# CIP 2021 DEFINITION & FUNDING REPORT

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Overview to CIPAG of CIP 2021

March 12, 2021





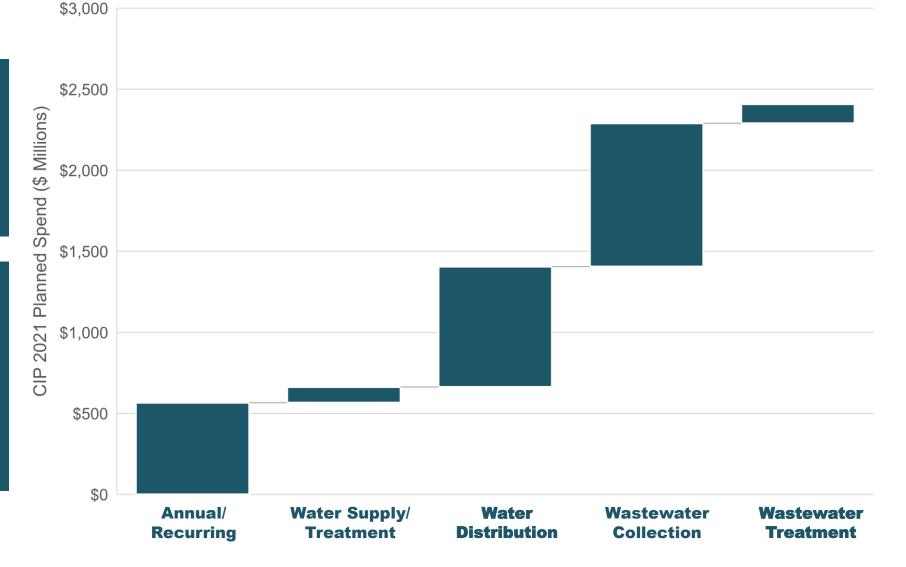
# **CIP 2021**

#### PROPOSED PLANNED SPEND \$240 M/YR

Average annual investment

#### 5 PROJECT CATEGORIES

Annual/Recurring Water Supply and Treatment Water Distribution Wastewater Collection Wastewater Treatment



