for No. 57 Stone.

3. Coarse Aggregate: Coarse aggregate shall conform to the Georgia Department of Transportation Standard Specifications of Transportation Systems construction of Road and Bridges, Section 800 for No. 57 Stone, Group II, and shall have the following gradation:

Sieve size	Percent Passing
1-½ inch	100 -
1 inch 95	100
¾ inch -	-
½ inch 25	60
3/8 inch	- -
#4 0	10
#8 0	5

4. Top Soil: Dark organic weed free loam.

- B. Sheeting, Bracing and Timbering: The **Contractor** shall furnish, place and maintain all sheeting, bracing and timbering required to properly support trenches and other excavations in open cut and to prevent all movement of the soil, pavement, structures, or utilities outside of the trench or pit.

1. General:

- a. All cofferdams, sheeting, bracing, and timbering shall be designed, sealed, and signed by a registered Professional **County** in the State of Georgia at the **Contractor's** expense. A copy of the drawings and design computations shall be submitted to the **County** for the project files.
- b. Sheeting, bracing and timbering shall be so placed as to allow the Work to be constructed to the lines and grades shown on the Drawings.
- c. If at any time the method being used by the **Contractor** for supporting any material or structure in or adjacent to any excavation is not reasonably safe the **County** may require and the **Contractor** shall at their cost provide additional bracing and support necessary to furnish the added degree of safety. The **Contractor** shall provide such added bracing and support by such method as **Contractor** may elect to use, but the taking of such added precautions shall in no way relieve the **Contractor** of sole and final responsibility for the safety of lives, work, and structures.
- d. All sheeting and shoring in contact with the concrete or masonry shall remain in place. The sheeting or shoring above the structure may remain in place or be cut off at the approval of the **County**. No sheeting shall be left in place within three feet below the ground surface unless it is in contact with the concrete or masonry.
- e. There shall be no payment for sheeting, bracing, shoring, and timbering left in place.

2. Timber:
 - a. Timber may be substituted for steel sheet piling when approved by the **County**. Timber for shoring, sheeting or bracing shall be sound and free of large or loose knots and in good condition. Size and spacing shall be in accordance with OSHA regulations.
 - b. Remove bracing and sheeting in units when backfill reaches the point necessary to protect the work and adjacent property. Leave sheeting in place when it cannot be safely removed. Cut off sheeting left in place below the finished ground surface by three (3) feet unless in contact with the concrete or masonry.
3. Steel Sheet Piling: Steel sheet piling shall be the continuous interlock type. The weight, depth, and section modulus of the sheet piling shall be sufficient to restrain the loads of earth pressure and surcharge from existing foundations. Procedure for installation and bracing shall be so scheduled and coordinated with the removal of the earth that the ground under existing structures shall be protected against lateral or vertical movement at all times. In addition to the drawings and computations, the **Contractor** shall provide closure and sealing details between sheet piling and existing facilities, as well as method of excavation within sheet piling to the **County** for review before commencing construction operations. **Contractor** shall be responsible for all damage to existing utilities and structures resulting from installation of sheet piling. Damage to existing utilities and/or structures resulting from installation of sheet piling shall be repaired at the **Contractor's** expense as well as all associated damages.
- C. Other Materials: All other materials not specifically described but required for proper completion of the work of this Section shall be as selected by the **Contractor** subject to the prior approval of the **County**.
- D. Stockpile area: The stockpile area shown on the drawings, or as directed by the **County**, shall be used to stockpile soil material for backfilling around structures and to stockpile needed topsoil.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.01 GENERAL

- A. Benching of Slopes: When the embankment is to be placed and compacted on hillsides, or when new embankment is to be compacted against existing embankments, or when the embankment is to be built one-half ($\frac{1}{2}$) width at a time, the slopes that are steeper than four to one (4:1) as measured at right angles to the embankment shall be continuously benched over those areas as the work is brought up in layers. Benching shall be of sufficient width to permit the operation of placing and compacting equipment. Each successive cut shall begin at the intersection of the original ground and the vertical side of the previous cut. Material thus cut shall be recompacted along with the new embankment material. Proof roll subgrade prior to placement of fill material.

B. Topsoil:

1. Remove all topsoil to a depth at which subsoil is encountered, from all areas, which are to be cut to lower grades or filled.
2. Topsoil to be used for finish grading may be stored on the site. It shall be piled properly, sloped to drain, and covered.

C. Bracing and Sheeting:

1. Furnish, install, and maintain all sheeting, bracing, and shoring as may be required to properly support the sides of all excavations and to prevent all movement of earth, which could in any way injure the work, adjacent property, or workmen.
2. Properly support all trenches for duct bank installation so as to conform to all pertinent rules and regulations and these Specifications. All trenches deeper than OSHA's maximum depth for no shoring shall be shored unless cut to the angle of repose of the excavated soils.
3. Exercise care in the removal of sheeting, shoring, bracing and timbering to prevent collapse or caving of the excavation faces being supported and damage to the work and adjacent property.
4. Do not leave any sheeting or bracing in the trench or excavation after completion of the work, unless approved or instructed by the **County**. The cost of leaving sheeting or bracing shall be at the **Contractor's** expense.
5. All sheeting and shoring in contact with concrete or masonry shall remain in place. The sheeting and shoring above the structure may remain or be cut off. No sheeting or shoring left in place shall be within three feet below the ground surface. Direction from the **County** is required when the sheeting or shoring is in contact with concrete or masonry and within three feet below ground surface.

D. Obstructions:

1. Remove and dispose of all trees, stumps, roots, boulders, pavement, pipes, and the like, as required for the performance of the work.
2. Exercise care in excavating around catch basins, inlets, manholes, piping, duct banks, underground vaults, etc.
3. Avoid removing or loosening castings or pushing dirt into structures.
4. Damaged or displaced castings shall be repaired and replaced, and dirt entering the structures or system during the performance of the work shall be removed and cleaned at no additional cost to the **County**.

E. Utilities to be Abandoned:

1. When pipes, conduits, sewers, or other structures are removed from the trench, leaving dead ends in the ground, such ends shall be fully plugged and sealed as indicated on the Drawings.
2. Abandoned structures such as manholes, catch basins or chambers shall be entirely removed and the void properly backfilled unless otherwise specified or indicated on the Drawings.

3. All materials from abandoned utilities that can be readily salvaged shall be removed from the excavation and stored on the site at a location as directed by the **County**.
4. All salvageable materials shall remain the property of the **County** unless otherwise indicated by the **County**.

F. Extra Earth Excavation:

1. In case soft material, which, in the opinion of the **County** is not suitable, is encountered in the bottom of a trench or underneath a structure, the soft material shall be removed and replaced with structural fill or coarse aggregate.

G. Cutting Paved Surfaces and Similar Improvements:

1. Remove existing pavement as necessary for installing utilities and appurtenances or as otherwise shown on the Drawings.
2. Before removing any pavement, mark the pavement neatly, paralleling pipelines and existing street lines. Space the marks to match the width of the trench.
3. Break asphalt pavement along the marks by scoring with a rotary saw and breaking below the score by the use of jackhammers or other suitable tools.
Break concrete pavement along the marks by scoring with a rotary saw and breaking below the score by the use of jackhammers or other suitable tools.
4. Do not pull pavement with machines until completely broken and separated from pavement to remain.
5. Do not disturb or damage the adjacent pavement. If the adjacent pavement is disturbed or damaged, remove and replace the damaged pavement.
NOTE: No additional payment shall be made for removing and replacing damaged adjacent pavement if negligence by the Contractor has occurred. This shall be the County's decision.
6. Remove and replace sidewalks disturbed by construction for their full width and to the nearest undisturbed joint.
7. The **Contractor** may tunnel under curbs that are encountered. Remove and replace any curb disturbed by construction to the nearest undisturbed joint.

H. Dewatering:

1. The proposed dewatering plan shall be submitted by the **Contractor** to the **County** for approval at least ten (10) working days prior to the beginning of any excavation.
2. Furnish, install, maintain, and operate necessary pumping and other equipment for dewatering the various parts of the Work and for maintaining the foundation and other parts free from water as required for constructing each part of the Work.

3. By the use of well points, pumps, tile drains, or other approved methods, the **Contractor** shall prevent the accumulation of water in excavated areas. Should water accumulate, it shall be promptly removed.
4. Excavations shall be continuously dewatered to maintain a ground water level no higher than three (3) feet below the lowest point in the excavation.
5. Piezometric observation wells shall be required, to monitor the ground water level, to ensure proper dewatering prior to excavation below the static water table. The number of wells required will vary depending on the size and depth of structures and shall be included in the plan.
6. The cost for all dewatering and discharge shall be at the **Contractor's** expense and shall be considered incidental.

3.02 EXCAVATION

A. Method:

1. All excavation shall be by open-cut from the surface except as indicated on the Drawings.
2. All excavations for appurtenances and structures shall be made in such manner and to such depth and width as will give ample room for building the structures and for bracing, sheeting, and supporting the sides of the excavation, for pumping and draining groundwater and wastewater which may be encountered, and for the removal from the trench of all materials excavated.
3. Water shall not be allowed to accumulate in excavations. **Contractor** shall provide sufficient temporary pumping to ensure that surface and ground waters do not saturate foundation soils.
4. Take special care so that soil below the bottom of the structure to be built is left undisturbed.

B. Grades:

1. Excavate to lines and grades indicated on the Drawings.
2. Where excavation grades are not indicated on the Drawings, excavate as required to accommodate installation.

C. Disposal of Excavated Material:

1. Remove and legally dispose of all excavated material not needed to complete filling, backfilling, and grading.
2. Dispose of excess excavated material at locations secured by the **Contractor** and in accordance with all requirements of Federal, State, **County** and municipal regulations. No debris of any kind shall be deposited in any stream or body of water, or on any street or alley. No debris shall be deposited on any private property except by written consent of the property owner with the required **County** permits. In no case shall any material be left on the Project, or be buried in embankments or trenches on the Project. With recommendation of the Testing Laboratory and approval by the **County**, demolished, crushed concrete may be acceptable for use in fill areas.

3. Excavated materials shall be placed adjacent to the work to be used for backfilling as required.
4. Excavated materials shall be placed, meeting OSHA's minimum distance, sufficiently back from the edge of the excavation to prevent caving of the trench wall, to permit safe access along the trench and to not cause any drainage problem. Excavated material shall be placed so as to not damage existing landscape or man-made improvements. Surcharging of any bank is not allowed.

D. Rock Excavation:

1. Rock excavation shall mean rock requiring drilling and blasting that occupies an original volume of at least one (1) cubic yard. Rock shall be considered as material that cannot be removed with a crawler tractor equal to a D-8 Caterpillar, equipped with a single-tooth ripper or by an excavator track hoe equal to a Caterpillar 225 rated with a three-fourths ($\frac{3}{4}$) cubic yard capacity with a bucket curling pullout capacity of twenty-five thousand (25,000) pounds.
2. Where rock is encountered within excavation for structures, it shall be excavated to the lines and grades indicated on the Drawings or as otherwise directed by the **County**. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for obtaining all blasting permits required.
3. If excess excavation is made or the material becomes disturbed so as to require removal below final subgrade elevations or beyond the prescribed limits, the resulting space shall be refilled with Class B concrete in accordance with Section 03300 - Cast-in-Place Concrete.

3.03 EXCAVATING FOR STRUCTURES

A. Excavation:

1. All excavation is unclassified and shall be included in the **Contractor's** Base Bid.
2. Excavation shall include all substances to be excavated. Excavation for structures shall be to limits not less than two (2) feet outside wall lines, to allow for formwork and inspection.
3. Where rock excavation is carried below grade the **Contractor** shall backfill to grade using concrete or structural fill.
4. Where unsuitable material is encountered excavate material to a depth acceptable to the **County** and fill with compacted structural fill as required.

B. Excavation for Foundations: Footings and slabs on grades shall rest on undisturbed earth, rock, or compacted materials to ensure proper bearing.

1. Unsuitable Foundation Material
 - a. All material in the opinion of the **County** that is unsuitable for foundation shall be removed and replaced with coarse aggregate or structural fill material as directed by the **County**.

- b. No determination of unsuitability shall be made until all requirements for dewatering are satisfactorily met.
 - 2. Foundation in Rock: Foundations for a structure shall be on similar materials. Should excavation for a foundation be partially in rock, the **Contractor** shall undercut that portion of the rock twelve (12) inches and bring the excavation to grade with compacted crushed stone.
- C. Construction Observations:
- 1. All excavations may be examined by the **County** prior to reinforcing steel placement to verify that the design bearing pressure is available. All excavations shall be clean, level, and free of ponded water, mud, and loose, frozen, or water-softened soils. If it is necessary for an excavation to remain open overnight, or if rain is imminent, a three to four (3 to 4) inch thick "mud mat" of Class B concrete may be placed in the bottom of the excavation to protect the bearing soils until reinforcing steel and concrete can be placed.
- D. Unsuitable Bearing:
- 1. If unsuitable bearing for foundations is encountered at the elevations indicated on the Drawings, the **County** shall be notified immediately.

3.04 EXCAVATION BELOW GRADE AND REFILL

- A. If the bottom of any excavation is taken out below the limits shown on the Drawings or specified, it shall be refilled to the bottom grade, at the **Contractor's** expense, except where rock or unsuitable soil is encountered. The refill shall be six (6) inch layers of structural fill or other material satisfactory to the **County**. The type of material to be used shall be the **County's** option.

3.05 BACKFILL AND FILL PLACEMENT

- A. Compaction of fill shall be accomplished by placing the fill material in horizontal lifts of eight inch (8) maximum loose thickness and mechanically compacting each lift to at least the specified dry density.
- B. All fill placement shall be witnessed by an experienced soils technician of the Testing Laboratory and fill density and moisture tests for each lift shall be performed to verify that the specified degree of compaction is being achieved.
- C. Prior to placement of any material in embankments, the area within embankment limits shall be stripped of topsoil and all unsuitable materials removed as described under Excavation. Area to receive fill shall then be scarified to a depth of at least six (6) inches.
- D. The fill shall be brought to the proposed elevation by placing and compacting only approved fill materials upon a subgrade approved by the **County**.

- E. Fill materials shall be placed in continuous approximately horizontal layers extending the full width of the embankment cross-section and the full dimension of the excavation where practicable.
- F. The fill shall be placed at a moisture content that corresponds to a +/- 3% of the optimum moisture content, as determined by the standard Proctor moisture-density relationship test.
- G. Compaction:
 - 1. The fill shall be uniformly compacted to a dry density that corresponds to at least ninety-five (95) percent of the standard Proctor maximum dry density (ASTM D 698) of the fill soil.
 - 2. The upper twelve-inches (12") of fill beneath the structures and pavement areas shall be compacted to ninety-eight (98) percent of the standard Proctor maximum dry density.
 - 3. Scarification and re-compaction of the upper fill soils immediately prior to the slab-on-grade and/or pavement construction shall be required.
 - 4. Compaction of embankments shall be by sheepfoot rollers with staggered uniformly spaced knobs and suitable cleaning devices. The projected area of each knob and the number and spacing of the knobs shall be such that the total weight of the roller and ballast when distributed over the area of one (1) row of knobs shall be two hundred fifty (250) psi. Placement and compaction of materials shall extend beyond the final contours sufficiently to ensure compaction of the material at the resulting final surface. Final contours shall then be achieved by a tracked bulldozer or grader shaping the face of the embankment.
 - 5. The backfill placement in trenches and behind structures shall be uniformly compacted to a dry density that corresponds to at least ninety-five (95) percent of the standard Proctor maximum dry density (ASTM D 698) of the fill soil. In confined areas requiring portable compaction equipment the fill material shall be placed in horizontal lifts of four (4) inch maximum loose thickness.
 - 6. If tests indicate that density of backfill fill is less than that specified, the area shall be either be recompacted or undercut, filled, and compacted until specified density is achieved.
 - 7. If compaction cannot be achieved by mechanical equipment, due to conflicts with utilities, flowable fill meeting the specifications be used with the **County's** approval at the **Contractor's** expense.
- H. Final Grading: Upon completion of construction operations, the area shall be graded to finish contour elevations and grades shown on the Drawings. Graded areas shall be made to blend with remaining ground surfaces. All surfaces shall be left smooth and free to drain.
- I. Moisture:
 - 1. If fill material is too wet, provide and operate approved means to assist the drying of the fill until suitable for compaction.
 - 2. If fill material is too dry, provide and operate approved means to add moisture to the fill layers.

J. Proof rolling:

1. All areas where pavement or structures are to be built on compacted fill and other areas where indicated on the Drawings, shall be proof rolled to detect soft spots prior to the placement of fill material or construction of foundations.
2. Proof rolling shall consist of the moving a twenty to thirty (20 to 30) ton loaded dump truck or pneumatic tire roller over the subgrade after the subgrade is shaped. Proof rolling shall be witnessed by the **County**.
3. Pneumatic-tired rollers shall have not fewer than four pneumatic tired wheels which shall be of such size and ply that tire pressures can be maintained between eighty and one hundred (80 and 100) pounds per square inch for twenty-five thousand (25,000) pound wheel load during rolling operations. Unless otherwise required, rolling shall be done with tires inflated to ninety (90) psi. The roller wheels shall be located abreast in a rigid steel frame. Each wheel shall be loaded with an individual weight box so that each wheel shall bear an equal load when traversing uneven ground. The weight boxes shall be suitable for ballast loading such that the load per wheel shall be twenty-five thousand (25,000) pounds. The spacing of the wheels shall ensure that the distance between the nearest edges of adjacent tires shall be not greater than one-half of the tire width of a single tire at the operating pressure for a twenty-five thousand (25,000) pound wheel load. The roller shall be operated not faster than five (5) feet/second.
4. Subgrade shall be proof rolled with six (6) passes. Depressions that develop during the proof rolling operation shall be filled with suitable material and those filled areas shall be proof rolled with six (6) passes. If, after having been filled and proof rolled, the subgrade still contains depressions, the soil shall be undercut to the full depth of the soft material or five (5) feet, whichever is less, backfilled, and rolled to achieve a compacted subgrade.
5. After the proof rolled subgrade has been accepted by the **County**, the surface of the subgrade shall be finish rolled with a smooth steel wheel roller weighing not less than ten (10) tons. Finished surface of the subgrade shall be within a tolerance of four hundredths (0.04) of a foot at every point.
6. Conduits, pipes, culverts, and underdrains shall be neither disturbed nor damaged by proof rolling operations. Rollers shall neither pass over, nor approach closer than five (5) feet to conduits, pipes, culverts and underdrains unless the tops of those facilities are deeper than three (3) feet.

K. During wet or rainy periods, aeration (drying) shall be required to reduce the fill materials to the required moisture condition. During dry periods, water shall be added to achieve the proper moisture content for compaction. Silty soils, which are wet, shall require aeration prior to compaction even during dry periods.

3.06 BACKFILLING AROUND STRUCTURES

A. General:

1. Remove debris from excavations before backfilling.
2. Do not backfill against foundation walls until so instructed by the **County**
3. Wherever possible, backfilling shall be simultaneous on both sides of walls to equalize lateral pressures.
4. Do not backfill on only one (1) side of vertically spanning walls unless walls are adequately shored or permanent construction is in place to furnish lateral support on both top and bottom of wall.

3.07 GRADING

A. General:

1. Perform all rough and finish grading required to attain the elevations indicated on the Drawings.
2. Perform rough grading to an accuracy of plus or minus one tenth (0.10) of a foot.

B. Grading Around Buildings: Control the grading around buildings so the ground is pitched to prevent water from running into the excavated areas of a building or damaging other site features.

C. Treatment After Completion of Grading:

1. After grading is completed, permit no further excavation, filling or grading, except with the approval of the **County**.
2. Use all means necessary to prevent the erosion of freshly graded areas during construction and until such time as permanent drainage and erosion control measures have been installed.

3.08 EXCESS WATER CONTROL

A. Unfavorable Weather:

1. Do not place, spread, or roll any fill material during unfavorable weather conditions.
2. Do not resume operations until moisture content and fill density are satisfactory to the **County**.
3. Any inundated area that freezes shall be removed and refilled at the **Contractor's** expense.

B. Provide berms or channels to prevent flooding of subgrade. Promptly remove all water collected in depressions.

C. Pumping, Drainage and Dewatering:

1. Provide, maintain, and use at all times during construction adequate means and devices to promptly remove and dispose of all water from every source entering the excavations or other parts of the Work.
2. Dewater by means, which shall ensure dry excavations, preserve final lines and grades, and do not disturb or displace adjacent soil.
3. All pumping and drainage shall be done with no damage to property or structures and without interference with the rights of the public, owners of private property, pedestrians, vehicular traffic or the work of other contractors, and in accordance with all pertinent laws, ordinances, and regulations.
4. Do not overload or obstruct existing drainage facilities.

3.09 SETTLEMENT

- A. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for all settlement of backfill, fills, and embankments, which may occur within one (1) year after final acceptance of the Work by the **County**.
- B. The **Contractor** shall make, or cause to be made, all repairs, or replacements made necessary by settlement within thirty (30) days after receipt of written notice from the **County**.

3.10 CLEANING

- A. Upon completion of the work of this Section, remove all rubbish, trash, and debris resulting from construction operations in a lawful manner. Remove surplus equipment and tools. Leave the site in a neat and orderly condition acceptable to the **County**, and in conformance with the General Requirements of the Contract Documents.

+++END OF SECTION 02200+++

SECTION 02224 PIPE BORING AND JACKING

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. The work covered by this Section includes furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment required to bore and jack casings or construct tunneled crossings and to properly complete pipeline construction as described herein and/or shown on the Drawings.
- B. General: Supply all materials and perform all work in accordance with applicable American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM), American Water Works Association (AWWA), American National Standards Institute (ANSI), or other recognized standards. Latest revisions of all standards are applicable. If requested by the **County**, submit evidence that the manufacturer has consistently produced products of satisfactory quality and performance over a period of at least two (2) years.

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be made in accordance with the requirements of the General Requirements of the Contract Documents and Section 01300 - Submittals. In addition, the following specific information shall be provided:
- B. Method Submittals: As directed by the **County**, the **Contractor** shall provide for the **County's** approval, a detailed plan for the methods proposed for the construction of the casing or tunnel. These plans shall address the following:
 - 1. Tunneling Method:
 - a. Groundwater Control: The **Contractor** shall control the groundwater throughout the construction of the casing. The groundwater shall be controlled by dewatering (well points, sumps, or deep wells), grouting, freezing, or other method approved by the **County**. The **Contractor** shall prepare a written, detailed plan for controlling groundwater, citing similar installation conditions and results. This plan shall be submitted to the **County** prior to any construction of the casing.
 - b. Face Protection: The face of the excavation shall be protected from the collapse of the soil into the casing or tunnel.
 - c. Casing Design: Design of the bore pit and required bearing to resist jacking forces is the responsibility of the **Contractor**. The excavation method selected shall be compatible with expected ground conditions. The lengths of the casing shown on the Drawings are the minimum lengths required. The length of the casing may be extended for the convenience of the **Contractor**, with the approval of the **County**, at no additional cost. Due to restrictive right-of-way and construction easements, boring and jacking casing lengths less than the nominal length may be necessary.

2. Bore and Jack Method:
 - a. With **County** approval, the **Contractor** has the option to select the bore and jack method, including groundwater control, except as restricted herein.
 - b. The **Contractor** shall submit working drawings, written procedures, and calculations describing in detail the proposed bore and jack method and entire operation. This shall include, but not be limited to, groundwater control, ground stabilization if proposed, excavation procedures, control of casing alignment and grade, support of face, detection of surface movement, procedure for installing pipes and anchors and placement of an approved fill material between pipe and casing. If, in opinion of the **Contractor**, modifications to the methods are required during construction, working drawings shall be submitted for **County** approval delineating such modifications, including reasons for the modifications. Preparation of these drawings shall be at no cost to the **County**.
- C. Material Submittals: The **Contractor** shall provide for the **County's** approval, shop drawings, proposed construction drawings and other pertinent specifications and product data as follows:
 1. Shop drawings for casing pipe and tunnel liner plate showing sizes and connection details
 2. Design mixes for concrete and grout
 3. Casing spacers
- D. Experience Submittals: Boring and jacking casings and tunnel construction is deemed to be specialty contractor work. If the **Contractor** elects to perform the work, the **Contractor** shall provide evidence of experience as required by the General Requirements of the Contract Documents. The **Contractor** proposed to do the work shall have a minimum of five (5) continuous years of experience in steel casing and tunnel construction. Evidence of this experience shall be provided with the shop drawings for approval by the **County**.

1.03 STORAGE AND PROTECTION

- A. All materials shall be stored and protected in accordance with the Manufacturer's recommendations and as approved by the **County**.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION

- A. Casing:
 1. The casing shall be new unused pipe made from steel plate having minimum yield strength of 35,000 psi. The steel plate shall also meet the chemical requirements of ASTM A36.

2. As directed by the **County**, the outside of the casing pipe shall be coated with coal tar epoxy having a minimum dry film thickness of sixteen (16) mils. Surface preparation shall be SSPC-SP-10. Epoxy shall have a minimum solids content of sixty-five (65) percent by volume and shall be air or airless spray applied, minimum drying time shall be seven (7) days. Brushing shall be permitted in small areas only. All coating and recoating shall be done in strict accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Epoxy shall be Tnemec, Kop-Coat, Valspar, or approved equal and submitted for approval by the **County**.
3. Minimum casing thicknesses are shown on the Drawings. Actual thicknesses shall be determined by the casing installer, based on an evaluation of the required forces to be exerted on the casing when jacking and all calculations shall be submitted for approval by the **County**. Any buckling of the casing due to jacking forces shall be repaired at no additional cost to the **County**.
4. Minimum diameters of casing are shown on the Drawings. Larger casings, with the **County's** approval, may be provided at no additional cost to the **County**, for whatever reasons the **Contractor** may decide, whether due to casing size availability, line and grade tolerances, soil conditions, etc.

B. Liner Plate:

1. Liner plates shall be of the thickness shown on the Drawings. The liner plates shall be either the four (4) flange-type or the two (2) flange lap-joint-type. Bolts and nuts used with the two- (2)-flange plates shall be a minimum of five-eighths (5/8) inch in diameter and shall conform to the latest revision of ASTM A307 for plate thickness less than 0.209 inch, and ASTM A449 for plate thickness equal to or greater than 0.209 inch. Bolts and nuts used with four (4) flange plates shall be not less than one-half (1/2) inch in diameter for plate thicknesses to and including 0.179 inch and not less than five-eighths (5/8) inch in diameter for plates of greater thickness. The bolts and nuts shall be quick acting coarse thread and shall conform to ASTM A307, Grade A. Each ring shall have two (2) inch-diameter half-couplings and plugs for grouting, located as shown on the Detail Drawings. Liner plates, bolts, and calculations shall be submitted to the **County** for approval.

C. Casing Spacers: Casing spacers shall meet one of the following requirements:

1. Casing spacers shall be flanged, bolt-on style with a two-section stainless steel shell lined with a PVC liner, minimum 0.09-inch-thick also having a hardness of eighty-five to ninety (85 - 90) durometer. Runners shall be attached to stainless steel risers that shall be properly welded to the shell. The height of the runners and risers shall be manufactured such that the pipe does not float within the casing. Casing spacers shall be Cascade Waterworks Manufacturing Company, Advanced Products & Systems, Inc., or approved equal.
2. Casing spacers shall be a two-section, flanged, bolt-on style constructed of heat-fused PVC coated steel, minimum fourteen (14) gauge band and ten (10) gauge risers, with two (2) inch wide fiberglass reinforced

polyester insula duty PVC inner liner, minimum 0.09 inch thick, having a hardness of eighty-five to ninety (85-90) durometer, and all stainless steel hardware shall be Pipeline Seal and Insulator, Ltd., or approved equal.

3. Casing spacers shall be designed for the general configuration shown in the Plans, including provisions for other conduits to be installed with the carrier pipe.
- D. Carrier Pipe: Carrier pipes shall be as specified in Section 02665, Water Mains, and Accessories, or Section 02665 - Transmission Water Mains. All joints of pipe in casing shall be restrained.
- E. Surface Settlement Markers: Surface settlement markers within pavement areas shall be P.K. nails. Surface settlement markers within non-paved areas shall be wooden hubs. The **Contractor** may submit alternate methods to the **County** for approval.

2.02 EQUIPMENT

- A. Casings
 1. A cutting head shall be attached to a continuous auger mounted inside the casing pipe.
 2. On casing pipe for water lines over sixty (60) feet in length, the installation equipment shall include a steering head and a grade indicator.
 3. The steering head shall be controlled manually from the bore pit. The grade indicator shall consist of a water level attached to the casing, which would indicate the elevation of the front end of the casing or some other means for grade indication approved by the **County**.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.01 GENERAL

- A. Interpretation of soil investigation reports and data, investigating the site and determination of the site soil conditions prior to bidding is the sole responsibility of the **Contractor**. Rock and/or water, if encountered, shall not entitle the **Contractor** to additional compensation. The **Contractor** shall examine the geotechnical report and borings and obtain all additional information as required to assure that the system provided shall be capable of operating successfully given groundwater conditions, soil type, rock profile, potential for obstructions and all geotechnical parameters pertinent to this type of microtunneling. With approval from the **County**, the **Contractor** may perform additional soil investigation at no cost to the **County**.
- B. When water is encountered, provide and maintain a dewatering system of sufficient capacity to remove water on a twenty-four (24) hour basis keeping excavations free of water until the backfill operation is in progress. Dewatering shall be carried out in such a manner that removal of soil particles is held to a

minimum. Dewatering shall comply with the approved Temporary and Permanent Erosion and Sediment Control Plan.

- C. Methods of dewatering shall be at the option and responsibility of the **Contractor**. Maintain close observation to detect settlement or displacement of surface facilities due to dewatering. Should settlement or displacement be detected, notify the **County** immediately and take such action as necessary to maintain safe conditions and prevent damage.
- D. Casing and tunnel construction shall be performed so as not to interfere with, interrupt or endanger roadway surface and activity thereon, and minimize subsidence of the surface, structures, and utilities above and in the vicinity of the work. Support the ground continuously in a manner that shall prevent loss of ground and keep the perimeters and face of the casing, passages and shafts stable. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for all settlement resulting from operations and shall repair and restore all damaged property to its original or better condition and is responsible for all associated damages at no cost to the **County**.

3.02 SAFETY

- A. Provide all necessary bulkheads and shields to ensure complete safety to all traffic, persons, and property at all times during the work. Perform the work in such a manner as to not permanently damage the roadbed or interfere with normal traffic over it in those areas immediately adjacent and outside the active project work area.
- B. Perform all activities in accordance with the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, OSHA, PL-596), as amended, applicable regulations of the Federal Government, OSHA 29CFR 1926 and applicable criteria of ANSI A10.16-81, "Safety Requirements for Construction of Tunnel Shafts and Caissons."

3.03 SURFACE SETTLEMENT MONITORING

- A. Provide surface settlement markers, placed as specified and as directed by the **County**. The **Contractor** shall place settlement markers outside the pavement area, along the centerline of the casing or tunnel at twenty (20) foot intervals. Markers shall also be placed at each shoulder of the roadway, at each edge of pavement, at the centerline of the pavement, and at ten and twenty-five (10 and 25) feet offset in each direction from the centerline of the casing. Tie settlement markers to benchmarks and indices sufficiently removed as not to be affected by the **Contractor's** operations.
- B. Make observations of surface settlement markers, placed as required herein, at intervals acceptable to the **County**. In the event settlement or heave on any marker exceeds one (1) inch, the **Contractor** shall immediately cease work and, using a method submitted to and approved by the **County**, take immediate action to restore surface elevations to those existing prior to start of the **Contractor's** operations.

- C. Take readings and permanently record surface elevations prior to the start of dewatering operations and/or shaft excavation. The following schedule shall be used for obtaining and recording elevation readings: all settlement markers, once a week; all settlement markers within fifty (50) feet of the casing or tunnel heading, at the beginning of each day; more frequently at the **County's** direction if settlement is identified. Make all elevation measurements to the nearest one hundredth (0.01) of a foot.
- D. The **Contractor** shall cooperate fully with jurisdictional personnel. Any settlement shall be corrected by and at the expense of the **Contractor**.
- E. Promptly report any settlement and horizontal movement immediately to the **County** and take immediate remedial action at no cost to the **County**.

3.04 BORING AND JACKING

- A. Shaft
 - 1. Conduct boring and jacking operations from a shaft excavated at one (1) end of the section to be bored. Where conditions and accessibility are suitable, place the shaft on the lower elevation end of the bore.
 - 2. The shaft shall be rectangular and excavated to a width and length required for ample working space. If necessary, sheet and shore shaft properly on all sides. Shaft sheeting shall be timber or steel piling of ample strength to safely withstand all structural loadings of whatever nature due to site and soil conditions. Keep preparations dry during all operations. Perform shaft dewatering operations as necessary to maintain the integrity of the shaft and foundation.
 - 3. The bottom of the shaft shall be firm and unyielding to form an adequate foundation upon which to work. In the event the shaft bottom is not stable, excavate to such additional depth as required and place a gravel sub-base or a concrete sub-base to create the support necessary to perform the required boring and jacking operation at no extra cost to the **County**.
- B. Jacking Rails and Frame
 - 1. Set jacking rails to proper line and grade within the shaft. Secure rails in place to prevent settlement or movement during operations. The jacking rails shall cradle and hold the casing pipe on true line and grade during the progress of installing the casing.
 - 2. Place backing between the heels of jacking rails and the rear of the shaft. The backing shall be adequate to withstand all jacking forces and loads. The **Contractor** shall submit calculations detailing the wall pressures exerted by the jacking operations for the full length of the jack distance.
 - 3. The jacking frame shall be of adequate design for the magnitude of the job. Apply thrust to the end of the pipe in such a manner to impart a uniformly balanced load to the pipe barrel without damaging the joint ends of the pipe.
- C. Boring and jacking of casing pipes shall be accomplished by the dry auger boring method without jetting, sluicing, or wet boring.

- D. Auger the hole and jack the casing through the soil simultaneously.
- E. Bored installations shall have a bored-hole diameter essentially the same as the outside diameter of the casing pipe to be installed.
- F. Execute boring ahead of the casing pipe with extreme care, commensurate with the rate of casing pipe penetration. Boring may proceed slightly in advance of the penetrating pipe and shall be made in such a manner to prevent any voids in the earth around the outside perimeter of the pipe. Make all investigations and determine if the soil conditions are such as to require the use of a shield.
- G. Alignment and grade shall be monitored with a state-of-the-art laser system. As the casing is installed, check the horizontal and vertical alignment frequently. Make corrections prior to continuing operation.
- H. Any casing pipe damaged in jacking operations shall be repaired, if approved by the **County**, or removed and replaced at the **Contractor's** own expense.
- I. Lengths of casing pipe, as long as practical, shall be used except as restricted otherwise. Joints between sections shall be completely welded in accordance with AWS recommended procedures. Prior to welding the joints, the **Contractor** shall ensure that both ends of the casing sections being welded are square.
- J. The **Contractor** shall submit for approval to the **County** a contingency plan that shall allow the use of a casing lubricant, such as bentonite, in the event excessive frictional forces jeopardize the successful completion of the casing installation.
- K. Once the jacking procedure has begun, it shall be continued without stopping until completed, subject to weather and conditions beyond the control of the **Contractor**.
- L. Care shall be taken to ensure that casing pipe installed by boring and jacking method shall be at the proper alignment and grade.
- M. The **Contractor** shall maintain and operate pumps and other necessary drainage system equipment to keep work dewatered at all times.
- N. Adequate sheeting, shoring and bracing for embankments, operating pits and other appurtenances shall be placed and maintained to ensure that work proceeds safely and expeditiously. Upon completion of the required work, sheeting, shoring, and bracing shall be left in place, cut off, or removed, as directed by the **County**.
- O. Refer to Section 02200 - Earthwork, and Section 02324 - Trenching and Trench Backfilling, for additional information related to trench excavation, all classes and types of excavation, the removal of rock, muck and debris, and the excavation of all working pits and backfill.

C.

3.06 VENTILATION AND AIR QUALITY

- A. Provide, operate, and maintain for the duration of the casing project, a ventilation system to meet safety and OSHA requirements.

3.07 ROCK EXCAVATION IN CASING

- A. In the event that rock is encountered during the installation of the casing pipe that, in the opinion of the **County**, cannot be removed through the casing, the **County** may authorize the **Contractor** to complete the crossing with a tunnel.
- B. With the **County's** approval, the **Contractor** may continue to install the casing and remove the rock through the casing at no additional cost to the **County**.

3.08 FREE BORE

- A. When indicated on the Drawings, or permitted or directed by the Engineer or **County**, the Contractor shall use a special earth auger machine to bore a controlled hole to the line and grade, as appropriate or as indicated on the Drawings. Free bores in excess of forty feet will require advanced approval by the **County**.
- B. Shaft
1. Conduct free bore operations from a shaft excavated at one (1) end of the section to be bored. Where conditions and accessibility are suitable, place the shaft on the lower elevation end of the bore.
 2. The shaft shall be rectangular and excavated to a width and length required for ample working space. If necessary, sheet and shore shaft properly on all sides. Shaft sheeting shall be timber or steel piling of ample strength to safely withstand all structural loadings of whatever nature due to site and soil conditions. Keep preparations dry during all operations. Perform shaft dewatering operations as necessary to maintain the integrity of the shaft and foundation.
 3. The bottom of the shaft shall be firm and unyielding to form an adequate foundation upon which to work. In the event the shaft bottom is not stable, excavate to such additional depth as required and place a gravel sub-base or a concrete sub-base to create the support necessary to perform the required boring and jacking operation at no extra cost to the **County**.
- C. Free bore shall be accomplished by the dry auger boring method without jetting, sluicing, or wet boring.
- D. Bored installations shall have a bored-hole diameter which shall not exceed four (4) inches larger than the bell diameter of the pipe to be installed and shall be maintained until the pipe is installed through the hole. If the annular space between the earthen hole and the carrier pipe exceeds six (6) inches, then the Contractor shall fill such space by pressure grouting or pumping in a flowable fill to eliminate possible settlement.

- E. Execute boring with extreme care. Boring shall be made in such a manner to prevent any voids in the earth around the outside perimeter of the pipe. Make all investigations and determine if the soil conditions are such as to require the use of a shield.
- F. Care shall be taken to ensure that pipe installed by the free bore method shall be at the proper alignment and grade.
- G. The **Contractor** shall maintain and operate pumps and other necessary drainage system equipment to keep work dewatered at all times.
- H. Adequate sheeting, shoring and bracing for embankments, operating pits and other appurtenances shall be placed and maintained to ensure that work proceeds safely and expeditiously. Upon completion of the required work, sheeting, shoring, and bracing shall be left in place, cut off, or removed, as directed by the **County**.
- I. Refer to Section 02200 - Earthwork, and Section 02324 - Trenching and Trench Backfilling, for additional information related to trench excavation, all classes and types of excavation, the removal of rock, muck and debris, and the excavation of all working pits and backfill.

3.09 INSTALLATION OF PIPE

- A. After construction of the casing or tunnel is complete, and has been accepted by the **County**, install the pipeline in accordance with the Drawings and Specifications.
- B. Check the alignment and grade of the casing and submit a plan to the **County** for approval to set the pipe at proper alignment, grade, and elevation, without any sags or high spots.
- C. The carrier pipe shall be held in the casing pipe by the use of casing spacers. The casing spacers shall be designed by the **Contractor** such that the carrier pipe can be installed in the casing. For tunnels, the carrier pipe shall be held in place with a steel strap per the details.
- D. With **County** approval and as directed by the **County**, close the ends of the casing or tunnel with four (4) inch brick walls, plastered with Portland cement mortar and waterproofed with asphaltic roofing cement.

3.10 SHEETING REMOVAL

- A. Remove sheeting used for shoring from the shaft and off the job site. The removal of sheeting, shoring, and bracing shall be done in such a manner so as not to endanger or damage either new or existing structures or private or public properties, and to avoid cave-ins, subsidence, or sliding in the banks.

+++ END OF SECTION 02224 +++

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SECTION 02231 TREE PROTECTION AND TRIMMING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. This section includes the protection and trimming of trees that interfere with, or are affected by, execution of the Work, whether temporary or new construction.
- B. Related Work specified elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 02200 - Earthwork
 - 2. Section 02324 - Trenching and Trench Backfilling
 - 3. Section 02920 - Site Restoration

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be made in accordance with the requirements of the General Requirements of the Contract Documents and Section 01300. In addition, the following specific information shall be provided:
 - 1. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
 - 2. Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in the "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. The **Contractor** shall include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of engineers and owners, and other information specified.
 - 3. Certification: From a qualified forester that trees indicated to remain have been protected during construction according to recognized standards and that the trees were promptly and properly treated and repaired when damaged.
 - 4. Maintenance Recommendations: From a certified arborist for care and protection of trees affected by construction during and after completing the Work.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Reference Standards: The **Contractor** shall comply with the applicable provisions and recommendations of the latest editions of the following standards, except as otherwise shown on the Plans or specified in these Specifications.
 - 1. Hortus Third: Concise Dictionary of Plants Cultivated in the U.S. and County, 1976.

2. Standardized Plant Names (American Joint Committee on Horticulture Nomenclature).
 3. National Arborist Association "Pruning Standards for Shade Trees", latest revision.
 4. ANSI A 300 – Trees, Shrubs, and Other Woody Plant Maintenance – Standard Practices.
 5. ASTM D 448 – Standard Classification for Sizes of Aggregate for Road and Bridge Construction.
 6. ASTM D 5268 – Standard Specification for Topsoil Used for Landscaping Purposes.
- B. Forester Qualifications: A forester licensed in the State of Georgia.
- C. Tree Pruning Standards: The **Contractor** shall comply with the requirements of ANSI A300 unless more stringent requirements are indicated.
- D. Pre-installation Conference: The **Contractor** shall conduct a pre-installation conference at the site of the Work.

Before starting tree protection and trimming, the **Contractor** shall meet with representatives of authorities having jurisdiction, including, the **County**, consultants, and other concerned entities. The **Contractor** shall review tree protection and trimming procedures and responsibilities. The **Contractor** shall notify participants at least three (3) working days before convening the conference. The **Contractor** shall record discussions and agreements and furnish a copy to each participant.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Drainage Fill: Selected crushed stone, or crushed or uncrushed gravel, washed, ASTM D448, Size 24, with ninety (90) to one hundred (100) percent passing a two and one half (2½) inch sieve and not more than ten (10) percent passing a three quarter (¾) inch sieve.
- B. Topsoil: Fertile, friable, surface soil, containing natural loam and complying with the requirements of ASTM D5268. The **Contractor** shall provide topsoil that is free of stones larger than one (1) inch in any dimension and free of other extraneous or toxic matter harmful to plant growth. The **Contractor** shall obtain topsoil only from well-drained sites where soil occurs in depth of four (4) inches or more; the **Contractor** shall not obtain topsoil from bogs or marshes.
- C. Filter Fabric: Manufacturer's standard, non-woven, pervious, geotextile fabric of polypropylene, nylon, or polyester fibers.

- D. Webbed Fabric Fence (temporary fencing): Orange polyethylene webbed fabric, forty-six (46) inches high supported by six (6) feet steel channel posts, five (5) feet on center. The **Contractor** shall set posts two (2) feet below grade.
- E. Chain Link Fence: Shall meet the requirements of the approved plans and submittals.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Prior to any construction, the **Contractor** shall flag all trees on the site of the Work scheduled to be protected. All flagging shall be approved by the **County** prior to startup of the Work and construction activities. The **County** shall be notified immediately of any conflicts with proposed Work, structures, or utilities.

3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Temporary Fencing:
 - 1. The **Contractor** shall install temporary fencing as indicated on the Plans or outside the drip line of trees to protect remaining vegetation from construction damage.
 - 2. The **Contractor** shall install chain link fence according to the requirements of the approved plans and submittals.
- B. The **Contractor** shall protect tree root systems from damage due to noxious materials caused by runoff or spillage while mixing, placing, or storing construction materials. The **Contractor** shall protect root systems from flooding, eroding, or excessive wetting caused by dewatering operations.
- C. The **Contractor** shall not store construction materials, debris, or excavated material within the drip line of remaining trees. The **Contractor** shall not permit vehicles or foot traffic within the drip line. The **Contractor** shall prevent soil compaction over root systems.
- D. The **Contractor** shall not allow fires under or adjacent to remaining trees or other plants.

3.03 EXCAVATION

- A. The **Contractor** shall install shoring or other protective support systems to minimize sloping or benching of excavations that could endanger trees.
- B. The **Contractor** shall not excavate within drip line of trees, unless otherwise indicated or approved by the **County**

- C. Where excavation for new construction is required within drip line of trees, the **Contractor** shall hand-clear and excavate to minimize damage to root systems. The **Contractor** shall use narrow-tine spading forks and comb soil to expose roots.
 - 1. The **Contractor** shall relocate roots in backfill areas where possible. If encountering large, main lateral roots, the **Contractor** shall expose roots beyond excavation limits as required to bend and relocate them without breaking. If encountered immediately adjacent to the location of new construction and relocation is not practical, the **Contractor** shall cut roots approximately three (3) inches back from new construction.
 - 2. The **Contractor** shall not allow exposed roots to dry out before placing permanent backfill. The **Contractor** shall provide temporary earth cover or pack with peat moss and wrap with burlap. The **Contractor** shall water and maintain earth in a moist condition. The **Contractor** shall temporarily support and protect roots from damage until they are permanently relocated and covered with soil.
- D. Where utility trenches are required within drip line of trees, the **Contractor** shall tunnel under or around roots by drilling, auger boring, pipe jacking, or digging by hand.
- E. Root Pruning: The **Contractor** shall not cut main lateral roots or taproots. The **Contractor** shall cut only smaller roots that interfere with installation of utilities. The **Contractor** shall cut roots with sharp pruning instruments. The **Contractor** shall not break or chop roots.

3.04 REGRADING

- A. Grade Lowering: Where new finish grade is indicated below existing grade around trees, the **Contractor** shall slope grade away from trees as recommended by the forester, unless otherwise directed by the **County**.
- B. Root Pruning: The **Contractor** shall prune tree roots exposed during grade lowering. The **Contractor** shall not cut main lateral roots or taproots. The **Contractor** shall cut only smaller roots. The **Contractor** shall cut roots with sharp pruning instruments. The **Contractor** shall not break or chop roots.
- C. Minor Fill: Where existing grade is six (6) inches or less below elevation of finish grade, the **Contractor** shall fill with topsoil. The **Contractor** shall place topsoil in a single un-compacted layer and hand grade to required finish elevations.
- D. Moderate Fill: Where existing grade is more than six (6) inches, but less than twelve (12) inches below elevation of finish grade, the **Contractor** shall place drainage fill, filter fabric, and topsoil on existing grade as follows:
 - 1. Carefully place drainage fill against tree trunk approximately two (2) inches above elevation of finish grade and extend not less than eighteen (18) inches from the tree trunk on all sides. For balance of area within drip

line perimeter, the **Contractor** shall place drainage fill up to six (6) inches below elevation of grade.

2. The **Contractor** shall place filter fabric with edges overlapping six (6) inches minimum.
3. The **Contractor** shall place fill layer of topsoil to finish grade. The **Contractor** shall not compact drainage fill or topsoil. The **Contractor** shall hand-grade to required finish elevations.

3.05 TREE PRUNING

- A. The **Contractor** shall prune remaining trees affected by temporary and new construction.
- B. The **Contractor** shall prune remaining trees to compensate for root loss caused by damaging or cutting root system. The **Contractor** shall provide subsequent maintenance during Contract period as recommended by the forester.
- C. Pruning Standards: The **Contractor** shall prune trees according to the most current revision of ANSI A300 following the following types of pruning:
 1. Crown cleaning
 2. Crown thinning
 3. Crown raising
 4. Crown reduction
 5. Vista pruning
 6. Crown restoration
- D. The **Contractor** shall cut branches with sharp pruning instruments. The **Contractor** shall not break or chop branches.
- E. The **Contractor** shall chip branches removed from trees. The **Contractor** shall spread chips where indicated or as directed by the **County**.

3.06 TREE REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT

- A. The **Contractor** shall promptly repair trees damaged by construction operations within twenty-four (24) hours. The **Contractor** shall treat damaged trunks, limbs, and roots according to written instructions of the certified arborist.
- B. The **Contractor** shall remove and replace dead and damaged trees that the certified arborist determines to be incapable of restoring to a normal growth pattern.
- C. The **Contractor** shall aerate surface soil compacted during construction ten (10) feet beyond drip line and no closer than thirty-six (36) inches to tree trunk. The **Contractor** shall drill two (2) inch diameter holes a minimum of twelve (12) inches deep at twenty-four (24) inches on center. The **Contractor** shall backfill holes with an equal mix of augered soil and sand.

3.07 DISPOSAL OF WASTE MATERIALS

- A. Burning at the site of the Work is not permitted.
- B. Disposal: The **Contractor** shall remove excess excavated material, displaced trees, and excess chips from the site and dispose of them at an approved location.

3.08 MAINTENANCE

- A. All protected trees that have been root pruned shall be watered deeply twice a week during periods of hot, dry, windy weather (defined as when daily temperatures rise over eighty-five (85) degrees with no rain in the last 72 hours).

3.09 REPLACEMENT

- A. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for replacement of all protected trees that are damaged or destroyed during the construction period. Replacement shall be in equal caliper inches (D.B.H.) to those trees damaged or destroyed and shall be in like species unless otherwise determined by the **County**.

3.10 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. At the end of the construction period, the **Contractor** shall remove all protection fencing, trash, and debris within the protection area and finish grade and cover in accordance with the requirements of these Specifications.

+++ END OF SECTION 02231 +++

SECTION 02302 GRANITE CURB

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. The work covered under this section includes furnishing all labor, equipment, and materials required to furnish and set granite curb in accordance with the Plans and Specifications, where shown on the plans or directed by the **County**.
- B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 02200 – Earthwork

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be made in accordance with the requirements of the General Requirements of the Contract Documents and Section 01300. In addition, the following specific information shall be provided:
 - 1. Two (2) samples of finished product granite curb two (2) feet in length.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. The granite curbs shall be type A granite curbs and shall match exactly the existing curbs in color, texture and size. The **Contractor** shall submit adequate samples to the **County** for approval.
- B. All granite material shall first be approved by the **County** before any ordering or installation occurs.
- C. All granite curb shall be tough, sound, durable, uniform in color, and free from rifts, seams, and laminations. They shall be not less than three (3) feet nor more than eight (8) feet in length, eighteen to twenty-four (18 to 24) inches in depth and matched width at the top to be six (6) inches. The granite shall be as shown on the drawings.
- D. The front of all curb stone shall have a batter finished surface with three quarters (3/4) inch bullnose at the battered edge. The granite shall have no depressions greater than one-quarter (1/4) inch from a straight edge the same length as the stone. The remainder of the face shall be free from projections greater than one half (1/2) inch, and the back for three (3) inches down from the top shall be satisfactorily dressed. The ends for the full width of the stone to a point fourteen (14) inches down from the top of the curb shall be close jointed, square to the top

and face; the remainder of the end shall be cut so that there shall be a fairly close joint. The bottom of the stones shall be roughly squared.

2.02 FINISH

- A. The granite curb shall have a sawn finish on the top and a split finish on the face of the curb. The **County** shall approve all curbing before the **Contractor** orders or installs.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 SETTING

- A. Curb shall be set with close joints. The top front edge of the curb shall present a fair and unbroken line and the face a plane surface with a batter of one to twelve (1 to 12). The curbstone at the corners of intersecting joints shall be of the same quality as the curb hereinbefore specified and shall be set in the same manner. On curbs, where drainage basins are located, such special shaped stones as may be required shall be furnished and set. At ramps and wherever required, special shaped stones shall be furnished and set.
- B. Curb trenches shall be opened to their full width and depth well in advance of the setting of the curb. The foundation for curb shall be concrete. The bottom layer of concrete shall be six (6) inches thick; the concrete in front and back of the curb shall be deposited simultaneously to the required height. Backfill and compaction shall meet minimum requirements.

+++ END OF SECTION 02302 +++

SECTION 02324 TRENCHING AND TRENCH BACKFILLING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. The Work covered under this section consists of furnishing all labor, equipment, and materials and performing all operations in connection with the trench excavation and backfill required to install the pipelines shown on the Plans and as specified in these Specifications.
- B. Excavation shall include the removal of all trees, stumps, brush, debris, or other obstacles that remain after the site preparation operations and that may obstruct the Work. Excavation shall also include the excavation and removal of all earth, rock, or other materials to the extent necessary to install the pipe and appurtenances in conformance with the lines and grades shown on the Plans and as specified in these Specifications.
- C. Backfill shall include the refilling and compaction of the fill in the trenches and excavations up to the surrounding ground surface or road grade at crossing.
- D. Trenches are divided into five areas:
 - 1. Foundation: The area beneath the bedding, sometimes also referred to as trench stabilization.
 - 2. Bedding: The area above the trench bottom (or foundation) and below the bottom of the barrel of the pipe.
 - 3. Haunch: The area above the bottom of the barrel of the pipe up to a specified height above the bottom of the barrel of the pipe.
 - 4. Initial Backfill: The area above the haunching material and below a plane 12 inches above the top of the barrel of the pipe.
 - 5. Final Backfill: The area above a plane 12 inches above the top of the barrel of the pipe.
- E. The choice of method, means, techniques, and equipment rests with the **Contractor**. The **Contractor** shall select the method and equipment for trench excavation and backfill depending upon the type of material to be excavated and backfilled, the depth of excavation, the amount of space available for operation of equipment, storage of excavated material, proximity of man-made improvements to be protected, available easement or right-of-way, and prevailing practice in the area.
- F. When hazardous or contaminated materials are encountered while performing trench excavation, the **Contractor** shall stop work and report the hazardous or

contaminated materials to the **County** immediately. The **County** will instruct the **Contractor** on the required procedures.

G. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:

1. Section 01210 - Measurement and Payment
2. Section 02200 - Earthwork
3. Section 02140 - Dewatering
4. Section 02665 – Water Main and Accessories

1.02 SUBMITTALS

A. Submittals shall be made in accordance with the requirements of the General Requirements of the Contract Documents and Section 01300. In addition, the following specific information shall be provided:

1. The **Contractor** shall submit a work plan for trenching and trench backfilling with complete written description that identifies details of the proposed method of construction and the sequence of operations for construction relative to trenching and trench backfilling. The descriptions, with supporting illustrations, shall be sufficiently detailed to demonstrate to the **County** that the procedures meet the requirements of the Plans and these Specifications.
2. The **Contractor** shall submit a dewatering plan in accordance with the requirements of Section 02140 - Dewatering.
3. The **Contractor** shall submit backfill material sources and product quality information.
4. The **Contractor** shall submit record documents in accordance with the requirements of the General Conditions. The **Contractor** shall record locations of sewers, as installed, referenced to survey benchmarks. The **Contractor** shall include locations of utilities encountered or rerouted. The **Contractor** shall give horizontal dimensions, elevations, inverts, and gradients. The **Contractor** shall use either GPS technology or a conventional survey to locate utilities.
5. The laboratory shall submit the following reports directly to the **County** from the testing services, with a copy to the **Contractor**.
 - a. Test reports on borrow material
 - b. Verification of each footing subgrade
 - c. Field density test reports
 - d. One (1) optimum moisture-maximum density curve for each type of soil encountered
 - e. Report of actual unconfined compressive strength and/or results of bearing tests of each of the strata tested

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Reference Standards: The **Contractor** shall comply with the applicable provisions and recommendations of the latest editions of the following standards, except as otherwise shown on the Plans or specified in these Specifications.
1. ASTM C33 - Concrete Aggregates
 2. ASTM C136 - Standard Test Method for Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates
 3. ASTM D698 - Standard Test Method for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort (12,400 ft-lbf/ft³ or 600 kN-m/m³)
 4. ASTM D2922 - Standard Test Method for Density of Soil and Soil Aggregate in Place by Nuclear Methods (Shallow Depth)
 5. ASTM D1556 - Standard Test Method for Density of Soil in Place by the Sand-Cone Method
 6. ASTM D1557 - Standard Test Method for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Modified Effort (56,000 ft-lbf/ft³ or 2,700 kN-m/m³)
 7. ASTM D3017 - Standard Test Method for Water Content of Soil and Rock in Place by Nuclear Methods (Shallow Depth)
- B. Density: All references to "maximum dry density" shall mean the maximum dry density defined by ASTM D1557, except that for cohesionless, free-draining soils, "maximum dry density" shall mean the maximum index density as determined by ASTM D4253. Determination of the density of foundation, bedding, haunching, or backfill materials in place shall meet the requirements of ASTM D1556 and ASTM D2922.
- C. Sources and Evaluation Testing: Testing of materials to certify conformance with these Specifications shall be performed by an independent testing laboratory approved by the **County**.

1.04 SAFETY

- A. The **Contractor** shall perform all trench excavation and backfilling activities in accordance with the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (PL 91-596), as amended. The **Contractor** shall pay particular attention to the Safety and Health Regulations Part 1926, Subpart P "Excavation, Trenching & Shoring" as described in OSHA publication 2226.

1.05 TESTING

- A. Tests and analysis of fill and borrow material shall be performed in accordance with the requirements of ASTM D1557.
- B. Testing shall be performed by an approved independent commercial testing laboratory. The **Contractor** shall coordinate testing.
- C. Compaction testing shall be performed in accordance with the requirements of ASTM D1556 or ASTM D2292.

- D. If tests indicate Work does not meet specified requirements, the **Contractor** shall remove Work, replace, and retest at no cost to the **County**.

1.06 JOB CONDITIONS

- A. All operations shall be performed by the **Contractor** in strict conformance with OSHA and any applicable local safety requirements. The **Contractor** shall pay particular attention to safety regulations for excavations and entering confined spaces.
- B. Test borings and other exploratory operations may be made by the **Contractor** with **County** approval at no cost to the **County**.
- C. The **Contractor** shall verify that survey benchmarks and intended elevations for the Work are as indicated on the Plans.
- D. It is intended that the Plans show the locations of all known existing surface and subsurface structures. However, the locations of many gas mains, water mains, conduits, sewers, is unknown and the **County** assumes no responsibility for failure to show any or all of these structures on the Plans or to show them in their exact locations. It is mutually agreed that such failure shall not be considered sufficient basis for claims for Extra Work or for increasing the pay quantities, unless an obstruction encountered is such as to necessitate substantial changes in the lines or grades or requires the building of special structures, provisions for which are not made in the Plans. Any substantial change shall be determined and approved by the **County**.
- E. The **Contractor** shall locate existing underground utilities in the site of the Work. If utilities are to remain in service and in place, the **Contractor** shall provide adequate means of support and protection during trenching and trench backfilling.
- F. Utilities Notification Prior to Construction:
 - 1. Georgia law mandates that, before beginning all mechanical digging or excavation work, the **Contractor** shall contact Georgia 811 by using eRequest on www.Georgia811.com or by calling 811 or 1-800-282-7411.
 - 2. The **Contractor** may utilize EDEN (Excavation Digging Event Notification) web application that enables Members and Professional Excavators to create, manage, respond to, and edit Georgia 811 Locate Request Tickets.
 - 3. The **Contractor** shall retain all records of notification and responses during the course of the project until final Payment.
- G. Should uncharted, or incorrectly charted, piping or other utilities be encountered during excavation, the **Contractor** shall consult the utility owner immediately for directions. The **Contractor** shall cooperate with utility companies in keeping respective services and facilities in operation. The **Contractor** shall repair damaged utilities to the satisfaction of the utility owner and shall be responsible for all costs associated with the repair or replacement of the damaged utility facilities.

- H. Unless specified otherwise in other Specifications Sections, the **Contractor** shall not interrupt existing utilities serving any facilities, during occupied hours, except when permitted in writing by the **County** and then only after acceptable temporary, utility services have been provided.
- I. The **Contractor** shall provide a minimum of forty-eight (48) hour notice to the **County** and utility owner, and shall receive written notice to proceed before interrupting any utility.
- J. The **Contractor** shall demolish and completely remove from the site of the Work existing underground utilities indicated on the Plans to be removed. The **Contractor** shall coordinate with utility companies for shut-off of services if lines are active. No separate payment shall be made by the **County**.
- K. The **Contractor** shall protect excavations by shoring, bracing, sheet piling, underpinning, or other methods required to prevent cave-in or loose soil from falling into excavations. Where indicated in the Plans or directed by the **County**, the **Contractor** shall use augured piles and lagging. Augured piles shall be used instead of vibratory driven piles when near structures or existing sewers.
- L. The **Contractor** shall notify the **County** of unexpected subsurface conditions and discontinue work in affected area until the **Contractor** receives notification to resume work.
- M. The **Contractor** shall protect the bottom of the trench and soil adjacent to and beneath trench from frost.
- N. The **Contractor** shall prevent surface water run-off into a trench.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 TRENCH FOUNDATION MATERIALS

- A. Crushed stone shall be utilized for trench foundation (trench stabilization) and shall meet the requirements of the Georgia Department of Transportation Specifications Construction of Transportation Systems 800.2.01, Group I (limestone, marble, or dolomite) or Group II (quartzite, granite, or gneiss). Stone size shall be between No. 57 and No. 4, inclusive.

2.02 BEDDING AND HAUNCHING MATERIALS

- A. Unless specified otherwise, bedding and haunching materials shall be crushed stone as specified below.
- B. Crushed stone utilized for bedding and haunching shall meet the requirements of Section 02060 - Crushed Stone Aggregate and of the Georgia Department of Transportation Specifications Construction of Transportation Systems 800.2.01, Group I (limestone, marble, or dolomite) or Group II (quartzite, granite, or gneiss). Stone size shall be No. 57.

C. Filter Fabric - Non-Woven Type:

1. Filter fabric associated with bedding shall be a UV stabilized, spun-bonded, continuous filament, needle-punched, polypropylene, nonwoven geotextile.
2. The fabric shall have an equivalent open size (EOS or AOS) of 120 to 70. The fabric shall also conform to the minimum property values listed in the following table:

Fabric Property	Unit	Test Procedure	Average Value	
			Typical	Minimum
Weight	oz/yd ²	ASTM D3776	8.3	
Thickness	mils	ASTM D1777	105	
Grab Strength	lbs	ASTM D4632	240	210
Grab Elongation	%	ASTM D4632	>50	50
Tear Strength	lbs	ASTM D4533	100	85
Mullen Burst	psi	ASTM D3786	350	320
Puncture Resistance	lbs	ASTM D4833	115	100
Permittivity	sec ⁻¹	ASTM D4491	1.7	
Water Permeability	cm/sec	ASTM D4491	0.4	
Water Flow Rate	gpm/ft ²	ASTM D4491	120	
UV Resistance (500 hrs)	%	ASTM D4355	>85	
pH			2 - 13	

3. If directed by the **County**, the filter fabric manufacturer shall furnish the services of a competent factory representative to supervise and/or inspect the installation of pipe. This service shall be furnished for a minimum of 10 days during initial pipe installation.
4. Filter fabric shall be equal to TenCate Polyfelt TS 700, Trevira Fiber Company 1125, or Supac 7-MP.

2.03 INITIAL BACKFILL

- A. Initial backfill material shall be crushed stone as specified for bedding and haunching materials or earth material meeting the requirements of this section.

2.04 FINAL BACKFILL

- A. Final backfill material for unpaved areas shall be general excavated earth materials, shall not contain rock larger than two (2) inches at its greatest diameter, cinders, stumps, limbs, man-made wastes, and other unsuitable materials. If materials excavated from the trench are not suitable for use as final backfill material, the **Contractor** shall provide select material conforming to the requirements of this section, including compaction requirements.
- B. Final backfill material for paved areas shall be crusher run. The **Contractor** shall install crusher run to the sub-base elevation in paved areas.

2.05 SELECT BACKFILL

- A. Select backfill shall be imported materials that meet the requirements as specified for bedding, haunching, initial backfill or final backfill materials, including compaction requirements.

2.06 CONCRETE

- A. Concrete for bedding, haunching, initial backfill, or encasement shall have a compressive strength of not less than three thousand (3,000) psi, with not less than five and one-half (5½) bags of cement per cubic yard and a slump between three and five (3 and 5) inches. Ready-mixed concrete shall be mixed and transported in accordance with the requirements of ASTM C94. Reinforcing steel shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A 615, Grade 60.

2.07 FLOWABLE FILL

- A. Flowable fill, where required for trench backfill, shall be submitted for approval and meet the requirements of the Georgia Department of Transportation Standard Specifications Construction of Transportation Systems, Section 600 for Excavatable or Non-Excavatable type.
<http://www.dot.ga.gov/PartnerSmart/Business/Source/specs/ss600.pdf#search=section%20600> The **Contractor** shall receive direction from the **County** on which type of flowable fill shall be used on a case-by-case basis.
 - 1. Flowable fill is a mixture of Portland cement, fly ash, fine aggregate, air entraining admixture, and water. Flowable fill contains low cementitious content for reduced strength development.
 - 2. Ensure flowable fill is manufactured at plants that qualify at approved sources according to the Standard Operating Procedure for Quality Assurance for Ready-Mix Concrete Plants in Georgia.

2.08 GRANULAR MATERIAL

- A. Granular material, where required for trench backfill, shall be sand, river sand, crushed stone or aggregate, pond screenings, crusher run, recycled concrete, or other angular material. Granular material shall meet gradation requirements for Size No. 57 or finer.

2.09 COMPACTION EQUIPMENT

- A. Compaction equipment shall be of suitable type and adequate to obtain the amount of compaction specified. Compaction equipment shall be operated in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and recommendations and shall be maintained in such condition that it shall deliver the manufacturer's rated compaction effort.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION OF PIPELINE EASEMENT

- A. Preparation of pipeline easement shall be performed in accordance with the requirements of Section 02200 - Earthwork. Where clearing or partial clearing of the easement is necessary, the **Contractor** shall clean the easement prior to the start of trenching. The **Contractor** shall cut trees and brush as near to the surface of the ground as practicable, remove all stumps, and pile for disposal. The **Contractor** shall not permit excavated materials to cover brush or trees prior to disposal.
- B. The **Contractor** shall not remove any trees without approval from the **County**.
- C. Trees and shrubs farther than ten (10) feet from pipe centerline shall not be removed unless designated for removal by the **County** and within the easement. The **Contractor** shall protect all other trees and shrubs.

3.02 DISPOSAL OF CLEARED MATERIAL

- A. The **Contractor** shall bear all costs of disposing of trees, stumps, brush, roots, limbs, and other waste materials from the clearing operation. Material shall be disposed of in such a manner as to meet all the requirements of Federal, State, and local regulations regarding health, safety, and public welfare. All cleared material shall be disposed of offsite in an approved location and at the **Contractor's** expense.

3.03 OBSTRUCTIONS

- A. This item refers to obstructions that may be removed and do not require replacement. The **Contractor** shall remove obstructions within the trench area or adjacent thereto such as tree roots, stumps, abandoned piling, concrete structures, logs, and debris of all types without additional compensation. The **County** may make changes in the trench alignment to avoid major obstructions, if such alignment changes can be made within the easement or right-of-way without adversely affecting the intended function of the facility. The **Contractor** shall dispose of obstructions removed from the excavation in accordance with the requirements of this section.

3.04 TRENCH EXCAVATION

- A. Topsoil and grass shall be stripped a minimum of six (6) inches over the trench excavation site and stockpiled separately for replacement over the finished grading areas.
- B. Trenches shall be excavated to the lines and grades shown on the Plans with the centerlines of the trenches on the centerlines of the pipes and to the dimensions that provide the proper support and protection of the pipe and other structures and accessories.
- C. Trench Width for Pipelines:
 - 1. The sides of all trenches shall be vertical, as much as possible, to a minimum of one (1) foot above the top of the pipe. Unless otherwise indicated on the Plans, the maximum trench width shall be equal to the sum of the outside diameter of the pipe plus two (2) feet. The minimum trench width shall be that which allows the proper consolidation of the haunching and initial backfill material.
 - 2. The **Contractor** may, with the **County's** approval, excavate the top portion of the trench to the maximum width within the construction easement or right-of-way that will not cause unnecessary damage to adjoining structures, roadways, pavement, utilities, trees, or private property. Where necessary to protect adjoining structures, roadways, pavement, utilities, trees, or private property, the **Contractor** shall provide sheeting and shoring. The **Contractor** shall use trench boxes to stabilize the trench meeting minimum structural loading. The **Contractor** shall ensure that all shop drawings from the supplier of the trench boxes have been stamped by a Professional Engineer registered in Georgia. The **Contractor** shall also submit to the **County** for approval the sheeting and shoring.
 - 3. Where rock is encountered in trenches, the **Contractor** shall excavate to remove boulders and stones to provide a minimum of six (6) inch clearance between the rock and any part of the pipe or manhole. The maximum allowable width of rock excavation for payment shall be the outer diameter of the pipe bell to be installed plus twenty-four (24) inches.
 - 4. Wherever the prescribed maximum trench width is exceeded, the **Contractor** shall use the next higher Class or Type of bedding and haunching as shown on the Plans for the full trench width as actually cut. The excessive trench width may be due to unstable trench walls, inadequate or improperly placed bracing and sheeting which causes sloughing, accidental over-excavation, intentional over-excavation necessitated by the size of the **Contractor's** tamping and compaction equipment, intentional over-excavation due to the size of the **Contractor's** excavation equipment, or other reasons beyond the control of the **County** and the cost is borne by the **Contractor**.

D. Depth:

1. The trenches shall be excavated to the required depth or elevation that allows for the placement of the pipe and bedding to the dimensions shown on the Plans.
2. Where rock is encountered in trenches for pipelines, the **Contractor** shall excavate to the minimum depth that shall provide clearance below the pipe barrel of eight (8) inches for pipe twenty-one (21) inches in diameter and smaller and 12 inches for larger pipe and manholes. The **Contractor** shall remove boulders and stones to provide a minimum of six (6) inches clearance between the rock and any part of the pipe, manhole, or accessory.

E. Excavated Materials:

1. Excavated materials shall be placed a minimum of two (2) feet from the top edge of the open trench and may be used for backfilling as required. Topsoil shall be carefully separated and lastly placed in its original location.
2. Excavated materials shall not be placed in public roadways. Excavated materials not used or useful as backfill shall be immediately disposed of away from the site of the Work in accordance with the requirements of Section 02200 - Earthwork.
3. Excavated material shall be placed sufficiently back from the edge of the excavation to prevent caving of the trench wall, to permit safe access along the trench and not cause any drainage problems. Excavated material shall be placed so as not to damage existing landscape features or man-made improvements.

3.05 SHORING, SHEETING, AND BRACING OF TRENCHES

- A. The **Contractor** shall sheet and brace the trench as required by Federal, State, and local laws and regulations. Shoring, sheeting, and bracing shall be designed by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Georgia. OSHA standards shall be used to prevent caving during excavation in unstable material, or to protect adjacent structures, property, workers, and the public. The **Contractor** shall increase trench widths accordingly by the thickness of the sheeting. The **Contractor** shall maintain sheeting in place until the pipe has been placed and backfilled at the pipe zone. Shoring and sheeting shall be removed, as the backfilling is done, in a manner that shall not damage the pipe or permit voids in the backfill. All sheeting, shoring, and bracing of trenches shall conform to the safety requirements of the Federal, State, or local public agencies having jurisdiction. The most stringent of these requirements shall apply.
- B. Shoring, bracing, and shoring shall be performed in the following instances:
1. Where sloping of the trench walls does not adequately protect persons within the trench from slides or cave-ins.

2. In caving ground.
 3. In wet, saturated, flowing, or otherwise unstable materials, the sides of all trenches and excavations shall be adequately sheeted, braced, and shored.
 4. Where trenches and other excavations are within ten (10) feet from existing buildings and structures or where necessary to prevent damage to adjoining buildings, structures, roadways, pavement, utilities, trees, or private properties, which are required to remain, whichever is more stringent.
 5. Where necessary to maintain the top of the trench within the available construction easement or right-of-way.
- C. In all cases, excavation protection shall strictly conform to the requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, as amended.
- D. Timber: Timber for shoring, sheeting, or bracing shall be sound, free of large or loose knots, and in good, serviceable condition. Size and spacing shall be in accordance with OSHA regulations.
- E. Steel Sheeting and Sheet Piling: Steel sheet piling shall be the continuous interlock type. The weight, depth, and section modulus of the sheet piling shall be sufficient to restrain the loads of earth pressure and surcharge from existing foundations and live loads. Procedures for installation and bracing shall be so scheduled and coordinated with the removal of the earth that the ground under existing structures shall be protected against lateral movement at all times. The **Contractor** shall provide closure and sealing between sheet piling and existing facilities.
- F. Trench Shield: A trench shield or box may be used to support the trench walls. The use of a trench shield does not necessarily preclude the additional use of bracing and sheeting. When trench shields are used, care shall be taken to avoid disturbing the alignment and grade of the pipe or disrupting the haunching of the pipe as the shield is moved. When the bottom of the trench shield extends below the top of the pipe, the trench shield shall be raised in 6-inch increments with specified backfilling occurring simultaneously. At no time shall the trench shield be "dragged" with the bottom of the shield extending below the top of the pipe.
- G. The **Contractor** shall remove bracing and sheeting in units when backfill reaches the point necessary to protect the pipe and adjacent property. The **Contractor** shall leave sheeting in place when in the opinion of the **County** it cannot be safely removed or is within three (3) feet of an existing structure, utility, or pipeline. The **Contractor** shall cut off any sheeting left in place at least three (3) feet below the surface.
- H. Sheet piling within three (3) feet of an existing structure or pipeline shall remain in place, unless otherwise directed by the **County**.
- I. If, in the opinion of the **County**, the material furnished for supporting excavation is not of the proper quality or sufficient size, or not properly placed to insure the safety of the Work or of adjacent structures or property, the **Contractor** shall, upon notice by the **County**, forthwith procure and place satisfactory supports, or

place said supports in a satisfactory manner and upon his failure so to do, the **County** may order the **Contractor** to stop work until said notice has been complied with and without entitling the **Contractor** to any claim for extra compensation, damage, or delay.

- J. When required by the **County**, a shoring plan shall be submitted by the **Contractor** for approval prior to construction of the particular portion of the Work.
- K. All supports in excavations shall be withdrawn in stages on both sides of trenches (to prevent lateral movement of the pipe) as the backfilling is being done, except where, and to such extent as the **County** shall order, or where the **County** shall permit the same to be left in place, at the **Contractor's** expense and upon the **Contractor's** request. The **Contractor** shall cut off any sheeting left in place, at least three (3) feet below finished grade whenever ordered by the **County**.

3.06 TRENCH ROCK EXCAVATION

- A. Rock excavation shall be performed in accordance with the requirements of Section 02200 – Earthwork and as directed by the **County**.
- B. Definition of Trench Rock: Any material that requires drilling and blasting, and occupies an original volume of at least one (1) cubic yard. Rock shall be considered as material that cannot be removed with a crawler tractor equal to a D-8 Caterpillar, equipped with a single-tooth ripper or by an excavator trackhoe equal to a Caterpillar 225 rated with a $\frac{3}{4}$ -cubic-yard capacity with a bucket curling pullout capacity of 25,000 pounds.
- C. Blasting: The **Contractor** shall exhaust other practical means of excavating prior to utilizing blasting as a means of excavation. The **Contractor** shall provide licensed, experienced workmen to perform blasting. The **Contractor** shall conduct blasting operations in accordance with all existing ordinances and regulations and gain all required permits at their cost. The **Contractor** shall protect all buildings and structures from the effects of the blast. The **Contractor** shall repair any resulting damage. If the **Contractor** repeatedly uses excessive blasting charges or blasts in an unsafe or improper manner, the **County** may direct the **Contractor** to employ an independent blasting consultant to supervise the preparation for each blast and approve the quantity of each charge at the **Contractor's** expense.
- D. Disposal of Rock: The **Contractor** shall dispose of rock, off site, that is surplus or not suitable for use as riprap or backfill in a lawful manner.
- E. The **Contractor** shall notify the **County** prior to any blasting. Additionally, the **Contractor** shall notify the **County** and local fire department before any charge is set.
- F. The **Contractor** shall employ an independent, qualified specialty subcontractor, approved by the **County**, to: monitor the blasting by use of a seismograph; identify the areas where light charges shall be used; conduct pre-blast and post-blast inspections of structures, including photographs or videos; and maintain a detailed written log.

3.07 DEWATERING EXCAVATIONS

- A. Dewatering shall be performed in accordance with the requirements of Section 02140 - Dewatering.
- B. The **Contractor** shall dewater excavations continuously to maintain a water level at least two (2) feet below the bottom of the trench.
- C. The **Contractor** shall control drainage in the vicinity of excavations so the ground surface is properly pitched to prevent water running into the excavation.
- D. The **Contractor** shall maintain sufficient pumping equipment, in good working order, available at all times, to remove any water that accumulates in excavations. Where pipes cross natural drainage channels, the Work shall be conducted in such a manner that unnecessary damage or delays in the Work shall be prevented. The **Contractor** shall make provisions for the satisfactory disposal of surface water to prevent damage to public or private property.
- E. In all cases, accumulated water in the trench shall be removed before placing bedding or haunching, laying pipe, placing concrete, or backfilling.
- F. Where dewatering is performed by pumping the water from a sump, crushed stone shall be used as the medium for conducting the water to the sump. Sump depth shall be at least two (2) feet below the bottom of the trench. Pumping equipment shall be of sufficient quantity and/or capacity to maintain the water level in the sump at least two (2) feet below the bottom of the trench. Pumps shall be a type such that intermittent flows can be discharged. A standby pump shall be required in the event the operating pump or pumps clog or otherwise stop operating.
- G. The **Contractor** shall dewater trenches by use of a well point system when pumping from sumps does not lower the water level at least 2 feet below the trench bottom. Where soil conditions dictate, the **Contractor** shall construct well points cased in sand wicks. A casing of six (6) to ten (10) inches in diameter shall be jetted into the ground, followed by the installation of the well point, filling the casing with sand, and withdrawing the casing.

3.08 TRENCH FOUNDATION AND STABILIZATION

- A. The bottom of the trench shall provide a foundation to support the pipe and its specified bedding. The trench bottom shall be graded to support the pipe and bedding uniformly throughout its length and width.
- B. If, after dewatering as specified above, the trench bottom is spongy, or if the trench bottom does not provide firm, stable footing, and the material at the bottom of the trench will still not adequately support the pipe, the trench shall be determined to be unsuitable and the **Contractor** shall then stabilize the trench by over-excavating the trench bottom and filling it with crushed stone.

- C. Where the replacement of unsuitable material with crushed stone does not provide an adequate trench foundation, the trench bottom shall be excavated to a depth of at least 2 feet below the specified trench bottom. The **Contractor** shall place filter fabric in the bottom of the trench and support the fabric along the trench walls until the trench stabilization, bedding, haunching, and pipe have been placed at the proper grade. The ends of the filter fabric shall be overlapped above the pipe.
- D. Where trench stabilization is provided, the trench stabilization material shall be compacted to a minimum ninety (95) percent of the maximum dry density as determined by the standard proctor test ASTM D698 (latest edition), unless shown on the Plans or specified otherwise in these Specifications.

3.09 BEDDING AND HAUNCHING

- A. Prior to placement of bedding material, the trench bottom shall be free of any water, loose rocks, boulders, or large dirt clods.
- B. Bedding material shall be placed to provide uniform support along the bottom of the pipe and to place and maintain the pipe at the proper elevation. The initial layer of bedding placed to receive the pipe shall be brought to the grade and dimensions indicated on the Plans. All bedding shall extend the full width of the trench bottom. The pipe shall be placed and brought to grade by tamping the bedding material or by removal of the excess amount of the bedding material under the pipe. Adjustment to grade and line shall be made by scraping away or filling with bedding material. Wedging or blocking up of pipe shall not be permitted. Applying pressure to the top of the pipe, such as with a backhoe bucket, to lower the pipe to the proper elevation or grade shall not be permitted. Each pipe section shall have a uniform bearing on the bedding for the length of the pipe, except immediately at the joint.
- C. At each joint, the **Contractor** shall excavate bell holes of ample depth and width to permit the joint to be assembled properly and to relieve the pipe bell of any load.
- D. After the pipe section is properly placed, the **Contractor** shall add the haunching material to the specified depth. The haunching material shall be shovel sliced, tamped, vigorously chinked, or otherwise consolidated to provide uniform support for the pipe barrel and to fill completely the voids under the pipe, including the bell hole. Prior to placement of the haunching material, the bedding shall be clean and free of any water, loose rocks, boulders, or dirt clods.
- E. Gravity Sewers and Accessories: The **Contractor** shall lay pipe with Class "B" bedding, unless otherwise shown on the Plans, specified in these Specifications, specified by the manufacturer, or directed by the **County**.
 - 1. Class "A": The **Contractor** shall excavate the bottom of the trench flat at a minimum depth as shown on the Plans, below the bottom of the pipe barrel. The **Contractor** shall lay pipe to line and grade on concrete block. The **Contractor** shall place concrete to the full width of the trench and to a height of one-quarter of the outside diameter of the pipe above the invert.

2. Class "B": The **Contractor** shall excavate the bottom of the trench flat at a minimum depth as shown on the Plans, below the bottom of the pipe barrel. The **Contractor** shall place and compact bedding material to the proper grade. Haunching material shall then be carefully placed by hand and compacted to provide full support under and up to the centerline of the pipe.
 3. Class "C": The **Contractor** shall excavate the bottom of the trench flat at a minimum depth as shown on the Plans, below the bottom of the pipe barrel. The **Contractor** shall place and compact bedding material to the proper grade. Haunching material shall then be carefully placed by hand and compacted to provide full support under and up to a height of one-quarter the outside diameter of the pipe above the bottom of the pipe barrel.
 4. Type 5: The **Contractor** shall excavate the bottom of the trench flat at a minimum depth as shown on the Plans, below the bottom of the pipe barrel. The **Contractor** shall place and compact bedding material to the proper grade before installing pipe. After the pipe has been brought to the proper grade, haunching material shall be carefully placed by hand and compacted to the top of the pipe.
- F. Excessive Width and Depth:
1. Pipelines: If the trench is excavated to excess width, the **Contractor** shall provide the bedding class with the next higher bedding factor. Type 5 Bedding may be used in lieu of Class "A" bedding, where Class "A" bedding is necessitated by excessive trench width.
 2. If the trench is excavated to excessive depth, the **Contractor** shall provide crushed stone to place the bedding at the proper elevation or grade.
- G. Compaction: Bedding and haunching materials under the pipe, manholes, and accessories shall be compacted to a minimum of ninety (90) percent of the maximum dry density, unless shown or specified otherwise in these Specifications.

3.10 INITIAL BACKFILL

- A. Initial backfill shall be placed to anchor the pipe, protect the pipe from damage by subsequent backfill, and ensure the uniform distribution of the loads over the top of the pipe.
- B. The **Contractor** shall place initial backfill material carefully around the pipe in uniform layers to a depth of at least twelve (12) inches above the pipe barrel. Layer depths shall be a maximum of six (6) inches.
- C. The **Contractor** shall backfill on both sides of the pipe simultaneously to prevent side pressures.
- D. The **Contractor** shall compact each layer thoroughly with suitable hand tools or tamping equipment.

- E. Initial backfill shall be compacted to a minimum ninety (90) percent of the maximum dry density, unless shown or specified otherwise in these Specifications.

3.11 CONCRETE ENCASEMENT FOR PIPELINES

- A. Where concrete encasement is shown on the Plans for pipelines, the **Contractor** shall excavate the trench to provide a minimum of twelve (12) inches clearance from the barrel of the pipe. The **Contractor** shall lay the pipe to line and grade on solid concrete blocks or solid bricks. In lieu of bedding, haunching, and initial backfill, the **Contractor** shall place concrete to the full width of the trench and to a height of not less than twelve (12) inches above the pipe barrel. The **Contractor** shall properly brace the pipeline in order to prevent floating of piping during concrete encasement placement. The **Contractor** shall not backfill the trench for a period of at least twenty-four (24) hours after concrete is placed.

3.12 FINAL BACKFILL

- A. The **Contractor** shall backfill carefully to restore the ground surface to its original condition.
- B. Except as specified otherwise in this section, the top six (6) inches shall be topsoil obtained as specified in this section.
- C. Excavated material that is unsuitable for backfilling shall be disposed of in accordance with the requirements of Section 02200 - Earthwork.
- D. If materials excavated from the trench are not suitable for use as backfill materials, the **Contractor** shall provide select backfill material conforming to the requirements of this section.
- E. After initial backfill material has been placed and compacted, the **Contractor** shall backfill the trench with final backfill material. The **Contractor** shall place backfill material in uniform layers, compacting each layer thoroughly as follows:
 - 1. In six (6) inch layers, if using light power tamping equipment, such as a "jumping jack"
 - 2. In twelve (12) inch layers, if using heavy tamping equipment, such as hammer with tamping feet
 - 3. In twenty-four (24) inch layers, if using a Hydraram HARDOX-400 compactor.
- F. Settlement: If the trench settles, the **Contractor** shall excavate, re-fill, compact, and grade the surface to conform to the adjacent surfaces.
- G. Final backfill shall be compacted to a minimum ninety (90) percent of the maximum dry density as determined by the standard proctor test ASTM D698 (latest edition), unless specified otherwise.

3.13 ADDITIONAL MATERIAL

- A. Where final grades above the pre-construction grades are required to maintain minimum cover, additional fill material shall be as shown on the Plans. The **Contractor** shall utilize excess material excavated from the trench, if the material is suitable. If excess excavated materials are not suitable, or if the quantity available is not sufficient, the **Contractor** shall provide additional suitable fill material.

3.14 BACKFILL WITHIN RIGHTS-OF-WAY

- A. The **Contractor** shall compact backfill underlying pavements and sidewalks, and backfill under dirt and gravel roads to a minimum ninety-five (95) percent of the maximum dry density.

3.15 BACKFILL WITHIN GEORGIA DOT RIGHTS-OF-WAY

- A. Backfill within the GDOT rights-of-way shall meet the requirements stipulated in the "Utility Accommodation Policy and Standards," published by GDOT.