#### CIP 2021 Planned 10-Year Spend by Category

# **CREATION OF CIP 2021**

#### STATE-OF-THE-ART TOOLS ALLOW BEST-PRACTICE PLANNING & PRIORITIZATION

**ANALYSIS** 

Computer-based Hydraulic Models of water and sewer (dynamic) systems

> W – completed 2019 WW – completed 2020



Started 2017 PWI update on key assumptions 8/2019

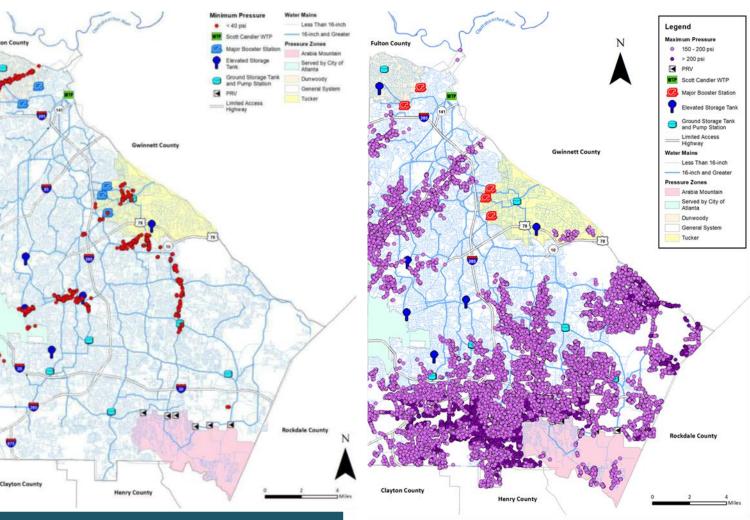


CIP

### **COMPUTER-BASED HYDRAULIC MODELS**

Allow new level of understanding of the performance of DWM's system

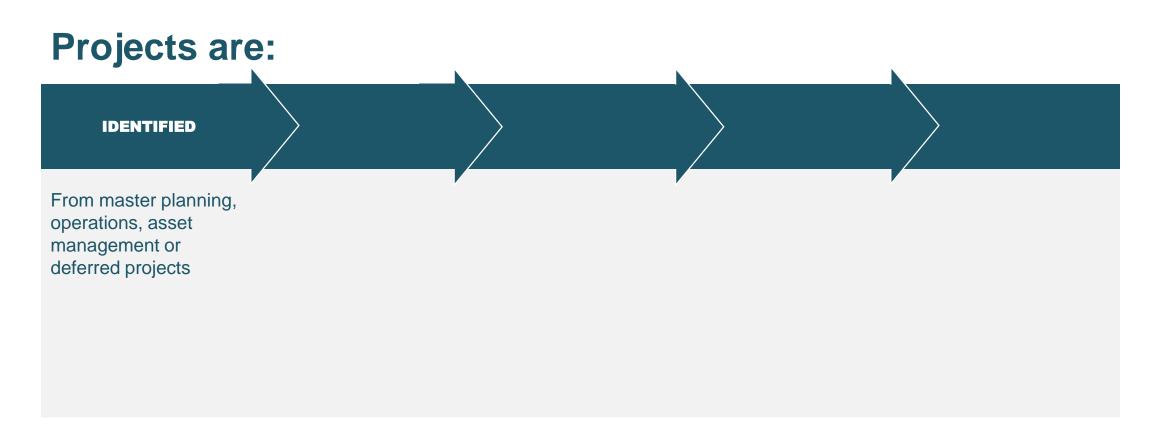
- Identify & troubleshoot system issues (e.g. Briarcliff 2019)
- Evaluate and compare alternative future scenarios
- Compare costs and benefits of different alternative servicing solutions

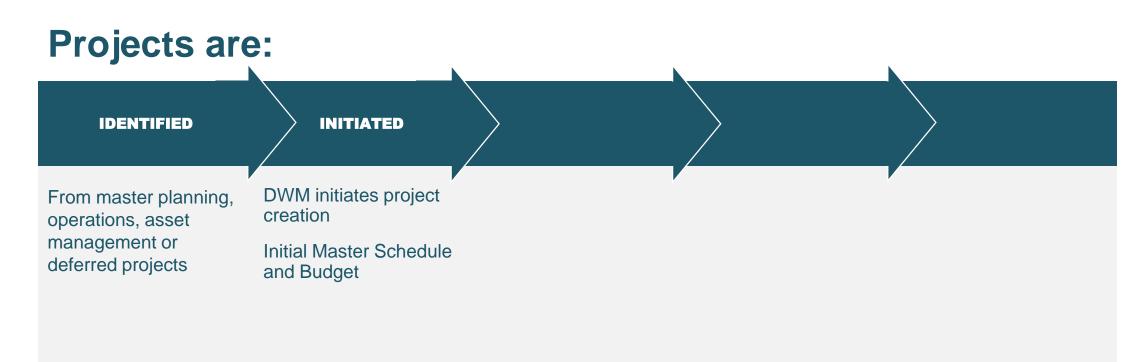


WATER MODEL SAMPLE OUTPUT

# CIP PRIORITIZATION

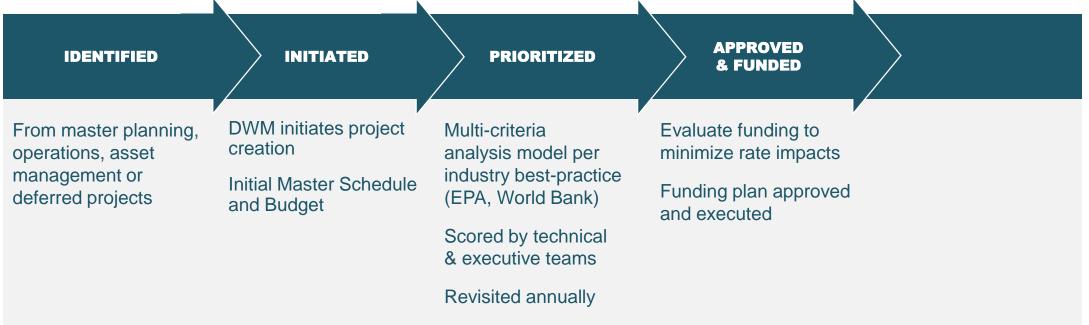
#### Documented, Detailed, Inclusive & Data-driven