3.16 FLOWABLE FILL

- A. Where flowable fill is required, and approved by the **County**, the **Contractor** shall excavate the trench to provide a minimum of six (6) inches clearance on either side of the pipe barrel. The **Contractor** shall lay the pipe to line and grade on solid concrete blocks or bricks. In lieu of bedding, haunching, and initial backfill, the **Contractor** shall place flowable fill to the full width and depth of the trench.
- B. Flowable fill shall be protected from freezing for a period of thirty-six (36) hours after placement. Minimum temperature of flowable fill at point of delivery shall be fifty (50) degrees F.
- C. The **Contractor** shall provide steel plates over flowable fill in road locations.

3.17 COMPACTED GRANULAR MATERIAL

- A. Where compacted granular material is required as initial and final backfill material, it shall be placed after bedding and haunching material specified elsewhere has been placed. Compacted granular material shall be compacted to a minimum ninety-five (95) percent of the maximum dry density.

3.18 TESTING AND INSPECTION

- A. The soils testing laboratory is responsible for the following:
 - 1. Compaction tests in accordance with the requirements of this section.
 - 2. Field density tests for each two (2) feet of lift, with at least one test site between each pair of manholes, every one hundred (100) feet within road rights-of-way, or more frequently if ordered by the **County**. The **County** will direct where the **Contractor** shall perform density tests along the site of the Work.

3. Inspecting and testing stripped areas, subgrades, and proposed fill materials.
- B. The **Contractor**'s duties relative to testing shall include the following:
1. Notifying laboratory of conditions requiring testing.
 2. Coordinating with laboratory for field-testing.
 3. Paying costs for additional testing performed beyond the scope of that required and for re-testing where initial tests reveal non-conformance with specified requirements.
 4. Providing excavation as necessary for laboratory personnel to conduct tests at no cost to the **County**
- C. Inspection:
1. Earthwork operations, acceptability of excavated materials for bedding or backfill, and placing and compaction of bedding and backfill are subject to inspection by the **County**.
 2. Foundations and shallow spread footing foundations shall be inspected by **County** geotechnical personnel, who shall verify suitable bearing and construction.
- D. The **Contractor** shall comply with applicable codes, ordinances, rules, regulations, and laws of local, municipal, state, or federal authorities having jurisdiction.

3.19 DISPOSAL OF EXCESS EXCAVATED MATERIAL

- A. The **Contractor** shall dispose of excess excavated material, in accordance with the requirements of Section 02200 - Earthwork. The **Contractor** shall arrange for the disposal of excess materials, and shall bear all costs and expense of disposal.

+++ END OF SECTION 02324 +++

SECTION 02371 RIPRAP

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. Where shown on the Plans, specified in these Specifications, or directed by the **County**, the **Contractor** shall provide stone, sand-cement bag or grouted stone riprap, including associated earthwork, geotextile filter fabric, crushed stone, filter material, complete and in place. The type of riprap material will be as indicated on the Plans or directed by the **County**.
- B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 01210 - Measurement and Payment
 - 2. Section 02060 - Crushed Stone Aggregate
 - 3. Section 02200 - Earthwork
 - 4. Section 02324 -Trenching and Trench Backfilling
 - 5. Section 02125 -Temporary and Permanent Erosion and Sediment Control

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be made in accordance with the requirements of the General Requirements of the Contract Documents and Section 01300. In addition, the following specific information shall be provided:
 - 1. Testing certificates from a qualified testing agency shall be submitted prior to acceptance of the rock source to verify conformity with the requirements of the Plans and these Specifications. The **Contractor** shall, if requested, coordinate inspection of the rock source with the **County**.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Reference Standards: The **Contractor** shall comply with the applicable provisions and recommendations of the latest editions of the following standards, except as otherwise shown on the Plans or specified in these Specifications.
 - 1. ASTM C88 - Standard Test Method for Soundness of Aggregates by Use of Sodium Sulfate or Magnesium Sulfate.
 - 2. ASTM C535 - Standard Test Method for Resistance to Degradation of Large Size Coarse Aggregate by Abrasion and Impact in the Los Angeles Machine.
 - 3. AASHTO T85 - Standard Method of Test for Specific Gravity and Absorption of Coarse Aggregate.
 - 4. AASHTO T210 - Method of Test for Aggregate Durability Index.
 - 5. AASHTO T134 - Optimum Moisture Content.

6. Georgia Department of Transportation Standard Specifications
Construction of Transportation Systems.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 ROCK RIPRAP

- A. Rock for riprap shall be sound, dense, durable stones, or rock fragments, free from cracks, pyrite intrusions, and other structural defects. Stones that will be used with mortar shall be free from dirt, oil, or other material that might prevent good adhesion with the mortar. Stones with a laminated structure shall be avoided. Field stones shall not be used as a source of rock for riprap. Only rock that has been approved by the **County** shall be used for riprap.

2.02 STONES FOR RIPRAP

- A. All stone for riprap shall be sound, durable pieces of quarried stone weighing one hundred and fifty-six (156) pounds per cubic foot or more. The stone shall be angular and random in shape. Rounded boulders or cobbles shall not be used. Flat, slabby, or shaley pieces shall not be acceptable. Stone shall be resistant to weathering and to water action and free from overburden, spoil, and organic material and shall meet the gradation requirements of this Section.
- B. Riprap shall be of the type indicated on the Plans and shall conform to the size types as follows:

Type 2: equivalent to GA DOT specification for "Plain Riprap":

Percent by Weight	Volume (cu.ft.)	Weight (lb.)	Diameter (in.)
65 – 100 %	0.75 – 2.0	125 - 320	15 – 24
10 – 65 %	0.04 – 0.75	7 - 125	5 – 15
0 – 10 %	0.0 – 0.04	0 - 7	0 – 15

Type 3: equivalent to GA DOT specification for "Dumped Riprap – Type 3":

Percent by Weight	Volume (cu.ft.)	Weight (lb.)	Diameter (in.)
65 – 100 %	0.10 – 1.0	17 – 65	6 – 18
10 – 65 %	0.01 – 0.1	2 – 17	2 – 6
0 – 10 %	0.0 – 0.01	0 - 2	0 – 2

- C. Stones shall consist of durable, sound, hard, angular rock meeting the following requirements for durability absorption ratio, soundness test, and abrasion test:

Durability Absorption Ratio	Acceptability
Greater than 23	Passes
10 to 23	Passes only if Durability Index is 52 or greater
Less than 10	Fails
$\text{Durability Absorption Ratio} = \frac{\text{Durability Index (Coarse)}}{\% \text{ absorption} + 1}$	

- D. The durability index and percent absorption shall be determined by AASHTO T 210 and AASHTO T 85, respectively. The minimum apparent specific gravity of the stones shall be two and one-half (2½) as determined by AASHTO T 85.
- E. Stones shall have less than ten (10) percent loss of weight after five (5) cycles, when tested per ASTM C88.
- F. Stones shall have a wear not greater than forty (40) percent, when tested per ASTM C535.
- G. Control of gradation shall be by visual inspection. The **Contractor** shall furnish a sample of the proposed gradation of at least five (5) tons or ten (10) percent of the total riprap weight, whichever is less. If approved, the sample may be incorporated into the finished riprap at a location where it can be used as a frequent reference for judging the gradation of the remainder of riprap. Any difference of opinion between the **County** and the **Contractor** shall be resolved by checking the gradation of two (2) random truckloads of stones. Arranging for and the costs of mechanical equipment, a sorting site, and labor needed in checking gradation shall be the **Contractor's** responsibility.
- H. The acceptability of the stones shall be determined by the **County** prior to final placement.

2.03 SAND-CEMENT BAG RIPRAP

- A. Portland Cement shall meet the requirements of State of Georgia Standard Specifications Construction of Transportation Systems, Section 830 - Portland Cement (reference AASHTO M85).
- B. Fine Aggregate shall meet the requirements of State of Georgia Standard Specifications Construction of Transportation Systems, Section 801 - Fine Aggregate. The aggregate shall be composed of hard, durable particles, free from injurious amounts of organic impurities. The aggregate shall have no more than twenty (20) percent passing the No. 200 sieve and the material passing the No. 10 sieve shall not be more than seven (7) percent clay.
- C. Bags shall be of cotton, burlap, or fiber reinforced paper capable of containing the sand-cement mixture without leakage during handling or placing. Bags

previously used for sugar or any other material which will adversely affect the sand-cement mixture shall not be used. Capacity of bags shall not be less than three - quarters ($\frac{3}{4}$) cubic foot minimum nor more than two (2) cubic feet maximum.

2.04 GEOTEXTILE FABRIC FILTER

- A. Geotextile fabric shall meet the requirements of State of Georgia Standard Specifications Construction of Transportation Systems, Section 881 – Fabrics, for woven fabrics, having physical properties as follows:

Tensile Strength – any direction (ASTM D 4634)	200 lbs
Bursting Strength (ASTM D 3786)	500 psi
Elongation Before Breaking (ASTM D 4634)	10 – 35%
Percent Open Area (GDT: 88)	4.0 – 6.0%

- B. Fabric shall be TenCate Mirafi Filterweave FW403 or approved equal.

2.05 STONE FILTER MATERIAL

- A. Stone Filter material shall be clean and free from organic matter. It shall be crushed rock or gravel, durable, and free from slaking or decomposition under the action of alternate wetting or drying. The material shall be uniformly graded and shall conform to the following gradation (State of Georgia Standard Specifications Construction of Transportation Systems, Section 800 - Coarse Aggregate, No. 467 modified):

Size	Percentage Passing
2 inch	100
1½ inch	95-100
¾ inch	35-70
⅜ inch	10-30
No. 4 Sieve	0-10

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 GENERAL

- A. All slopes to be treated with riprap shall be trimmed to the lines and grades indicated on the Plans or as directed by the **County**. Loose material shall be removed or compacted by the methods approved by the **County**.
- B. Unless otherwise indicated on the Plans or directed by the **County**, stone riprap shall not be placed on slopes steeper than the natural angle of repose of the riprap.

3.02 SURFACE PREPARATION

- A. Surfaces to receive filter materials and riprap, including the toe trench and slope, shall be brought to the line and grade indicated on the Plans and shall be smooth and firm, free of brush, trees, stumps, and other objectionable material. Where filling of depressions is required or a filled bank is constructed, the new material shall be compacted with hand or mechanical tampers to a minimum of eighty-five (85) percent of maximum density.
- B. Unless specifically approved by the **County**, riprap shall be placed in dry conditions. The **Contractor** shall remove and exclude all stormwater, groundwater, and creek or stream water from the excavation. Sump pumps and sand bags or portable dams, diversions, or other approved means, shall be used to remove and exclude water and continuously maintain water level below the bottom of the excavation. Water shall be removed and excluded until both geotextile and stone filter material and riprap have been placed. Any water removed from the excavation shall not be discharged into any surface stream or other water body unless such discharge meets water quality standards. Removed water may be disposed on-site by land application using sprinklers in an area designated by the **County** or by discharge into an approved treatment system.
- C. Where the **County** approves for the toe trench to be constructed under water, the following construction practices, or approved equivalent practices, shall be observed:
 - 1. The **Contractor** shall use a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers-approved floating silt fence, or alternative approved method, surrounding the construction area to maintain adjacent water turbidity within applicable permit limits.
 - 2. The **Contractor** shall measure the depth below water of the existing stream bed and submerged bank along the entire toe length, using a calibrated surveyor's rod or equivalent tool.
 - 3. The **Contractor** shall then excavate material until the required trench section has been excavated. Confirmation that the required toe trench depth has been achieved shall be established by the **Contractor** through repeated measurement with the surveyor's rod.
 - 4. In areas where the Plans show the use of geotechnical fabric or where directed by the **County**, geotextile fabric shall then be laid, as described in this section, and temporarily held in place until riprap can be positioned to hold the fabric permanently.
 - 5. In areas where the Plans show the use of stone filter material, or where directed by the **County**, stone filter material shall be placed to the specified thickness and leveled to the extent practical, using the surveyor's rod to verify required depth and level.

- D. Cleared and excavated materials shall be hauled off site to an appropriate disposal location arranged by the **Contractor** and at its sole expense unless otherwise indicated on the Plans or specified in these Specifications.
- E. Riprap installed at the toe of a stream bank below the elevation of the water in a stream to prevent scour from undermining the riprap shall be backfilled and covered with native soil to the original grade. The backfilled native soil shall be compacted with hand or mechanical tampers to a minimum of eighty (80) percent of maximum density.

3.03 CREEK CROSSINGS

- A. Riprap shall be installed at all creek and storm drain crossings, at creek entrance into culverts or headwalls, where indicated on the Plans or required by the **County** in accordance with the Plans, Standard Details, or these Specifications. The dimensional width of the riprap material at creek or storm drain crossings shall be equal to the trench width cut to install the pipeline plus six (6) feet or as directed by the **County**. The method of installation shall be in accordance with the requirements of this section.
- B. Installation of riprap shall be kept up as closely as possible with the progress of pipe laying so as to perform the work in a uniform workmanlike manner.

3.04 PLACEMENT OF GEOTEXTILE FABRIC

- A. The fabric shall be placed with the long dimension running up the slope, with the upstream strip overlapping the downstream strip. The **Contractor** shall use a minimum of two (2) foot overlap for each overlap. The **Contractor** shall use a wider overlap if recommended by the geotextile manufacturer.
- B. The fabric shall be placed loosely with sufficient folded or gathered material to prevent stretching and tearing during riprap placement.
- C. The fabric shall be anchored into place using securing pins with type and spacing as recommended by the manufacturer. In addition, the fabric shall be secured at the toe and crest of the slope using anchor trenches at least two (2) feet deep. If a stream bank extends sufficiently above a stream such that riprap would not be installed to the top of the bank, then the fabric shall be anchored in a two (2) foot deep trench up-slope from the top of the minimum free-board of one-half (½) foot above the flow resulting from a fifty (50) year, twenty four (24) hour storm runoff event.

3.05 PLACEMENT OF STONE FILTER MATERIAL

- A. Stone filter shall be uniformly placed to a tolerance of plus or minus one-half (½) inch and to a thickness of twelve (12) inches for Type 2 riprap and eight (8) inches for Type 3 riprap.
- B. Stone filter material shall be compacted to a minimum relative density of eighty (80) percent.

3.06 CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- A. All riprap construction shall begin at the bottom of the slope and progress upward.
- B. The **Contractor** shall place riprap using methods and equipment approved by the **County**. The methods and equipment used to place riprap shall be suitable for the class or type of riprap involved. If the finished riprap emplacement installed using the **Contractor's** method is not satisfactory, the **County** reserves the right to have it removed and replaced using hand placement methods and fresh stone.
- C. Unless otherwise indicated on the Plans or directed by the **County**, plain rock riprap shall be constructed using a crane and clam-shell or other suitable equipment approved by the **County**. The rock shall be placed as nearly as practicable in final position using powered equipment. If necessary, larger rocks shall be worked up to the surface when the material on the surface does not meet the weight specifications or when the voids next to the foundation material are too large.
- D. The quantity of small stones shall be kept as low as possible, sufficient only to fill the voids between the larger stones. Care shall be taken to ensure that small stones are well distributed throughout the mass and not allowed to segregate or form pockets of small stone. All bridging shall be broken down. Large interstices, or open channels, or voids shall be filled by chinking or otherwise manipulating the stones.
- E. When riprap is to be built on existing riprap, special care shall be taken to provide positive anchorage of the new riprap to the existing riprap.
- F. The finished riprap surface shall in general conform to the slope lines shown on the Plans. No objectionable, hazardous, or unsightly projections above the general plane surface shall be permitted.
- G. The main stones shall be thoroughly chinked and filled with the smaller stones by throwing them over the surface in any manner that is practicable for the smaller stones to fill the voids. This work shall continue with the progress of the construction. Tamping of the stones will not be required if the stones have been placed in a reasonable and satisfactory manner.
- H. Knapping of the stones will not be required except stone protruding more than four (4) inches above what is considered the normal surface of the stones, in which case these stones shall be broken down to come within four (4) inches of the normal surface.

3.07 SAND-CEMENT BAG RIPRAP

- A. Fine aggregate and Portland cement shall be mixed at a maximum ratio of 5:1 by weight. The amount of water added shall be just enough to achieve optimum moisture content of the aggregate and cement, as determined by AASHTO T134.

- B. The cement mixture shall obtain a minimum compressive strength of five hundred (500) psi in seven (7) days.
- C. The bags shall be uniformly filled and tied in accordance with applicable permits. The bags shall be placed by hand with tied ends all facing the same direction.
- D. The bags shall be packed against one another to produce the desired thickness and form a consolidated mass. Bags shall be placed to the elevation specified or indicated on the Plans to a tolerance of plus or minus three (3) inches. After the bags are placed, the riprap structure shall be kept wet by sprinkling or covering with wet material for at least three (3) days. The sand-cement bags shall be protected from stream water or any disturbance during this curing period, and shall not be placed in freezing weather or when conditions are unfavorable for curing.

3.08 GROUTED RIPRAP

- A. After the riprap has been placed, the stones shall be thoroughly wetted before grouting. The spaces between the stones shall then be filled with a well-mixed grout composed of one (1) part Portland cement and three (3) parts of sand mixed with sufficient water to achieve a workable consistency. The grout shall be placed beginning at the toe and proceeding up the slope, and shall be finished by sweeping with a stiff bristle broom. After the grouting is completed, the structure shall be kept wet by sprinkling or covering with wet material for at least three (3) days. The grout shall be protected from stream water or any other disturbance during this curing period, and shall not be placed in freezing weather or when conditions are unfavorable.

3.09 CLEANUP

- A. After completion of the riprap construction, the **Contractor** shall remove all debris and construction materials and equipment from the construction area and leave the entire construction area clean, neat, and in serviceable condition. The **Contractor** shall restore the construction area to the original or better condition in accordance with the requirements of Section 02920 - Site Restoration.

+++ END OF SECTION 02371 +++

SECTION 02485 - SEEDING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. The work covered by this section consists of furnishing all labor, equipment, and material required to place topsoil, seed, commercial fertilizer, agricultural limestone, and mulch material, including seedbed preparation, harrowing, compacting, and other placement operations on graded earthen areas as described herein and/or shown on the Drawings. In general, seeding operations shall be conducted on all newly graded earthen areas not covered by structures, pavement, or sidewalks; all cleared or grubbed areas that are to remain as finish grade surfaces; and on all existing turf areas that are disturbed by construction operations and which are to remain as finish grade surfaces. Areas disturbed by borrow activities shall also be seeded according to these specifications.
- B. The work shall include temporary seeding operations to stabilize earthen surfaces during construction or inclement weather and to minimize stream siltation and erosion. Temporary seeding shall be performed on any disturbed area left exposed for a period greater than seven (7) days.
- C. Areas disturbed by construction activities, shall be restored to their original conditions with regard to surface grading, drainage, grass type (predominate), or other landscape features.

1.02 RELATED WORK

- A. Section 02125 - Temporary and Permanent Erosion and Sediment Control

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Prior to seeding operations, the **Contractor** shall furnish to the **County** all labels or certified laboratory reports from an accredited commercial seed laboratory or a state seed laboratory showing the analysis and germination of the seed to be furnished. Acceptance of the seed test reports shall not relieve the **Contractor** of any responsibility or liability for furnishing seed meeting the requirements of this section.
- B. Prior to topsoil operations, the **Contractor** shall obtain representative samples and furnish soil test certificates including textural, pH, and organic ignition analysis from the State University Agricultural Extension Services or other certified testing laboratory.

1.04 ALTERNATE METHODS

- A. The **Contractor** may propose alternate means and methods to establish a satisfactory coverage of healthy grass of the type required. The **Contractor** shall submit sufficient information to enable the **County** to assess the acceptability of the alternate approach.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.01 TOPSOIL

- A. The **Contractor** shall place a minimum of 4 inches of topsoil over all graded earthen areas and over any other areas to be seeded. The quality of topsoil shall be acceptable to the **County**.
- B. Topsoil shall be a friable loam containing a large amount of humus and shall be original surface soil of good, rich, uniform quality, free from any material such as hard clods, stiff clay, hardpan, partially disintegrated stone, pebbles larger than ½ inch in diameter, lime, cement, bricks, ashes, cinders, slag, concrete, bitumen or its residue, boards, sticks, chips, or other undesirable material harmful or unnecessary to plant growth. Topsoil shall be reasonably free from perennial weeds and perennial weed seeds, and shall not contain objectionable plant material, toxic amounts of either acid or alkaline elements or vegetable debris undesirable or harmful to plant life.
- C. Topsoil shall be natural topsoil without admixture of subsoil material, and shall be classifiable as loam, silt loam, clay loam, sandy loam, or a combination thereof. The pH shall range from five and five tenths to seven (5.5 to 7.0). Topsoil shall contain not less than five (5) percent or more than twenty (20) percent, by weight, of organic matter as determined by loss on ignition of oven-dried samples to sixty-five (65°C) degrees centigrade.

2.02 SEED

- A. Seed shall be delivered in new bags or bags that are sound and labeled in accordance with the U. S. Department of Agriculture Federal Seed Act.
- B. All seed shall be from the last crop available at time of purchase and shall not be moldy, wet, or otherwise damaged in transit or storage.
- C. Seed shall bear the growers analysis testing to ninety eight (98) percent for purity and ninety (90) percent for germination. At the discretion of the **County**, samples of seed may be taken for check against the grower's analysis.
- D. Species, rate of seeding, fertilization, and other requirements shall be as necessary to successfully establish the required stand of grass.

2.03 FERTILIZER AND LIMING MATERIALS

- A. Fertilizer and liming materials shall comply with applicable state, local, and federal laws concerned with their production and use.

- B. Commercial fertilizer shall be a ready mixed material of grade 18-46-0. Container bags shall have the name and address of the manufacturer, the brand name, net weight, and chemical composition.
- C. Agricultural limestone shall be a pulverized limestone having a calcium carbonate content of not less than 85 percent by weight. Agricultural limestone shall be crushed so that at least 85 percent of the material shall pass a No. 10 mesh screen and 50 percent shall pass a No. 40 mesh screen.

2.04 MULCH MATERIAL

- A. All mulch materials shall be air dried and reasonably free of noxious weeds and weed seeds or other materials detrimental to plant growth.
- B. Mulch shall be composed of wood cellulose fiber, straw, or stalks, as specified herein. Mulch shall be suitable for spreading with standard mulch blowing equipment.
- C. Wood-cellulose fiber mulch shall be as manufactured by Weyerhaeuser Company, Conway Corporation, or equal.
- D. Straw mulch shall be partially decomposed stalks of wheat, rye, oats, or other approved grain crops.
- E. Stalks shall be the partially decomposed, shredded residue of corn, cane, sorghum, or other approved standing field crops.

2.05 MULCH BINDER

- A. Mulch on slopes exceeding three to one (3 to 1) ratio shall be held in place by the use of an approved mulch binder. The mulch binder shall be non-toxic to plant life.
- B. Emulsified asphalt binder shall be Grade SS-1, ASTM D 977. Cutback asphalt binder shall be Grade RC 70 or RC 250.

2.06 INOCULANTS FOR LEGUMES

- A. All leguminous seed shall be inoculated prior to seeding with a standard culture of nitrogen-fixing bacteria that is adapted to the particular seed involved.

2.07 WATER

- A. Water shall be clean, clear water free from any objectionable or harmful chemical qualities or organisms and shall be furnished by the **Contractor**.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PLACING TOPSOIL

- A. Before placing or depositing topsoil upon any areas, all improvement within the area shall be completed.
- B. The areas in which topsoil is to be placed or incorporated shall be prepared before securing topsoil for use.

3.02 SEEDBED PREPARATION

- A. Before fertilizing and seeding, all topsoil surfaces shall be trimmed and worked to true line free from unsightly variation, bumps, ridges and depressions, and all detrimental material, and roots. All stones larger than two (2) inches in any dimension shall be removed from the soil. All non-residential and residential areas shall be hand raked to remove all detrimental material, roots, and stones
- B. No earlier than twenty-four (24) hours before the seed is to be sown, the soil surface to be seeded shall be thoroughly cultivated to a depth of not less than two (2) inches with a weighted disc, tiller, pulvimixer, or other equipment, until the surface is smooth.
- C. If the prepared surface becomes eroded because of rain or for any other reason, or becomes crusted before the seed is sown, the surface shall again be placed in a condition suitable for seeding.
- D. Ground preparation operations shall be performed only when the ground is in a tillable and workable condition.

3.03 FERTILIZATION AND LIMING

- A. Following seedbed preparation, fertilizer shall be applied to all areas to be seeded so as to achieve an application rate 80 pounds per acre.
- B. Fertilizer shall be spread evenly over the seedbed and shall be lightly harrowed, raked, or otherwise incorporated into the soil for a depth of ½ inch.
- C. Fertilizer need not be incorporated in the soil as specified above when mixed with seed in water and applied with power sprayer equipment. The seed shall not remain in water containing fertilizer for more than thirty (30) minutes when a hydraulic seeder is used.
- D. Agricultural limestone shall be thoroughly mixed into the soil at a rate of one to two (1 to 2) tons per acre. The specified rate of application of limestone may be reduced by the **County** if pH tests indicate this to be desirable. It is the responsibility of the **Contractor** to obtain such tests and submit the results to the **County** for adjustment in rates.

- E. It is the responsibility of the **Contractor** to make one application of maintenance fertilizer at one-half the original rates applied in early spring following initial establishment of cover.

3.04 SEEDING

- A. Seed of the specified group shall be sown as soon as preparation of the seedbed has been completed. No seed shall be sown during high winds, nor until the surface is suitable for working and is in a proper condition. Seeding shall be performed during the periods shown below. Seed mixtures may be sown together provided they are kept in a thoroughly mixed condition during the seeding operation.
- B. Seeds shall be uniformly sown by any approved mechanical method to suit the slope and size of the areas to be seeded, preferably with a broadcast type seeder, windmill hand seeder, or approved mechanical power drawn seed drills. Hydroseeding and hydromulching may be used on steep embankments, provided full coverage is obtained. Care shall be taken to adjust the seeder so that the seeding's are at the proper rate before seeding operations are started, and to maintain their adjustment during seeding. Seed in hoppers shall be agitated to prevent segregation of the various seeds in a seeding mixture.
- C. Immediately after sowing, the seeds shall be covered and compacted to a depth of one-eighth to three-eighths ($1/8$ to $3/8$) inch by a cultipacker or suitable roller.
- D. Leguminous seeds shall be inoculated prior to seeding with an approved and compatible nitrogen-fixing inoculant in accordance with the manufacturer's mixing instructions.

Seeding Requirements Table

The seed shall be a mixture as shown in the Table below, and shall be applied at the following rates shown:

Seeding Requirements		
Season	Type of Seed	Pounds Per Acre
Jan 1 – May 15	Unhulled Common Bermuda	45
	Kentucky 31 Fescue	300
	Rebel II Supreme	150
May 16 – Sept 1	Hulled Common Bermuda	75
Sept 2 – Dec 31	Unhulled Common Bermuda	45
	Kentucky 31 Fescue	300
	Rebel II Supreme	150

3.05 MULCHING

- A. All areas to be seeded shall be uniformly mulched in a continuous blanket immediately after seeding when using Wheat straw at a minimum of two and one-half (2½) tons per acre or equivalent to two to four (2" to 4") inches thickness. The rate of application shall correspond to a depth of at least one inch and not more than one and one half inches, according to the texture and moisture content of the mulch material. It is intended that mulch shall allow some sunlight to penetrate and air to circulate, at the same time shading the ground, reducing erosion and conserving soil moisture. The **Contractor** shall take steps necessary to prevent loss of mulch or bunching of mulch as caused by the wind.
- B. Mulch on slopes greater than three to one (3 to 1) ratio shall be held in place by the use of an approved mulch binder. Binder shall be thoroughly mixed and applied with the mulch. Emulsified asphalt or cutback asphalt shall be applied at the approximate rate of five (5) gallons per one thousand (1,000) square feet as required to hold the mulch in place.
- C. The **Contractor** shall cover structures, poles, fence, and appurtenances if the mulch binder is applied in such a way that it would come in contact with or discolor the structures.

- D. Mulch and binder shall be applied by suitable blowing equipment at closely controlled application rates.

3.06 WATERING

- A. **Contractor** shall be responsible for maintaining the proper moisture content of the soil to ensure adequate plant growth until a satisfactory stand is obtained. If necessary, watering shall be performed to maintain adequate water content in the soil. Water shall not be applied when there is danger of freezing. In the event that official watering bans or water restrictions are in effect, the Contract shall comply with applicable guidelines on watering for new grassing.
- B. Watering shall be accomplished by hoses, tank truck, or sprinklers in such a way to prevent erosion, excessive runoff, and overwatered spots.

3.07 MAINTENANCE

- A. Upon completion of seeding operations, the **Contractor** shall clear the area of all equipment, debris, and excess material and the premises shall be left in a neat and orderly condition.
- B. The **Contractor** shall maintain all seeded area without additional payment until final acceptance of the work by the **County**, including all regrading, refertilizing, reliming, reseeding, remulching, and watering required. Seeding work shall be repeated on defective areas until the **County** is satisfied that a satisfactory uniform stand is accomplished. Damage resulting from erosion, gulleys, washouts, or other causes shall be repaired at the **Contractor's** expense by filling with topsoil, compacting, and repeating the seeding work.

3.08 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION SCHEDULE

- A. The **Contractor** shall stabilize disturbed areas as construction progresses. The time duration limitations for stabilization of disturbed areas by either temporary mulching (for 7 days or less), temporary grassing, permanent grassing, or permanent sodding shall be as specified in Section 02125 - Temporary and Permanent Erosion and Sediment Control; however, unstabilized areas of the construction corridor shall not exceed one thousand (1,000) linear feet on sanitary sewer sewers or water mains installed with easements and three hundred (300) linear feet for all other projects. Stabilization with permanent vegetation is preferred unless seasonal limitations exist.

+++ END OF SECTION 02485 +++

SECTION 02490 TREES, SHRUBS, AND GROUND COVERS

PART I - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. This Section includes furnishing all equipment, materials, and labor necessary for soil preparation; planting of trees, shrubs, ground cover, or vines as applicable; protection, maintenance, guarantee, and replacement of plants; and all related items necessary to restore the site after the construction work is completed.
- B. Products and procedures specified in this section shall apply to the following job-specific conditions:
 - 1. Replacement of trees, shrubs, and ground covers removed or damaged as the result of construction activities. The nature and extent of replacement work shall be as indicated on the Drawings and the cost of such work shall be included in the Contract Price. Such replacement work shall include: the relocation and re-installation of existing plant materials; the replacement of removed plants with new materials, matching quantities, species and arrangement; or, a combination of these options as determined by the scope of the Work.
 - 2. Installation of new materials in accordance with prior agreements made with property owners, as described in the Easement Stipulations. The cost of this work shall be included in the Contract Price.
 - 3. Additional installation of new materials at the direction of the **County** shall be considered extra work and shall be paid for in the Contract.
- C. Related Work Specified Elsewhere
 - 1. Section 02200 – Earthwork
 - 2. Section 02125 – Temporary and Permanent Erosion and Sediment Control

1.03 EXISTING CONDITIONS

- A. Before commencing any work required by this Section, the **Contractor** shall ascertain the location of all utilities, subsurface drainage, irrigation systems, and underground construction so that proper precautions may be taken not to disturb or damage any subsurface improvements. The **Contractor** shall be held responsible for making, at its own expense, all repairs to damaged utilities, structures and all associated damages resulting from the work.
- B. It is not contemplated that planting shall occur where the depth of soil over underground construction or obstructions is insufficient to accommodate the roots or where impervious soil will require drainage. Where such conditions are

encountered in excavation of planting areas, other locations for the planting may be designated by the **County**.

- C. Removal of underground obstructions, relocation of construction and provision of drainage for planting areas shall be done only as directed by the **County**.
- D. If changes in the location of the work or if removal of obstructions involves additional work, the **Contractor** shall proceed in accordance with the "General Conditions" of the Contract for construction.
- E. The **Contractor** shall take all necessary precautions during planting operations to avoid damage to existing sidewalks, fencing, paving, curbs, lighting, and other site improvements. Any damage that does occur shall be corrected to the **County's** satisfaction at the **Contractor's** expense.
- F. The **Contractor** shall make a dimensional sketch of existing landscaped areas before such areas are disturbed, and shall use said sketch for layout during restoration of these areas. The Preconstruction Video and any still photographs taken prior to construction activities shall also be used to verify the restoration work.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. All planting shall be performed by a company specializing in landscape development construction, particularly soil preparation, lawns, and live plant materials; with at least five years' experience in such work. Evidence of this experience shall be provided, citing similar projects, prior to the initiation of the work.
- B. Size, quality, root ball preparation, and grading standards shall conform to the American Association of Nurserymen, Inc., as published in the "American Standard for Nursery Stock: ANSI 260.1, latest approved revision.
- C. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for all certificates of inspection of plant materials that may be required by federal, state, or other authorities to accompany shipments of plants. All plants shall be inspected and approved by the **County** before they are planted. Inspection and approval of plants upon delivery shall be for quality, size, and variety only and shall not in any way impair the right of rejection for failure to meet other requirements during progress of the work.
- D. Fertilizer shall conform to the local, state, and federal laws applicable to its manufacture and labeling.

1.05 PLANT GUARANTEE AND REPLACEMENT

- A. Guarantee - Plants shall be alive, healthy, and vigorous at the end of the Guarantee period. The guarantee period shall be at least one year and shall terminate at the end of the first full growing season. The first full growing season begins on April 1 after planting and ends on November 1.

- B. Replacement - Any plant installed under this contract that is dead or not in satisfactory growth, shall be removed from the site; these and any plants missing due to the **Contractor's** negligence shall be replaced as soon as conditions permit. In case of any question regarding the condition and satisfactory establishment of a rejected plant, the **Contractor** shall notify the **County** immediately in writing, and the **County** shall determine acceptability. All replacement plants shall be guaranteed for the duration of one full growing season as described in Paragraph 1.05A above.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Topsoil shall be natural, fertile, agricultural soil, capable of sustaining vigorous plant growth. It shall be of uniform composition without admixture of subsoil. It shall be free of stones ($\frac{1}{2}$ inch in diameter or larger), clods of hard earth, live plants, roots, sticks, or other extraneous matter harmful to plant growth.
1. Topsoil shall have an acidity range of ph. 6.0 to 6.5 and shall contain not less than 6 percent organic matter.
 2. Topsoil shall be obtained from naturally well drained areas that have never been stripped before.
 3. Topsoil shall not be delivered in a frozen or muddy condition.
- B. The commercial fertilizer shall be a complete formula, 6-12-12, and shall conform to the applicable state fertilizer laws. It shall be uniform in composition, dry and free flowing and shall be delivered to the site in the original, unopened containers, each bearing the manufacturer's guaranteed analysis. Any fertilizer that is caked or otherwise damaged, making it unsuitable for use, shall not be accepted.
- C. Pine straw mulch shall be freshly baled straw capable of producing desired results and not contain excessive amounts of pine cones, branches, or forest litter.
- D. All mulch shall be clean, and free of weeds, moss, sticks, insects, and debris, and shall be satisfactory to the **County**.
- E. Pre-emergent used shall be "Ronstar G" or approved equal.
- F. Pine bark shall be good quality commercial stock of one-half to one ($\frac{1}{2}$ " - 1") size pieces (mini-nuggets) or "Nature's Helper".
- G. Lime shall be ground limestone with analysis showing not less than eight-five (85) percent total carbonates. Lime shall be delivered in original unopened containers. Any caked or hardened lime shall not be used.
- H. Water shall be supplied by the **Contractor**, along with all necessary hose or other watering equipment required for installation and maintenance of plant materials.

- I. Herbicide used shall be "Round-up" or Approved Equal.

2.02 PLANT MATERIALS

- A. Plant materials used will depend on job-specific conditions, as follows:
 - 1. Trees, shrubs and ground covers removed or damaged as the result of construction activities shall be replaced with new materials of the same size and type, except; mature trees and shrubs shall be replaced in **County** with the following minimum size requirements: trees - two (2) inch caliper; shrubs – two (2) gallon container; or,
 - 2. Plant materials shall be of the size, type and quantity listed in the Easement Stipulations; or,
 - 3. Plant materials will be as directed by the **County**.
- B. Plant materials shall comply with State and Federal Laws relating to inspection for diseases and insect infestation.
- C. Plant materials shall conform to American Standard Nursery Stock (May 2, 1989, ANSI 260.1-1986). Names shall conform to those given in Standardized Plant Names, 1942 Edition prepared by the American Joint Committee on Horticultural Nomenclature.
- D. Plants shall have a habit of growth that is normal for the species and shall be sound, healthy, vigorous, and free from insect pests, plant diseases, and injuries. All plants shall equal or exceed the measurements specified in the plant list before pruning.
- E. Plants shall be nursery grown unless otherwise specified.
- F. Substitutions will be permitted only upon submittal of proof that the specified plant is not obtainable. A substitute of nearest equivalent size or variety will be used with equitable adjustment of Contract Price when approved in writing by the **County**.
- G. Plants designated "B & B" in the plant list shall be adequately balled with firm natural balls of soil sized as set forth in the American Standard for Nursery Stock. Balls shall be firmly wrapped with burlap or similar bio-degradable material and bound with twine, or wire mesh. No balled plant shall be planted if the ball is cracked or broken during shipment or during the planting process.
- H. Insofar as is practicable, all plant material shall be planted on the day of delivery. Plants that **County** be planted immediately upon delivery shall be protected from the sun and wind. B & B plants shall be covered with moist soil, mulch, or other acceptable material. B & B plants and container grown plants shall be shaded and well watered. Plants shall not remain unplanted for longer than three days after delivery.

- I. Plants shown as container grown in the plant list shall have sufficient root to hold earth intact after removal from containers but without being root-bound.
- J. Caliper of tree trunks shall be measured at the chest level of a six (6) tall person for trees up to and including four (4) inch caliper size.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 TIME OF PLANTING

- A. Planting operations shall be conducted immediately under favorable weather conditions in conformance to the seasonal restrictions as follows:
 - 1. Deciduous Material: September 15 to June 15. Materials shall be in dormant condition if planted after November 1 and prior to April 1. Soil, plant material, and environmental conditions shall be suitable for planting.
 - 2. Evergreen Materials: Spring: March 15 to June 15; Fall: September 1 to November 1.
 - 3. Perennials: Spring: March 30 to June 30; Fall: September 1 to November
 - 4. Annuals: In season.
 - 5. Planting periods may be extended or reduced according to weather and soil conditions at the time. Preparations for planting may begin earlier than specified seasons, if approved.
- B. At the option and on the full responsibility of the **Contractor**, planting operations may be conducted under unseasonable conditions without additional compensation; however, prior written approval shall be obtained from the **County** and the guarantee period shall remain as specified in Paragraph 1.05.A herein.

3.02 PRODUCT HANDLING AND STORAGE

- A. Balled and burlapped plants shall be dug and prepared for shipment in a manner that shall not damage roots or branches.
- B. Protection After Delivery - The balls or roots of plants not planted immediately upon delivery shall be covered with moist soil or mulch, or other protection from drying winds and sun. All plants shall be watered as necessary, until planted. Balled plants shall not be lifted by the trunk of the plant.

3.03 TREES AND SHRUBS

- A. Locations for all plants and outlines for planting areas shall be staked on the ground and shall be approved by the **County** before plants are set. Orientation of plants, foliage, and branching shall be approved before installation. Any adjustments in locations and/or outline shall be approved in writing by the **County**.

- B. Care shall be exercised to have pits dug and soil prepared prior to moving plants to pits for planting. Circular pits with vertical sides shall be excavated for all plants. Diameter of planting pits shall be twice the diameter of the ball or root spread. The depth of the pits shall be sufficient to accommodate the ball or roots when the plant is set to finished grade allowing for six inches of topsoil in the bottom of the pit. The soil at the bottom of the planting pit shall be loosened to a depth of three inches and mixed with topsoil. Any rock, rubble, hard pan, or other underground obstruction shall be removed to permit proper installation and drainage. The **Contractor** shall ensure positive drainage away from all planting beds.
- C. Soil used in planting shall be a topsoil mixture. One cubic yard of pine bark "Nature's Helper" and twenty pounds of commercial six percent nitrogen-twelve percent phosphorus – twelve percent potassium (6-12-12) fertilizer or bone meal shall be mixed with every six (6) cubic yards of topsoil.
- D. Unless otherwise specified, all plants shall be planted in pits, centered, and set at a depth so that the finished grade level shall be the same as that at which the plant was grown.
- E. For balled and burlap material, all wire and string binding shall be removed from around the root ball. After placing the plant in the planting pit, the burlap shall be cut away or folded back from the top third of the root ball. If balled plants are wrapped with material that is not biodegradable, then this wrapping material shall be removed once the plant is set in the planting pit. Care shall be taken so not to damage the root system.
- F. The pit shall be backfilled with topsoil placed in layers around the roots or ball. Each layer shall be carefully tamped to avoid air pockets. When the hole is approximately two-thirds full, water should be added. After the water has been absorbed, the hole shall be filled with topsoil and tamped lightly to grade.
- G. A four (4) inch mound of soil shall be formed around each plant to produce a saucer. On slopes, an adequate shoulder shall be formed on the downhill side to hold water and avoid erosion.
- H. Guying and Staking
1. Hose shall be two-ply reinforced hose not less than three-eighths (3/8) inch inside diameter.
 2. Wire shall be galvanized pliable, zinc-coated iron not less than No. 16 gage.
 3. Turnbuckles shall be galvanized and have a three (3) inch minimum lengthwise opening fitted with screw eyes. Three turnbuckles are required per tree planting.
 4. Trees shall be supported immediately after planting. All trees shall be guyed or staked.

5. Guy wires shall consist of two twisted strands of wire encased in hose to prevent direct contact with bark of the tree. Guying shall be spaced equally about each tree. Guy wires shall be placed around the tree trunk or lower branches in a single loop at an angle or about sixty (60) degrees or about two-fifths (2/5s) of the height of the tree. Guy wires shall be fastened to two by two by thirty (2" x 2" x 30") inch wooden stakes driven to approximately six (6) inches above the ground. Guy wires shall be tightened and kept taut by turn-buckles, or other approved methods.
6. Wood stakes to be used shall be uniform two-by-two (2" x 2") inch pressure treated wood with one end sharpened. Stakes shall be not less than six (6') feet in length.
7. Tree species less than three (3) feet tall shall require slash staking. Wood stakes used shall be uniform two by two (2" x 2") inch pressure treated wood with one end sharpened. Stakes shall not be less than four (4) feet in length.
- I. All trees shall be wrapped with standard manufactured tree wrapping paper, brown in color. Tree trunks shall be wrapped spirally overlapping two (2) inches and shall be wound from the ground line to above the lowest main branches. The wrapping shall be securely tied in at least five places, including the top, middle, and bottom, with a jute twine not less than two-ply or other approved bio-degradable material.
- J. A four (4) inch layer of pine straw mulch and a pre-emergent such as "Ronstar" or equal shall be applied to all planting bed areas.
- K. Plant beds containing ericaceous plants shall be top dressed with ordinary powdered sulfur at the rate of three (3) pints per one hundred (100) square feet of area.