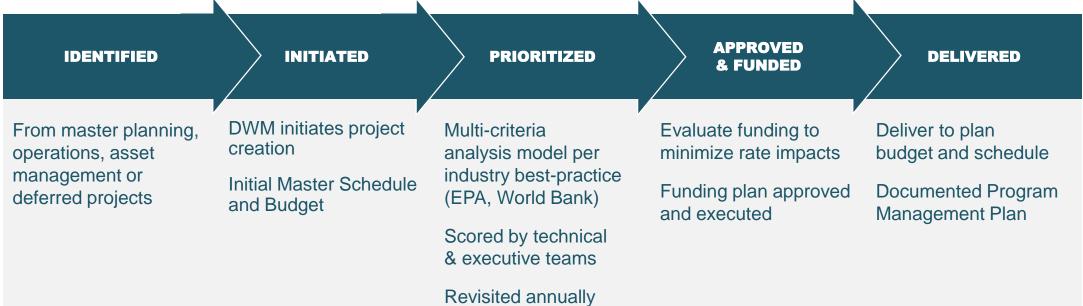


#### **Projects are:** PRIORITIZED **IDENTIFIED** INITIATED DWM initiates project From master planning, Multi-criteria creation analysis model per operations, asset management or industry best-practice **Initial Master Schedule** deferred projects (EPA, World Bank) and Budget Scored by technical & executive teams **Revisited annually**

#### **Projects are:**



#### **Projects are:**



### **PROJECTS DEFINED & SCORED**

| Project Manager:   |                            | Contractor and              | 100             | In production of the second second |                  |
|--|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| Project Name   | Project Number             | Proposed<br>Planning Budget | Date<br>Created | Commisioner<br>District            | Projec<br>Manage |
| Dunwoody Ground Tank<br>Replacement  | W - DS GT01                | \$6,733,000                 |                 | xxxxx                              |                  |
|  |                            | Schedule (antici            |                 |                                    |                  |
| Duration   |                            | 100% Design Submittal       |                 | Bid Document to P&C                |                  |
|  |                            | nt Schedule (an             | iticipated)     | ĺ                                  |                  |
| Advertisement  | Pre-Proposal<br>Conference | Proposal Openig Bi          |                 | BOC Date                           | NTP              |
|  | Design S                   | Schedule (antici            | ipated)         |                                    |                  |
| Duration I   | Days                       | Substatial Corr             | pletion         | Final Corr                         | pletion          |
| Inwoody Existing Ground<br>Inwoody Ground Storage<br>Inplementation Considerat<br>Inplementation Considerat<br>Inplementation Considerat | siderations                |                             |                 |                                    |                  |

| <b>D</b>      | DWM Project Prioritization<br>CIP Program         |               |               |  |  |
|---------------|---|---------------|---------------|--|--|
| DeKalb County |   | Overall Score |               |  |  |
|               | Dunwoody Ground Tank Replacement                  | 3.3/5         |               |  |  |
| Class         | Criteria  | Score         | Justification |  |  |
|               | Drinking Water Quality                            | Low           |               |  |  |
| ental         | Leak Reduction                                    | Medium        |               |  |  |
| Environmental | Energy Efficiency                                 | Medium        |               |  |  |
| Envi          | Impact to Natural Resources                       | Medium        |               |  |  |
|               | Permittability/ Regulatory Complexity             | Medium        |               |  |  |
| a.            | Revenue Generation                                | Medium        |               |  |  |
| Financial     | Reduction of Operational Cost                     | Medium        |               |  |  |
| <u> </u>      | Concurrence with Other CIP Projects               | Medium        |               |  |  |
|               | Employment (Job Creation)                         | Medium        |               |  |  |
| Social        | Supporting Growth & Development                   | Medium        |               |  |  |
| S             | Quality of Life/Customer Satisfaction /Resilience | High          |               |  |  |
|               | Public Health/Safety (Fire Protection)            | High          |               |  |  |