3.04 GROUND COVERS

- A. Except as otherwise specified, the **Contractor's** work shall conform to accepted horticultural practices as used in the trade.
- B. Planting areas shall be dug and soil for planting ready before plants are delivered.
- C. Ground cover beds shall be prepared by thorough loosening of existing subgrade and by placement of a minimum of four (4) inches of approved topsoil to conform to the final grade. Soil used in planting shall be topsoil mixed with one cubic yard of pine bark "Nature's Helper" and twenty pounds of commercial six (6) percent nitrogen-twelve percent phosphorus – twelve percent potassium (6-12-12) fertilizer or bone meal with every six cubic yards of topsoil.
- D. Pre-emergence weed control shall be applied in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- E. All planting beds shall be mulched with a two (2) inch layer of bark mulch prior to

planting. Planting holes shall be dug through the mulch. Ensure that roots are surrounded by soil below the mulch.

- F. Biodegradable pots shall be crushed and non-biodegradable pots shall be removed prior to planting. The root systems of all potted plants shall be split or crumbled.

3.05 PRUNING AND REPAIR

- A. Upon completion of the work under the Contract, all new trees and shrubs shall have been pruned and any injuries repaired. The amount of pruning shall be limited to the minimum necessary to remove dead or injured twigs and branches and to compensate for the loss of roots as a result of transplanting operations. Pruning shall be done in such a manner as not to change the natural habit or shape of the plant. All cuts shall be made flush, leaving no stubs. On all bruises or scars on the bark and cuts over three-quarter (3/4) inch in diameter, the injured cambium shall be traced back to living tissue and removed; wounds shall be smoothed and shaped so as not to retain water; and the treated area shall be coated with shellac or a commercial tree wound dressing.

3.06 REUSE OF EXISTING PLANT MATERIALS

- A. Where shown on the Drawings, or as allowed herein, in-situ plant materials may be removed and re-installed in lieu of replacement with new materials. Such reuse shall conform to the following conditions:
 - 1. In those areas indicated on the Drawings, existing trees and shrubs shall be removed and re-installed. The arrangement or location of the re-installed materials may vary from existing conditions. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for removal, proper handling, temporary storage, re-installation, and maintenance for the existing materials; however, no guarantee of survival is required. The cost of this work shall be included in the Contract Price.
 - 2. If conditions permit, the **Contractor** may, at its own risk, remove and re-install existing trees and shrubs as an alternate to replacement with new materials. The Guarantee and Maintenance requirements shall apply for re-installed existing materials in the same manner as for new materials. The **Contractor** shall obtain written concurrence from the **County** of its intention to reuse existing plant materials prior to the execution of the work.
 - 3. In those areas indicated in the Easement Stipulations or shown on the Drawings, certain existing trees and shrubs may be removed and re-installed by the property owner. The **Contractor** shall provide prior written notification to the property owner (with copy to the **County**) advising of the schedule of construction and the required time frame for removal. If the **Contractor** proceeds with construction without providing the required prior notice, any materials that are damaged or destroyed shall be replaced in **County** and quantity at the expense of the **Contractor**.

- B. Trees and shrubs shall be dug with firm natural balls of earth of sufficient size and depth to encompass the fibrous and feeding root system necessary for full recovery of the plant.
- C. All plants shall be protected from drying action of the sun and wind during digging and after being dug, while in storage awaiting planting, and while being transplanted. Heel plants or properly protect them with soil, wet peat moss or in a manner acceptable to the **County**.
- D. All existing trees and shrubs shall be replanted promptly, preferably within twenty-four (24) hours after removal, but in no case longer than forty-eight (48) hours.

3.07 INSPECTION FOR ACCEPTANCE

- A. Upon completion of all planting, and after receipt of written notification, inspection of the landscape work will be made by the **County**. Inspection of the work will be conducted again by the **County** during and at the end of the maintenance period.

3.08 MAINTENANCE

- A. Maintenance shall begin immediately after each plant is planted and shall continue until all plants are accepted. Planting shall be protected and maintained by watering, fertilizing, and replanting as necessary, at the **Contractor's** expense, for at least one full growing season following installation beginning April 1 and ending November 1 as specified in Paragraph 1.05.A herein.

+++ END OF SECTION 02490 +++

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SECTION 02510 PAVEMENT REPAIRS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. Work described in this Section includes furnishing all labor, materials, equipment, tools and incidentals for installation of all pavement repairs; pavement replacement; surface preparation; asphaltic concrete placement; pavement milling; cleaning and protection and any other similar, incidental, or appurtenant pavement repair operation which may be necessary to properly complete the Work as shown on the drawings and as specified herein.
- B. Related Work specified elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 01210 - Measurement and Payment
 - 2. Section 02510 - Pavement Repairs
 - 3. Section 02920 - Site Restoration
 - 4. Section 03300 - Cast-In-Place Concrete

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be made in accordance with the requirements within Section 01300 - Submittals of the Contract Documents. In addition, the following specific information shall be provided:
 - 1. The **Contractor** shall submit asphalt mix design to the **County** for approval.
 - 2. Certificates: The **Contractor** shall submit certification of quality control and compliance with the requirements of this section to the **County**. Certificates shall be signed by asphalt and concrete producers and the **Contractor**.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Reference Standards: The **Contractor** shall comply with the applicable provisions and recommendations of the latest editions of the following standards, except as otherwise shown on the Plans or specified in these Specifications.
 - 1. ASTM C94 - Standard Specification for Ready Mix Concrete.
 - 2. ASTM C33 - Standard Specification for Concrete Aggregates.
 - 3. ASTM C150 - Standard Specification for Portland Cement.
 - 4. ACI 301 - Specifications for Structural Concrete.

5. ACI 304 - Guide for Measuring, Mixing, Transporting, and Placing Concrete.
 6. ASTM A185 - Welded Steel Wire Fabric for Concrete Reinforcement.
 7. ASTM A497 - Welded Deformed Steel Wire Fabric for Concrete Reinforcement.
 8. ASTM C494 - Chemical Admixtures for Concrete.
 9. ASTM D1751 - Preformed Expansion Joint Fillers for Concrete Paving and Structural Construction.
 10. ASTM D3371 - Standard Specification for Viscosity-Graded Asphalt Cement for use in Pavement Construction.
 11. ASTM D946 - Standard Specification for Penetration Graded Asphalt Cement for use in Pavement Construction.
 12. AI (Asphalt Institute) - MS-2- Mix Design Methods for Asphalt Concrete and Other Hot Mix Types.
 13. AI (Asphalt Institute) - MS-3- Asphalt Plant Manual.
 14. AI (Asphalt Institute) - MS-8- Asphalt Paving Manual.
 15. AI (Asphalt Institute) - MS-19 - Basic Asphalt Emulsion Manual.
 16. AASHTO M147-65 - Materials for Aggregate and Soil Aggregates.
 17. ASTM C-136 - Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates.
 18. Georgia Department of Transportation Standard Specifications Construction of Transportation Systems, latest edition.
- B. The **Contractor** shall perform Work in accordance with the requirements of the Georgia Department of Transportation (GDOT) Standard Specifications Construction of Transportation Systems, latest edition.
- C. The **Contractor** shall obtain materials from the same source throughout the duration of the paving Work.
- D. The **Contractor** shall use only materials which are furnished by a bulk asphalt concrete producer regularly engaged in production of hot-mix, hot-laid asphalt concrete and shall be a GDOT-approved facility.

1.04 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. The **Contractor** shall comply with the performance standards and requirements established by GDOT.

- B. Paving: Pavement shall be designed for movement of trucks up to sixty-thousand (60,000) pounds.
- C. General: In addition to other specified conditions, the **Contractor** shall comply with the following minimum requirements:
 - 1. Finished asphaltic concrete courses shall be compacted to the following densities:
 - a. Asphaltic Concrete Hot Mix Surface Course; Not less than ninety-two (92) percent of theoretical density.
 - b. Asphaltic Concrete Hot Mix Binder Course: Not less than ninety (90) percent of theoretical density.
 - 2. On the day following placement of asphaltic materials, samples for the determination of in-place density shall be taken from the finished pavement. The **Contractor** shall core the samples at locations and in the manner directed by the **County**. The cuts made in taking such samples shall be repaired by the **Contractor** at no expense to the **County**.
 - 3. The finished surface, when checked with a ten-foot straightedge placed parallel to the centerline, shall show no variation more than one-quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) inch for base and intermediate courses, and not more than one-eighth ($\frac{1}{8}$) inch for surface courses. All testing shall be made in a longitudinal direction at intervals as directed by the **County**. Surface deviations for intermediate courses may be corrected by skin patching, feather edging, or other methods that would provide the required smoothness and maintain quality material. However, surface deviations for surface courses shall be corrected in such a manner as to maintain a quality pavement having the same uniform texture and appearance as the adjoining surface. All corrective work shall be performed at the expense of the **Contractor**.

1.05 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

- A. The **Contractor** shall conform to applicable code for paving work on public and private properties.

1.06 JOB CONDITIONS

- A. Weather Limitations:
 - 1. The **Contractor** shall apply bituminous prime and tack coats only when the ambient temperature in the shade has been at least forty (40) degrees F.
 - 2. The **Contractor** shall not conduct paving operations when the surface is wet, frozen, or contains excess moisture that would prevent uniform distribution and required penetration.

3. The **Contractor** shall construct asphaltic courses only when atmospheric temperature in the shade is above thirty-five (35) degrees F, when the underlying base is dry and when weather is not rainy.
 4. The **Contractor** shall place base course when air temperature is above thirty-five (35) degrees F and rising. The **Contractor** shall not place base course on a frozen or muddy subgrade.
- B. The **Contractor** shall establish and maintain the required lines and grades, including crown and cross-slope, for each course during construction operations.
- C. Traffic Control:
1. The **Contractor** shall maintain vehicular and pedestrian traffic during paving operations, as required for other construction activities.
 2. In addition, the **Contractor** shall provide flagmen, barricades, and warning signs for the safe and expeditious movement of traffic through construction zones within public rights-of-way in accordance with the requirements of Section 01550 - Traffic Regulation.

1.07 TEMPORARY ROADWAY PAVING REPAIRS

- A. Temporary cold or permanent hot asphalt patching will be required for both transverse and longitudinal roadway cuts upon completing backfilling requirements at the end of each day's work if the road is to be opened for local traffic while work has stopped.
- B. It shall be the **Contractor's** responsibility to maintain the temporary paving in such condition as to prevent hindrance or hazard to traffic. When final paving is undertaken the temporary surfacing materials shall be removed to accommodate final paving of types and thicknesses as specified in this section, the edges of the existing paving shall be neatly and uniformly trimmed, and the permanent pavement shall be placed.
- C. Steel Plate Bridging:
1. At the **County's** discretion, steel plate bridging may be used. The **Contractor** shall adhere to the following chart with respect to minimum plate size and thickness.

Trench Width	Minimum Plate Thickness
10" (0.25 m)	1/2" (13 mm)
1'-11" (0.58 m)	3/4" (19 mm)
2'-7" (0.80 m)	7/8" (22 mm)
3'-5" (1.04 m)	1" (25 mm)
5'-3" (1.60 m)	1 1/4" (32 mm)
*For trench widths greater than 5' 3", the County will determine the plate thickness.	

2. Steel plates used for bridging shall extend a minimum of twelve (12) inches beyond all edges of the trench.
 3. For traffic speeds less than forty-five (45) mph, the surrounding pavement shall be cold planed to a depth equal to that of the steel plate selected.
 4. For traffic speeds greater than forty-five (45) mph, approach plate(s) and ending plate (if longitudinal placement) shall be attached to the roadway by a minimum of two (2) dowels pre-drilled into the corners of the plate and drilled two (2) inches into the pavement. Subsequent plates shall be butted to each other. Fine graded asphalt concrete shall be compacted to form ramps, maximum slope eight and one-half (8½) percent with a minimum twelve (12) inches taper to cover all edges of the steel plates. When steel plates are removed, the dowel holes in the pavement shall be backfilled with either graded fines of either asphalt concrete mix, concrete slurry, or an equivalent slurry that is satisfactory to the **County**.
 5. Steel plates shall not be left on the road in any one location for more than fourteen (14) days.
- D. Graded Aggregate Base:
1. Temporary patch paving using graded aggregate base shall be placed only as approved and directed by the **County**. All compacted material shall conform closely enough to the existing road surface so as to permit safe travel.
 2. Graded aggregate may consist of gravel, air cooled blast furnace slag, crushed stone, or synthetic aggregate having hard, strong, durable pieces free of adherent coatings and shall be approved for use by the **County**.

1.08 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. The **Contractor** shall submit proposed mix design of each class of mix to the **County** for review prior to commencement of the Work.
- B. The **County's** independent testing laboratory shall test samples in accordance with TAI MS.

1.09 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Field inspection and testing shall be performed in accordance with the requirements of the General Requirements.
- B. The **County's** independent testing laboratory shall take samples and perform tests in accordance with the Georgia Department of Transportation Standard Specifications Construction of Transportation Systems, latest edition.

1.10 PROTECTION

- A. Immediately after placement, the **Contractor** shall protect pavement from mechanical injury for seven (7) days.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT

- A. Aggregates for asphaltic concrete shall comply with the applicable requirements of the Georgia Department of Transportation Standard Specifications Construction of Transportation Systems, latest edition.
- B. Asphaltic cement for asphaltic concrete shall comply with the applicable requirements of the Georgia Department of Transportation Standard Specifications Construction of Transportation Systems, latest edition.
- C. Bituminous prime coat shall comply with the applicable requirements of the Georgia Department of Transportation Standard Specifications Construction of Transportation Systems, latest edition.
- D. Bituminous tack coat shall comply with the applicable requirements of the Georgia Department of Transportation Standard Specifications Construction of Transportation Systems, latest edition.
- E. Hot Mix asphaltic concrete construction shall comply with the applicable requirements of the Georgia Department of Transportation Standard Specifications Construction of Transportation Systems, latest edition.

2.02 RIGID PAVEMENT

- A. Concrete and reinforcing bars (where required) for rigid pavement shall conform to the requirements of Section 03200 - Concrete Reinforcement and Section 03300 - Cast-In-Place Concrete. Concrete for pavement shall be Class A.

2.03 CURB AND GUTTER

- A. Concrete for curb, curb and gutter, or valley gutter shall be Class A. Concrete shall conform to the requirements of Section 03300 - Cast-In-Place Concrete.

2.04 SIDEWALKS

- A. Concrete for sidewalks shall be Class A conforming to the requirements of Section 03300 - Cast-In-Place Concrete.

2.05 DRIVEWAYS

- A. Concrete for driveways shall be Class A conforming to the requirements of Section 03300 - Cast-In-Place Concrete.

2.06 STANDARD GRANITE CURB, GRADE B

- A. Curbs shall be furnished in standard lengths of eight (8) feet in so far as possible employing shorter lengths where required such that the minimum length employed shall not be less than four (4) feet long. Curb sections shall have a split face and split top. Each joint shall have an unreinforced concrete footing as specified in the Detail Drawings. On wheel chair ramps and driveways, the granite curb shall continue through depressed sections of these elements as shown in the Detail Drawings. On curve section of roadway, the granite curb shall be split or cut on the curve.

2.07 SPECIALTY BRICK PAVER REPLACEMENT

- A. The **Contractor** shall verify the size, type, color, and pattern of the existing specialty brick pavement surface prior to removal. The **Contractor** shall submit to the **County** for review the proposed replacement brick paver material and installation information. Materials shall conform to the existing installation for pattern, color, and size.

2.08 SPECIAL BRICK SIDEWALK REPLACEMENT

- A. All brick shall be solid pavers conforming to the requirements of the GDOT Standard Specifications Construction of Transportation Systems, Latest Edition. The **Contractor** shall submit to the **County** for review on the brick to be used to replace brick sidewalks within the Project area. Materials shall conform to the existing installation for pattern, color, and size.

2.09 STAMPED HEXAGONAL CONCRETE PAVERS

- A. Where existing, hexagonal concrete pavers shall be removed to allow pipe installation, the **Contractor** may replace them with poured-in-place concrete sidewalk with stamped paver pattern as shown in the Standard Details.

2.10 PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- A. This work shall consist of furnishing and applying thermoplastic reflectorized pavement marking compound that is extruded or sprayed on the pavement by mechanical means and which, upon cooling to pavement temperature, produces a reflectorized pavement marking.
- B. Pavement markings shall be placed to reconstitute the markings that were existing before the pavement was milled for resurfacing. All final markings shall meet the requirements of the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD). If any existing markings did not meet the MUTCD requirements or were absent, the **Contractor** shall nevertheless upgrade the markings at these locations to meet the MUTCD requirements. Thermoplastic traffic stripe shall consist of solid or broken (skip) lines, words and/or symbols of the type and color as shown in the MUTCD Manual. Short lines such as crosswalks, stop bars, arrows, symbols, and crosshatching shall be extruded. All other lines shall be sprayed.

- C. Materials shall meet the requirements of GDOT Standard Specifications Construction of Transportation Systems, latest edition, Section 653.02.
- D. Pavement markings shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - 1. Double solid yellow center line.
 - 2. Solid white pavement edge line where street does not have curb and to mark bike lanes.
 - 3. Skip yellow lines to designate lanes in multi-lane streets.
 - 4. Traffic stripe shall be six (6) inches wide on GDOT streets and **County** streets designated as arterial. Traffic stripe shall be four (4) inches wide on all other streets.
 - 5. White crosshatched lines for crosswalks at schools and at intersections.
 - 6. White stop bars at stop streets.
 - 7. Symbols such as turn arrows, one-way arrows, etc.
 - 8. Wording such as "STOP," "SCHOOL," etc.
 - 9. All other striping, symbols, and wording required by MUTCD.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PAVEMENT REPLACEMENT

- A. The **Contractor** shall obtain prior approval from the **County** for any paving subcontracts.
- B. The **Contractor** shall replace all pavements following the guidelines established by the Georgia Department of Transportation and other authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Where paved streets, sidewalks, driveways, and gutters are removed within the construction limits as specified, such replacement shall be paid for at the respective unit prices in the Bid Form. Such pavements removed or damaged by the **Contractor** beyond the specified construction limits shall be replaced in accordance with these specifications at the **Contractor's** expense.
- D. Where chert, gravel, slag, or other unpaved street or driveway surfaces are removed or damaged, they shall be replaced with the same type of materials that were removed as an incidental part of the Work and no specific payment therefore shall be allowed. Unpaved drives shall be topped with gravel at no additional cost to the **County**.

- E. In replacing pavements and unpaved surfaces, the materials used and the construction methods shall comply with the applicable requirements of the Georgia Department of Transportation Standard Specifications Construction of Transportation Systems, latest edition.
- F. Where shown on the Plans, service lines and small diameter pipes, eight (8) inches in diameter or less located across paved surfaces shall be installed by boring or other approved methods that shall not require cutting or removing the pavement where feasible. This is to be approved by the **County**.
- G. All concrete pavement replaced shall not be less than four (4) inches thick or equal to the original if greater than four (4) inches.
- H. Pavements replaced shall be of the same type of construction as was removed, except that no asphalt surface replaced shall be less than three (3) inches thick consisting of a binder and seal coat. Wearing surfaces shall be slag sealed in accordance with the requirements established by GDOT.

3.02 SURFACE PREPARATION

- A. Graded Aggregate Base Course:
 - 1. The **Contractor** shall check subgrade for conformity with elevations and section immediately before placing aggregate base material.
 - 2. The **Contractor** shall place aggregate base material in compacted layers not more than six (6) inches thick, unless continuing tests indicate that the required results are being obtained with thicker layers.
 - 3. In no case shall more than eight (8) inches of compacted base be placed in one lift.
 - 4. The **Contractor** shall spread, shape, and compact all aggregate base material deposited on the subgrade during the same day.
 - 5. The compacted base shall have sufficient stability to support construction traffic without pumping and meet minimum contract compaction specifications.
 - 6. If compacted base becomes unstable as a result of too much moisture, the base material and underlying subgrade, if necessary, shall be dried or removed and reworked to a moisture content that can be recompacted to meet minimum contract compaction specifications at the expense of the **Contractor**.
- B. Loose and Foreign Material:
 - 1. The **Contractor** shall remove loose and foreign material from the surface immediately before application of paving.

2. The **Contractor** shall use power brooms or blowers, and hand brooming as required.
 3. The **Contractor** shall not displace surface material.
- C. Prime Coat:
1. The **Contractor** shall uniformly apply at a rate of 0.20 to 0.50 gallon per square yard over compacted and cleaned subbase surface.
 2. The **Contractor** shall apply enough material to penetrate and seal, but not flood the surface.
 3. The **Contractor** shall allow material to cure and dry as long as required to attain penetration and evaporation of volatile, and in no case less than twenty-four (24) hours unless otherwise acceptable to the **County**.
 4. The **Contractor** shall blot excess asphalt with just enough sand to prevent pick-up under traffic.
 5. The **Contractor** shall remove loose sand before paving.
- D. Tack Coat:
1. The **Contractor** shall dilute material with equal parts of water and apply to contact surfaces of previously constructed asphalt concrete or Portland cement concrete and similar surfaces.
 2. The **Contractor** shall apply at a rate of 0.05 to 0.15 gallons per square yard of surface.
 3. The **Contractor** shall apply tack coat by brush to contact surfaces of curbs, gutters, manholes, and other structures projecting into or abutting asphalt concrete pavement.
 4. The **Contractor** shall allow surfaces to dry until material is at a condition of tackiness to receive pavement.

3.03 EQUIPMENT

- A. The **Contractor** shall provide size and quantity of equipment to complete the work specified in this section within the Project Schedule.
- B. Bituminous pavers shall be self-propelled that spread hot asphalt concrete mixtures without tearing, shoving, or gouging surfaces, and control pavement edges to true lines without use of stationary forms.
- C. Rolling equipment shall be self-propelled, steel-wheeled, and pneumatic-tired rollers that can reverse direction without backlash.

- D. The **Contractor** shall provide rakes, lutes, shovels, tampers, smoothing irons, pavement cutters, portable heaters, and other miscellaneous small tools to complete the work specified in this section.

3.04 ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PLACEMENT

- A. The **Contractor** shall place asphalt concrete mix on prepared surfaces, spread, and strike-off using paving machine.
- B. The **Contractor** shall spread the asphaltic concrete mixture at a minimum temperature of two-hundred and twenty-five (225) degrees F.
- C. Inaccessible and small areas may be placed by hand.
- D. The **Contractor** shall place each course at a thickness such that when compacted it shall conform to the indicated grade, cross-section, finish thickness, and density indicated in the Plans.
- E. Pavement Placing:
 - 1. Unless otherwise directed by the **County**, the **Contractor** shall begin placing asphaltic concrete along the centerline of areas to be paved on crowned section, and at high side of sections on one-way slope, and in direction of traffic flow.
 - 2. After first strip has been placed and rolled, the **Contractor** shall place succeeding strips and extend rolling to overlap previous strips.
 - 3. The **Contractor** shall complete base courses for a section before placing surface courses.
 - 4. The **Contractor** shall place the asphaltic concrete mixture in as continuous an operation as practical.
- F. Hand Placing:
 - 1. The **Contractor** shall spread, tamp, and finish the asphaltic concrete mixture using hand tools in areas where machine spreading is not possible, as acceptable to the **County**.
 - 2. The **Contractor** shall place the asphaltic concrete mixture at a rate that shall ensure handling and compaction before mixture becomes cooler than acceptable working temperature.
- G. Joints:
 - 1. The **Contractor** shall carefully make joints between old and new pavements, or between successive days work, to ensure a continuous bond between adjoining work.

2. The **Contractor** shall construct joints to have the same texture, density, and smoothness as adjacent sections of asphalt concrete course.
3. The **Contractor** shall clean contact surfaces free of sand, dirt, or other objectionable material and apply tack coat.
4. The **Contractor** shall offset transverse joints in succeeding courses not less than twenty-four (24) inches.
5. The **Contractor** shall cut back edge of previously placed course to expose an even, vertical surface for full course thickness.
6. The **Contractor** shall offset longitudinal joints in succeeding courses not less than six (6) inches.
7. When the edges of longitudinal joints are irregular, honeycombed, or inadequately compacted, the **Contractor** shall cut back unsatisfactory sections to expose an even, vertical surface for full course thickness.

3.05 ASPHALTIC CONCRETE COMPACTION

- A. The **Contractor** shall provide sufficient rollers to obtain the required pavement density.
- B. The **Contractor** shall begin rolling operations as soon after placing, as the mixture shall bear weight of roller without excessive displacement.
- C. The **Contractor** shall not permit heavy equipment, including rollers to stand on finished surface before it has thoroughly cooled or set.
- D. The **Contractor** shall compact the asphaltic concrete mixture with hot hand tampers or vibrating plate compactors in areas inaccessible to rollers.
- E. The **Contractor** shall start rolling longitudinally at extreme lower side of sections and proceed toward center of pavement. The **Contractor** shall roll to slightly different lengths on alternate roller runs.
- F. The **Contractor** shall not roll centers of sections first under any circumstances.
- G. Breakdown Rolling:
 1. The **Contractor** shall accomplish breakdown or initial rolling immediately following rolling of transverse and longitudinal joints and the outside edge.
 2. The **Contractor** shall operate rollers as close as possible to paver without causing pavement displacement.
 3. The **Contractor** shall check crown, grade, and smoothness after breakdown rolling.

4. The **Contractor** shall repair displaced areas by loosening at once with lutes or rakes and filling, if required, with hot loose material before continuing rolling.
- H. Second Rolling:
1. The **Contractor** shall follow breakdown rolling as soon as possible, while the asphaltic concrete mixture is hot and in condition for compaction.
 2. The **Contractor** shall continue second rolling until the asphaltic concrete mixture has been thoroughly compacted.
- I. Finish Rolling:
1. The **Contractor** shall perform finish rolling while the asphaltic concrete mixture is still warm enough for removal of roller marks.
 2. The **Contractor** shall continue rolling until roller marks are eliminated and the course has attained specified density.
- J. Patching:
1. The **Contractor** shall remove and replace defective areas.
 2. The **Contractor** shall cut-out and fill with fresh, hot asphalt concrete.
 3. The **Contractor** shall compact by rolling to specified surface density and smoothness.
 4. The **Contractor** shall remove deficient areas for full depth of course.
 5. The **Contractor** shall cut sides perpendicular and parallel to direction of traffic with edges vertical.
 6. The **Contractor** shall apply tack coat to exposed surfaces before placing new asphaltic concrete mixture.

3.06 PAVEMENT MILLING

- A. In street areas where pavement replacement occurs, pavement milling shall be performed by the **Contractor** to eliminate excessive buildup of pavement. The depth of milling shall be 1-1/2" from curb to curb measured at each edge of pavement or as directed by the **County**.

3.07 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Cleaning: After completion of paving operations, the **Contractor** shall clean surfaces of excess or spilled asphalt materials to the satisfaction of the **County**.

- B. Protection:
1. After final rolling, the **Contractor** shall not permit vehicular traffic on asphaltic concrete pavements until it has cooled and hardened, and in no case no sooner than six (6) hours.
 2. The **Contractor** shall provide barricades and warning devices as required to protect pavement and the general public.
- C. Maintenance: The **Contractor** shall maintain the surfaces of pavements until the acceptance of the Work. Maintenance shall include replacement, overlaying, milling, and reshaping as necessary to prevent raveling of the road material, the preservation of smooth surfaces, and the repair of damaged or unsatisfactory surfaces, to the satisfaction of the **County**.

3.08 STANDARD GRANITE CURB, GRADE B

- A. This work shall consist of furnishing and installing the standard granite curb where indicated in the Plans or directed by the **County**. In general, granite curb required to be installed shall match existing granite curb that has been removed or damaged in the progress of the Work.
- B. When existing granite curb will conflict with pipe installation, the **Contractor** shall carefully remove, clean, and store the granite curb. The **Contractor** shall remove damaged granite curb from the job site. Granite curb that is acceptable to the **County** may be re-installed.
- C. Installation of standard granite curb, Grade B, shall include saw cutting existing asphalt concrete pavement a minimum of one (1) inch and removing remaining pavement to subgrade, excavation of base and subgrade as necessary to install the granite curbing and backfilling and compacting of the installation.

3.09 SPECIALTY BRICK PAVER REPLACEMENT

- A. This work shall consist of replacing existing brick pavement required to be removed for installation of sanitary sewers or connection of services.
- B. Existing brick pavers removed to accommodate sanitary sewers or services or damaged by the Work shall be removed in neat, rectangular sections the full width of the pavement as shown on the Plans. Existing concrete base slabs shall be cut with a concrete saw and removed prior to replacement. Replacement construction shall match existing pavement section including concrete base slab.

3.10 SPECIAL BRICK SIDEWALK REPLACEMENT

- A. This work shall consist of replacing existing brick sidewalks required to be removed for connection of services or for installation of sanitary sewers.
- B. Existing brick sidewalk removed to accommodate the sanitary sewers or services or damaged by the Work shall be removed in neat, rectangular sections the full width of the sidewalk or driveway on a line perpendicular to the street. Existing

concrete base slabs shall be cut with a concrete saw and removed prior to replacement. Brick pavers shall be laid on a four (4) inch thick concrete base slab and meet the same requirements as Standard Concrete Sidewalk four (4) inches thick.

3.11 STAMPED HEXAGONAL CONCRETE PAVERS

- A. This work shall consist of replacing existing hexagonal concrete pavers required to be removed for connections of services or for installation of sanitary sewers.
- B. Existing hexagonal pavers removed to accommodate the sanitary sewers or services or damaged by the Work shall be removed the full width of the sidewalk or driveway on a line perpendicular to the street. The stamped hexagonal concrete pavers shall be constructed according to the Standard Detail. Prior to beginning construction of the first section of stamped pavers, the **Contractor** shall construct a four (4) foot by a four (4) foot test panel for approval by the **County**. A standard concrete sidewalk four (4) inches thick shall be poured. When the concrete has achieved sufficient set, the paver pattern imprint shall be created by pushing the form into the concrete to the specified depth and then carefully removing the form. If the constructed stamped pavers do not conform to the test panel, the unsatisfactory sections shall be removed and reconstructed by the **Contractor** to the satisfaction of the **County** without additional cost to the **County**.

3.12 PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- A. Construction of pavement markings shall be performed according to the requirements of GDOT Standard Specifications Construction of Transportation Systems, latest edition, Section 653.03.

+++ END OF SECTION 02510 +++

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SECTION 02521 CONCRETE SIDEWALKS, CURBS AND GUTTERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. Work described in this Section includes furnishing all labor, materials, equipment, tools and incidentals required for construction of concrete sidewalks, concrete curb, concrete gutter and concrete combined curb and gutter, which shall consist of monolithic curb and gutter respectively, all constructed of Portland cement concrete, at the locations, and to the lines, grades, cross section, form and dimensions indicated on the Drawings.
- B. Cement concrete sidewalks, concrete curb, gutter and combined curb and gutter shall include all necessary excavation, unless otherwise indicated, and subgrade preparation; backfilling, and final clearing up; and completion of all incidentals thereto, as indicated on the Drawings or as directed by the **County**.
- C. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 02200 - Earthwork
 - 2. Section 02510 - Pavement Repair
 - 3. Section 03200 - Concrete Reinforcement and Doweling
 - 4. Section 03300 - Cast-In-Place Concrete

1.02 PRODUCT HANDLING

- A. Protection: Use all means necessary to protect concrete materials before, during and after installation and to protect the installed work and materials of all other trades.
- B. Replacement: In the event of damage, immediately make all repairs and replacements necessary to the approval of the **County** at no additional cost to the **County**.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be made in accordance with the requirements of the General Requirements of the Contract Documents and Section 01300.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 CONCRETE REINFORCEMENT

- A. Concrete reinforcement shall conform to Section 03200 - Concrete Reinforcement and Dowelling.

2.02 CONCRETE AND RELATED MATERIALS

- A. General: Concrete and related materials including, but not necessarily limited to, joint materials, membranes and curing compounds shall conform to Section 03300 - Cast-In-Place Concrete.
- B. Class: All concrete shall be Class B three thousand (3,000) psi and conform to requirements of Section 03300.
- C. Water used in mixing concrete shall be fresh, clean, potable water free from injurious amounts of oil, acid, alkali, vegetable, wastewater and/or organic matter.
- D. Admixtures shall meet the following requirements:
 - 1. Except as herein specified, no curative or hardening admixtures shall be used.
 - 2. An air entrainment agent capable of providing three to six (3 to 6) percent air shall be used. Air entraining admixtures that are added to concrete mixtures shall conform to ASTM C 260 for Air Entraining Admixtures for Concrete.
- E. Sub-base shall be constructed of durable material such as bank-run gravel. Minimum depth of sub-base shall be three (3) inches.
- F. Joint filler shall be a non-extruding joint material conforming to AASHTO M21 3 for Preformed Expansion Joint Fillers for Concrete Paving and Structural Construction (non-extruding and resilient bituminous types). The filler for each joint shall be furnished in a single piece for the full depth and width required for the joint unless otherwise specified by the **County**.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 EARTHWORK

- A. General: All earthwork shall be performed in accordance with Section 02200, Earthwork, and as specified in this Section.
- B. Backfilling
 - 1. After the subgrade for sidewalks is compacted and at the proper grade, spread three (3) inches or more of sub-base material. Sprinkle with water and compact by rolling or other approved method. Top of the compacted gravel shall be at the proper level to receive the concrete.
 - 2. After the concrete has set sufficiently, the spaces on both sides of the curb, gutter, and combined curb and gutter shall be backfilled, and the materials compacted and left in a neat and workmanlike condition.

3. Curbs to be used in the construction of asphalt pavements shall be backfilled prior to placement of base material for asphalt pavement.

3.02 SUBGRADE PREPARATION

- A. The subgrade shall be formed by excavating to the required depth below the finished surface of the respective types, in accordance with the dimensions and designs indicated on the Drawings or as directed by the **County**, and shall be of such width as to permit the proper installation and bracing of forms. The subgrade shall be compacted by hand tamping and all soft, yielding or unsuitable material shall be removed and backfilled with satisfactory material and again compacted thoroughly to ninety-eight (98) percent of dry density per ASTM 698 and finished to a smooth and unyielding surface. The finished grade shall be to the dimensions and design indicated on the Drawings or as directed by the **County** for the bottom of the proposed construction.

3.03 CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER CONSTRUCTION

- A. Construct curbs to lines and grade shown or established by the **County**. Curbs shall conform to the details shown on the Drawings.
- B. Forming:
 1. Forms shall be metal and of an approved section. They shall be straight, free from distortions, and shall show no vertical variation greater than one-eighth (1/8) inch in ten (10) feet, and shall show no lateral variation greater than one-quarter (1/4) inch in ten (10) feet from the true plane surface on the vertical face of the form.
 2. Forms shall be of the full depth of the structure and be so constructed as to permit the inside forms to be securely fastened to the outside forms.
 3. Securely hold forms in place true to the lines and grades indicated on the Drawings.
 4. Wood forms may be used on sharp turns and for special sections as approved by the **County**.
 5. Where wooden forms are used, they shall be free from warp and the nominal depth of the structure.
 6. All mortar and dirt shall be removed from forms and all forms shall be thoroughly oiled or wetted before any concrete is deposited.
 7. The supply of forms shall be sufficient to permit their remaining in place at least twelve (12) hours after the concrete has been placed.
- C. Joints:
 1. Joints shall be constructed as indicated on the Drawings and as specified.

2. Construct joints true to line with their faces perpendicular to the surface of the structure and within one-quarter ($1/4$) inch of their designated position.
3. Thoroughly spade and compact the concrete at the faces of all joints to fill all voids.
4. Install expansion joint materials at the point of curve at all street returns.
5. Install expansion joint material behind the curb at abutment to sidewalks and adjacent structures.
6. Place contraction joints every ten (10) feet along the length of the curbs and gutters.
7. Form contraction joints using steel templates or division plates that conform to the cross section of the structure. Leave the templates in place until the concrete has set sufficiently to hold its shape, but remove them while the forms are still in place.
8. Contraction joint templates or plates shall not extend below the top of the steel reinforcement or shall be notched to permit the reinforcement to be continuous through the joint.
9. Contraction joints shall be a minimum of one and one half ($1-1/2$) inches deep.

D. Finishing:

1. Strike off the surface with a template, and finish the surface with a wood float using heavy pressure, after which, contraction joints shall be made and the surface finished with a wood float or steel trowel.
2. Finish the face of the curbs at the top and bottom with an approved finishing tool of the radius indicated on the Drawings.
3. Finish edges with an approved finishing tool having a one quarter ($1/4$) inch radius.
4. Provide a final broom finish by lightly combing with a stiff broom after troweling is complete.
5. The finished surface shall not vary more than one-eighth ($1/8$) inch in ten (10) feet from the established grade.

E. Concrete Curing:

1. After finishing operations have been completed and immediately after the free water has left the surface, the surface of the structure shall be

completely coated and sealed with a uniform layer of curing compound specified in Section 03300 - Cast-In-Place Concrete.

2. The compound shall be applied in one or two applications as directed by the **County**. When the compound is applied in two (2) increments, the second application shall follow the first application within thirty (30) minutes.
3. The compound shall be applied continuously by means of an automatic self-propelled, pressure sprayer as approved by the **County** at the rate directed by the **County**, but not less than one (1) gallon per two hundred (200) square feet of surface.
4. The equipment shall provide adequate stirring of the compound during application.
5. Should the method of applying the compound not produce uniform coverage, its use shall be discontinued, and the curing shall be by another method approved by the **County**.

F. Protection:

1. Provide and use sufficient coverings for the protection of the concrete in case of rain or breakdown of curing equipment.
2. Provide necessary barricades and lights to protect the work and rebuild or repair to the approval of the **County**. All damage caused by people, vehicles, animals, rain, the **Contractor's** operations and the like shall be repaired by the **Contractor** at no additional expense to the **County**.

3.04 SIDEWALK CONSTRUCTION

- A. Sidewalks shall be four (4) inches thick.
- B. At locations where the new sidewalk is to abut existing concrete, saw cut concrete for a depth of two (2) inches and chip the old concrete back to sound material on a straight line, clean the surface, and apply a neat cement paste just prior to pouring the new sidewalk.
- C. Joint:
 1. Place preformed asphalt expansion joints as in the adjacent curb, where the sidewalk ends at the curb, and around posts, poles, or other objects protruding through the sidewalk.
 2. Provide contraction joints transversely to the walks at locations opposite the construction joints in the curb. These joints shall be straight and at right angles to the surface of the walk.

D. Finishing:

1. Broom the surface with a fine-hair broom at right angles to the length of the walk and tool all edges, joints, and markings. Mark the walks transversely with a jointing tool.

E. Concrete Curing

1. After the finishing operations have been completed and immediately after the free water has left the surface, the surface of the structure shall be completely coated and sealed with a uniform layer of curing compound specified in Section 03300 - Cast-In-Place-Concrete.
2. The compound shall be applied in one or two applications as directed by the **County**. When the compound is applied in two (2) increments, the second application shall follow the first application within thirty (30) minutes.
3. The compound shall be applied continuously by means of an automatic self-propelled, pressure sprayer as approved by the **County** at the rate directed by the **County**, but not less than one (1) gallon per two hundred (200) square feet of surface.
4. The equipment shall provide adequate stirring of the compound during application.
5. Should the method of applying the compound not produce uniform coverage, its use shall be discontinued, and the curing shall be by another method approved by the **County**.

F. Protection:

1. Protect the sidewalks from damage for a period of seven days.
2. All damage caused by people, vehicles, rain, animals, and the **Contractor** shall be repaired by the **Contractor** at no additional expense to the **County**.

3.05 REPLACEMENT CONCRETE CURB AND SIDEWALK

- A. When a section is removed, the existing sidewalk or curb shall be cut to a neat line, perpendicular to both the centerline and the surface of the concrete slab. Existing concrete shall be cut along the nearest existing construction joints; if such joints do not exist, the cut shall be made at minimum distances shown on the Drawings.
- B. Existing concrete sidewalks and curbs that have been cut and removed for construction purposes shall be replaced with the same width and surface as the portion removed. Sidewalks shall have a minimum uniform thickness of four (4) inches. The new work shall be neatly jointed to the existing concrete so that the

surfaces of the new work shall form an even, unbroken plane with the existing surfaces.

- C. All work shall conform to the requirements for new sidewalks and curbs as detailed in this Section.

3.06 CLEANING

- A. All excess or unsuitable material shall be disposed of as specified in Section 02050, Demolition.
- B. All surfaces of the Work and adjacent surfaces shall be broom clean. The **Contractor** shall use pressure washing and other means approved by the **County** to remove splashed and spilled concrete from the Work and adjacent surfaces.
- C. Disturbed seeded areas shall be reseeded per requirements of Section 02125 - Temporary and Permanent Erosion and Sediment Control.

+++ END OF SECTION 02521 +++

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SECTION 02665 WATER MAINS AND ACCESSORIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. The work included under this section includes providing all labor, materials, equipment, tools, and incidentals required for a complete installation of water mains and accessories as shown on the Plans and as specified in this section.
- B. The **Contractor** shall supply all products and perform all work in accordance with applicable American Society for Testing and Material (ASTM), American Water Works Association (AWWA), American National Standards Institute (ANSI), Steel Structures Painting Council (SSPC), and other recognized standards. Latest revisions of all standards are applicable.
- C. Galvanized pipe/fittings shall not be used as any part of the Water Transmission and Distribution System, nor shall it be used to join any appurtenances to the System.
- D. Water mains, valves, hydrants, and appurtenances shall be installed before the installation of the sub-base course or paving or any other utilities except sanitary sewer lines.
- E. All water system products and materials shall be submitted for approval by the **County**. Each shall meet all design and operating requirements of the **County**.
- F. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 01210 - Measurement and Payment
 - 2. Section 01550 - Traffic Regulation
 - 3. Section 02000 - Site Work
 - 4. Section 02140 - Dewatering
 - 5. Section 02200 - Earthwork
 - 6. Section 02324 - Trenching and Trench Backfilling
 - 7. Section 02510 - Pavement Repairs
 - 8. Section 02521 - Concrete Sidewalks, Curbs, and Gutters
 - 9. Section 02920 - Site Restoration

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be made in accordance with the requirements of the General Requirements of the Contract Documents and Section 01300. In addition, the following specific information shall be provided:
 - 1. Complete product data and engineering data, including shop drawings.

2. Documentation that manufacturers have consistently produced products of satisfactory quality and performance for a period of at least two (2) years.
3. Written certification to the **County** that all products furnished comply with all applicable requirements of these Specifications.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Reference Standards: The **Contractor** shall comply with the applicable provisions and recommendations of the latest editions of the following standards, except as otherwise shown on the Plans or specified in these Specifications.

1. ANSI A21.4 (AWWA C104) - Cement Mortar Lining for Ductile Iron and Gray Iron Pipe and Fittings, for Water and Other Liquids.
2. ANSI B16.1 - Cast Iron Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings.
3. ANSI B16.22 - Wrought Copper and Copper Alloy Solder Joint Pressure Fittings.
4. ANSI B16.26 - Cast Copper Alloy Fittings for Flared Copper Tubes.
5. ASTM B32 - Standard Specification for Solder Metal.
6. ASTM B88 - Standard Specification for Seamless Copper Water Tube.
7. ASTM C150 - Standard Specification for Portland Cement.
8. ASTM D1248 - Polyethylene Plastics Molding and Extrusion Materials.
9. ASTM G62 - Test Methods for Holiday Detection in Pipeline Coatings.
10. AWWA C104 (ANSI A21.4) - Cement Mortar Lining for Ductile Iron and Gray Iron Pipe and Fittings, for Water and Other Liquids.
11. AWWA C110 (ANSI A21.10) - Ductile Iron and Gray Iron Fittings, 3-in. through 48-in., for Water and Other Liquids.
12. AWWA C111 (ANSI A21.11) - Rubber Gasket Joints for Ductile Iron and Gray Iron Pressure Pipe and Fittings.
13. AWWA C115 (ANSI A21.15) - Flanged Ductile Iron Pipe with Threaded Flanges.
14. AWWA C150 (ANSI A21.50) - Thickness Design of Ductile Iron Pipe.
15. AWWA C151 (ANSI A21.51) - Ductile Iron Pipe, Centrifugally Cast for Water and Other Liquids.
16. AWWA C153 (ANSI A21.53) - Ductile Iron Compact Fittings, 3-in. through 24-in. and 54-in. through 64-in., for Water Service.
17. AWWA C600 - Installation of Ductile Iron Water Mains and Their Appurtenances.
18. AWWA C606 - Joints, Grooved and Shouldered Type.
19. AWWA C651 - Disinfecting Water Mains.
20. SSPC-SP6 - Steel Structures Painting Council, Commercial Blast Cleaning.
21. Other ANSI, ASTM, and AWWA specifications referenced herein.

1.04 TRANSPORTATION AND HANDLING

A. Unloading: The **Contractor** shall furnish equipment and facilities for unloading, handling, distributing and storing pipe, fittings, valves, and accessories. The **Contractor** shall make equipment available at all times for use in unloading. The **Contractor** shall not drop or dump materials. All materials dropped or dumped

shall be subject to rejection without additional justification. Pipe handled on skids shall not be rolled or skidded against the pipe on the ground.

- B. Handling: The **Contractor** shall handle pipe, fittings, valves, and accessories carefully to prevent shock or damage. The **Contractor** shall handle pipe by rolling on skids, forklift, or front-end loader. The **Contractor** shall not use material damaged in handling. Slings, hooks, or pipe tongs shall be padded and used in such a manner as to prevent damage to the exterior coatings or internal lining of the pipe.

1.05 STORAGE AND PROTECTION

- A. The **Contractor** shall store all pipes that cannot be distributed along the route. The **Contractor** shall make arrangements for the use of suitable storage areas.
- B. Stored materials shall be kept safe from damage. The interior of all pipe, fittings, and other appurtenances shall be kept free from dirt or foreign matter at all times. Valves and hydrants shall be drained and stored in a manner that shall protect them from damage by freezing.
- C. Pipe shall not be stacked higher than the limits recommended by the manufacturer. The bottom tier shall be kept off the ground on timbers, rails, or concrete. Pipe in tiers shall be alternated: bell-plain end; plain end-bell. At least two (2) rows of timbers shall be placed between tiers and chocks, affixed to each other in order to prevent movement. The timbers shall be large enough to prevent contact between the pipes in adjacent tiers.
- D. Stored mechanical and push on joint gaskets shall be placed in a cool location out of direct sunlight. Gaskets shall not come in contact with petroleum products. Gaskets shall be used on a first in, first out basis.
- E. Mechanical-joint bolts shall be handled and stored in such a manner that shall ensure proper use with respect to types and sizes.

1.06 WATER MAIN LOCATION

- A. Except as otherwise shown on the Plans, the minimum depth of cover shall be four (4) feet. All deviations shall be specifically approved by the **County**.
- B. The installation of a water main parallel to another utility in the same vertical plane is not permitted, i.e., "stacking" of utilities is not permitted.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 DUCTILE IRON PIPE

- A. Ductile iron pipe shall be manufactured in accordance with the requirements of AWWA C151. All pipe, except specials, shall be furnished in nominal lengths of eighteen (18) to twenty (20) feet. Sizes shall be as shown on the Plans. All pipe shall have a minimum pressure rating as indicated in following Table below, and

corresponding minimum wall thickness, unless otherwise shown on the Plans, specified in these Specifications, or approved by the **County**.

Pipe Sizes	
Pipe Diameter (inches)	Pressure Class (psi)
4 – 12	350
14 – 18	350
20	300
24	250
30 – 54	200
60 – 64	200

- D. Flanged pipe minimum wall thickness shall be equal to Special Class 53. Flanges shall be furnished by the pipe manufacturer.
- E. Ductile Iron Pipe and fittings shall be cement lined in accordance with the requirements of AWWA C104. A seal coat over the cement lining is not required. Pipe and fittings shall be furnished with a bituminous outside coating.
- F. Fittings shall be ductile iron and shall conform to the requirements of AWWA C110 or AWWA C153 with a minimum rated working pressure of two-hundred and fifty (250) psi.
- G. Malleable iron threaded fittings and appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A47, ASTM A197, or ANSI B16.3
- H. Unless otherwise specified, steel fittings and appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A234, ASTM A105, or ANSI B16.11; and fabricated steel fittings and appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AWWA C208.
- I. Fittings for grooved end piping systems shall be full flow cast fittings, steel fittings, or segmentally welded fittings with grooves or shoulders designed to accept grooved end couplings. Cast fittings shall be cast of ductile iron conforming to the requirements of ASTM A536 or malleable iron conforming to the requirements of ASTM A47. Standard steel fittings, including large size elbows, shall be forged steel conforming to the requirements of ASTM A106. Standard segmentally welded fittings shall be fabricated of Schedule 40 carbon steel pipe.
- J. Joints:
 - 1. Unless shown or specified otherwise, joints for ductile iron pipe shall be push on or restrained joint type for pipe and standard mechanical, push on, or restrained joints for fittings. Push on and mechanical joints shall conform to the requirements of AWWA C111.

2. The only acceptable restrained joint systems for ductile iron pipe are identified in the Table below, unless approved by the **County**. No field welding of restrained joint pipe shall be allowed.

Acceptable Restrained Joints				
Diameter (inches)	ACIPCO	U.S. Pipe	McWayne	Generic ⁽¹⁾
4 – 12	Fast-Grip Flex Ring	Field Lok TR Flex	Push-On Restrained Joint Type A	MJ with Retainer Gland
16 – 24	Fast-Grip Flex Ring	Field Lok TR Flex	Push-On Restrained Joint Type A	MJ with Retainer Gland
30 – 36	Flex Ring	TR Flex	Push-On Restrained Joint Type B	MJ with Retainer Gland
42 – 48	Lok-Ring	TR Flex	N/A	MJ with Retainer Gland
54 – 64	Lok-Ring	TR Flex	N/A	N/A

⁽¹⁾ Fittings and valves only, and only where specifically allowed.

3. Restrained joint pipe (RJP) on supports shall have bolted joints and shall be specifically designed for clear spans of at least thirty-six (36) feet and as approved by the **County**
 4. Flanged joints shall meet the requirements of ANSI B16.1, Class 125.
- K. The **Contractor** shall provide the appropriate gaskets for mechanical and flange joints. Gaskets for flange joints shall be made of one-eighth ($\frac{1}{8}$) inch thick, cloth reinforced rubber; gaskets may be ring type or full-face type.
- L. Bolts and Nuts:
1. The **Contractor** shall provide the necessary bolts for connections. All bolts and nuts shall be threaded in accordance with the requirements of ANSI B1.1, Coarse Thread Series, Class 2A external, and 2B internal fit. All bolts and nuts shall be made in the U.S.A.
 2. Bolts and nuts for mechanical joints shall be Tee Head Bolts and nuts of high strength low alloy steel in accordance with the requirements of ASTM A242 to the dimensions shown in AWWA C111/ANSI A21.11.
 3. Flanged joints shall be bolted with through stud or tap bolts of required size as directed. Bolt length and diameter shall conform to the requirements of ANSI/AWWA C115 for Class 125 flanges shown in ANSI/ASME B16.1.

4. Bolts for exposed service shall be zinc plated, cold pressed, steel machine bolts conforming to the requirements of ASTM A307, Grade B. Nuts for exposed service shall be zinc plated, heavy hex conforming to ASTM A 563. Zinc plating shall conform to the requirements of ASTM B633, Type II.
 5. Bolts for submerged service shall be stainless steel machine bolts conforming to the requirements of ASTM A193, Grade B8. Nuts shall be heavy hex, stainless steel conforming to the requirements of ASTM A194, Grade 8.
- M. Mechanical joint glands shall be ductile iron.
- N. Welded Outlet: Welded outlets may be provided in lieu of tees or saddles on mains with a diameter greater than or equal to twenty-four (24) inches. The pipe joint on the outlet pipe shall meet the joint requirements specified above. All welding shall be performed by a certified welder and approved by the **County**. The minimum pipe wall thickness of the parent pipe and the outlet pipe shall be Special Thickness Class 53 [Pressure Class 350 for sixty (60) and sixty-four (64) inch sizes]. The welded outlet shall be rated for two hundred and fifty (250) psi working pressure. Each welded outlet shall be hydrostatically tested at five hundred (500) psi or as approved by the **County**. The welded outlet shall be fabricated by the manufacturer of the parent pipe. The maximum outlet diameters shall not exceed those listed in the following table:
- | Maximum Outlet Diameters | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Parent Pipe Diameter (inches) | Maximum Outlet Diameter (inches) |
| 24 | 16 |
| 30 | 20 |
| 36 | 24 |
| 42 | 30 |
| 48 | 30 |
| 54 | 30 |
| 60 | 30 |
| 64 | 30 |
- O. Ductile iron pipe shall be encased with polyethylene film where shown on the Plans. Polyethylene film shall be in accordance with the requirements of AWWA C105.
- P. Acceptance shall be based on the **County's** inspection and the manufacturer's written certification that the pipe was manufactured and tested in accordance with the applicable standards.

2.02 PIPE LINING

- A. Cement Mortar: Unless otherwise specified, pipe and fittings shall be lined with cement mortar as specified in AWWA C205. Fittings and specials larger than twenty-four (24) inches not fabricated from centrifugally lined straight sections shall require two (2) inches by four (4) inches by thirteen (13) gage self-furring wire mesh reinforcement for hand-applied lining.

2.03 PIPE COATING

- A. Epoxy: Unless otherwise specified, pipe and fittings shall be coated with a liquid epoxy as specified in AWWA C210 with the following requirements:
 - 1. No Coal tar products shall be incorporated in the liquid epoxy.
 - 2. The curing agent may be an amidoamine as well as other curing agents listed in AWWA C210.
 - 3. The coating shall be applied to a minimum thickness of sixteen (16) mils in not less than two (2) coats.
- B. Polyethylene tape: Where shown on the Plans or directed by the **County**, pipe and fittings shall be coated and wrapped with prefabricated multi-layer cold applied polyethylene tape coating in accordance with the requirements of AWWA C214. The coating application shall be a continuous step operation in conformity with the requirements of AWWA C214, Section 3. The total coating thickness shall be not less than fifty (50) mils for pipe twenty four (24) inches and smaller and not less than eighty (80) mils for pipe twenty six (26) inches and larger.

2.04 FUSION EPOXY COATING AND LINING

- A. Where shown on the Plans or directed by the **County**, steel pipe and fittings shall be fusion epoxy coated and lined. The fusion epoxy coating shall be 3M Scotchkote 203, or approved equal, approved by the **County**. Surface preparation shall be in accordance with the requirements of SSPC-SP 10 near white blast cleaning. The application method shall be by the fluidized bed method and shall attain twelve (12) mils minimum dry film thickness.
- B. Field welds, connections, and otherwise damaged areas shall be coated and patched according to the manufacturer's instructions with 3M Scotchkote 306 or approved equal

2.05 COPPER PIPE

- A. Pipe shall be rolled copper tubing, ASTM B 88, Type K.
- B. Where required, sweat to screw adapters shall be cast bronze ANSI B16.18, wrought solder joint ANSI B16.22. Unions shall be cast bronze or bronze with solder connections. Joints shall be made with 95/5 solder for Type K pipe. All fittings less than or equal to 1" shall be flared unless otherwise approved by the **County**.

2.06 PIPING APPURTENANCES

- A. Retainer Glands:
 - 1. Retainer glands shall be Megalug Series 1100, as manufactured by EBAA Iron, Uni-Flange Series 1400 or equal, as manufactured by Ford Meter Box Company.
 - 2. Retainer glands shall be provided at all mechanical joints, including fittings, valves, hydrants and other locations as shown on the Plans.
- B. Hydrant Tees: Hydrant tees shall be ACIPCO A10180 or U.S. Pipe U 592 or approved equal.
- C. Anchor Couplings: Lengths and sizes shall be as shown on the Plans. Anchor couplings shall be equal to ACIPCO A 10895 or U.S. Pipe U 591.
- D. Hydrant Connector Pipe: The connector pipe shall be ductile iron meeting the requirements of AWWA C153; twenty-four (24) inch offset design so that the hydrant can be adjusted to ensure placement at the proper grade; shall have an anchoring feature at both ends so that when used with M.J. split glands a restrained joint is provided; cement lined in accordance with AWWA C104 and equal to the Gradelok as manufactured by Assured Flow Sales, Inc., Sarasota, Florida.
- E. Tapping Saddles: Tapping saddles are not allowed unless approved by the **County**
- F. Detection Tape: Detection tape shall be composed of a solid aluminum foil encased in a protective plastic jacket. Tapes shall be color coded in accordance with APWA color codes with the following legends: Water Systems, Safety Precaution Blue, and "Caution Water Line Buried Below". Colors may be solid or striped. Tape shall be permanently printed with no surface printing allowed. Tape width shall be a minimum of two (2) inches when buried less than ten (10) inches below the surface. Tape width shall be a minimum of three (3) inches when buried greater than ten (10) inches and less than twenty (20) inches. Detection tape shall be equal to Lineguard Type III Detectable or Allen Systems Detectatape.

2.07 FIRE HYDRANTS

- A. General: Fire hydrant shall be a two (2) piece standpipe and stem, compression shutoff, dry-barrel type. Fire hydrant shall conform to the requirements of AWWA C502 and shall be listed by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. in accordance with the requirements of UL 246.
- B. Acceptable Products: Fire hydrants shall be American Valve and Hydrant B-62-B, M & H 129T, Mueller Super Centurion 250-AWB, A-423, Kennedy K81A, U.S. Metropolitan 250, or approved equal.

C. Product Data: The following information shall be provided to the **County**:

1. Affidavit of compliance with the requirements of AWWA C502.
2. Records of standard tests.

D. Manufacture

1. Fire hydrant shall be cast iron traffic, three (3) way four and one-half- (4½) inch valve, and left opening type.
2. Internal main valve diameter shall be a minimum of five and one quarter (5¼) inches.
3. Each hydrant shall have the name of the manufacturer, the year of manufacture, and the nominal size in legible, raised letters cast on the barrel or bonnet.
4. Each hydrant shall be constructed with a moist-proof lubricant chamber that encloses the operating threads and which provides automatic lubrication of the threads and bearing surfaces each time the hydrant is operated. The bonnet shall have "O" ring packing and reservoir capable of utilizing oil or grease so that all operating parts are enclosed in the lubricant.
5. Operating nut shall be bronze, seven eights (7/8) inch tapered square nut with tamper-proof device. The direction "opening left" shall be marked on a special tamper-proof device. The tamper-proof device shall be a combination fold-down nut for the op-nut. Hydrant shall have ductile iron combination hold-down nut and operating nut shield to eliminate operation of hydrant with wrenches other than a special socket-type wrench. Arrow shall be cast on the outside of the periphery of the operating nut shield indicating direction of the operation for opening the hydrant.
6. The hydrant barrel section shall be connected at the ground line in a manner that shall prevent damage to the hydrant when struck by a vehicle. The main valve rod section shall be connected at the ground line by a frangible coupling. The standpipe and ground line safety construction shall be such that the hydrant nozzles can be rotated to any desired position without disassembling or removing the top operating components and top section of the hydrant standpipe.
7. The hydrant main valve shall be made of synthetic rubber and formed to fit the valve seat accurately. The hydrant valve shall be made from material that shall resist damage from rocks or other foreign matter. The valve shall be reversible. The hydrant shall be a true compression type, opening against pressure and closing with pressure.
8. The main valve seat shall be of bronze and its assembly into the hydrant shall involve bronze-to-bronze thread engagement. Two (2) "C" ring seals

shall be provided as a positive pressure seal between the bronze seat ring and the shoe. The valve assembly pressure seals shall be obtained to allow without the employment of torque of torque compressed gaskets. The hydrant shall be designed to allow the removal of all operating parts through the hydrant barrel by means of a single, lightweight disassembly wrench without excavating.

9. The drain mechanism shall be designed to operate with the operation of the main valve and shall allow a momentary flushing of the drain ports. A minimum of two (2) internal and two (2) external bronze-lined drain pots shall be required in the main valve assembly to drain the hydrant barrel.
10. Cast iron inlet elbows shall have a six (6) inch mechanical joint connection complete with accessories.
11. Barrel extension sections shall be available in six (6) inch increments complete with rod, extension, coupling and the necessary flanges, gaskets and bolts, so that extending the hydrant can be accomplished without excavating. Hydrants shall have letters "AWB" cast in the barrel for identification purposes. Bury mark of fire hydrant shall be cast on barrel of the hydrant.
12. Hydrant shall have two (2) two and one-half (2½) inch hose nozzles one-hundred and twenty (120) degrees apart and one (1) four and one half (4½) inch pumper nozzle. The threads shall be national standard threads. The nozzle caps shall be secured to fire hydrant with non-kinking chain loop on cap ends to permit free turning of caps.
13. Bolts and nuts shall be corrosion resistant.
14. Hydrants shall be designed with safety flange to protect the barrel and stem from damage and to eliminate flooding of area when hydrant is struck or knocked off by vehicular equipment or other objects.

E. Setting Hydrants: Fire hydrants Traffic design.

1. Hydrants shall be placed at the locations indicated on the Plans in a manner to provide complete accessibility and so that the possibility of damage from vehicles or injury to pedestrians shall be minimized. The **Contractor** shall install proper "bury" hydrants or shall use, at no cost to the **County**, proper length extensions to ensure that each fire hydrant is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation and the requirements of these Specifications. When placed behind curb, the hydrant barrel shall be set such that no portion of the pumper or hose nozzle caps shall be less than six (6) inches, nor more than twelve (12) inches from the gutter face of the curb. The **Contractor** shall place gravel as shown on the Plans. All pipe connecting the fire hydrant to the main line shall be ductile iron pipe meeting the requirements of these Specifications or approved connecting pieces.

2. The use of PVC pipe for hydrant branch piping is specifically prohibited. The connection of the hydrant to the supply main shall be through either a ductile iron tee or a tapping sleeve and shall include an outlet valve at the point of connection. Using a tapping sleeve where the Plans indicate a tee shall not result in any additional costs to the **County**.
- F. Connection to main: Each fire hydrant shall be connected to the main with a six (6) inch ductile iron branch connection. Gate valves shall be used on fire hydrant branches unless otherwise specified.
- G. Drainage: Stone no larger than four (4) inches in diameter, shall be placed around the base of the fire hydrant for a depth of thirty (30) inches from the bottom of the trench and shall extend for a distance of thirty (30) inches from the back of the hydrant toward the main.
- H. Anchoring and Bracing: The shoe of each fire hydrant shall be braced against unexcavated earth at the end of the trench with stone slabs or poured concrete; or it shall be tied to the pipe with suitable metal tie rods or clamps or both, as directed by the **County**. The straps and rods, nuts and threads, used for anchoring shall be coated with protective materials at the end of installation.
- I. Painting, Coating, and Lubricating:
1. All iron parts of the hydrant inside and outside shall be cleaned and thereafter, unless otherwise stipulated, all surfaces, except the exterior portion above the ground line, shall be coated or painted with, or dipped in an asphalt or bituminous base paint or coating. If these parts are painted, they shall be covered with two (2) coats, the first being allowed to dry thoroughly before the second coat is applied.
 2. The outside of the hydrant valve above the finished ground line shall be thoroughly cleaned and thereafter painted in the shop with two (2) coats of Koppers primer 621 or approved equal. After installation, each hydrant shall be painted with two (2) field coats of Koppers Glamortex Enamel as manufactured by the Sika Inertol Company or approved equal, color shall be silver. The top cap of each hydrant shall be painted in one of the following colors to indicate the main size: six (6) inch or eight (8) inch mains shall be silver; ten (10) inch or twelve (12) inch mains shall be yellow; and sixteen (16) inch or greater mains shall be green.
 3. All bronze, threaded contact moving parts shall, during shop assembly, be lubricated, and protected by a coating of rustproof compound to prevent damage in shipment and storage.
- J. Accessories: The **Contractor** shall furnish one (1) standard four (4) sided hydrant wrench for each ten (10) hydrants installed or fraction thereof.
- K. Testing: All fire hydrants shall be tested in strict accordance with the requirements of AWWA C502, with no additional cost to the **County**. The Certificate of Compliance shall be furnished to the **County**.

2.08 GATE VALVES (GV)

A. Twenty (20) Inches in Diameter and Smaller:

1. Gate valves shall be resilient-seated type conforming to the requirements of AWWA C509 or AWWA C515.
2. Valves through twelve (12) inches in diameter shall have a minimum rated working pressure of two hundred (200) psi. Sixteen (16) inch and twenty (20) inch valves shall have a minimum rated working pressure of one hundred and fifty (150) psi.
3. Valves less than four (4) inches in diameter shall have threaded ends. Larger valves shall be mechanical joint unless shown otherwise on the Plans.
4. Valves shall be non-rising stem type with a two (2) inch square wrench nut, and shall open left. The manufacturer shall provide an affidavit of compliance with the applicable AWWA standards.
5. All internal ferrous surfaces shall be coated with epoxy to a minimum thickness of four (4) mils. The epoxy shall be non-toxic, impart no taste to the water and shall conform to the requirements of AWWA C550.
6. All seals between valve parts, such as body and bonnet, bonnet and bonnet cover, shall be flat gaskets or O-rings.
7. Valve disks shall be made of cast or ductile iron having a vulcanized, synthetic rubber coating.
8. Valves shall be manufactured by American Flow Control, Mueller, or M & H Valve.

B. Twenty-four (24) Inches in Diameter and Larger:

1. Valves shall be double disc type conforming to the requirements of AWWA C500.
2. Valves shall be designed for horizontal installation with tracks and rollers, bypass valves, and bevel gear type operator. Valves shall be rated for one-hundred and fifty (150) psi working pressure.
3. Valve ends shall be mechanical joint type except where restrained joint ends are shown. Flanged joints shall meet the requirements of ANSI B16.1, Class 125.
4. Buried valves shall be equipped with valve boxes unless access to the operator is provided by a manhole.
5. Manually operated valves, including geared valves, shall be non-rising stem type having O-ring seals.

6. Gate valves twenty four (24) inches in diameter and larger shall be manufactured by American R/D Gate Valve Company, Mueller, M & H Valve, or approved equal.

2.9 VALVE BOXES (VB) AND EXTENSION STEMS

- A. All valves shall be equipped with valve boxes. The valve boxes shall be cast iron two (2) piece screw type with drop covers. Valve boxes shall have a five and one-quarter (5¼) inch inside diameter. Valve box covers shall weigh a minimum of thirteen (13) pounds. The valve boxes shall be adjustable to six (6) inches up or down from the nominal required cover over the pipe. Valve boxes shall be of sufficient length that bottom flange of the lower belled portion of the box is below the valve operating nut. Ductile or cast iron extensions shall be provided as necessary. Covers shall have "WATER VALVE" or "WATER" cast into them. Valve boxes shall be manufactured in the United States.
- B. All valves shall be furnished with extension stems if operating nut is greater than four (4) feet deep, to bring the operating nut to within twenty-four (24) inches of the top of the valve box. Connection to the valve shall be with a wrench nut coupling and a set screw to secure the coupling to the valve's operating nut. The coupling and square wrench nut shall be welded to the extension stem. Extension stems shall be equal to Mueller A-26441 or M & H Valve Style 3801 or approved equal.

2.10 VALVE MARKERS (VM)

- A. The **Contractor** shall provide a concrete valve marker as detailed on the Plans for each valve installed, except on hydrant isolation valves. Valve markers shall be stamped "WATER."

2.11 TAPPING SLEEVES AND VALVES (TS&V)

- A. Tapping sleeves for mains twelve (12) inches in diameter and smaller shall be ductile iron of the split sleeve, mechanical joint type. Tapping sleeves shall be equal to Mueller H-615.
- B. Tapping sleeves for mains larger than twelve (12) inches shall be of all stainless steel construction.
- C. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for determining the outside diameter of the pipe to be connected to prior to ordering the sleeve. The tapping sleeve shall be rated for two-hundred and fifty (250) psi.
- D. Valves shall be gate valves furnished in accordance with the specifications shown above, with flanged connection to the tapping sleeve and mechanical joint connection to the branch pipe. The tapping sleeve shall be supplied by the valve manufacturer.

2.12 CORPORATION COCKS AND CURB STOPS

- A. Corporation cocks and curb stops shall be ball type, shall be made of bronze conforming to the requirements of ASTM B61 or ASTM B62, and shall be suitable for the working pressure of the system. Ends shall be suitable for flared tube joint. Threaded ends for inlet and outlet of corporation cocks shall conform to the requirements of AWWA C800; coupling nut for connection to flared copper tubing shall conform to the requirements of ANSI B16.26. Corporation cocks and curb stops shall be manufactured by Mueller, Ford FB-600, or equal.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 EXISTING UTILITIES AND OBSTRUCTIONS

- A. The Plans indicate utilities or obstructions that are known to exist according to the best information available. The **Contractor** shall call the Utilities Protection Center (UPC) (800 282 7411) as required by Georgia Law (O.C.G.A. Sections 25 9 1 through 25 9 13) and shall call all utilities, agencies, or departments that own and/or operate utilities in the vicinity of the construction work site at least seventy-two (72) hours [three (3) business days] prior to construction to verify the location of the existing utilities.
- B. Existing Utility Location: The following steps shall be exercised to avoid interruption of existing utility service:
 - 1. The **Contractor** shall provide the required notice to the utility owners and allow them to locate their facilities according to Georgia law. Field utility locations are valid for only ten (10) days after original notice. The **Contractor** shall ensure at the time of any excavation that a valid utility location exists at the point of excavation.
 - 2. The **Contractor** shall expose the facility, for a distance of at least two-hundred (200) feet in advance of pipeline construction, to verify its true location and grade. The **Contractor** shall repair, or have repaired, any damage to utilities resulting from locating or exposing their true location.
 - 3. The **Contractor** shall avoid utility damage and interruption by protection with means or methods recommended by the utility owner.
 - 4. The **Contractor** shall maintain a log identifying when phone calls were made, who was called, area for which utility relocation was requested and work order number issued, if any. The **Contractor** shall provide the **County with** an updated copy of the log biweekly, or more frequently if required by the **County**.
- C. Conflict with Existing Utilities:
 - 1. Horizontal Conflict: Horizontal conflict shall be defined as when the actual horizontal separation between a utility, main, or service and the proposed water main does not permit safe installation of the water main by the use

of sheeting, shoring, tying back, supporting, or temporarily suspending service of the parallel or crossing facility. The **Contractor** may change the proposed alignment of the water main to avoid horizontal conflicts if the new alignment remains within the available right of way or easement, complies with regulatory agency requirements and after a written request to and subsequent approval by the **County**. Where such relocation of the water main is denied by the **County**, the **Contractor** shall arrange to have the utility, main, or service relocated. The **Contractor** shall receive approval from the **County** for any utility relocation.

2. Vertical Conflict: Vertical conflict shall be defined as when the actual vertical separation between a utility, main, or service and the proposed water main does not permit the crossing without immediate or potential future damage to the utility, main, service, or the water main. The minimum clearance shall be eighteen (18) inches. The **Contractor** may change the proposed grade of the water main to avoid vertical conflicts if the changed grade maintains adequate cover and complies with regulatory agencies requirements after written request to and subsequent approval by the **County**. Where such relocation of the water main is denied by the **County**, the **Contractor** shall arrange to have the utility, main, or service relocated. The **Contractor** shall receive approval from the **County** for any utility relocation.

D. Electronic Locator: The **Contractor** shall have available at all times an electronic pipe locator and a magnetic locator, in good working order, to aid in locating existing pipe lines or other obstructions.

E. Water and Sewer Line Separation:

1. Water mains shall maintain a minimum ten (10) foot edge-to-edge separation from sewer lines, whether gravity or pressure. If the main cannot be installed in the prescribed easement or right-of-way and provide the ten (10) foot separation, the separation may be reduced, provided the bottom of the water main is a minimum of eighteen (18) inches above the top of the sewer. Should neither of these two separation criteria be possible, the water main shall be installed below the sewer with a minimum vertical separation of eighteen (18) inches.
2. The water main, when installed below the sewer, shall be encased in concrete with a minimum six (6) inch concrete depth, to the first joint in each direction. Where water mains cross the sewer, the pipe joint adjacent to the pipe crossing the sewer shall be cut to provide maximum separation of the pipe joints from the sewer.
3. No water main shall pass through, or come in contact with, any part of a sanitary sewer manhole.

3.02 CONSTRUCTION ALONG HIGHWAYS, STREETS, AND ROADWAYS

- A. The **Contractor** shall install pipe lines and appurtenances along highways, streets, and roadways in accordance with the applicable regulations of, and

permits issued by, the Georgia Department of Transportation (GDOT) or applicable permitting authority and the **County** with reference to construction operations, safety, traffic control, road maintenance, and repair.

- B. Traffic Control: Shall meet the requirements of Section 01550 and as stipulated below.
1. The **Contractor** shall provide, erect, and maintain all necessary barricades, suitable and sufficient lights and other traffic control devices; provide qualified flagmen where necessary to direct traffic; take all necessary precautions for the protection of the Work and the safety of the public. Flagmen shall be certified by a GDOT-approved training program.
 2. Construction traffic control devices and their installation shall be in accordance with the current Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways.
 3. Placement and removal of construction traffic control devices shall be coordinated with GDOT and the **County** a minimum of forty eight (48) hours in advance of the activity.
 4. Placement of construction traffic control devices shall be scheduled ahead of associated construction activities. Construction time in street right of way shall be conducted to minimize the length of time traffic is disrupted. Construction traffic control devices shall be removed immediately following their useful purpose. Traffic control devices used intermittently, such as "Flagmen Ahead," shall be removed and replaced when needed.
 5. Existing traffic control devices within the construction work zone shall be protected from damage. Traffic control devices requiring temporary relocation shall be located as near as possible to their original vertical and horizontal locations. Original locations shall be measured from reference points and recorded in a log prior to relocation. Temporary locations shall provide the same visibility to affected traffic as the original location. Relocated traffic control devices shall be reinstalled in their original locations as soon as practical following construction.
 6. Construction traffic control devices shall be maintained in good repair and shall be clean and visible to affected traffic for daytime and nighttime operation. Traffic control devices affected by the construction work zone shall be inspected daily.
 7. Construction warning signs shall be black legend on an orange background. Regulatory signs shall be black legend on a white background. Construction sign panels shall meet the minimum reflective requirements of GDOT and the **County**. Sign panels shall be of durable materials capable of maintaining their color, reflective character, and legibility during the period of construction.

8. Channelization devices shall be positioned preceding an obstruction at a taper length as required by the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, as appropriate for the speed limit at that location. Channelization devices shall be patrolled to insure that they are maintained in the proper position throughout their period of use.
- C. Construction Operations:
1. The **Contractor** shall perform all work along highways, streets, and roadways to minimize interference with traffic.
 2. Stripping: Where the pipe line is laid along road right of way, the **Contractor** shall strip and stockpile all sod, topsoil, and other material suitable for right of way restoration.
 3. Trenching, Laying and Backfilling: The **Contractor** shall not open the trench any further ahead of pipe laying operations than is necessary. The **Contractor** shall backfill and remove excess material immediately behind laying operations. The **Contractor** shall complete excavation and backfill for any portion of the trench in the same day.
 4. Shaping: The **Contractor** shall reshape damaged slopes, side ditches, and ditch lines immediately after completing backfilling operations. The **Contractor** shall replace topsoil, sod, and any other materials removed from shoulders.
 5. Construction operations shall be limited to four hundred (400) feet along areas, including clean up and utility exploration.
- D. Excavated Materials: The **Contractor** shall not place excavated material along highways, streets, and roadways in a manner that obstructs traffic. The **Contractor** shall sweep all scattered excavated material off the pavement in a timely manner meeting all Erosion and Sedimentation requirements of Section 02125.
- E. Drainage Structures: The **Contractor** shall keep all side ditches, culverts, cross drains, and other drainage structures clear of excavated material. Care shall be taken to provide positive drainage to avoid ponding or concentration of runoff. E&S measures shall be maintained and the **Contractor** is subject to clean any storm line and MH that has received siltation.
- F. Landscaping Features: Landscaping features shall include, but are not necessarily limited to: fences; property corners; cultivated trees and shrubbery; manmade improvements; subdivision and other signs within the right of way and easement. The **Contractor** shall take extreme care in moving landscape features and promptly reestablish these features.

G. Maintaining Highways, Streets, Roadways, and Driveways:

1. The **Contractor** shall maintain streets, highways, roadways, and driveways in suitable condition for movement of traffic until completion and final acceptance of the Work.
2. During the time period between pavement removal and completing permanent pavement replacement, the **Contractor** shall maintain highways, streets, and roadways by the use of steel running plates. Running plate edges shall have asphalt placed around their periphery to minimize vehicular impact. The backfill above the pipe shall be compacted as specified elsewhere up to the existing pavement surface to provide support for the steel running plates.
3. The **Contractor** shall furnish a road grader or front end loader for maintaining highways, streets, and roadways. The grader or front end loader shall be available at all times.
4. The **Contractor** shall immediately repair all driveways that are cut or damaged and the **Contractor** shall maintain them in a suitable condition for use until completion and final acceptance of the Work.

3.03 PIPE DISTRIBUTION

- A. Pipe shall be distributed and placed in such a manner that shall not interfere with traffic.
- B. No pipe shall be strung further along the route than one-thousand (1,000) feet beyond the area in which the **Contractor** is actually working without written permission from the **County**. The **County** reserves the right to reduce this distance to a maximum distance of two-hundred (200) feet in residential and commercial areas based on the effects of the distribution to the adjacent property owners.
- C. No street or roadway shall be closed for unloading of pipe without first obtaining permission from the proper authorities. The **Contractor** shall furnish and maintain proper warning signs and obstruction lights for the protection of traffic along highways, streets, and roadways upon which pipe is distributed.
- D. No distributed pipe shall be placed inside drainage ditches.
- E. Distributed pipe shall be placed as far as possible from the roadway pavement, but no closer than five (5) feet from the roadway pavement, as measured edge to edge.

3.04 LAYING AND JOINTING PIPE AND ACCESSORIES

- A. The **Contractor** shall lay all pipe and fittings to accurately conform to the lines and grades established by the **County**.

B. Pipe Installation:

1. Pipe shall be installed in accordance with the requirements of AWWA M11, Chapter 16. Welded joints shall be in accordance with the requirements of AWWA C206.
2. Sleeve-type mechanical pipe couplings shall conform to the requirements of AWWA M11.
3. Unless otherwise specified, buried mechanical couplings and valves shall be field coated as shown on the Plans, specified in these Specifications, or as directed by the **County**.
4. Anchorage shall be provided as shown on the Plans, specified in these Specifications, or as directed by the **County**.
5. Proper implements, tools, and facilities shall be provided for the safe performance of the Work. All pipe, fittings, valves, and hydrants shall be lowered carefully into the trench by means of slings, ropes, or other suitable tools or equipment in such a manner as to prevent damage to water main materials and protective coatings and linings. Under no circumstances shall water main materials be dropped or dumped into the trench.
6. All pipe, fittings, valves, hydrants, and other appurtenances shall be examined carefully for damage and other defects immediately before installation. Defective materials shall be rejected by the **County** and replaced at the **Contractor** or manufacturer's expense.
7. All lumps, blisters, and excess coating shall be removed from the socket and plain ends of each pipe, and the outside of the plain end and the inside of the bell shall be wiped clean and dry and free from dirt, sand, grit or any foreign materials before the pipe is laid. No pipe containing dirt shall be laid.
8. Foreign material shall be prevented from entering the pipe while it is being placed in the trench. No debris, tools, clothing, or other materials shall be placed in the pipe at any time.
9. As each length of pipe is placed in the trench, the joint shall be assembled and the pipe brought to correct line and grade. The pipe shall be secured in place with approved backfill material.
10. It is not mandatory to lay pipe with the bells facing the direction in which work is progressing.
11. Applying pressure to the top of the pipe, such as with a backhoe bucket, to lower the pipe to the proper elevation or grade, shall not be permitted.
12. The **Contractor** shall provide detection tape for all pipe greater than twelve (12) inches in diameter. Detection tape shall be buried four (4) to

ten (10) inches deep. Should detection tape need to be installed deeper, the **Contractor** shall provide three (3) inch wide tape. In no case shall detection tape be buried greater than twenty (20) inches from the finish grade surface.

C. Alignment and Gradient:

1. The **Contractor** shall lay pipe straight in alignment and gradient or follow true curves as nearly as practicable. The **Contractor** shall not deflect any joint more than the maximum deflection recommended by the manufacturer.
2. The **Contractor** shall maintain a transit, level, and accessories on the site of the Work to lay out angles and ensure that deflection allowances are not exceeded.

D. Expediting of Work: The **Contractor** shall excavate, lay the pipe, and backfill as closely together as possible. The **Contractor** shall not leave un-jointed pipe in the trench overnight. The **Contractor** shall backfill and compact the trench as soon as possible after laying and jointing is completed. The **Contractor** shall backfill the installed pipe each day at the close of work and at all other times when work is not in progress. No excavation is to be left unbackfilled or unsupervised. If necessary to backfill over the end of an uncompleted pipe or accessory, the **Contractor** shall close the end with a suitable plug, either push on, mechanical joint, restrained joint, or as approved by the **County**.

E. Joint Assembly:

1. Push-on, mechanical, flange, and restrained-type joints shall be assembled in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
2. The **Contractor** shall inspect each pipe joint within one-thousand (1,000) feet on either side of main line valves to insure one-hundred (100) percent seating of the pipe spigot, except as noted otherwise.
3. Each restrained joint shall be inspected by the **Contractor** to ensure that it has been "homed" one-hundred (100) percent.
4. The **Contractor** shall internally inspect each pipe joint to insure proper assembly for pipe twenty four (24) inches in diameter and larger after the pipe has been brought to final alignment.

F. Cutting Pipe: The **Contractor** shall cut ductile iron pipe using an abrasive wheel saw. The **Contractor** shall cut PVC pipe using a suitable saw; remove all burrs, and smooth the end before jointing. The **Contractor** shall cut the pipe and bevel the end, as necessary, to provide the correct length of pipe necessary for installing the fittings, valves, accessories, and closure pieces in the correct location. Only push on or mechanical joint pipe shall be cut.

G. Polyethylene Encasement: Installation shall be in accordance with the requirements of AWWA C105 and the manufacturer's instructions. All ends shall

be securely closed with tape and all damaged areas shall be completely repaired to the satisfaction of the **County**.

H. Valve and Fitting Installation:

1. Prior to installation, valves shall be inspected for direction of opening, number of turns to open, freedom of operation, tightness of pressure containing bolting and test plugs, cleanliness of valve ports and especially seating surfaces, handling damage and cracks. Defective valves shall be rejected by the **County** and replaced at the **Contractor's** or manufacturer's expense. Valves shall be closed before being installed.
2. Valves, fittings, plugs, and caps shall be set and joined to the pipe in the manner specified in this section for cleaning, laying and joining pipe, except that twelve (12) inch and larger valves shall be provided with special support, such as crushed stone, concrete pads, or a sufficiently tamped trench bottom, so that the pipe shall not be required to support the weight of the valve. Valves shall be installed in the closed position.
3. A valve box shall be provided on each underground valve. They shall be carefully set, centered exactly over the operating nut, and truly plumbed. The valve box shall not transmit shock or stress to the valve. The bottom flange of the lower belled portion of the box shall be placed below the valve operating nut. This flange shall be set on brick, so arranged that the weight of the valve box and superimposed loads shall bear on the base and not on the valve or pipe. The valve box cover shall be flush with the surface of the finished area or such other level as directed by the **County**.
4. In no case shall valves be used to bring misaligned pipe into alignment during installation. Pipe shall be supported in such a manner as to prevent stress on the valve.
5. A valve marker shall be provided for each underground valve. Unless otherwise detailed on the Plans or directed by the **County**, valve markers shall be installed six (6) inches inside the right of way or easement, and buried to a depth of thirty (30) inches as per Standard Detail No. W-8

I. Air Valve Vaults:

1. The **Contractor** shall construct the vault or manhole as detailed on the Plans.
2. The frame and cover shall be cast into the top slab. The floor drain shall be piped to vault exterior.
3. Manholes shall be constructed such that their walls are plumb.

3.05 CONNECTIONS TO EXISTING WATER MAINS

- A. The **Contractor** shall make connections to existing pipelines with tapping sleeves and valves, unless specifically shown otherwise on the Plans. Before

connecting to any existing water main, the **Contractor** shall receive approval from the **County**.

- B. Location: Before laying pipe, the **Contractor** shall locate the points of connection to existing water mains and uncover as necessary for the **County** to confirm the nature of the connection to be made.
- C. Interruption of Services: The **Contractor** shall make connections to existing water mains only when system operations permit and only when notices are issued to the customer. The **Contractor** shall operate existing valves only with the specific authorization and direct supervision of the **County**.
- D. Tapping Sleeves:
 - 1. Holes in the new pipe shall be machine cut, either in the field or at the factory. No torch cutting of holes shall be permitted.
 - 2. Prior to attaching sleeve, the pipe shall be thoroughly cleaned, utilizing a brush and rag, as required.
 - 3. Before performing field machine cut, the water tightness of the sleeve assembly shall be pressure tested. The interior of the assembly shall be filled with water. An air compressor shall be attached to induce a test pressure as specified in this section. No leakage shall be permitted for a period of five (5) minutes.
 - 4. After attaching the sleeve to an existing main, but prior to making the tap, the interior of the assembly shall be disinfected. All surfaces to be exposed to potable water shall be swabbed or sprayed with a one (1) percent sodium hypochlorite solution.
- E. Connections Using Solid Sleeves: Where connections are shown on the Plans using solid sleeves, the **Contractor** shall furnish materials and labor necessary to make the connection to the existing pipe line.
- F. Connections Using Couplings: Where connections are shown on the Plans using couplings, the **Contractor** shall furnish materials and labor necessary to make the connection to the existing pipe line, including all necessary cutting, plugging, and backfill.
- G. Transfer of Service: Immediately before connecting to the relocated or existing meter, all service lines shall be flushed to remove any foreign matter. All special fittings required to reconnect the existing meter to the new copper service line, or the existing private service line, shall be provided by the **Contractor**. To minimize out-of-service time, the **Contractor** shall determine the connections to be made and have all the required pipe and fittings on hand before shutting off the existing service. After completing the connection, the new corporation stop shall be opened and all visible leaks shall be repaired.