### SUMMARY

Multi-criteria tool allows competing priorities to be systematically evaluated by a broad group of stakeholders

The process is bestpractice, defensible, and reproducible

44 water and 105 wastewater projects identified, prioritized, and ranked

~80% of identified projects are in CIP 2021

Effective identification, scoring, and prioritization have been made possible with the Master Plan and hydraulic models

# PROJECTS OVERVIEW

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### **ONGOING/RECURING**

#### **INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS (IGA)**

- City of Atlanta treats ~50% of the County's sewer load
- Coordinated projects with GDOT
- Gwinnett County

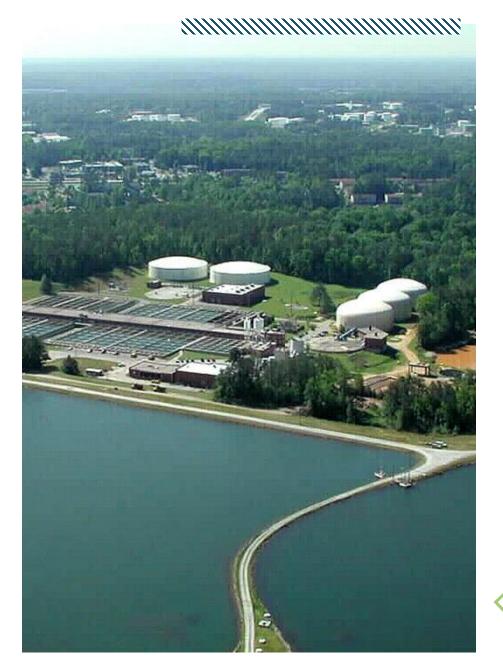
#### **EMERGENCY & ANNUAL CONTRACTS**

- Address unforeseen projects
- Task orders based on "bid tab" pricing

#### **OTHER ANNUAL CONTRACTS**

Water meter installation, water service replacement and renewals, manhole raising, fire line & fire hydrant replacement, easement clearing, ongoing OSARP assessments

#### **DWM STAFF, RENT, CONSULTANT & OVERHEAD COSTS**



#### WATER TREATMENT

- Scott Candler Water Treatment Plant (SCWTP) rebuilt in 2007 and remains state-of-the-art
- Key projects address resiliency.
- Smallest spend category at 4% of CIP 2021 budget

SCWTP is the sole drinking water plant in DeKalb and can treat up to 150 million gallons per day

 Snapfinger Wastewater Treatment Plant

✓ Photo: Google Maps



#### WASTEWATER TREATMENT

- Snapfinger
  - Phase 2 complete in 2022,
     Phase 3A to follow immediately
  - Bulk of project category spend
- Pole Bridge
  - Minor system upgrades and resiliency
- Wastewater Treatment is 5% of CIP 2021 budget

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# Major Investment 1 -Next Phase of Consent Decree Projects

# TO DATE

#### Maintenance Activities Completed

- 2910 tons of debris removed
- 6,315 creek crossings inspected
- 435 miles of sewer pipes treated for root control
- 2,992 vented manhole covers replaced
- 20 million square feet of easement cleared

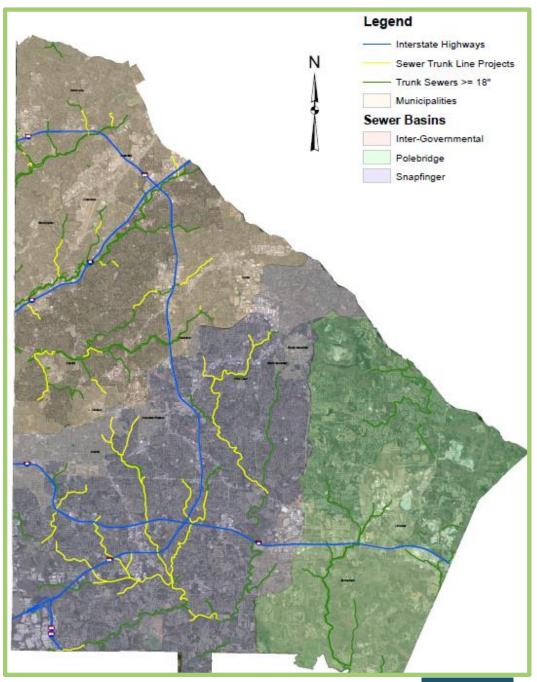
#### **CD-Required Rehabilitation**

- Year Completed
- 133 miles of pipe lining
- Spot repairs on 28 miles
- 10 miles of pipe replacement
- 35 miles of small diameter sewer pipe upsizing