3.06 THRUST RESTRAINT

- A. The **Contractor** shall provide restraint at all points where hydraulic thrust may develop.
- B. Retainer Glands: The **Contractor** shall provide retainer glands where shown on the Plans. Retainer glands shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, particularly, the required torque of the set screws. The **Contractor** shall furnish a torque wrench to verify the torque on all set screws that do not have inherent torque indicators.
- C. Harnessing:
 - 1. The **Contractor** shall provide harness rods only where specifically shown on the Plans or directed by the **County**.
 - 2. Harness rods shall be manufactured in accordance with the requirements of ASTM A36 and shall have an allowable tensile stress of no less than 22,000 psi. Harness rods shall be hot dip galvanized or field coated with bitumastic before backfilling.
 - 3. Where possible, harness rods shall be installed through the mechanical joint bolt holes. Where it is not possible, the **Contractor** shall provide ninety (90) degree bend eye bolts.
 - 4. Eye bolts shall be of the same diameter as specified in AWWA C111 for that pipe size. The eye shall be welded closed. Where eye bolts are used in conjunction with harness rods, an appropriate size washer shall be utilized with a nut on each end of the harness rod. Eye bolts shall be of the same material and coating as the harness rods.
- D. Thrust Collars: Collars shall be constructed as shown on the Plans. Concrete and reinforcing steel shall meet the requirements of Section 03200 - Concrete Reinforcement and Section 03300 - Cast-In-Place Concrete. Welded-on collar shall be designed to meet the minimum allowable load shown on the Plans. The welded-on collar shall be attached to the pipe by the pipe manufacturer.
- E. Concrete Blocking as required and approved by the **County**:
 - 1. The **Contractor** shall provide concrete blocking for all bends, tees, valves, and other points where thrust may develop in addition to thrust restraint as per Standard Detail No. W-36.
 - 2. Concrete shall be as specified in Section 03300 - Cast-In-Place Concrete.
 - 3. The **Contractor** shall form and pour concrete blocking at fittings as shown on the Standard Details and as directed by the **County**. The **Contractor** shall pour blocking against undisturbed earth. The **Contractor** shall increase dimensions when required by over excavation.

3.07 INSPECTION AND TESTING

- A. All sections of the water main subject to internal pressure shall be pressure-tested in accordance with the requirements of AWWA C600 and these Specifications. A section of main shall be considered ready for testing after completion and curing of all thrust restraint and backfilling.
- B. Water used for testing mains and washing streets will be made available to the **Contractor** at the nearest existing **County DWM** facilities. The **Contractor** shall furnish all necessary pipe or hose extensions and transportation to the point of use and exercise care in use of the water. Water used for other purposes shall be supplied through a metered connection, which the **Contractor** shall obtain through the **County DWM** Applications Office.
- C. Each segment of water main between main valves shall be tested individually.
- D. Test Preparation:
 - 1. For water mains less than twenty four (24) inches in diameter, the **Contractor** shall flush sections thoroughly at flow velocities, greater than two and one-half (2½) feet per second, adequate to remove debris from pipe and valve seats. For water mains twenty four (24) inches in diameter and larger, the main shall be carefully swept clean, and mopped if directed by the **County**. The **Contractor** shall partially open valves to allow the water to flush the valve seat.
 - 2. The **Contractor** shall partially operate valves and hydrants to clean out seats.
 - 3. The **Contractor** shall provide temporary blocking, bulkheads, flanges, and plugs as necessary, to assure all new pipe, valves, and appurtenances shall be pressure tested.
 - 4. Before applying test pressure, air shall be completely expelled from the pipeline and all appurtenances. The **Contractor** shall insert corporation cocks at highpoints to expel air as main is filled with water as necessary to supplement automatic air valves. Corporation stops shall be constructed as shown on the Standard Details with a meter box.
 - 5. The **Contractor** shall fill pipeline slowly with water. The **Contractor** shall provide a suitable pump with an accurate water meter to pump the line to the specified pressure.
 - 6. The differential pressure across a valve or hydrant shall equal the maximum possible, but not exceed the rated working pressure of the system. Where necessary, the **Contractor** shall provide temporary backpressure to meet the differential pressure restrictions.
 - 7. Valves shall not be operated in either the opening or closing direction at differential pressures above the rated pressure.

- E. Test Pressure: The **Contractor** shall test the pipeline at two-hundred and fifty (250) psi measured at the lowest point for at least two (2) hours. The **Contractor** shall maintain the test pressure within five (5) psi of the specified test pressure for the test duration. Should the pressure drop more than five (5) psi at any time during the test period, the pressure shall be restored to the specified test pressure. The **Contractor** shall provide an accurate pressure gauge with graduation not greater than five (5) psi.
- F. Leakage:
1. Leakage shall be defined as the sum of the quantity of water that shall be pumped into the test section, to maintain pressure within five (5) psi of the specified test pressure for the test duration plus water required to return line to test pressure at the end of the test. Leakage shall be the total cumulative amount measured on a water meter.
 2. The **County** assumes no responsibility for leakage occurring through existing valves.
- G. Test Results: No test section shall be accepted if the leakage exceeds the limits determined by the following formula:
- $$L = \frac{SD(P)^{1/2}}{133,200}$$
- Where:
- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| L | = | Allowable leakage, in gallons per hour |
| S | = | Length of pipe tested, in feet |
| D | = | Nominal diameter of the pipe, in inches |
| P | = | Average pressure during the test (psi, gauge) |
- As determined under Section 4 of AWWA C600.
- H. If the water main section being tested contains lengths of various pipe diameters, the allowable leakage shall be the sum of the computed leakage for each diameter. The leakage test shall be repeated until the test section is accepted. All visible leaks shall be repaired regardless of leakage test results at the **Contractor's** expense.
- I. Completion: After a pipeline section has been accepted, the **Contractor** shall relieve test pressure. The **Contractor** shall record type, size, and location of all outlets on the Record Drawings.

3.08 DISINFECTING PIPELINE

- A. After successfully pressure testing each pipeline section, the **Contractor** shall disinfect in accordance with the requirements of AWWA C651 for the continuous feed method and these Specifications.
- B. Specialty **Contractor**: Disinfection shall be performed by an approved specialty **Contractor**. Before disinfection is performed, the **Contractor** shall submit a written procedure for approval before being permitted to proceed with the disinfection. This plan shall also include the steps to be taken for the

neutralization of the chlorinated water. The **Contractor** shall receive approval from the **County** where to dispose of chlorinated water.

C. Chlorination:

1. The **Contractor** shall apply chlorine solution to achieve a concentration of at least twenty-five (25) milligrams per liter free chlorine in new line. The **Contractor** shall retain chlorinated water for twenty-four (24) hours. Water shall be supplied from a temporary source protected by appropriate backflow prevention devices. Backflow preventer shall be approved by the **County** prior to connection. Chlorine shall be injected no more than ten (10) feet from the beginning of the new main.
2. Chlorine concentration shall be recorded at every outlet along the line at the beginning and end of the twenty four (24) hour period.
3. After twenty four (24) hours, all samples of water shall contain at least ten (10) milligrams per liter free chlorine. The **Contractor** shall rechlorinate if the required results are not obtained on all samples.

D. Disposal of Chlorinated Water: The **Contractor** shall reduce chlorine residual of disinfection water to less than one (1) milligram per liter if discharged directly to a body of water or to less than two (2) milligrams per liter if discharged onto the ground prior to disposal. The **Contractor** shall treat water with sulfur dioxide or other reducing chemicals to neutralize chlorine residual. The **Contractor** shall flush all lines until residual is equal to existing system.

E. Bacteriological Testing: After final flushing and before the water main is placed in service, the **Contractor** shall collect samples from the line and have them tested for bacteriological quality in accordance with the rules of the Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Environmental Protection Division. The **County** reserves the right to collect and test the samples in the **County's** laboratory. One (1) set of samples shall be collected from every one-thousand and two-hundred (1,200) feet of water main, plus one (1) set from each end of main and one (1) set from each branch. If the test results are not acceptable, the **Contractor** shall re-chlorinate lines at its cost until required results are obtained.

3.09 PROTECTION AND RESTORATION OF WORK AREA

- A. General: The **Contractor** shall return all items and all areas disturbed, directly or indirectly by work under these Specifications, to their original condition or better, as quickly as possible after work is completed. Restoration of streets, sidewalks, curb, and driveways shall comply with Sections 02510 and 02521. Restoration of off-street areas shall comply with the requirements of Section 02920 and as stipulated below.
1. The **Contractor** shall plan, coordinate, and prosecute the work such that disruption to personal property and business is held to a practical minimum.

2. All construction areas abutting lawns and yards of residential or commercial property shall be restored promptly. Backfilling of underground facilities, ditches, and disturbed areas shall be accomplished on a daily basis as work is completed. Finishing, dressing, and grassing shall be accomplished immediately thereafter, as a continuous operation within each area being constructed and with emphasis placed on completing each individual yard or business frontage. Care shall be taken to provide positive drainage to avoid ponding or concentration of runoff.
 3. Handwork, including raking and smoothing, shall be required to ensure that the removal of roots, sticks, rocks, and other debris is removed in order to provide a neat and pleasing appearance.
 4. The **County** shall be authorized to stop all work by the **Contractor** when restoration and cleanup are unsatisfactory and to require appropriate remedial measures.
- B. Man-Made Improvements: The **Contractor** shall protect, or remove and replace with the **County's** approval, all fences, walkways, mail boxes, pipe lines, drain culverts, power and telephone lines and cables, property pins, and other improvements that may be encountered in the Work.
- C. Cultivated Growth: The **Contractor** shall not disturb cultivated trees or shrubbery unless approved by the **County**. All such trees or shrubbery that must be removed shall be heeled in and replanted under the direction of an experienced nurseryman.
- D. Cutting of Trees: The **Contractor** shall not cut trees for the performance of the Work except as absolutely necessary and with the approval from the **County**. The **Contractor** shall protect trees that remain in the vicinity of the work from damage from equipment. The **Contractor** shall not store spoil from excavation against the trunks. The **Contractor** shall remove excavated material stored over the root system of trees within thirty (30) days to allow proper natural watering of the root system. The **Contractor** shall repair any damaged tree over three (3) inches in diameter, not to be removed, under the direction of an experienced nurseryman. All trees and brush that require removal shall be promptly and completely removed from the site of the Work and disposed of by the **Contractor** in a lawful manner. No stumps, wood piles, or trash piles shall be permitted on the site of the Work.
- E. Disposal of Rubbish: The **Contractor** shall dispose of all materials cleared and grubbed during the construction of the Project in accordance with the applicable codes and rules of the appropriate Federal, State, and local regulatory agencies.
- F. Wetlands:
1. The **Contractor** shall not construct permanent roadbeds, berms, drainage structures, or any other structures that alter the original topographic features within the easement.

2. All temporary construction or alterations to the original topography shall incorporate measures to prevent erosion into the surrounding wetland. All areas within the easement shall be returned to their original topographic condition as soon as possible after work is completed in the area. All materials of construction and other non-native materials shall be disposed by the **Contractor**.
3. The **Contractor** shall provide temporary culverts or other drainage structures, as necessary, to permit the free migration of water between portions of a swamp, wetland, or stream that may be temporarily divided by construction.
4. The **Contractor** shall not spread, discharge, or dump any fuel oil, gasoline, pesticide, or any other pollutant to adjacent swamps or wetlands.

3.10 ABANDONING EXISTING WATER MAINS

- A. General: The **Contractor** shall abandon in place all existing water main segments indicated on the Plans to be abandoned. The **Contractor** shall perform abandonment after the new water main has been placed in service and all water main services have been changed over to the new main. The **Contractor** shall salvage for the **County** existing fire hydrants, valve boxes, valve markers, and other materials located on the abandoned water mains.
- B. Capping and Plugging: The **Contractor** shall disconnect by sawing or cutting and removing a segment of existing pipe where cutting and capping or plugging is directed by the **County**. The **Contractor** shall provide a watertight pipe cap or plug and concrete blocking for restraint to seal off existing mains indicated to remain in service. The **Contractor** shall seal ends of existing mains to be abandoned with a pipe cap or plug or with a masonry plug and minimum six- (6-) inch cover of concrete on all sides around the end of the pipe. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for uncovering and verifying the size and material of the existing main to be capped or plugged. The abandoned pipeline shall be filled with flowable fill if directed by the **County**.
- C. Salvaging Materials: The **Contractor** shall salvage existing fire hydrants, valve boxes, valve markers, and other materials located of water mains abandoned and deliver salvaged items in good condition to the **County's** storage yard. The **Contractor** shall coordinate delivery and placement of salvaged materials in advance with the **County**.
- D. Pavement Removal and Replacement: The **Contractor** shall perform any necessary pavement removal and replacement in accordance with Section 02510 - Pavement Repairs and the approved plans.

+++ END OF SECTION 02665 +++

SECTION 02665T

WATER TRANSMISSION MAINS AND ACCESSORIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. The work included under this section includes providing all labor, materials, equipment, tools, and incidentals required for a complete installation of water transmission mains and accessories as shown on the Plans and as specified in this section.
- B. The **Contractor** shall supply all products and perform all work in accordance with applicable American Society for Testing and Material (ASTM), American Water Works Association (AWWA), American National Standards Institute (ANSI), Steel Structures Painting Council (SSPC), and other recognized standards. Latest revisions of all standards are applicable.
- C. Water transmission mains, valves, hydrants, and appurtenances shall be installed before the installation of the sub-base course or paving or any other utilities.
- D. All water system products and materials shall be submitted for approval by the **County**. Each shall meet all design and operating requirements of the **County**.
- E. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 01210 - Measurement and Payment
 - 2. Section 01550 - Traffic Regulation
 - 3. Section 02000 - Site Work
 - 4. Section 02140 - Dewatering
 - 5. Section 02200 - Earthwork
 - 6. Section 02324 - Trenching and Trench Backfilling
 - 7. Section 02510 - Pavement Repairs
 - 8. Section 02521 - Concrete Sidewalks, Curbs, and Gutters
 - 9. Section 02920 - Site Restoration

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be made in accordance with the requirements of the General Requirements of the Contract Documents and Section 01300. In addition, the following specific information shall be provided:
 - 1. Complete product data and engineering data, including shop drawings.
 - 2. Documentation that manufacturers have consistently produced products of satisfactory quality and performance for a period of at least ten (10) years.
 - 3. Written certification to the **County** that all products furnished comply with all applicable requirements of these Specifications.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Reference Standards: The **Contractor** shall comply with the applicable provisions and recommendations of the latest editions of the following standards, except as otherwise shown on the Plans or specified in these Specifications.
1. ANSI A21.4 (AWWA C104) - Cement Mortar Lining for Ductile Iron and Gray Iron Pipe and Fittings, for Water and Other Liquids.
 2. ANSI B16.1 - Cast Iron Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings.
 3. ASTM C150 - Standard Specification for Portland Cement.
 4. ASTM G62 - Test Methods for Holiday Detection in Pipeline Coatings.
 5. AWWA C104 (ANSI A21.4) - Cement Mortar Lining for Ductile Iron and Gray Iron Pipe and Fittings, for Water and Other Liquids.
 6. AWWA C110 (ANSI A21.10) - Ductile Iron and Gray Iron Fittings, 3-in. through 48-in., for Water and Other Liquids.
 7. AWWA C111 (ANSI A21.11) - Rubber Gasket Joints for Ductile Iron and Gray Iron Pressure Pipe and Fittings.
 8. AWWA C150 (ANSI A21.50) - Thickness Design of Ductile Iron Pipe.
 9. AWWA C151 (ANSI A21.51) - Ductile Iron Pipe, Centrifugally Cast for Water and Other Liquids.
 10. AWWA C153 (ANSI A21.53) - Ductile Iron Compact Fittings, 3-in. through 24-in. and 54-in. through 64-in., for Water Service.
 11. AWWA C600 - Installation of Ductile Iron Water Mains and Their Appurtenances.
 12. AWWA C606 - Joints, Grooved and Shouldered Type.
 13. AWWA C651 - Disinfecting Water Mains.
 14. SSPC-SP6 - Steel Structures Painting Council, Commercial Blast Cleaning.
 15. Other ANSI, ASTM and AWWA specifications referenced herein.

1.04 TRANSPORTATION AND HANDLING

- A. Unloading: The **Contractor** shall furnish equipment and facilities for unloading, handling, distributing and storing pipe, fittings, valves, and accessories. The **Contractor** shall make equipment available at all times for use in unloading. The **Contractor** shall not drop or dump materials. All materials dropped or dumped shall be subject to rejection without additional justification. Pipe handled on skids shall not be rolled or skidded against the pipe on the ground.
- B. Handling: The **Contractor** shall handle pipe, fittings, valves, and accessories carefully to prevent shock or damage. The **Contractor** shall handle pipe by rolling on skids, forklift, or front-end loader. The **Contractor** shall not use material damaged in handling. Slings, hooks, or pipe tongs shall be padded and used in such a manner as to prevent damage to the exterior coatings or internal lining of the pipe.

1.05 STORAGE AND PROTECTION

- A. The **Contractor** shall store all pipe that cannot be distributed along the route. The **Contractor** shall make arrangements for the use of suitable storage areas.
- B. Stored materials shall be kept safe from damage. The interior of all pipe, fittings, and other appurtenances shall be kept free from dirt or foreign matter at all times. Valves and hydrants shall be drained and stored in a manner that shall protect them from damage by freezing.

- C. Pipe shall not be stacked higher than the limits recommended by the manufacturer. The bottom tier shall be kept off the ground on timbers, rails, or concrete. Pipe in tiers shall be alternated: bell, plain end; bell, plain end. At least two (2) rows of timbers shall be placed between tiers and chocks, affixed to each other in order to prevent movement. The timbers shall be large enough to prevent contact between the pipe in adjacent tiers.
- D. Stored mechanical and push-on joint gaskets shall be placed in a cool location out of direct sunlight. Gaskets shall not come in contact with petroleum products. Gaskets shall be used on a first-in, first-out basis.
- E. Mechanical-joint bolts shall be handled and stored in such a manner that shall ensure proper use with respect to types and sizes.

1.06 WATER MAIN LOCATION

- A. The minimum depth of cover shall be four (4) feet. All deviations shall be specifically approved by the **County**.
- B. The installation of a water main parallel to another utility in the same vertical plane is not permitted (i.e., "stacking" of utilities is not permitted).

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 DUCTILE IRON PIPE

- A. Ductile iron pipe shall be manufactured in accordance with the requirements of AWWA C151. All pipe, except specials, shall be furnished in nominal lengths of eighteen (18) to twenty (20) feet. Sizes shall be as shown on the Plans. All pipe shall have a minimum pressure rating as indicated in the following table, and corresponding minimum wall thickness, unless otherwise shown on the Plans, specified in these Specifications, or approved by the **County**

Pipe Sizes (inches)	Pressure Class (psi)
4 – 12	350
14 – 18	350
20	300
24	250
30 – 54	200
60 – 64	200

- B. Ductile Iron Pipe and fittings shall be cement lined in accordance with the requirements of AWWA C104. A seal coat over the cement lining is not required. Pipe and fittings shall be furnished with a bituminous outside coating.
- C. Fittings shall be ductile iron and shall conform to the requirements of AWWA C110 or AWWA C153 with a minimum rated working pressure of two-hundred and fifty (250) psi.
- D. Malleable iron threaded fittings and appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A47, ASTM A197, or ANSI B16.3

- E. Unless otherwise specified, steel fittings and appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A234, ASTM A105, or ANSI B16.11; and fabricated steel fittings and appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AWWA C208.
- F. Fittings for grooved end piping systems shall be full flow cast fittings, steel fittings, or segmentally welded fittings with grooves or shoulders designed to accept grooved end couplings. Cast fittings shall be cast of ductile iron conforming to the requirements of ASTM A536 or malleable iron conforming to the requirements of ASTM A47. Standard steel fittings, including large size elbows, shall be forged steel conforming to the requirements of ASTM A106. Standard segmentally welded fittings shall be fabricated of Schedule 40 carbon steel pipe.
- G. Joints:
1. Unless shown or specified otherwise, joints for ductile iron pipe shall be push-on or restrained joint type for pipe and standard mechanical, push-on, or restrained joints for fittings. Push-on and mechanical joints shall conform to the requirements of AWWA C111.
 2. The only acceptable restrained joint systems for ductile iron pipe are identified in the Table below. Unless approved by the **County** no field welding of restrained joint pipe shall be allowed.

Acceptable Restrained Joints				
Size	ACIPCO	U.S. Pipe	McWayne	Generic⁽¹⁾
4 – 12	Fast-Grip Flex-Ring	TR Flex Field Lok, (Mueller)	Push-On Restrained Joint Type A	MJ with Retainer Gland
16 – 24	Fast-Grip Flex-Ring	TR Flex Field Lok, (Mueller)	Push-On Restrained Joint Type A	MJ with Retainer Gland
30 – 36	Flex-Ring	TR Flex	Push-On Restrained Joint Type B	MJ with Retainer Gland
42 – 48	Lok-Ring	TR Flex	N/A	MJ with Retainer Gland
54 – 64	Lok-Ring	TR Flex	N/A	N/A

⁽¹⁾ Fittings and valves only, and only where specifically allowed.

3. Restrained joint pipe (RJP) on supports shall have bolted joints and shall be specifically designed for clear spans of at least thirty-six (36) feet.
 4. Flanged joints shall meet the requirements of ANSI B16.1, Class 125.
- H. The **Contractor** shall provide the appropriate gaskets for mechanical and flange joints. Gaskets for flange joints shall be made of one-eighth (1/8) inch thick, cloth reinforced rubber; gaskets may be ring type or full-face type.

I. Bolts and Nuts:

1. The **Contractor** shall provide the necessary bolts for connections. All bolts and nuts shall be threaded in accordance with the requirements of ANSI B1.1, Coarse Thread Series, Class 2A external and 2B internal fit. All bolts and nuts shall be made in the U.S.
2. Bolts and nuts for mechanical joints shall be Tee Head Bolts and nuts of high strength low-alloy steel in accordance with the requirements of ASTM A242 to the dimensions shown in AWWA C111/ANSI A21.11.
3. Flanged joints shall be bolted with through stud or tap bolts of required size as directed. Bolt length and diameter shall conform to the requirements of ANSI/AWWA C115 for Class 125 flanges shown in ANSI/ASME B16.1.
4. Bolts for exposed service shall be zinc plated, cold pressed, steel machine bolts conforming to the requirements of ASTM A307, Grade B. Nuts for exposed service shall be zinc plated, heavy hex conforming to ASTM A 563. Zinc plating shall conform to the requirements of ASTM B633, Type II.
5. Bolts for submerged service shall be stainless steel machine bolts conforming to the requirements of ASTM A193, Grade B8. Nuts shall be heavy hex, stainless steel conforming to the requirements of ASTM A194, Grade 8.

J. Mechanical joint glands shall be ductile iron.

- K. Welded Outlet: Welded outlets may be provided in lieu of tees or saddles on mains with a diameter greater than or equal to twenty-four (24) inches. The pipe joint on the outlet pipe shall meet the joint requirements specified above. The minimum pipe wall thickness of the parent pipe and the outlet pipe shall be Special Thickness Class 53 [Pressure Class 350 for sixty (60) and sixty four (64) inch sizes]. The welded outlet shall be rated for two hundred and fifty (250) psi working pressure. Each welded outlet shall be hydrostatically tested at five hundred (500) psi. The welded outlet shall be fabricated by the manufacturer of the parent pipe. The maximum outlet diameters shall not exceed those listed in the Table below:

Maximum Outlet Diameters	
Parent Pipe Diameter, Inches	Maximum Outlet Diameter, Inches
24	16
30	20
36	24
42	30
48	30

54	30
60	30
64	30

- L. Ductile iron pipe shall be encased with polyethylene film where shown on the Plans. Polyethylene film shall be in accordance with the requirements of AWWA C105.
- M. Thrust collars shall be welded-on ductile iron body type designed to withstand thrust due to two hundred and fifty (250) psi internal pressure on a dead end.
- N. Acceptance shall be on the basis of the **County's** inspection and the manufacturer's written certification that the pipe was manufactured and tested in accordance with the applicable standards.
- O. Pipe Lining
 - 1. Cement Mortar: Unless otherwise specified, pipe and fittings shall be lined with cement mortar as specified in AWWA C205. Fittings and specials larger than twenty four (24) inches not fabricated from centrifugally lined straight sections, shall require two (2) inches by four (4) inches by thirteen (13) gauge self-furring wire mesh reinforcement for hand-applied lining.
- P. Pipe Coating
 - 1. Epoxy: Unless otherwise specified, pipe and fittings shall be coated with a liquid epoxy as specified in AWWA C210 with the following requirements:
 - a. No Coal tar products shall be incorporated in the liquid epoxy.
 - b. The curing agent may be an amidoamine as well as the other curing agents listed in AWWA C210
 - c. The coating shall be applied to a minimum thickness of sixteen (16) mils in not less than two (2) coats.
 - d. Polyethylene tape: Where shown on the Plans or directed by the **County**, pipe and fittings shall be coated and wrapped with prefabricated multi-layer cold applied polyethylene tape coating in accordance with the requirements of AWWA C214. The coating application shall be a continuous step operation in conformity with the requirements of AWWA C214, Section 3. The total coating thickness shall be not less than fifty (50) mils for pipe twenty-four (24) inches and smaller and not less than eighty (80) mils for pipe twenty-six (26) inches and larger.
- Q. Piping Appurtenances
 - 1. Retainer Glands:

- a. Retainer glands shall be Megalug Series 1100, as manufactured by EBAA Iron, Uni-Flange Series 1400 or equal, as manufactured by Ford Meter Box Company.
 - b. Retainer glands shall be provided at all mechanical joints, including fittings, valves, hydrants, and other locations as shown on the Plans.
- R. Hydrant Tees: Hydrant tees shall be equal to ACIPCO A10180 or U.S. Pipe U-592.
- S. Anchor Couplings: Lengths and sizes shall be as shown on the Plans. Anchor couplings shall be equal to ACIPCO A 10895 or U.S. Pipe U-591.
- T. Hydrant Connector Pipe: The connector pipe shall be ductile iron meeting the requirements of AWWA C153; twenty four (24) inch offset design so that the hydrant can be adjusted to ensure placement at the proper grade; shall have an anchoring feature at both ends so that when used with M.J. split glands a restrained joint is provided; cement lined in accordance with AWWA C104 and equal to the GradeLok as manufactured by Assured Flow Sales, Inc., Sarasota, Florida.
- U. Tapping Saddles: Tapping saddles shall not be used unless approved by the **County**
- V. Detection Tape: Detection tape shall be composed of a solid aluminum foil encased in a protective plastic jacket. Tapes shall be color coded in accordance with APWA color codes with the following legends: Water Systems, Safety Precaution Blue, "Caution Water Line Buried Below". Colors may be solid or striped. Tape shall be permanently printed with no surface printing allowed. Tape width shall be a minimum of two (2) inches when buried less than ten (10) inches below the surface. Tape width shall be a minimum of three (3) inches when buried greater than ten (10) inches and less than twenty (20) inches. Detection tape shall be equal to LineGuard Type III Detectable or Allen Systems Detectatape.

2.02 WELDED STEEL PIPE

- A. Conform to AWWA C200 and AWWA C208, except where modified and supplemented by these Specifications.
- B. COATING
 - 1. Exterior: As stated on the approved plans.
 - 2. Interior: As stated on the approved plans.
- C. Pipe furnished in accordance with AWWA C200, Section 2.1, shall be fabricated from ASTM A570, Grade 40 steel, or equal.
- D. Diameter and Wall Thickness

1. The pipe and fittings shall be furnished to the nominal diameters shown on the Drawings and in accordance with AWWA M11. The pipe and fittings shall have the minimum wall thicknesses shown in the Table below.

Minimum Wall Thickness	
Nominal Diameter (Inches)	Wall Thickness (Inches)
24 and Smaller	1/4
26 through 36	3/8
38 through 60	1/2

E. Joints

1. Joints shall be in accordance with AWWA C200 and AWWA M11. Joints shall be plain-end, butt-welded, or flanged, as shown on the Drawings.
2. Plain End: Join using flexible couplings and thrust tie rods.
3. Welded Joints:
 - a. All welded joints and materials shall be in conformance with AWWA C206. Submit detailed design of all proposed welded joints to the **County** for review and approval prior to field installation.
4. The coatings of pipe and fittings to be field-welded shall have a holdback of a minimum of four (4) inches and a maximum of six (6) inches on each side of the field welds.

G. Flanges:

1. Flanges, where required, shall be steel hub flanges, conforming to AWWA C207, Class E. All flanges shall be faced and drilled to ANSI B16.1, Class 125. Bolt holes for insulating flanges will require oversizing for insulating sleeves.
2. All nuts, bolts, and gaskets required for joining the flanged pipe, fittings, and appurtenances shall meet the requirements of AWWA C207 and ANSI B16.1. Gaskets shall be cloth-inserted rubber, one-eighth (1/8) inch thick, in one piece, fullcut with holes to pass the bolts. Segmented, straight joint or interlocking gaskets shall not be accepted.

H. Fittings

1. Fittings shall be fabricated in accordance with the details shown on the Drawings and shall be fabricated of a minimum of the same gauge material as that of the adjacent straight pipe section and in accordance with applicable parts of AWWA C200. Reinforcement fittings is required. Some reinforcement is shown on the Drawings. Reinforcement of fittings shall be designed and located in accordance with AWWA M11. Weldolets shall be provided for taps, where required. Where dimensions of specials and fittings are not shown, they shall be in conformance with AWWA C208.
2. Thrust tie lugs shall be welded to pipe by manufacturer prior to the application of the protective coatings.

- I. Hydrostatic Test of Pipe and Fittings: Fabricated pipe and fittings shall be subjected to a 250-psig hydrostatic test pressure by the manufacturer. Testing procedures shall be in accordance with AWWA C200.

J. Feeler Gauge

1. Furnish sufficient feeler gauges for use throughout the complete project.

K. Flexible Couplings

1. Flexible couplings shall be wrought steel capable of withstanding the designated internal pressure without leakage or overstressing. Middle ring shall include center stops where shown.
2. Steel flexible couplings shall be as manufactured by Rockwell International, Inc.; Dresser Manufacturing Division of Dresser Industries, Inc.; or approved equal. All couplings shall have stainless steel bolts and nuts of adequate strength for the service and shall be fully restrained. All couplings shall be coated with System No. 29, Fusion Bonded Coating, as specified in Section 09900, PAINTING. Flexible coupling shall be Rockwell No. 411 or Dresser No. 38.
3. Middle ring length shall be seven (7) inches for pipes through thirty (30) inches in diameter and ten (10) inches for pipes larger than thirty (30) inches in diameter. Gaskets shall be Buna-N or the equivalent as approved, except special gaskets shall be used in certain buried areas as shown on the Drawings. Special gasket material shall meet the requirements of AWWA C11 and be fluorocarbon elastomer rubber such as Viton or Fluorel.

L. Joint Harness

1. Joint harness shall be used where thrust ties are indicated and at all flexible couplings unless otherwise shown. The joint harness shall be of adequate strength to prevent movement of the joint with 250 psi internal pressure on the pipe. The harness design shall be as shown on the approved plans or as directed by the **County**.

M. Concrete for Thrust Blocking or Pipe Encasement

1. Concrete for thrust blocking shall be in conformance with Section 03300 – Cast-In-Place Concrete.

N. Field Touchup Materials

1. Field touchup materials shall be furnished as necessary to make repairs to the coatings. Materials and methods shall conform to the manufacturer's recommendations.

O. Linings and Coatings

1. Cement-Mortar Lining
 - a. Interior surface of all steel pipe, fittings, and specials shall be lined in the shop with cement-mortar lining applied centrifugally and conforming with AWWA C205.
 - b. Holdbacks shall be left bare and be provided as shown on the approved shop drawings. Holdbacks shall be filled with cement mortar after joint completion per ASSW C205.
 - c. Defective linings as identified in AWWA C205 shall be removed from the pipe wall and shall be replaced to the full thickness required. Defective linings shall be cut back to a square shoulder in order to avoid feather edged joints.

- d. Fittings shall be cement-mortar lined per AWWA C205. Pipe and fittings too small to cement-mortar line may be lined with AWWA C210 epoxy or AWWA C222 polyurethane.
 - e. Cement-mortar lining shall be kept moist during storage and shipping. The **Contractor** shall provide a polyethylene or other suitable bulkhead on the ends of the pipe and on all special openings to prevent drying out the lining. All bulkheads shall be substantial enough to remain intact during shipping and storage until the pipe is installed.
2. Polyethylene Tape Coating
- a. The prefabricated multi-layer cold applied tape coating system for straight-line pipe shall be in accordance with AWWA C214. The system shall consist of a three-layer system totaling 80 mils.
 - b. An acceptable alternate is a two-layer extruded polyolefin coating system in accordance with AWWA C215.
3. Coating of Fittings, Specials, and Joints
- a. Fittings, specials and joints that cannot be machine coated, shall be coated in accordance with AWWA C209. Prefabricated tape shall be Type II and shall be compatible with the tape system used for straight-line pipe. The system shall consist of two (2) layers totaling seventy (70) mils.
 - b. Alternate coating methods for fittings, specials and field joints are shrink sleeves per AWWA C216, liquid epoxy per AWWA C210, or polyurethane per AWWA C222.
 - c. Joint bonds shall be completely encapsulated by the coating system as per manufacturer's recommendations.
 - d. Coating repair for fittings and specials shall be in accordance with the procedure described below for straight-line pipe.
4. Coating repair shall be made using tape and primer conforming to AWWA C209 Type II and manufacturer's recommendations. The tape and primer shall be compatible with the tape system used for straight-line pipe.
- a. An alternative repair method shall be to install heat shrink sleeves in accordance with AWWA C216 and manufacturer's recommendations.

P. Fusion Epoxy Coating and Lining

- 1. Where shown on the Plans or directed by the **County**, steel pipe and fittings shall be fusion epoxy coated and lined. The fusion epoxy coating shall be 3M Scotchkote 203, or equal, approved by the **County**. Surface preparation shall be in accordance with the requirements of SSPC-SP 10 near white blast cleaning. The application method shall be by the fluidized bed method and shall attain twelve (12) mils minimum dry film thickness.
- 2. Field welds, connections, and otherwise damaged areas shall be coated and patched according to the manufacturer's instructions with 3M Scotchkote 306.

2.02 Prestressed Concrete Cylinder Pipe and Fittings

- A. Unless otherwise specified, the design materials and workmanship for pipe shall conform to the requirements of AWWA C301. Core and coating thickness for pipe shall be as specified in AWWA C301.
- B. Design Conditions
1. Pipe shall be designed in accordance with the AWWA C304 Standard, using the following design conditions; these conditions shall also be used in designing fittings that include a Portland cement mortar interior and exterior coating of the steel cylinder.

2. External Loading

The earth load shall be taken as the greater of the following:
Depth from existing ground level to top of pipe as shown on plans, or
Five feet minimum in all cases.

Earth loads shall be computed assuming the trench width that gives the maximum load on the pipe (transition width) for the following parameters:

Unit Soil Weight = one hundred twenty (120) pounds per cubic foot

TYPE R_5 Bedding

Bedding angle = 150°

Live loads shall be calculated as:

Pipe in streets and other paved areas: AASHTO HS-20 for two (2) tandem dump trucks maximum load passing

Pipe within railroad right-of-way: AREA Cooper E-80

Both HS-20 and E-80 live loads shall be computed in accordance with the *American Concrete Pipe Association* "Concrete Pipe Design Manual" or "Concrete Pipe Handbook".

Internal Pressure

Design working pressure (P_w) shall be one hundred fifty (150) psi

Surge Pressure (P_t) shall be one hundred (100) psi.

Field Test Pressure (P_{ft}) shall be two hundred fifty (250) psi.

3. Fittings

Steel thickness of all fittings shall be designed in accordance with Chapter 8 of the AWWA M9 Manual. Fittings shall be designed for the same conditions as the adjacent pipe.

Fabrication of the fittings shall be as per AWWA M9 Manual and C301.

Interior and exterior concrete/mortar coating shall be as per AWWA C301.

The date of manufacture or a serial number traceable to the date of manufacture and the design strength classification shall be clearly marked by stencil with waterproof paint at the end of the pipe barrel. Unsatisfactory or damaged pipe shall be permanently rejected, repaired in the field if permitted by the **County**, or returned for minor repairs. Pits, blisters, rough spots, minor concrete or mortar breakage, and other imperfections may be repaired unless prohibited by the **County**. Repairs shall be carefully inspected before final approval. Cement mortar used for repairs shall have a minimum compressive strength of three thousand (3,000) psi at the end of seven (7) days and four thousand five hundred (4,500) psi at the end of twenty-eight (28) days, when tested in cylinders stored in the standard manner.

Major breakage or spalling from interior of pipe shall be reason for the rejection of pipe. Pipe may be repaired under unloaded conditions (removal of prestressing wire). Cement mortar used for repair shall have a minimum compressive strength of three thousand (3,000) psi at the end of seven (7) days and four thousand five hundred (4,500) psi at the end of twenty-eight (28) days when tested as standard cylinders. New prestressing wire may be applied when the compressive strength as determined by cylinder testing equals or exceeds the strength required for prestressing as stated in AWWA C301.

Cement shall be Type II and shall be in accordance with ASTM C150.

The pipe core shall be manufactured by the centrifugal method or the vertical casting method.

Wire shall be a minimum of No.6 gauge and shall meet the requirements of ASTM A648, Class III. Wire of a class strength greater than Class III shall not be permitted.

Steel cylinders shall be No. 16 gauge minimum and shall be hot rolled.

Mortar coating shall consist of one part cement to a maximum of three parts fine aggregate by weight. Rebound not to exceed one fourth of the total mix weight may be used provided the rebound is treated as fine aggregate.

Bell and spigot joint rings shall be steel, self-centering type, and otherwise specified in AWWA C301. Surfaces of the joint rings that will be exposed after fabrication is complete shall receive a zinc metalized coating of 4 mils thickness (0.004). In areas of the alignment where the pipe will be subject to unbalanced hydrostatic thrust forces (bends, tees, bulkheads, wyes, and valves), the pipe joints shall be mechanically restrained (harnessed).

The maximum longitudinal stress in the steel cylinder of harnessed pipe sections shall not exceed thirteen-thousand five hundred (13,500) pounds per square inch when subjected to the internal working pressure or seventeen-thousand (17,000) pounds per square inch when subjected to the test pressure and shall be based on the deflection angle as described in the AWWA M9 Manual. The steel cylinder thickness in pipe sections between the location of the maximum thrust force and the end of the harnessed section can be prorated on the basis of zero longitudinal thrust at the end of the harnessed section.

Two acceptable types of harnessed or restrained joints are the harness clamp and Snap Ring® types of flexible restrained joints. The clamp type consists of two semicircular steel clamps that fit over steel lugs that are factory welded or rolled into the steel bell and spigot sections. The semicircular clamps are drawn together by bolts at the springline on both sides of the pipe to form a flexible restrained joint.

The Snap Ring® type of flexible restrained joint consists of a split steel ring that is recessed in the special steel bell section of the pipe until the joint is made. Once the joint is made, the split steel ring is drawn down into position to form a lock between the bell and spigot by tightening a single steel bolt.

Both joint types shall be capable of transmitting the longitudinal thrust forces due to working pressure and test pressure and shall be encased in grout after the joint has been completed and before the line is pressurized using special grout bands supplied by the pipe manufacturer.

Field welding of the joints for restraint during initial installation shall not be allowed except where connecting to existing pipe or where follower ring closure assemblies are installed into restrained joint areas unless otherwise permitted by the **County**.

The rubber gaskets shall be in accordance with AWWA C301 and shall be designed and manufactured so that the completed joint shall withstand an internal water pressure in excess of the highest pressure to which the pipe shall be subjected without showing any leakage by the gasket or displacement of it.

Bell and spigot wall fittings shall be manufacturer's standard design. Wall fittings shall be supplied with adequate bracing to keep them round and true during transportation and installation.

Alignment for long-radius, curved sections as specified on the drawings may be produced by joint deflections of standard joints not to exceed that recommended by the manufacturer. Deflections required which are in excess of those recommendations shall be produced by beveling the spigot ends of the pipe.

No work shall be performed on any PCCP without approval from the **County**.

- A. General: Fire hydrant shall be a two (2) piece standpipe and stem, compression shutoff, dry-barrel type. Fire hydrant shall conform to the requirements of AWWA C502 and shall be listed by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. in accordance with the requirements of UL 246.
- B. Acceptable Products: Fire hydrants shall be American Valve and Hydrant B-62-B, M & H 129T, Mueller Super Centurion 250-AWB, A-423, Kennedy K81A, U.S. Metropolitan 250, or approved equal .
- C. Product Data: The following information shall be provided to the **County**:
1. Affidavit of compliance with the requirements of AWWA C502.
 2. Records of standard tests.
- D. Manufacture:
1. Fire hydrant shall be cast iron traffic, three (3) way four and one half ($4\frac{1}{2}$) inch valve, and left opening type.
 2. Internal main valve diameter shall be a minimum of five and one quarter ($5\frac{1}{4}$) inches.
 3. Each hydrant shall have the name of the manufacturer, the year of manufacture and the nominal size in legible, raised letters cast on the barrel or bonnet.
 4. Each hydrant shall be constructed with a moist-proof lubricant chamber that encloses the operating threads and which provides automatic lubrication of the threads and bearing surfaces each time the hydrant is operated. The bonnet shall have "O" ring packing and reservoir capable of utilizing oil or grease so that all operating parts are enclosed in the lubricant.
 5. Operating nut shall be bronze, $\frac{7}{8}$ inch tapered square nut with tamper-proof device. The direction "opening left" shall be marked on a special tamper-proof device. The tamper-proof device shall be a combination fold-down nut for the op-nut. Hydrant shall have ductile iron combination hold-down nut and operating nut shield to eliminate operation of hydrant with wrenches other than a special socket-type wrench. Arrow shall be cast on the outside of the periphery of the operating nut shield indicating direction of the operation for opening the hydrant.
 6. The hydrant barrel section shall be connected at the ground line in a manner that shall prevent damage to the hydrant when struck by a vehicle. The main valve rod section shall be connected at the ground line by a frangible coupling. The standpipe and ground line safety construction shall be such that the hydrant nozzles can be rotated to any desired position without disassembling or removing the top operating components and top section of the hydrant standpipe.
 7. The hydrant main valve shall be made of synthetic rubber and formed to fit the valve seat accurately. The hydrant valve shall be made from material that shall resist damage from rocks or other foreign matter. The valve shall be reversible. The hydrant shall be a true compression type, opening against pressure and closing with pressure.