### **Repair, Replace, or Install 59 miles of New Trunk Sewer Lines**

| SEWER BASIN                | LENGTH<br>(MILES) |
|----------------------------|-------------------|
| Snapfinger                 | 41                |
| Pole Bridge                | 3                 |
| South Fork Peachtree Creek | 10                |
| North Fork Peachtree Creek | 4                 |
| Nancy Creek                | 1                 |
| TOTAL                      | 59                |

# Greatest needs are in the Snapfinger Basin (~41 miles)



# What is a trunk sewer?

- The county's trunk sewer lines range from 30 inches to 72 inches in diameter.
- Trunk sewers receive wastewater from many tributary feeder branch sewer lines.
- They convey the combined flows to the treatment plants.



# **Snapfinger Basin Project Example**

#### Part of the Snapfinger Basin Project includes the Shoal Creek Trunk Sewer Upgrade

Initial studies and procurement started

| Size                 | <ul> <li>10 miles of major trunk sewer capacity projects</li> <li>Up to equivalent of 72-inch main</li> <li>Storage tanks up to 20 million gallons</li> </ul>  |
|----------------------|--|
| Permit<br>Challenges | <ul> <li>3 highway crossings (Memorial Dr., Glenwood Rd.,<br/>Flat Shoals Pkwy.)</li> <li>2 interstate crossings (I-20 and I-285)</li> <li>Mostly adjacent to Shoal Creek and South River</li> </ul> |
|                      | 126 properties on main Shoal Creek trunk alone   |

### **Trunk Sewer Project Cost Estimates**

| Project Type                 | Snapfinger<br>Basin | Whole County  |
|------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| Trunk Sewer Pipe<br>Capacity | \$193 million       | \$268 million |
| Sewer Tank Storage           | \$170 million       | \$170 million |
| TOTAL                        | \$363 million       | \$438 million |

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# Major Investment 2 -Pivot to Needed Water Distribution System Projects



 Tuberculation: build-up of corrosion that restricts water flow

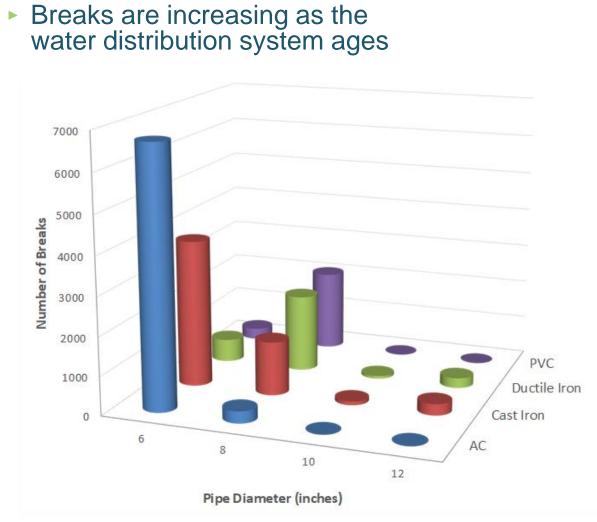
Aging AC pipe is past its service life and prone v to breaks.

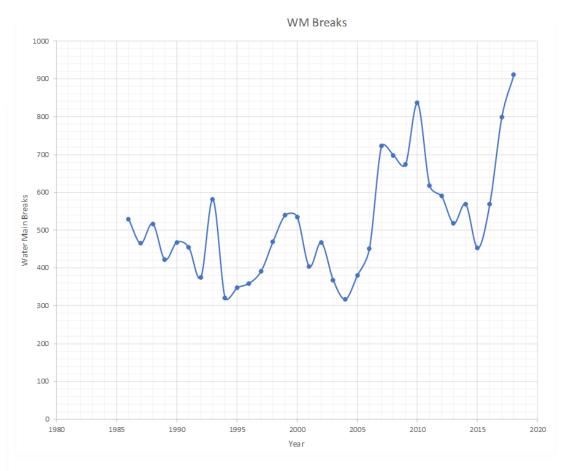


## WATER DISTRIBUTION

- By 2030 ~600 miles of water pipe needs replacement due to age, size or material type
- Age of pipes can cause risk of breaks or tuberculation
- Now prioritizing projects based on a new riskbased approach and hydraulic modeling, ensuring a need and operational efficiency from each project implemented
- Non-revenue water at unacceptable levels
- 36% of CIP 2021 budget