8. The hydrant main valve seat shall be of bronze and its assembly into the hydrant shall involve bronze-to-bronze thread engagement. Two (2) "C" ring seals shall be provided as a positive pressure seal between the bronze seat ring and the shoe. The valve assembly pressure seals shall be obtained to allow without the employment of torque of torque compressed gaskets. The hydrant shall be designed to allow the removal of all operating parts through the hydrant barrel by means of a single, lightweight disassembly wrench without excavating.
9. The drain mechanism shall be designed to operate with the operation of the main valve and shall allow a momentary flushing of the drain ports. A minimum of two (2) internal and two (2) external bronze-lined drain pots shall be required in the main valve assembly to drain the hydrant barrel.
10. Cast iron inlet elbows shall have a six (6) inch mechanical joint connection complete with accessories.
11. Barrel extension sections shall be available in six (6) inch increments complete with rod, extension, coupling and the necessary flanges, gaskets and bolts, so that extending the hydrant can be accomplished without excavating. Hydrants shall have letters "AWB" cast in the barrel for identification purposes. Bury mark of fire hydrant shall be cast on barrel of the hydrant.
12. Hydrant shall have two (2) two and one half (2½) inch hose nozzles one-hundred and twenty (120) degrees apart and one (1) four and one-half (4½) inch pumper nozzle. The threads shall be national standard threads. The nozzle caps shall be secured to fire hydrant with non-kinking type chain loop on cap ends to permit free turning of caps.
13. Bolts and nuts shall be corrosion resistant.
14. Hydrants shall be designed with safety flange to protect the barrel and stem from damage and to eliminate flooding of area when hydrant is struck or knocked off by vehicular equipment or other objects.

E. Setting Hydrants:

1. Hydrants shall be placed at the locations indicated on the Plans in a manner to provide complete accessibility and so that the possibility of damage from vehicles or injury to pedestrians shall be minimized. The **Contractor** shall install proper "bury" hydrants or shall use, at no cost to the **County**, proper length extensions to ensure that each fire hydrant is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation and the requirements of these Specifications. When placed behind curb, the hydrant barrel shall be set such that no portion of the pumper or hose nozzle caps shall be less than six (6) inches, nor more than twelve (12) inches from the gutter face of the curb. The **Contractor** shall place gravel as shown on the Plans. All pipe connecting the fire hydrant to the main line shall be ductile iron pipe meeting the requirements of these Specifications or approved connecting pieces.

2. The use of PVC pipe for hydrant branch piping is specifically prohibited. The connection of the hydrant to the supply main shall be through either a ductile iron tee or a tapping sleeve and shall include an outlet valve at the point of connection. Using a tapping sleeve where the Plans indicate a tee shall not result in any additional costs to the **County**.
- F. Connection to main: Each fire hydrant shall be connected to the main with a six (6) inch ductile iron branch connection. Gate valves shall be used on fire hydrant branches unless otherwise specified.
- G. Drainage: Stone no larger than four (4) inches in diameter shall be placed around the base of the fire hydrant for a depth of thirty (30) inches from the bottom of the trench and shall extend for a distance of thirty (30) inches from the back of the hydrant toward the main.
- H. Anchoring and Bracing: The shoe of each fire hydrant shall be braced against unexcavated earth at the end of the trench with stone slabs or poured concrete; or it shall be tied to the pipe with suitable metal tie rods or clamps or both, as directed by the **County**. The straps and rods, nuts and threads, used for anchoring shall be coated with protective materials at the end of installation.
- I. Painting, Coating, and Lubricating:
1. All iron parts of the hydrant inside and outside shall be cleaned and thereafter, unless otherwise stipulated, all surfaces, except the exterior portion above the ground line, shall be coated or painted with, or dipped in an asphalt or bituminous base paint or coating. If these parts are painted, they shall be covered with two (2) coats, the first being allowed to dry thoroughly before the second coat is applied.
 2. The outside of the hydrant valve above the finished ground line shall be thoroughly cleaned and thereafter painted in the shop with two (2) coats of Koppers primer 621 or approved equal. After installation, each hydrant shall be painted with two (2) field coats of Koppers Glamortex Enamel as manufactured by the Sika Inertol Company, or approved equal; color shall be silver. The top cap of each hydrant shall be painted in one of the following colors to indicate the main size: six (6) inch or eight (8) inch mains shall be silver; ten (10) inch or twelve (12) inch mains shall be yellow; and sixteen (16) inch or greater mains shall be green.
 3. All bronze, threaded contact moving parts shall, during shop assembly, be lubricated and protected by a coating of rustproof compound to prevent damage in shipment and storage.
- J. Accessories: The **Contractor** shall furnish one (1) standard four (4) sided hydrant wrench for each ten (10) hydrants installed or fraction thereof.
- K. Testing: All fire hydrants shall be tested in strict accordance with the requirements of AWWA C502, with no additional cost to the **County**. Certificate of Compliance shall be furnished to the **County**.

2.08 GATE VALVES (GV)

- A. Twenty (20) Inches in Diameter and Smaller:

1. Gate valves shall be resilient-seated type conforming to the requirements of AWWA C509 or AWWA C515.
2. Valves through twelve (12) inches in diameter shall have a minimum rated working pressure of two hundred (200) psi. Sixteen (16) inch and twenty (20) inch valves shall have a minimum rated working pressure of one-hundred and fifty (150) psi.
3. Valves less than four (4) inches in diameter shall have threaded ends. Larger valves shall be mechanical joint unless shown otherwise on the Plans.
4. Valves shall be non-rising stem type with a two (2) inch square wrench nut, and shall open left. The manufacturer shall provide an affidavit of compliance with the applicable AWWA standards.
5. All internal ferrous surfaces shall be coated with epoxy to a minimum thickness of four (4) mils. The epoxy shall be non-toxic, impart no taste to the water and shall conform to the requirements of AWWA C550.
6. All seals between valve parts, such as body and bonnet, bonnet- and bonnet cover, shall be flat gaskets or O-rings.
7. Valve disks shall be made of cast or ductile iron having a vulcanized, synthetic rubber coating.
8. Valves shall be manufactured by American Flow Control, Mueller, or M & H Valve.

2.10 VALVE BOXES (VB) AND EXTENSION STEMS

- A. All valves shall be equipped with valve boxes. The valve boxes shall be cast iron two (2) piece screw type with drop covers. Valve boxes shall have a five and one-quarter (5¼) inch inside diameter. Valve box covers shall weigh a minimum of thirteen (13) pounds. The valve boxes shall be adjustable to six (6) inches up or down from the nominal required cover over the pipe. Valve boxes shall be of sufficient length that bottom flange of the lower belled portion of the box is below the valve operating nut. Ductile or cast iron extensions shall be provided as necessary. Covers shall have "WATER VALVE" or "WATER" cast into them. Valve boxes shall be manufactured in the U.S.
- B. All valves shall be furnished with extension stems if operating nut is greater than four (4) feet deep, to bring the operating nut to within twenty-four (24) inches of the top of the valve box. Connection to the valve shall be with a wrench nut coupling and a set screw to secure the coupling to the valve's operating nut. The coupling and square wrench nut shall be welded to the extension stem. Extension stems shall be equal to Mueller A-26441 or M & H Valve Style 3801 or equal.

2.11 VALVE MARKERS (VM)

- A. The **Contractor** shall provide a concrete valve marker as detailed on the Plans for each valve installed, except on hydrant isolation valves. Valve markers shall be stamped "WATER".

2.12 TAPPING SLEEVES AND VALVES (TS&V)

- A. Tapping sleeves for mains twelve (12) inches in diameter and smaller shall be ductile iron of the split-sleeve, mechanical joint type. Tapping sleeves shall be equal to Mueller H-615.
- B. Tapping sleeves for mains larger than twelve (12) inches shall be of all stainless steel construction.
- C. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for determining the outside diameter of the pipe to be connected to prior to ordering the sleeve. The tapping sleeve shall be rated for two-hundred and fifty (250) psi.
- D. Valves shall be gate valves furnished in accordance with the specifications shown above, with flanged connection to the tapping sleeve and mechanical joint connection to the branch pipe. The tapping sleeve shall be supplied by the valve manufacturer.

2.13 CORPORATION COCKS AND CURB STOPS

- A. Corporation cocks and curb stops shall be ball type, shall be made of bronze conforming to the requirements of ASTM B61 or ASTM B62, and shall be suitable for the working pressure of the system. Ends shall be suitable for flared tube joint. Threaded ends for inlet and outlet of corporation cocks shall conform to the requirements of AWWA C800; coupling nut for connection to flared copper tubing shall conform to the requirements of ANSI B16.26. Corporation cocks and curb stops shall be manufactured by Mueller, Ford FB-600, or equal.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 EXISTING UTILITIES AND OBSTRUCTIONS

- A. The Plans indicate utilities or obstructions that are known to exist according to the best information available. The **Contractor** shall call the Utilities Protection Center (UPC) (800-282-7411) as required by Georgia Law (O.C.G.A. Sections 25-9-1 through 25-9-13) and shall call all utilities, agencies, or departments that own and/or operate utilities in the vicinity of the construction work site at least seventy-two (72) hours [three (3) business days] prior to construction to verify the location of the existing utilities.
- B. Existing Utility Location: The following steps shall be exercised to avoid interruption of existing utility service:
 - 1. The **Contractor** shall provide the required notice to the utility owners and allow them to locate their facilities according to Georgia law. Field utility locations are valid for only ten (10) days after original notice. The **Contractor** shall ensure at the time of any excavation that a valid utility location exists at the point of excavation.
 - 2. The **Contractor** shall expose the facility, for a distance of at least two-hundred (200) feet in advance of pipeline construction, to verify its true location and grade. The **Contractor** shall repair, or have repaired, all damage to utilities resulting from locating or exposing their true location.
 - 3. The **Contractor** shall avoid utility damage and interruption by protection with means or methods recommended by the utility owner.

4. The **Contractor** shall maintain a log identifying when phone calls were made, who was called, area for which utility relocation was requested and work order number issued, if any. The **Contractor** shall provide the **County** an updated copy of the log biweekly, or more frequently if required.

C. Conflict with Existing Utilities:

1. Horizontal Conflict: Horizontal conflict shall be defined as when the actual horizontal separation between a utility, main, or service and the proposed water main does not permit safe installation of the water main by the use of sheeting, shoring, tying-back, supporting, or temporarily suspending service of the parallel or crossing facility. The **Contractor** may change the proposed alignment of the water main to avoid horizontal conflicts if the new alignment remains within the available right-of-way or easement, complies with regulatory agency requirements and after a written request to and subsequent approval by the **County**. Where such relocation of the water main is denied by the **County**, the **Contractor** shall arrange to have the utility, main, or service relocated. The **Contractor** shall receive approval from the **County** for any utility relocation.
2. Vertical Conflict: Vertical conflict shall be defined as when the actual vertical separation between a utility, main, or service and the proposed water main does not permit the crossing without immediate or potential future damage to the utility, main, service, or the water main. The minimum clearance shall be eighteen (18) inches. The **Contractor** may change the proposed grade of the water main to avoid vertical conflicts if the changed grade maintains adequate cover and complies with regulatory agencies requirements after written request to and subsequent approval by the **County**. Where such relocation of the water main is denied by the **County**, the **Contractor** shall arrange to have the utility, main, or service relocated. The **Contractor** shall receive approval from the **County** for any utility relocation.

- D. Electronic Locator: The **Contractor** shall have available at all times an electronic pipe locator and a magnetic locator, in good working order, to aid in locating existing pipe lines or other obstructions.

E. Water and Sewer Separation:

1. Water mains shall maintain a minimum ten (10) foot edge-to-edge separation from sewer lines, whether gravity or pressure. If the main cannot be installed in the prescribed easement or right-of-way and provide the ten (10) foot separation, the separation may be reduced, provided the bottom of the water main is a minimum of eighteen (18) inches above the top of the sewer. Should neither of these two separation criteria be possible, the water main shall be installed below the sewer with a minimum vertical separation of eighteen (18) inches.
2. The water main, when installed below the sewer, shall be encased in concrete with a minimum six (6) inch concrete depth to the first joint in each direction. Where water mains cross the sewer, the pipe joint adjacent to the pipe crossing the sewer shall be cut to provide maximum separation of the pipe joints from the sewer.

3. No water main shall pass through, or come in contact with, any part of a sanitary sewer manhole.

3.02 CONSTRUCTION ALONG HIGHWAYS, STREETS, AND ROADWAYS

- A. The **Contractor** shall install pipelines and appurtenances along highways, streets, and roadways in accordance with the applicable regulations of, and permits issued by, the Department of Transportation or applicable permitting authority and the **County** with reference to construction operations, safety, traffic control, road maintenance and repair.
- B. Traffic Control: Shall meet the requirements of Section 01550 and as stipulated below.
 1. The **Contractor** shall provide, erect, and maintain all necessary barricades, suitable and sufficient lights and other traffic control devices; provide qualified flagmen where necessary to direct traffic; take all necessary precautions for the protection of the Work and the safety of the public. Flagmen shall be certified by a GDOT-approved training program.
 2. Construction traffic control devices and their installation shall be in accordance with the current Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways.
 3. Placement and removal of construction traffic control devices shall be coordinated with GDOT and the **County** a minimum of forty eight (48) hours in advance of the activity.
 4. Placement of construction traffic control devices shall be scheduled ahead of associated construction activities. Construction time in street right-of-way shall be conducted to minimize the length of time traffic is disrupted. Construction traffic control devices shall be removed immediately following their useful purpose. Traffic control devices used intermittently, such as "Flagmen Ahead," shall be removed and replaced when needed.
 5. Existing traffic control devices within the construction work zone shall be protected from damage. Traffic control devices requiring temporary relocation shall be located as near as possible to their original vertical and horizontal locations. Original locations shall be measured from reference points and recorded in a log prior to relocation. Temporary locations shall provide the same visibility to affected traffic as the original location. Relocated traffic control devices shall be reinstalled in their original locations as soon as practical following construction.
 6. Construction traffic control devices shall be maintained in good repair and shall be clean and visible to affected traffic for daytime and nighttime operation. Traffic control devices affected by the construction work zone shall be inspected daily.

7. Construction warning signs shall be black legend on an orange background. Regulatory signs shall be black legend on a white background. Construction sign panels shall meet the minimum reflective requirements of GDOT and the **County**. Sign panels shall be of durable materials capable of maintaining their color, reflective character, and legibility during the period of construction.
 8. Channelization devices shall be positioned preceding an obstruction at a taper length as required by the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, as appropriate for the speed limit at that location. Channelization devices shall be patrolled to ensure that they are maintained in the proper position throughout their period of use.
- C. Construction Operations:
1. The **Contractor** shall perform all work along highways, streets, and roadways to minimize interference with traffic.
 2. Stripping: Where the pipeline is laid along road right-of-way, the **Contractor** shall strip and stockpile all sod, topsoil, and other material suitable for right-of-way restoration.
 3. Trenching, Laying and Backfilling: The **Contractor** shall not open the trench any further ahead of pipe laying operations than is necessary. The **Contractor** shall backfill and remove excess material immediately behind laying operations. The **Contractor** shall complete excavation and backfill for any portion of the trench in the same day.
 4. Shaping: The **Contractor** shall reshape damaged slopes, side ditches, and ditch lines immediately after completing backfilling operations. The **Contractor** shall replace topsoil, sod, and any other materials removed from shoulders.
 5. Construction operations shall be limited to four hundred (400) feet along areas, including cleanup and utility exploration.
- D. Excavated Materials: The **Contractor** shall not place excavated material along highways, streets, and roadways in a manner that obstructs traffic. The **Contractor** shall sweep all scattered excavated material off of the pavement in a timely manner meeting all E&S codes
- E. Drainage Structures: The **Contractor** shall keep all side ditches, culverts, cross drains, and other drainage structures clear of excavated material. Care shall be taken to provide positive drainage to avoid ponding or concentration of runoff. Erosion and Sedimentation Control measures shall be maintained and the **Contractor** is subject to clean any storm line and or manhole that has received siltation.
- F. Landscaping Features: Landscaping features shall include, but are not necessarily limited to: fences; property corners; cultivated trees and shrubbery; manmade improvements; subdivision and other signs within the right-of-way and easement. The **Contractor** shall take extreme care in moving landscape features and promptly re-establish these features.
- G. Maintaining Highways, Streets, Roadways, and Driveways:

1. The **Contractor** shall maintain streets, highways, roadways, and driveways in suitable condition for movement of traffic until completion and final acceptance of the Work.
2. During the time period between pavement removal and completing permanent pavement replacement, the **Contractor** shall maintain highways, streets, and roadways by the use of steel running plates. Running plate edges shall have asphalt placed around their periphery to minimize vehicular impact. The backfill above the pipe shall be compacted as specified elsewhere up to the existing pavement surface to provide support for the steel running plates.
3. The **Contractor** shall furnish a road grader or front-end loader for maintaining highways, streets, and roadways. The grader or front-end loader shall be available at all times.
4. The **Contractor** shall immediately repair all driveways that are cut or damaged and the **Contractor** shall maintain them in a suitable condition for use until completion and final acceptance of the Work.

3.03 PIPE DISTRIBUTION

- A. Pipe shall be distributed and placed in such a manner that shall not interfere with traffic.
- B. No pipe shall be strung further along the route than one-thousand (1,000) feet beyond the area in which the **Contractor** is actually working without written permission from the **County**. The **County** reserves the right to reduce this distance to a maximum distance of two-hundred (200) feet in residential and commercial areas based on the effects of the distribution to the adjacent property owners.
- C. No street or roadway shall be closed for unloading of pipe without first obtaining permission from the proper authorities. The **Contractor** shall furnish and maintain proper warning signs and obstruction lights for the protection of traffic along highways, streets, and roadways upon which pipe is distributed.
- D. No distributed pipe shall be placed inside drainage ditches.
- E. Distributed pipe shall be placed as far as possible from the roadway pavement, but no closer than five (5) feet from the roadway pavement, as measured edge-to-edge.

3.04 LAYING AND JOINTING PIPE AND ACCESSORIES

- A. The **Contractor** shall lay all pipe and fittings to accurately conform to the lines and grades established by the **County**.
- B. Pipe Installation:
 1. Pipe shall be installed in accordance with the requirements of AWWA M11, Chapter 16. Welded joints shall be in accordance with the requirements of AWWA C206.
 2. Sleeve-type mechanical pipe couplings shall conform to the requirements of AWWA M11.

3. Unless otherwise specified, buried mechanical couplings and valves shall be field coated as shown on the Plans, specified in these Specifications, or as directed by the **County**.
4. Anchorage shall be provided as shown on the Plans, specified in these Specifications, or as directed by the **County**.
5. Proper implements, tools and facilities shall be provided for the safe performance of the Work. All pipe, fittings, valves, and hydrants shall be lowered carefully into the trench by means of slings, ropes, or other suitable tools or equipment in such a manner as to prevent damage to water main materials and protective coatings and linings. Under no circumstances shall water main materials be dropped or dumped into the trench.
6. All pipe, fittings, valves, hydrants, and other appurtenances shall be examined carefully for damage and other defects immediately before installation. Defective materials shall be rejected by the **County** and replaced at the **Contractor's** or manufacturer's expense
7. All lumps, blisters, and excess coating shall be removed from the socket and plain ends of each pipe, and the outside of the plain end and the inside of the bell shall be wiped clean and dry and free from dirt, sand, grit or any foreign materials before the pipe is laid. No pipe containing dirt shall be laid.
8. Foreign material shall be prevented from entering the pipe while it is being placed in the trench. No debris, tools, clothing, or other materials shall be placed in the pipe at any time.
9. As each length of pipe is placed in the trench, the joint shall be assembled and the pipe brought to correct line and grade. The pipe shall be secured in place with approved backfill material.
10. It is not mandatory to lay pipe with the bells facing the direction in which work is progressing.
11. Applying pressure to the top of the pipe, such as with a backhoe bucket, to lower the pipe to the proper elevation or grade, shall not be permitted.
12. The **Contractor** shall provide detection tape for all pipe greater than twelve (12) inches in diameter. Detection tape shall be buried four (4) to ten (10) inches deep. Should detection tape need to be installed deeper, the **Contractor** shall provide three (3) inch-wide tape. In no case shall detection tape be buried greater than twenty (20) inches from the finish grade surface.

C. Alignment and Gradient:

1. The **Contractor** shall lay pipe straight in alignment and gradient or follow true curves as nearly as practicable. The **Contractor** shall not deflect any joint more than the maximum deflection recommended by the manufacturer.

2. The **Contractor** shall maintain a transit, level, and accessories on the site of the Work to lay out angles and ensure that deflection allowances are not exceeded.
- D. Expediting of Work: The **Contractor** shall excavate, lay the pipe, and backfill as closely together as possible. The **Contractor** shall not leave un-jointed pipe in the trench overnight. The **Contractor** shall backfill and compact the trench as soon as possible after laying and jointing is completed. The **Contractor** shall backfill the installed pipe each day at the close of work and at all other times when work is not in progress. No excavation is to be left unbackfilled or unsupervised. If necessary to backfill over the end of an uncompleted pipe or accessory, the **Contractor** shall close the end with a suitable plug, either push-on, mechanical joint, restrained joint, or as approved by the **County**.
- E. Joint Assembly:
1. Push-on, mechanical, flange, and restrained type joints shall be assembled in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
 2. The **Contractor** shall inspect each pipe joint within one-thousand (1,000) feet on either side of main line valves to ensure one-hundred (100) percent seating of the pipe spigot, except as noted otherwise.
 3. Each restrained joint shall be inspected by the **Contractor** to ensure that it has been "homed" one-hundred (100) percent.
 4. The **Contractor** shall internally inspect each pipe joint to ensure proper assembly for pipe twenty-four (24) inches in diameter and larger after the pipe has been brought to final alignment.
- F. Cutting Pipe: The **Contractor** shall cut ductile iron pipe using an abrasive wheel saw. The **Contractor** shall cut PVC pipe using a suitable saw; remove all burrs, and smooth the end before jointing. The **Contractor** shall cut the pipe and bevel the end, as necessary, to provide the correct length of pipe necessary for installing the fittings, valves, accessories, and closure pieces in the correct location. Only push-on or mechanical joint pipe shall be cut.
- G. Polyethylene Encasement: Installation shall be in accordance with the requirements of AWWA C105 and the manufacturer's instructions. All ends shall be securely closed with tape and all damaged areas shall be completely repaired to the satisfaction of the **County**.
- H. Valve and Fitting Installation:
1. Prior to installation, valves shall be inspected for direction of opening, number of turns to open, freedom of operation, tightness of pressure-containing bolting and test plugs, cleanliness of valve ports and especially seating surfaces, handling damage, and cracks. Defective valves shall be rejected by the **County** and replaced at the **Contractor's** or manufacturer's expense. Valves shall be closed before being installed.

2. Valves, fittings, plugs, and caps shall be set and joined to the pipe in the manner specified in this section for cleaning, laying and joining pipe, except that twelve (12) inch and larger valves shall be provided with special support, such as crushed stone, concrete pads, or a sufficiently tamped trench bottom so that the pipe shall not be required to support the weight of the valve. Valves shall be installed in the closed position.
3. A valve box shall be provided on each underground valve. They shall be carefully set, centered exactly over the operating nut, and truly plumbed. The valve box shall not transmit shock or stress to the valve. The bottom flange of the lower belled portion of the box shall be placed below the valve operating nut. This flange shall be set on brick, so arranged that the weight of the valve box and superimposed loads shall bear on the base and not on the valve or pipe. The valve box cover shall be flush with the surface of the finished area or such other level as directed by the **County**.
4. In no case shall valves be used to bring misaligned pipe into alignment during installation. Pipe shall be supported in such a manner as to prevent stress on the valve.
5. A valve marker shall be provided for each underground valve. Unless otherwise detailed on the Plans or directed by the **County**, valve markers shall be installed six (6) inches inside the right-of-way or easement, and buried to a depth of thirty (30) inches.

I. Air Valve Vaults:

1. The **Contractor** shall construct the vault or manhole as detailed on the Plans.
2. The frame and cover shall be cast into the top slab. The floor drain shall be piped to vault exterior.
3. Manholes shall be constructed such that their walls are plumb.

3.05 CONNECTIONS TO WATER MAINS

- A. Existing Pipelines: The **Contractor** shall make connections to existing pipelines with tapping sleeves and valves, unless specifically shown otherwise on the Plans. Before connecting to any existing water main, the **Contractor** shall receive approval from the **County**.
- B. Location: Before laying pipe, the **Contractor** shall locate the points of connection to existing water mains and uncover as necessary for the **County** to confirm the nature of the connection to be made.
- C. Interruption of Services: The **Contractor** shall make connections to existing water mains only when system operations permit and only when notices are issued to the customer. The **Contractor** shall operate existing valves only with the specific authorization and direct supervision of the **County**.
- D. Tapping Sleeves:
 1. Holes in the new pipe shall be machine cut, either in the field or at the factory. No torch cutting of holes shall be permitted.

2. Prior to attaching sleeve, the pipe shall be thoroughly cleaned, utilizing a brush and rag, as required.
 3. Before performing field machine cut, the water tightness of the sleeve assembly shall be pressure tested. The interior of the assembly shall be filled with water. An air compressor shall be attached to induce a test pressure as specified in this Section. No leakage shall be permitted for a period of five (5) minutes.
 4. After attaching the sleeve to an existing main, but prior to making the tap, the interior of the assembly shall be disinfected. All surfaces to be exposed to potable water shall be swabbed or sprayed with a one (1) percent sodium hypochlorite solution.
- E. Connections Using Solid Sleeves: Where connections are shown on the Plans using solid sleeves, the **Contractor** shall furnish materials and labor necessary to make the connection to the existing pipe line.
- F. Connections Using Couplings: Where connections are shown on the Plans using couplings, the **Contractor** shall furnish materials and labor necessary to make the connection to the existing pipe line, including all necessary cutting, plugging, and backfill.
- G. Transfer of Service: Immediately before connecting to the relocated or existing meter, all service lines shall be flushed to remove any foreign matter. Any special fittings required to reconnect the existing meter to the new copper service line, or the existing private service line, shall be provided by the **Contractor**. To minimize out-of-service time, the **Contractor** shall determine the connections to be made and have all the required pipe and fittings on hand before shutting off the existing service. After completing the connection, the new corporation stop shall be opened and all visible leaks shall be repaired.

3.06 THRUST RESTRAINT

- A. The **Contractor** shall provide restraint at all points where hydraulic thrust may develop.
- B. Retainer Glands: The **Contractor** shall provide retainer glands where shown on the Plans. Retainer glands shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, particularly, the required torque of the set screws. The **Contractor** shall furnish a torque wrench to verify the torque on all set screws that do not have inherent torque indicators.
- C. Harnessing:
1. **Contractor** shall provide harness rods only where specifically shown on the Plans or directed by the **County**.
 2. Harness rods shall be manufactured in accordance with the requirements of ASTM A36 and shall have an allowable tensile stress of no less than 22,000 psi. Harness rods shall be hot dip galvanized or field coated with bitumastic before backfilling.
 3. Where possible, harness rods shall be installed through the mechanical joint bolt holes. Where it is not possible, the **Contractor** shall provide ninety (90) degree bend eye bolts.

4. Eye bolts shall be of the same diameter as specified in AWWA C111 for that pipe size. The eye shall be welded closed. Where eye bolts are used in conjunction with harness rods, an appropriate size washer shall be utilized with a nut on each end of the harness rod. Eye bolts shall be of the same material and coating as the harness rods.
- D. Thrust Collars: Collars shall be constructed as shown on the Plans. Concrete and reinforcing steel shall meet the requirements of Sections 03200 - Concrete Reinforcement, and Section 03300 - Cast-In-Place Concrete. Welded-on collars shall be designed to meet the minimum allowable load shown on the Plans. The welded-on collar shall be attached to the pipe by the pipe manufacturer.
- E. Concrete Blocking as required and approved by the **County**:
1. The **Contractor** shall provide concrete blocking for all bends, tees, valves, and other points where thrust may develop in addition to thrust restraint as per Standard Detail No. W-36.
 2. Concrete shall be as specified in Section 03300 - Cast-In-Place Concrete.
 3. The **Contractor** shall form and pour concrete blocking at fittings as shown on the Standard Details and as directed by the **County**. The **Contractor** shall pour blocking against undisturbed earth. The **Contractor** shall increase dimensions when required by over-excavation.

3.07 INSPECTION AND TESTING

- A. All sections of the water main subject to internal pressure shall be pressure-tested in accordance with the requirements of AWWA C600 and these Specifications. A section of main will be considered ready for testing after completion and curing of all thrust restraint and backfilling.
- B. Water used for testing mains and washing streets will be made available to the **Contractor** at the nearest existing **County DWM** facilities. The **Contractor** shall furnish all necessary pipe or hose extensions and transportation to the point of use and exercise care in use of the water. Water used for other purposes shall be supplied through a metered connection, which the **Contractor** shall obtain through the **County DWM** Applications Office.
- C. Each segment of water main between main valves shall be tested individually.
- D. Test Preparation:
1. For water mains less than twenty four (24) inches in diameter, the **Contractor** shall flush sections thoroughly at flow velocities, greater than two and one-half (2½) feet per second, adequate to remove debris from pipe and valve seats. For water mains twenty four (24) inches in diameter and larger, the main shall be carefully swept clean, and mopped if directed by the **County**. The **Contractor** shall partially open valves to allow the water to flush the valve seat.
 2. The **Contractor** shall partially operate valves and hydrants to clean out seats.

3. The **Contractor** shall provide temporary blocking, bulkheads, flanges, and plugs as necessary, to ensure all new pipe, valves, and appurtenances shall be pressure-tested.
 4. Before applying test pressure, air shall be completely expelled from the pipeline and all appurtenances. The **Contractor** shall insert corporation cocks at highpoints to expel air as main is filled with water as necessary to supplement automatic air valves. Corporation stops shall be constructed as shown on the Standard Details with a meter box.
 5. The **Contractor** shall fill pipeline slowly with water. The **Contractor** shall provide a suitable pump with an accurate water meter to pump the line to the specified pressure.
 6. The differential pressure across a valve or hydrant shall equal the maximum possible, but not exceed the rated working pressure of the system. Where necessary, the **Contractor** shall provide temporary backpressure to meet the differential pressure restrictions.
 7. Valves shall not be operated in either the opening or closing direction at differential pressures above the rated pressure.
- E. Test Pressure: The **Contractor** shall test the pipeline at two-hundred and fifty (250) psi measured at the lowest point for at least two (2) hours. The **Contractor** shall maintain the test pressure within five (5) psi of the specified test pressure for the test duration. Should the pressure drop more than five (5) psi at any time during the test period, the pressure shall be restored to the specified test pressure. The **Contractor** shall provide an accurate pressure gage with graduation not greater than five (5) psi.
- F. Leakage:
1. Leakage shall be defined as the sum of the quantity of water that must be pumped into the test section, to maintain pressure within five (5) psi of the specified test pressure for the test duration plus water required to return line to test pressure at the end of the test. Leakage shall be the total cumulative amount measured on a water meter.
 2. The **County** assumes no responsibility for leakage occurring through existing valves.
- G. Test Results: No test section shall be accepted if the leakage exceeds the limits determined by the following formula:

$$L = \frac{SD(P)^{1/2}}{133,200}$$

Where:

L	=	Allowable leakage, in gallons per hour.
S	=	Length of pipe tested, in feet
D	=	Nominal diameter of the pipe, in inches.
P	=	Average pressure during the test, psi (gauge).

As determined under Section 4 of AWWA C600.

- H. If the water main section being tested contains lengths of various pipe diameters, the allowable leakage shall be the sum of the computed leakage for each diameter. The leakage test shall be repeated until the test section is accepted. All visible leaks shall be repaired regardless of leakage test results at the **Contractor's** expense.
- I. Completion: After a pipeline section has been accepted, the **Contractor** shall relieve test pressure. The **Contractor** shall record type, size, and location of all outlets on the Record Drawings.

3.08 DISINFECTING PIPELINE

- A. After successfully pressure-testing each pipeline section, the **Contractor** shall disinfect in accordance with the requirements of AWWA C651 for the continuous-feed method and these Specifications.
- B. Specialty **Contractor**: Disinfection shall be performed by an approved specialty **Contractor**. Before disinfection is performed, the **Contractor** shall submit a written procedure for approval before being permitted to proceed with the disinfection. This plan shall also include the steps to be taken for the neutralization of the chlorinated water. The **Contractor** shall receive approval from the **County** where to dispose of chlorinated water.
- C. Chlorination:
 - 1. The **Contractor** shall apply chlorine solution to achieve a concentration of at least twenty five (25) milligrams per liter free chlorine in the new line. The **Contractor** shall retain chlorinated water for twenty four (24) hours. Water shall be supplied from a temporary source protected by appropriate backflow prevention devices. The backflow preventer shall be approved by the **County** prior to connection. Chlorine shall be injected no more than ten (10) feet from the beginning of the new main.
 - 2. Chlorine concentration shall be recorded at every outlet along the line at the beginning and end of the twenty four (24) hour period.
 - 3. After twenty four (24) hours, all samples of water shall contain at least ten (10) milligrams per liter free chlorine. The **Contractor** shall re-chlorinate if required results are not obtained on all samples.
- D. Disposal of Chlorinated Water: -The **Contractor** shall reduce chlorine residual of disinfection water to less than one (1) milligram per liter if discharged directly to a body of water or to less than two (2) milligrams per liter if discharged onto the ground prior to disposal. The **Contractor** shall treat water with sulfur dioxide or other reducing chemicals to neutralize chlorine residual. The **Contractor** shall flush all lines until residual is equal to existing system.
- E. Bacteriological Testing: After final flushing and before the water main is placed in service, the **Contractor** shall collect samples from the line and have them tested for bacteriological quality in accordance with Georgia EPD rules. The **County** reserves the right to collect and test the samples in the **County's** laboratory. One (1) set of samples shall be collected from every one-thousand two-hundred (1,200) feet of water main, plus one (1) set from each end of main and one (1) set from each branch. If the test results are not acceptable, the **Contractor** shall re-chlorinate lines at its cost until required results are obtained.

3.09 PROTECTION AND RESTORATION OF WORK AREA

- A. General: The **Contractor** shall return all items and all areas disturbed, directly or indirectly by work under these Specifications, to their original condition or better, as quickly as possible after work is completed. Restoration of streets, sidewalks, curb, and driveways shall comply with Section 02510 and 02521. Restoration of off-street areas shall comply with the requirements of Section 02920 and as stipulated below.
1. The **Contractor** shall plan, coordinate, and prosecute the Work such that disruption to personal property and business is held to a practical minimum.
 2. All construction areas abutting lawns and yards of residential or commercial property shall be restored promptly. Backfilling of underground facilities, ditches, and disturbed areas shall be accomplished on a daily basis as work is completed. Finishing, dressing, and grassing shall be accomplished immediately thereafter, as a continuous operation within each area being constructed and with emphasis placed on completing each individual yard or business frontage. Care shall be taken to provide positive drainage to avoid ponding or concentration of runoff.
 3. Handwork, including raking and smoothing, shall be required to ensure that the removal of roots, sticks, rocks, and other debris is removed in order to provide a neat and pleasing appearance.
 4. The **County** shall be authorized to stop all work by the **Contractor** when restoration and cleanup are unsatisfactory and to require appropriate remedial measures.
- B. Man-Made Improvements: The **Contractor** shall protect, or remove and replace with the **County's** approval, all fences, walkways, mail boxes, pipe lines, drain culverts, power and telephone lines and cables, property pins, and other improvements that may be encountered in the Work.
- C. Cultivated Growth: The **Contractor** shall not disturb cultivated trees or shrubbery unless approved by the **County**. All such trees or shrubbery that must be removed shall be heeled in and replanted under the direction of an experienced nurseryman.
- D. Cutting of Trees: The **Contractor** shall not cut trees for the performance of the Work except as absolutely necessary and with the approval from the **County**. The **Contractor** shall protect trees that remain in the vicinity of the work from damage from equipment. The **Contractor** shall not store spoil from excavation against the trunks. The **Contractor** shall remove excavated material stored over the root system of trees within thirty (30) days to allow proper natural watering of the root system. The **Contractor** shall repair any damaged tree over three (3) inches in diameter, not to be removed, under the direction of an experienced nurseryman. All trees and brush that require removal shall be promptly and completely removed from the site of the Work and disposed of by the **Contractor** in a lawful manner. No stumps, wood piles, or trash piles shall be permitted on the site of the Work.

- E. Disposal of Rubbish: The **Contractor** shall dispose of all materials cleared and grubbed during the construction of the Project in accordance with the applicable codes and rules of the appropriate Federal, State, and local regulatory agencies.
- F. Wetlands:
1. The **Contractor** shall not construct permanent roadbeds, berms, drainage structures, or any other structures that alter the original topographic features within the easement.
 2. All temporary construction or alterations to the original topography shall incorporate measures to prevent erosion into the surrounding swamp or wetland. All areas within the easement shall be returned to their original topographic condition as soon as possible after work is completed in the area. All materials of construction and other non-native materials shall be disposed by the **Contractor**.
 3. The **Contractor** shall provide temporary culverts or other drainage structures, as necessary, to permit the free migration of water between portions of a swamp, wetland, or stream that may be temporarily divided by construction.
 4. The **Contractor** shall not spread, discharge, or dump any fuel oil, gasoline, pesticide, or any other pollutant to adjacent waterways or wetlands.

3.10 ABANDONING EXISTING WATER MAINS

- A. General: The **Contractor** shall abandon in place all existing water main segments indicated on the Plans to be abandoned. The **Contractor** shall perform abandonment after the new water main has been placed in service and all water main services have been changed over to the new main. The **Contractor** shall salvage for the **County** existing fire hydrants, valve boxes, valve markers, and other materials located on water mains abandoned.
- B. Capping and Plugging: The **Contractor** shall disconnect by sawing or cutting and removing a segment of existing pipe where cutting and capping or plugging is directed by the **County**. The **Contractor** shall provide a watertight pipe cap or plug and concrete blocking for restraint to seal off existing mains indicated to remain in service. The **Contractor** shall seal ends of existing mains to be abandoned with a pipe cap or plug or with a masonry plug and minimum six- (6-) inch cover of concrete on all sides around the end of the pipe. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for uncovering and verifying the size and material of the existing main to be capped or plugged. The abandoned pipeline shall be filled with flowable fill if directed by the **County**.
- C. Salvaging Materials: The **Contractor** shall salvage existing fire hydrants, valve boxes, valve markers, and other materials located on water mains abandoned and deliver salvaged items in good condition to the **County's** storage yard. The **Contractor** shall coordinate delivery and placement of salvaged materials in advance with the **County**.
- D. Pavement Removal and Replacement: The **Contractor** shall perform any necessary pavement removal and replacement in accordance with Section 02510 - Pavement Repairs and approved plans.

+++ END OF SECTION 02665T +++

SECTION 02711 FENCING AND GATES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. Work described in this Section includes furnishing all labor, materials, equipment, tools, and incidentals required for a complete installation of chain link fence and gates. All materials shall be installed and adjusted, in accordance with these Specifications, the manufacturer's recommendations and as shown on the Drawings.
- B. Contract drawings show only functional features and some of the required external connections. They do not show all components required for a complete installation nor exact dimensions particular to any manufacturer's products. **Contractor** shall supply all parts, devices, and equipment necessary to meet the requirements of the Contract Documents and shall make all dimensional adjustments particular to the materials being furnished. All costs associated with such changes and adjustments shall be considered as being included in the price bid for the Work shown and specified.
- C. Related Work specified elsewhere:

Section 03300 – Cast-in-Place Concrete

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be made in accordance with the requirements of the General Requirements of the Contract Documents and Section 01300.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Reference Standards: Comply with all Federal and State laws or ordinances, as well as all applicable codes, standards, regulations and/or regulatory agency requirements including the partial listing below:
 - 1. Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Construction of Roads and Bridges, Sections 643 and 894.
- B. Experience: Products furnished under this Section shall be of a design and manufacture that has been successfully used in similar applications. The manufacturer shall have furnished product for a minimum of five similar applications. Provide a list of such installations complete with installation description contact names, addresses, telephone numbers. This reference list shall be submitted with the shop drawings.

1.04 QUALITY STANDARDS

- A. The chain link fence and gates shall be furnished by a single manufacturer who

shall assume sole responsibility for providing a complete system designed for long life with a minimum of required maintenance meeting the requirements specified herein and as shown on the Drawings.

- B. Manufacturer shall provide written certification that the material provided under this Specification has been amply designed and is a suitable application for these service conditions.
- C. Manufacturer's offering products that comply with these specifications include:

Anchor Fence, Inc. or Approved equal.

1.05 WARRANTY

- A. Provide a warranty against defective materials and workmanship in accordance with the requirements of the General Requirements of the Contract Documents.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

- A. Zinc and aluminum coated steel and aluminum alloy fabric, posts, fittings and accessories, shall conform to AASHTO M 181.

2.02 FENCE FABRIC

- A. All chain link fence shall consist of woven wire in the form of reasonably uniform two (2) inch-square mesh, having parallel sides and horizontal and vertical diagonals of approximately uniform dimensions. The wire size shall be as specified on the Drawings.
- B. TYPES
 - 1. Zinc-Coated Steel Fabric: The base metal of the fabric shall be a good commercial quality of steel wire coated with prime western spelter or better (AASHTO: M120) applied at the rate of not less than 1.2 oz. of zinc per square foot of uncoated wire surface after weaving.

- OR -

- 2. Aluminum-Coated Steel Fabric: The base metal of the fabric shall be a good commercial quality steel wire, coated with aluminum alloy applied at the rate of not less than 0.40 oz. per square foot of uncoated wire surface.
- C. Workmanship: Chain Link fence fabric shall be produced by methods recognized as good commercial practices. The zinc or aluminum coating shall be applied to the fabric in a continuous process and shall not be applied to the fabric in roll form. Both coated before weaving and coated after weaving fabric shall be given careful visual inspection to determine the quality of the coating. Excessive

roughness, blisters, sal ammoniac spots, bruises, flaking bare spots, or other obvious defects, to any considerable extent, shall be cause for rejection.

1. Tolerances: All dimensions, weights, and test methods shall conform to the applicable portions of AASHTO: M 181 or Federal Specification RR-F-191.

2.03 POSTS

- A. Line Posts shall be:
 1. One and seven-eighths ($1 \frac{7}{8}$) inch nominal galvanized steel "H" column minimum weight of two and seven-tenths (2.70) pounds per linear foot, or
 2. Nominal two and three-eighths ($2 \frac{3}{8}$) inches outside diameter galvanized steel pipe minimum weight three and sixty-five hundredths (3.65) pounds per linear foot, or
 3. "C" section channels measuring two and twenty-five hundredths by one and seventy hundredths ($2.25" \times 1.70"$) inches, minimum weight of two and seventy-three hundredths (2.73) pounds per linear foot.
- B. End, Corner, and Pull Posts:
 1. Zinc and aluminum-coated posts shall be:
 - a. Nominal two and seven eighths ($2\text{-}7/8$) inches outside diameter galvanized steel pipe weighing a minimum of five and seventy-nine hundredths (5.79) pounds per linear foot, or
 - b. Two and one half ($2\text{-}1/2$) inch-square posts with a minimum weight of five and seventy hundredths (5.70) pounds per linear foot, or
 - c. Three and one-half by three and one half ($3\text{-}1/2 \times 3\text{-}1/2$) inches rolled form sections with integral fabric loops, weighing a minimum of five and fourteen hundredths (5.14) pounds per linear foot.

2.04 TOP RAILS AND HORIZONTAL BRACES FOR END, CORNER AND PULL POSTS

- A. Truss Bracing shall be three-eighths ($3/8$) inch round rod with suitable turnbuckle or takeup arrangement. Rods shall be of the approximate metal and coating according to the type of fence installation. All braces shall be furnished with suitable metal connections so that they can be securely fastened to the posts.
- B. Top rail shall be furnished in lengths of not less than fifteen (15) feet. Each section shall be provided with a suitable expansion sleeve or coupling not less than seven (7) inches long. Every fifth coupling as installed shall have a heavy spring to take up expansion and contraction of the top rail.
- C. Zinc and aluminum coated rails and braces shall be nominal:
 1. One and five-eighths ($1\text{-}5/8$) inch outside diameter steel pipe, minimum weight of two and twenty-seven hundredths (2.27) pounds per linear foot, or

2. One and five-eighths by one and one-quarter (1-5/8 x 1-1/4) inches roll formed sections weighing a minimum of one and thirty-five hundredths (1.35) pounds per linear foot.

2.05 POST TOPS AND FITTINGS

- A. All posts shall be fitted with tops designed to fit securely over the posts and carry the top rail. The tops and fittings shall be of dimensions shown on the Drawings.

2.06 FABRIC FASTENERS

- A. Wire for fabric fasteners may be zinc coated or aluminum coated of the gauges specified.

2.07 GATES

- A. Frames, Posts, hinges, and fitting shall be in accordance with dimensions shown in Federal Specification RR-F-191, unless otherwise specified.
 1. Gates: Shall be provided with combination spring latch and plunger rod of approved design for padlocking.
 2. Hinges: Heavy-duty malleable iron or steel, industrial service type, two hundred and seventy (270) degree swing. Provide at least three (3) hinges on each gate leaf at vehicular gate openings.
 3. Hold-Open Device: Equip designated gate openings with galvanized steel or malleable iron stop/hold open devices with catch or plunger rod of standard manufacture and approved design.

2.08 BARBED WIRE

- A. Galvanized steel barb wire shall be composed of two strands of No. 12 1/2 gauge wire with round barbs, four-point pattern, spaced five plus and minus one-half (5±1/2) inch apart conforming to ASTM: A 121, Class 2, or at the **Contractor's** option may be high tensile strength barbed wire. If the **Contractor** elects to furnish high tensile strength barbed wire, it shall meet the requirements of ASTM: A 121 with the following exceptions:
 1. The coated line wires shall have a nominal diameter of 0.067 inch. The coated barbwires shall have a nominal diameter of 0.057 inch.
 2. The minimum weight of zinc coating shall be seventy-five hundredths (0.75) ounces per square foot for the line wire and seventy hundredths (0.70) ounces per square foot for the barbed wire.
 3. The line wire shall have a minimum tensile strength of four hundred seventy-five (475) pounds per individual strand.

2.09 GROUND RODS

- A. Ground Rods shall be five-eighths (5/8) inch in diameter but no less than nine-sixteenths (9/16) inch and shall be minimum eight (8) feet in length unless otherwise shown on the Plans. Ground rods shall be galvanized steel. Galvanizing shall have a minimum coating of two (2) ounces per square foot in accordance with the requirements of ASTM: A 153.

PART 3 - EXECUTION:

3.01 GENERAL

- A. Fence shall normally be constructed within the right-of-way line with no portion of the permanent installation encroaching on adjacent property. When it is necessary for the **Contractor** to trespass on private property outside of the right-of-way or easements provided on the Drawings, the **Contractor** shall obtain permission from the property owner for such intrusion.
- B. Fence shall generally follow the contour of the ground, with the bottom of fence fabric no less than one inch or more than six inches from the ground surface. The fence line shall be cleared a maximum of eight (8) feet wide and minor grading shall be performed where necessary to provide a neat appearance. Where abrupt changes in the ground profile in low areas make it impractical to maintain the specified ground clearance, longer posts may be used and multiple strands of barbed wire stretched thereon with vertical clearances between strands of barbed wire six (6) inches or less.
- C. Any of the various types of fencing materials shown in Part 2, may be used, except that posts, fabric, barbed wire, and appurtenances, including gates when required, shall be of the same or matching type for each Project, unless otherwise directed.

3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Posts shall be located and installed as called for on the Drawings. "C" and two and three-eighths (2 3/8) inch tube-type line posts for all types of fences shall be installed using concrete encasement. Posts installed in rock shall be in accordance with Article 643.03.B.3 of the DOT Standard Specifications.
 - 1. All corner, end, and pull posts shall have concrete encasement as shown in the Drawings. Posts damaged by driving shall be replaced by the **Contractor** at its expense. When posts are set in concrete, the entire hole around the post shall be filled with Class A or B concrete. Concrete may be hand mixed for batches of one-half (1/2) cubic yard or less. The posts shall be firmly braced and held in place until the concrete has set. Distance between end, pull, and corner or angle post assemblies, shall not exceed the following:

For Chain Link Fence, Straight Line: five hundred (500) feet

For Chain Link Fence, Curved Line: two hundred fifty (250) feet

2. Posts placed on concrete walls, slabs or solid rock shall be set in round holes twelve (12) inches deep or as indicated on the Drawings. The space around the post shall be filled with a cement filler approved by the **County**.
 3. Posts shall be repaired after cutting or drilling. Galvanized steel posts shall be repaired in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- B. Fence Erection; Fence fabric or barbed wire, except when posts are set in concrete footings, may be installed when posts are set and braced. When posts are set in concrete footings, the installation of fabric or wire shall be delayed to allow the concrete to cure at least five (5) days. When barbed wire fence is required, three strands shall be installed unless otherwise indicated on the Drawings.
- C. Gates: Gate assemblies shall be of the length, height and type designated on the Drawings, and installed so as to provide for two hundred seventy (270) degree swing. Gate frames shall be welded units and shall be properly coated after welding. Fabric matching the fence fabric shall be stretched taut over the gate frame. Gate assemblies shall be provided with a positive type locking device, padlock, and keys.
- D. Electrical Ground: Whenever a power line carrying more than six hundred (600) volts passes over the fence, a ground rod shall be installed. The ground rod shall be installed at the nearest point directly below the point of crossing. Where possible the ground rod shall be driven into the ground for a full eight (8) feet of penetration. In rocky soil, the rod may be driven slanted, so as to provide eighteen (18) inches of cover at the tip. If solid rock is encountered, two (2) ground rods may be installed at the nearest post on each side of the power line crossing where soil conditions will permit. A length of No. 6 bare copper seven (7) stranded wire shall be attached between the fence and the ground rod with suitable clamps.

3.03 STORAGE OF MATERIALS

- A. Barbed wire, wire fence fabric, steel posts, hardware, and other materials, shall not be stored in contact with the ground but shall be placed in floored buildings, on platforms, or on wooden timbers or poles. Floors, platforms, or props shall be high enough to prevent the wire and steel posts from having any contact with the groundwater or surface water. Wire or steel posts that are damaged due to improper storage at any time between fabrication and final erection shall be rejected. Except when rusting occurs as a result of ponding water after erection of the fence, all wire or posts that show signs of rusting before final acceptance shall be repaired, as directed by the **County**, or removed and replaced with new material at the **Contractor's** expense.

+++ END OF SECTION 02711 +++

SECTION 02920 SITE RESTORATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

- A. This section includes disposition of materials and structures encountered in the Work; ground preparation; mulching; seeding; fence reset; cleanup; and any other similar, incidental, or appurtenant operation that may be necessary to properly complete the Work.
- B. The **Contractor** shall provide all services, labor, materials, and equipment required for all site restoration and related operations necessary or convenient to the **Contractor** for furnishing a complete Work as shown on the Plans or specified in these Specifications.
- D. Contractor shall restore all fences, mailboxes, landscaping and other improvements along the project corridor to the satisfaction of the **County** unless specifically required and detailed on the contract drawings.
- C. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
 - 1. Section 01210 - Measurement and Payment
 - 2. Section 02231 - Tree Protection and Trimming

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be made in accordance with the requirements of the General Requirements of the Contract Documents and Section 01300. In addition, the following specific information shall be provided:
 - 1. Certificates of inspection as required by government authorities. The **Contractor** shall submit manufacturers' or vendors' certified analysis for soil amendments and fertilizer materials. The **Contractor** shall submit other data substantiating that materials comply with specified requirements.
 - 2. Typewritten instructions recommending procedures to be established by the **County** for maintenance of site restoration work for one (1) full year.
 - 3. Seed vendors certified statements for each grass seed mixture required, stating botanical and common name, percentage by weight, and percentages of purity, germination, and weed for each grass seed species.
 - 4. Proposed planting schedules, indicating dates for each type of planting work during normal seasons for such work in the site of the Work. The **Contractor** shall correlate with specified maintenance periods to provide

maintenance from the Date of Substantial Completion. Once accepted, the **Contractor** shall revise dates only as approved in writing, after documentation of reasons for delays.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Reference Standards: The **Contractor** shall comply with the applicable provisions and recommendations of the latest editions of the following standards, except as otherwise shown on the Plans or specified in these Specifications.
 - 1. ASTM C602 - Standard Specification for Agricultural Liming Materials.
 - 2. Turfgrass Producers International.
- B. The **Contractor** shall ship site restoration materials with certificates of inspection required by authorities having jurisdiction. The **Contractor** shall comply with regulations applicable to site restoration materials.
- C. If specified site restoration materials are not obtainable, the **Contractor** shall submit proof of non-availability to the **County** together with proposal for use of equivalent material.
- D. The **Contractor** shall package standard products with manufacturers' certified analysis. For other material, the **Contractor** shall provide analysis by recognized laboratory, in accordance with methods established by the Association of Official Agricultural Chemists, as applicable.

1.04 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Hazards Control:
 - 1. The **Contractor** shall store volatile wastes in covered metal containers, and remove from the site of the Work daily.
 - 2. The **Contractor** shall prevent accumulation of wastes that create hazardous conditions.
 - 3. The **Contractor** shall provide adequate ventilation during use of volatile or noxious substances.
- B. The **Contractor** shall conduct cleaning and disposal operations in compliance with local ordinances and environmental laws and regulations.
 - 1. The **Contractor** shall not burn or bury rubbish and waste materials on the site of the Work without prior written permission from the **County**.
 - 2. The **Contractor** shall not dispose of volatile wastes such as mineral spirits, oil, or fuel in open drainage ditches or storm or sanitary drains.

1.05 DELIVERY

- A. The **Contractor** shall deliver packaged materials in containers showing weight, analysis, and name of manufacturer. The **Contractor** shall protect materials from deterioration during delivery, and while stored at the site of the Work.

1.06 JOB CONDITIONS

- A. All bare earth areas within the limit of work shall be grassed, mulched, or covered with other plant material as shown on the Plans. Final restoration of existing lawn areas (i.e. private residences, schools, and parks) shall be sod.
- B. On a continuous basis, the **Contractor** shall maintain the site of the Work free from accumulations of waste, debris, and rubbish caused by its operations.
- C. At completion of the Work, the **Contractor** shall remove waste materials, rubbish, tools, equipment, machinery, and surplus materials, and clean all sight-exposed surfaces. The **Contractor** shall leave the site of the Work clean and ready for occupancy.
- D. The **Contractor** shall proceed with the complete site restoration work as rapidly as portions of the site of the Work become available, working within seasonal limitations for each kind of site restoration work required. The **Contractor** will not be allowed to postpone cleanup and seeding until the end of the Work.
- E. The **Contractor** shall determine the locations of underground utilities and perform Work in a manner that will avoid possible damage. The **Contractor** shall hand excavate, as required. The **Contractor** shall maintain grade stakes set by others until removal is mutually agreed upon by parties concerned.
- F. When conditions detrimental to plant growth are encountered, such as rubble fill, adverse drainage conditions, or obstructions, the **Contractor** shall notify the **County** before planting.
- G. The **Contractor** shall install materials during normal planting seasons for each type of site restoration work.
- H. The **Contractor** shall plant trees and shrubs after final grades are established and prior to planting of lawns, unless otherwise acceptable to the **County**. If planting of trees and shrubs occurs after lawn work, the **Contractor** shall protect lawn areas and promptly repair damage to lawns resulting from planting operations.
- I. The **Contractor** may, at its option, employ additional measures (other than those specified) to prevent loss of, or damage to the Work resulting from the effects of wind and/or water. No additional compensation will be made for the employment of such additional measures.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 TOPSOIL

- A. Topsoil for site restoration may not be available at the site of the Work in sufficient quantities and shall be furnished as specified.
- B. New topsoil shall be fertile, friable, natural loam, surface soil, reasonably free of subsoil, clay, lumps, brush, weeds, and other litter, and free of roots, stumps, stones, and other extraneous or toxic matter harmful to plant growth.
- C. The **Contractor** shall obtain topsoil from local sources or from areas having similar soil characteristics to that found at the site of the Work. The **Contractor** shall obtain topsoil only from naturally, well-drained sites where topsoil occurs in depths of not less than four (4) inches. The **Contractor** shall not obtain topsoil from bogs or marshes.

2.02 MATERIALS

- A. Grass seed shall meet the requirements of the State of Georgia Seed Laws and Rules and Regulations except that the requirements as to purity, germination, and noxious weeds shall be specified in this section.

- 1. Quality: Grass seed quality shall be as shown in the Table below:

Grass Seed Quality			
Seed	Purity Min. %	Germination Min %	Noxious Weed Max. Per Lb.
Sahara Bermuda Grass	98	90	None
Annual Rye Grass	98	90	None
Rebel II Turf Type Fescue	85	85	None

- 2. Seed shall be approved by the **County** before sowing. Seed shall have been tested by the Georgia Department of Agriculture, and no seed will be acceptable with a date of test more than six (6) months prior to the date of sowing. Such testing, however, shall not relieve the **Contractor** from responsibility for furnishing and sowing seed that meet the requirements of these Specifications at the time of sowing seed. When required by the **County**, samples of seed shall be furnished by the **Contractor** early enough before seeding to permit further testing before the seed is used. When a low percentage of germination causes the quality of the seed to fall below the minimum pure live seed specified, the **Contractor** may choose to increase the rate of seeding to obtain the minimum pure live seed content specified, provided that such an increase in seeding rates does not cause the quantity of noxious weed seed per square yard to exceed the quantity that would be allowable at the regular rate of seeding.
 - 3. Seed that has become wet, moldy, or otherwise damaged will not be acceptable.

- B. All fertilizer shall be of the grades specified and shall meet the requirements of the State Plant Food Act in effect thirty (30) days prior to the taking of bids. It shall be uniform in composition, dry and free flowing and shall be delivered to the site of the Work in the original, unopened containers, each bearing the manufacturer's guaranteed analysis. Any fertilizer that is caked or otherwise damaged, making it unsuitable for use, will not be accepted.
- C. Mulch shall meet the following requirements:
1. Be acceptable to the **County**.
 2. Be of such consistency that, when properly loosened, it can be distributed in a uniform application.
 3. Be capable of producing the desired results.
 4. Meet State and Federal Quarantine Restrictions pertaining to fire ants, Japanese beetles, and white fringed beetles.
 5. Shall have a moisture content of twelve (12) percent or less.
 6. Contain no excessive amounts of noxious weed seeds.
 7. All materials must carry the following certification: "This material is certified as free for movement under the State and Federal Imported Fire Ant, Japanese Beetle, and White Fringed Beetle Quarantines."
 8. Mulch shall be threshed rye, oat straw, wheat straw, or Bermuda grass hay.
- D. Agricultural lime shall be a pulverized limestone having the following properties:
1. Total carbonate, not less than eighty-five (85) percent.
 2. Passing ten (10) mesh screen at least one hundred (100) percent.
 3. Passing one hundred (100) mesh screen at least twenty-five (25) percent.
- E. Hydro mulch: Wood cellulose fiber containing no germination, inhibiting, or growth inhibiting agent. Characteristics shall be as follows:
1. Percent moisture content: Nine (9.0%) percent \pm 3.0 percent.
 2. Percent organic matter: Nine and two-tenths (9.2%) percent \pm 0.8 percent.
 3. Percent ash content: One and eight-hundredths (1.08%) percent \pm 0.2 percent.
 4. pH: four and eight-tenths (4.8) (\pm 0.5).
 5. Water holding capacity: one thousand one hundred fifty (1150) grams water/ one hundred (100) grams fiber minimum.
- F. Sod. Sod shall meet the requirements of Georgia Department of Transportation Standard Specifications Construction of Transportation Systems, Section 700 and 890, latest edition.

2.03 GRASSING

- A. Grass seed shall be as specified on the table below depending on the season or as instructed by the **County**. See the table below for seasonal application rates:

Seasonal Seed Application Rates		
Season	Type of Seed	Application: lbs. per Acre
Jan. 1 – May 15	Rebel II Turf Type Fescue	250
May 16 – Sept. 15	Sahara Hybrid Bermuda Grass	75
Sept. 16 – Dec. 31	Rebel II Turf Type Fescue	250

- B. Disturbed Area Stabilization (Temporary Seeding) shall be planted with seeds listed in Table 2.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 DISPOSITION OF MATERIALS AND STRUCTURES ENCOUNTERED IN THE WORK

- A. Existing materials or structures that may be encountered (within the lines, grades, or trenching sections established for completion of the Work), if unsuitable or unacceptable to the **County** for use in the Work, and for which the disposition is not otherwise specified, shall either be disposed of by the **Contractor** or shall remain the property of the **County** as further provided in this section.
- B. At the option of the **County**, any existing materials or structures of "value" encountered in the Work shall remain the property of the **County**. The term "value" will be defined by the **County**.
- C. Any existing materials or structures encountered in the Work, and determined not to be of "value" by the **County**, shall be disposed of by the **Contractor**, in an approved manner, except as otherwise specified in Section 02200 - Site Preparation.

3.02 GROUND PREPARATION

- A. All ground to be sodded, sprigged, overseeded, or grassed shall be prepared by plowing, disking, and harrowing to a depth or not less than six (6) inches. After plowing, topsoil shall be spread on the prepared area to a depth of four (4) inches, and smoothed to a uniform depth. The finished surfaces shall present a smooth, uniform, loose, well broken soil. All large clods, boulders, stumps, large roots, roots, debris, and other particles two (2) inches in diameter or greater and which will interfere with the Work shall be removed from the site of the Work.
- B. Lime shall be uniformly spread over the area to be planted or sowed at the rate of two thousand (2,000) pounds per acre. Commercial grade five (5) percent nitrogen-ten percent phosphorus – ten percent potassium (5-10-10) fertilizer or approved equal shall also be uniformly spread over the area at the rate of one thousand five hundred (1,500) pounds per acre or as recommended by the manufacturer. The fertilizer and the lime shall then be thoroughly mixed into the top six (6) inches of the soil. All surface areas distorted by mixing of lime and fertilizer into the soil shall be restored to the proper line and grade before any more work is done on the area.

3.03 MULCHING

- A. The quantity of mulch to be applied shall be that required to evenly cover the ground to a depth of at least three (3) quarters of an inch and not more than one and one-half (1½) inches, according to the texture and moisture content of the mulch material. It is intended that mulch allow some sunlight to penetrate and air to circulate while at the same time shading the ground and conserving soil moisture.
- B. Mulch: Mulch shall be uniformly applied manually or with special blower equipment. When a blower is used, baled material shall be thoroughly loosened before it is fed into the machine so as to obtain a uniform coating of mulch and to prevent placement of unbroken clumps. After initial distribution, thick clumps that are dense enough to prevent new grass from emerging shall be loosened and redistributed. Mulch shall not be applied on windy days when the velocity of the wind is sufficient to prevent uniform distribution of mulch.
- C. Hydro mulch: If Hydro mulch is used, it shall be mixed to provide equivalent quantities of fertilizer and seed as specified in this section.

3.04 SEEDING

- A. Seed shall be uniformly sown at the rates specified, by the use of approved mechanical seed drills, rotary hand seeders, or other type of equipment that will produce a uniform application of the seed. The **Contractor** shall not distribute seed by hand.
- B. In order to obtain an even distribution, seeds shall be sown separately except that seeds of approximately the same size may be mixed and sown together. No sowing shall be done during windy weather that prevents even distribution of the seeds, when the prepared surface is crusted, frozen, wet, or otherwise in non-tillable condition.
- C. Immediately after seeding, all areas shall be rolled.
- D. Watering: After seeding of areas are complete, watering shall be continued daily as long as necessary to promote a rapid growth except that no water shall be applied between the hours of 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. to prevent "crushing over" from the sun.
- E. First Application of Nitrogen (All areas): The first application of nitrogen shall be made on all areas when there is evidence that a satisfactory stand of grass will be obtained. For seeded areas, the young grass must have reached a height of at least one (1) inch. At this time, nitrate of soda, or other approved commercial fertilizer high in nitrogen content shall be applied at a rate sufficient to furnish seventy (70) pounds of nitrogen per acre. No fertilizer shall be applied to unsatisfactory areas that will have to be replanted.
- F. Second Application of Nitrogen (all areas): A second application of nitrogen shall be made thirty (30) days after sufficient moisture has been applied to make the

first application available for plant growth. Second application shall also furnish seventy (70) pounds nitrogen per acre.

- G. Maintenance: The **Contractor** shall provide all maintenance necessary to keep all seeded and turf areas in a healthy, satisfactory, and weed-free condition until the Work is finally accepted. This includes repairing washed-out areas, and correctly applying additional seed, fertilizer, and water if they are needed.
- H. Satisfactory Stand Defined:
 - 1. A stand of grass will be considered satisfactory by the **County** only if there is full cover over the seeded area with perennial grass that is alive and growing, leaving no bare spots larger than one (1) square foot or the total of all bare spots within a given area shall constitute no more than one one-hundredth (1/100) of the total area.
 - 2. If it is necessary to repeat any or all of the work necessary to produce a viable stand of perennial grass, including repairing washed-out areas, soil preparation, re-fertilizing, liming, re-seeding, sprigging, watering, or mulching, the **Contractor** shall repeat these operations until satisfactory stand is obtained and approved by the **County**.
- I. The **Contractor** shall remove all stumps, fallen trees, uprooted trees, dead trees, and debris from the edge of the right-of-way.

3.05 SOD

- A. Furnish and install sod in all lawn areas or as designated by the **County**.
 - 1. Use only Common Bermudagrass (*Cynodon dactylon*) or one of the following Bermudagrass varieties:
 - a. Tifway 419
 - b. Tifway II Hybrid
 - c. Tift 94
 - d. Tifton 10
 - e. Midlawn
 - f. Midiron
 - g. GN-1 Hybrid
 - h. Vermont
 - 2. No dwarf Bermuda types shall be used. Sod shall be nursery-grown and accompanied with a Georgia Department of Agriculture Live Plant License Certificate or Stamp. Sod shall consist of live, dense, well-rooted material free of weeds and insects as described by the Georgia Live Plant Act.
 - 3. Place sod by hand or by mechanical means so that joints are tightly abutted with no overlaps or gaps. Use soil to fill cracks between sod pieces, but do not smother the grass.

4. Once sod is placed and staked as necessary, tamp, or roll it using adequate equipment to provide good contact with soil.
 5. Use caution to prevent tearing or displacement of sod during this process. Leave the finished surface of sodded areas smooth and uniform.
- B. After the sod has been placed and rolled or tamped, water it to promote satisfactory growth. Additional watering will be needed in the absence of rainfall and during the hot, dry summer months. Water may be applied by Hydro Seeder, Water Truck or by other means approved by the **County**.
 - C. Sod will be inspected by the **County** at the end of the first spring after installation and at the time of Final Inspection. Replace any sod that is not live and growing. Any cost for replacing any unacceptable sod will be at the **Contractor's** expense.
 - D. Apply nitrogen at approximately fifty (50) pounds/acre when specified by the **County** after plants have grown to two (2) inches high. One application is mandatory and must be applied before Final Acceptance. Apply nitrogen with mechanical hand spreaders or other approved spreaders capable of uniformly covering the grassed areas. Do not apply nitrogen on windy days or when foliage is damp. Do not apply nitrogen between October 15 and March 15.

3.06 FENCE RESET

- A. Should the construction of the water main require or result in removal or damage to an existing fence, the **Contractor** shall replace the fence in kind to the satisfaction of the fence owner.

3.07 CLEANUP

- A. During site restoration work, the **Contractor** shall keep pavements clean and the site of the Work in an orderly condition.
- B. The **Contractor** shall protect site restoration work and materials from damage due to site restoration operations, operations by other contractors, and trades and trespassers. The **Contractor** shall maintain protection during installation and maintenance periods. The **Contractor** shall treat, repair, or replace damaged site restoration work as directed by the **County**.
- C. Throughout the progress of the Work, the **Contractor** shall keep the construction area, including storage areas used by the **Contractor**, free from accumulations of waste material or rubbish, and shall keep its materials and equipment in a neat and orderly manner. Immediately upon completion of any section of the Work and before payment therefore has been made, the **Contractor** shall remove from the site of the Work all construction equipment, temporary structures, and debris, and shall restore the site of the Work to a neat, workmanlike condition; the **Contractor** shall not remove barricades and warning and direction signs until directed by the **County**. The **Contractor** shall not postpone cleanup and seeding until the end of the Work. Waste materials shall be disposed of at locations satisfactory to the **County** or affected regulatory agencies.

- D. After completion of all Work contemplated under the Contract and before final payment has been made, the **Contractor** shall make a final cleanup of each separate part of the Work; shall restore all surfaces to a neat and orderly condition; and shall remove all construction equipment, tools, and supplies.

3.08 INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE

- A. When site restoration work is completed, including maintenance, the **County** will, upon request, make an inspection to determine acceptability.
- B. Where inspected site restoration work does not comply with the requirements of the **County**, the **Contractor** shall replace rejected work and continue specified maintenance until reinspected by the **County** and found to be acceptable. The **Contractor** shall remove rejected plants and materials promptly from the site of the Work.

+++ END OF SECTION 02920 +++

SECTION 03200

CONCRETE REINFORCEMENT AND DOWELING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

- A. Section includes: Reinforcing steel for use in reinforced concrete.

1.02 REFERENCES

- A. The references listed below are a part of this section. Where a referenced document contains references to other standards, those documents are included as references under this section as if referenced directly. In the event of conflict between the requirements of this section and those of the listed documents, the requirements of this section shall prevail.

Reference	Title
ACI 117	Specification for Tolerances for Concrete Construction and Materials
ACI 315	Details and Detailing of Concrete Reinforcement
ACI 318	Building Code Requirements For Structural Concrete
ACI SP-66	ACI Detailing Manual
ASTM A615	Deformed and Plain Carbon-Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement
ASTM A706	Low-Alloy Steel Deformed and Plain Bars for Concrete Reinforcement
ASTM A775	Epoxy-Coated Steel Reinforcing Bars
ASTM A884	Epoxy-Coated Steel Wire and Welded Wire Reinforcement
ASTM A1064	Carbon-Steel Wire and Welded Wire Reinforcement, Plain and Deformed, for Concrete
AWS D1.4	Structural Welding Code - Reinforcing Steel
CRSI-PRB	Placing Reinforcing Bars
CRSI-MSP	Manual of Standard Practice
FEDSPEC QQ-W-461H	Wire, Steel, Carbon (Round, Bare, and Coated)

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Action Submittals
1. Procedures: Section 01300.
 2. A copy of this specification section with each paragraph check-marked to indicate specification compliance or marked to indicate requested deviations from specification requirements.
 3. Check-marks (✓) shall denote full compliance with a paragraph as a whole. Deviations shall be underlined and denoted by a number in the margin to the right of the identified paragraph. The remaining portions of the paragraph not underlined will signify compliance on the part of the Contractor with the specifications. Include a detailed, written justification for each deviation. Failure to include a copy of the marked-up specification sections, along with

justification(s) for any requested deviations to the specification requirements, with the submittal shall be sufficient cause for rejection of the entire submittal with no further consideration.

4. Mill certificates for all reinforcing.
5. Manufacturer and type of proprietary reinforcing steel splices. Submit a current ICC Report and manufacturer's literature that contains instructions and recommendations for each type of coupler used.
6. Qualifications of welding operators, welding processes and procedures.
7. Reinforcing steel shop drawings showing reinforcing steel bar quantities, sizes, spacing, dimensions, configurations, locations, mark numbers, lap splice lengths and locations, concrete cover and reinforcing steel supports. Reinforcing steel shop drawings shall be of sufficient detail to permit installation of reinforcing steel without reference to the contract drawings. Shop drawings shall not be prepared by reproducing the plans and details indicated on the contract drawings but shall consist of completely redrawn plans and details as necessary to indicate complete fabrication and installation of reinforcing steel, including large scale drawings at joints detailing bar placement in congested areas. Placement drawings shall be in accordance with ACI 315. Reinforcing details shall be in accordance with ACI SP-66.

1.04 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Ship reinforcing steel to the jobsite with attached plastic or metal tags having permanent mark numbers which match the shop drawing mark numbers. All reinforcing shall be supported and stored above ground. Use only plastic tags secured to the reinforcing steel bars with nylon or plastic tags for epoxy coated reinforcing steel bars.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 BAR REINFORCEMENT

- A. Reinforcing steel bars shall be deformed billet steel in conformance with ASTM A615, Grade 60. Bars to be welded shall be deformed billet steel conforming to ASTM A706.

2.02 WIRE FABRIC

- A. Wire fabric shall be welded steel mesh conforming to ASTM A1064.

2.03 SMOOTH DOWEL BARS

- A. Smooth dowel bars shall conform to ASTM A615, Grade 60, with a metal end cap at the greased or sliding end to allow longitudinal movement.

2.04 REINFORCING STEEL MECHANICAL SPLICES

- A. Reinforcing steel mechanical splices shall be a positive connecting threaded type mechanical splice system manufactured by Erico, Inc., Dayton Superior, Williams Form Engineering Company, or approved equal.
- B. Mechanical splices shall develop in tension or compression a strength of not less than 125 percent of the ASTM specified minimum yield strength of the reinforcement and shall meet all other ACI 318 requirements.

2.05 TIE WIRE

- A. The wire shall be minimum 16 gage annealed steel conforming to FEDSPEC QQ-W-461H.

2.06 BAR SUPPORTS

- A. Provide manufactured concrete block supports with or without embedded tie wires (wire dobies) for footing and slabs on grade. Do not use brick, broken concrete masonry units, spalls, rocks, construction debris, or similar material for supporting reinforcing steel.
- B. Provide manufactured concrete block supports with embedded tie wires (wire dobies) for all formed surfaces where surface will be exposed to weather, water, wastewater, or soil.
- C. Provide CRSI Class 1 plastic protected or Class 2 stainless steel protected in accordance with CRSI-MSP and placed in accordance with CRSI-PRB for all other work.

2.07 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate reinforcing steel bars in accordance with ACI 315 and the following tolerances:
 - 1. Sheared lengths: ± 1 inch.
 - 2. Overall dimensions of stirrups, ties, and spirals: $\pm 1/2$ inch.
 - 3. All other bends: $+0$ inch, $-1/2$ inch
 - 4. Minimum diameter of bends of reinforcing steel bars: Per ACI 318.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PLACEMENT TOLERANCE

- A. Reinforcing steel placement tolerance shall conform to the requirements of ACI 117, ACI 318, and the following:
 - 1. Reinforcing steel bar clear distance to formed surfaces shall be within $\pm 1/4$ inch of specified clearance and minimum spacing between bars shall be a maximum of $1/4$ inch less than specified.

2. Reinforcing steel top bars in slabs and beams shall be placed $\pm 3/8$ inch of specified depth in members 8 inches deep or less and $\pm 1/2$ inch of specified depth in members greater than 8 inches deep.
3. Reinforcing steel spacing shall be placed within \pm one bar diameter or ± 1 inch, whichever is greater.
4. The minimum clear distance between reinforcing steel bars shall be equal to the greater of 1 inch or the reinforcing steel bar diameter for beams, walls and slabs, and the greater of 1 1/2 inches or 1.5 times the reinforcing steel bar diameter for columns.
5. Beam and slab reinforcing steel bars shall be threaded through column vertical reinforcing steel bars without displacing the column reinforcing steel bars and still maintain clear distances for beam and slab reinforcing steel bars.

3.02 CONCRETE COVER

- A. Unless specified otherwise on the Drawings, reinforcing steel bar cover shall conform to the following:
 1. Reinforcing steel bar cover shall be 3 inches for concrete cast against earth.
 2. Reinforcing steel bar cover shall be 2 inches for reinforcing steel bars in all other areas.

3.03 SPLICING

- A. Reinforcing steel splicing shall conform to the following:
 1. Use splice lengths as shown on the drawings.
 2. Unless noted otherwise on the Drawings, splices in circumferential reinforcement in circular walls shall be staggered. Adjacent hoop reinforcement splices shall be staggered horizontally by not less than one lap length (center of lap below to center of lap above) or 3 feet, whichever is greater, and shall not coincide in vertical arrays more frequently than every third bar.
 3. Splicing of reinforcing elements noted as "tension tie" members on the Drawings shall be avoided whenever possible. If splices cannot be avoided, the splices shall be made with full mechanical capable of developing at least 125 percent of the specified yield strength of the bar. Splices in adjacent bars shall be staggered at least 30 inches.
 4. For welded wire fabric the splice lap length measured between the outermost cross wires of each fabric sheet shall not be less than one spacing of cross wires plus 2 inches, or less than 1.5 times the development length or less than 6 inches.
 5. Splices of reinforcement steel bars not specifically indicated or specified shall be subject to the approval of the County. Mechanical proprietary splice connections may be used when approved by the County or as indicated on the drawings.
 6. Welding of reinforcing steel bars is not allowed unless approved by the County.

3.04 CLEANING

- A. Reinforcing steel bars at time of concrete placement shall be free of mud, oil, loose rust, or other materials that may affect or reduce bond. Reinforcing steel bars with rust, mill scale or a combination of both may be accepted without cleaning or brushing provided dimensions and weights including heights of deformation on a cleaned sample are not less than required by applicable ASTM standards.

3.05 PLACEMENT

- A. Reinforcing steel bar placement shall conform to the following:
 - 1. Reinforcing steel bars shall be supported and fastened together to prevent displacement by construction loads or concrete placement. Provide bar supports as previously prescribed.
 - 2. Where parallel horizontal reinforcement in beams is indicated to be placed in two or more layers, reinforcing steel bars in the upper layers shall be placed directly over the reinforcing steel bars in the bottom layer with the clear distance between each layer to be 2 inches unless otherwise noted on the Drawings. Place spacer reinforcing steel bars at a maximum of 3'-0" on center to maintain the minimum clear spacing between layers.
 - 3. Extend reinforcement to within 2 inches of formed edges and 3 inches of the concrete perimeter when concrete is placed against earth.
 - 4. Reinforcing steel bars shall not be bent after embedding in hardened concrete unless approved by the County.
 - 5. Tack welding or bending reinforcing steel bars by means of heat is prohibited.
 - 6. Where required by the contract documents, reinforcing steel bars shall be embedded into the hardened concrete utilizing an adhesive anchoring system specifically manufactured for that application. Installation shall be per the manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 7. Bars with kinks or with bends not shown shall not be used.
 - 8. Heating or welding bars shall be performed in accordance with AWS D1.4 and shall only be permitted where specified or approved by the County. Bars shall not be welded at the bend.

3.06 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Field quality control shall include the following:
 - 1. Notify the County whenever the specified clearances between the reinforcing steel bars cannot be met. The concrete shall not be placed until the Contractor submits a solution to the congestion problem and it has been approved by the County.
 - 2. The reinforcing steel bars may be moved as necessary to avoid other reinforcing steel bars, conduits or other embedded items provided the tolerance does not exceed that specified in this section. The Engineer's approval of the modified reinforcing steel arrangement is required where the

specified tolerance is exceeded. No cutting of the reinforcing steel bars shall be done without written approval of the County.

3. An independent laboratory shall be employed to review and approve Contractor welding procedures and qualify welders in accordance with AWS D1.4. The laboratory shall visually inspect each weld for visible defects and conduct non-destructive field testing (radiographic or magnetic particle) on not less than one sample for each 10 welds. If a defective weld is found, the previous 5 welds by the same welder shall also be tested.

+++ END OF SECTION 03200 +++

SECTION 03300

CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Mixing and Placing Concrete.
- B. Protection of New Work.
- C. Curing.
- D. Testing and Inspecting Concrete.
- E. Defective Concrete.

1.02 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 02510: Pavement Repairs
- B. Section 02521: Concrete Curbs, Gutters, and Sidewalks

1.03 REFERENCES

- A. ASTM C33 – “Standard Specification for Concrete Aggregates”
- B. ASTM C494 – “Standard Specification for Chemical Admixtures for Concrete”

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. Mix Designs: to contain portions of materials and admixtures to be used on Project, signed by mix designer, documentation of average strength for each proposed mix design and Manufacturer’s Certificate of Compliance.
- B. Test Reports for aggregates used in the mix design
- C. Admixtures: manufacturer’s catalog cut sheets and product data sheets for each admixture used in proposed mix design
- D. Product Data: Specified ancillary materials.
- E. Detailed plan for curing and protection of concrete placed and cured in cold weather. Details shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - 1. Procedures for protecting subgrade from frost and accumulation of ice or snow on reinforcement, other metallic embeds, and forms prior to placement.
 - 2. Procedures for measuring and recording temperatures of reinforcement and other embedded items prior to concrete placement.
 - 3. Methods for temperature protection during placement.
 - 4. Types of covering, insulation, housing, or heating to be provided.

5. Curing methods to be used during and following protection period.
 6. Use of strength accelerating admixtures.
 7. Methods for verification of in-place strength.
 8. Procedures for measuring and recording concrete temperatures.
 9. Procedures for preventing drying during dry, windy conditions.
- F. Detailed plan for hot weather placements including curing and protection for concrete placed in ambient temperatures over 80 degrees F. Plan shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
1. Procedures for measuring and recording temperatures of reinforcement and other embedded items prior to concrete placement.
 2. Use of retarding admixture.
 3. Methods for controlling temperature of reinforcement and other embedded items and concrete materials before and during placement.
 4. Types of shading and wind protection to be provided.
 5. Curing methods, including use of evaporation retardant.
 6. Procedures for measuring and recording concrete temperatures.
 7. Procedures for preventing drying during dry, windy conditions
- G. Manufacturer's Certificate of Compliance to specified standards
- H. Statement of Qualification:
1. Batch Plant: Certification as specified herein.
 2. Mix designer.
 3. Installer.
 4. Testing agency.
- I. Field test reports

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIAL

- A. Portland Cement: Conform to ASTM "Standard Specifications for Portland Cement", C150, Type I/II. Use one brand of cement. Mix shall contain at least 520 lb. of Portland Cement per cubic yard of concrete.
- B. Aggregates: Conform to ASTM "Standard Specifications for Portland Cement," C33. Provide aggregate of natural sand and gravel or prepared from stone or gravel, free from adherent coatings, maximum size of pieces 1". Use pea gravel aggregate for concrete mix used in filling voids in concrete block walls where required.
- C. Water: Clean and free from injurious amounts of oils, acids, alkalis, organic materials, and deleterious substances. Non-potable water will not be used in concrete mixing.

- D. Admixtures: Conform to ASTM C494 "Standard Specification for Chemical Admixtures for Concrete"

2.02 CONCRETE STRENGTHS

- A. Cast-in-place Concrete: Designed to develop 3,000 psi minimum compressive strength at twenty-eight (28) days and 3,500 IF EXPOSED TO WEATHER, unless noted otherwise.
- B. Cast-in-place pavement uses will need to develop 4,000 psi minimum compressive strength at twenty-eight (28) days.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION AND INSTALLATION

- A. Notify Owner's Representative at least 1 full working day in advance before starting to place concrete
- B. Clean equipment for transporting concrete. Remove debris, water, and ice from places to be occupied by concrete. Remove laitance and unsound material from hardened concrete before additional concrete is added.
- C. No concrete shall be placed when mixed longer than ninety (90) minutes, has exceeded three hundred (300) truck drum revolutions, or evidence of curing prior to placement.
- D. Concrete, when deposited, shall have a temperature ranging between a minimum of 50 degrees F and a maximum of 90 degrees F.
- E. Falling concrete shall be closely confined in a drop chute of the proper size when drop is over four (4) feet, and the final drop must be vertical to avoid segregation of aggregates. In no case shall concrete be deposited from a height causing separation of the aggregates.
- F. Pumping of Concrete
 - 1. Provide standby pump, conveyor system, crane and concrete bucket, or other system onsite during pumping, for adequate redundancy to ensure completion of concrete placement without cold joints in case of primary placing equipment breakdown.
 - 2. Minimum pump hose diameter: 4 inches
 - 3. Replace pumping equipment and hoses that are not functioning properly.
- G. Concrete shall be mixed in such quantities as required for immediate use and shall be placed while fresh before loss of slump occurs. Re-tempering by adding water to restore slump lost during excessive mixing or due to too long a lapse of time since initial mixing will not be permitted.
- H. Concrete shall be rodded or vibrated to remove excess voids and air pockets when applicable.

3.02 POST INSTALLATION

- A. All freshly placed concrete shall be adequately protected from mechanical injury or by action of the elements until such time as the concrete is thoroughly set.
- B. Curing
 - 1. Curing shall be performed on all concrete surfaces not immediately back- filled when hard.
 - 2. Curing shall be started immediately upon completion of the finishing operation. Curing shall continue uninterrupted for a minimum period of seven (7) days unless a longer period is hereinafter specified. Rapid drying upon completion of the curing period shall be prevented. At no time during the curing period shall the temperature of the concrete be permitted to drop below 40 degrees F.
 - 3. Curing may be by water curing, sheet or liquid membrane. Do not use liquid membrane where a later concrete or masonry joint may occur unless the material has been certified as a non-bond breaker.

3.03 TESTING

- A. Four (4) test cylinders shall be molded each day for each fifty (50) cubic yards or fraction thereof. A slump and air test shall be made for each set of cylinders and whenever the concrete appears to vary in consistency.
- B. Mold and cure test cylinders in accordance with ASTM C31 or PTM 611.
 - 1. Test one (1) cylinder at seven (7) days. If break does not meet specification, break two (2) cylinders at twenty-eight (28) days for acceptance.
 - 2. The remaining cylinder shall be kept for reference or additional testing if required.
- C. Slump
 - 1. Prior to submitting mix design, consult with concrete producer and select a target slump value at point of delivery, for each application of each design mix. Unless otherwise permitted, target slump value will then be enforced for duration of project. Unless otherwise permitted, target slump value is 4 inches at point of delivery, for concrete without high-range, water-reducing admixture.
- D. Source Quality Control Inspection: County shall have access to and have the right to inspect batch plants, cement mills, and supply facilities of suppliers, manufacturers, and Subcontractors, providing products included in this section.

3.04 ACCEPTANCE

- A. Defective concrete is defined as concrete in place not conforming to strength, shapes, alignments and/or elevations as specified or shown on the Drawings.
- B. All defective concrete shall be removed and replaced in a manner meeting specification at no additional cost to the County.

+++ END OF SECTION 03300 +++