## **COSTS OF AN AGING WATER SYSTEM**





∧ Water main breaks per year (1986-2018)

K Breaks by pipe type and size (1986 to 2018)

### **PROBLEMATIC PIPE TYPES**

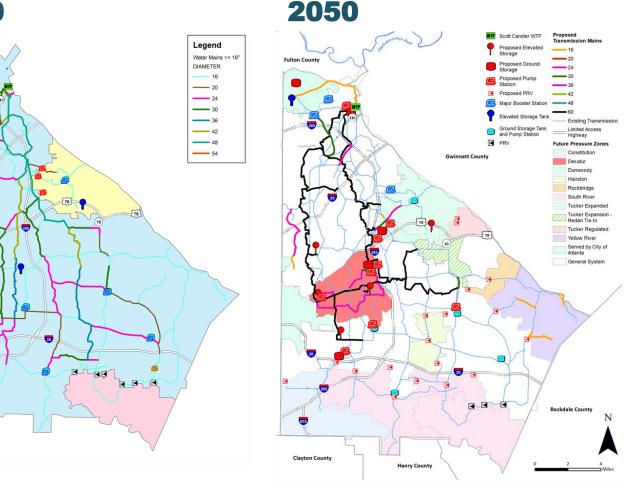
| MATERIAL  | LENGTH<br>(MILES) | BREAKS<br>(% of<br>overall) | CHALLENGE  |
|---|-------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| PRESTRESSED<br>CONCRETE PRESSURE<br>PIPE (PCCP) | 7                 | <1                          | 9x as likely to break as other materials, often catastrophically   |
| <b>ASBESTOS CEMENT (AC)</b>                     | 522               | 35                          | High break rate after 50-70 years of service (132 miles already greater than 65 years old)                 |
| POLYVINYL CHLORIDE<br>(PVC)                     | 210               | 12                          |  |
| CAST IRON (CI)                                  | 820               | 27                          | Pipe will tuberculate with age, substantially reducing water flow (e.g. Briarcliff water pressure project) |

- Miles of <u>water</u> pipe reaching 70 years old:
  - Now (2020): 215 miles (install date 1950 or earlier)
  - By 2030: 596 miles (install date 1960 or earlier)
  - By 2040: 1290 miles (install date 1970 or earlier)
  - By 2050: 1745 miles (install date 1980 or earlier)

# **SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT**

- Looped mains are industry bestpractice for resiliency
- Additional capacity of water service "backbone" required to:
  - Meet levels of service in future years
  - Increase resiliency
- New pressure zones recommended to manage:
  - High and low pressures
  - Local storage
  - Reduce breaks and non revenue water





## **RULES OF THUMB**

#### ONCE THE SYSTEM IS STABILIZED ... CAN MOVE TO 1% RULE ON PIPES

- Pipe lifespan: ~100 years
- Minimum 1% of pipe needs to be replaced per year

6,000 MILES OF WATER & SEWER PIPE IN DEKALB COUNTY 1% = 60 MILES 60 MILES = ~\$100 M/YR to replace

# NEXT STEPS



## **CIP 2021 Approved** Governing Authority approval of projects and priorities.

#### Revenue Optimized

Ensure we are optimizing revenues and minimizing costs, and all are paying their fair share.

#### Funding Plan Approved

Implement plan to fund in a responsible and sustainable way.

NEW DAY PROJECT WATER METER REPLACEMENTS IN PROGRESS

41 (404) 378-4475 or visit www.dekalbcountyga.gov/newdayproject

# **QUESTIONS?**

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DeKalb County Contractor New Day Project